xroom.app backend API manual

(updated 2021-03-02, version code 2)

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Prerequisites

Authentication

The platform currently uses SHA256 HMAC authentication algorithm. Three HTTP request headers participate in the authentication process: x-random is a salt (32 bytes minimum), x-auth-id is your internal identifier and x-auth-key is the hash computed based on the two above and your secret key. Both ID and secret can be found in the <u>dashboard</u>, secret can also be regenerated at any moment.

The hash is computed directly from the salt using your API secret key. For your convenience in the dashboard there is a hash debugging tool: https://my.xroom.app/en/developer.

Versioning

You may send a header x-api-version indicating desired API version code. Starting from version 2 this header is obligatory.

API wrappers

We have started adding sample API wrappers for various programming languages: https://github.com/xroom-app/api-wrappers.

Data exchange

Requests are sent as HTTP POST with JSON payload, thus Content-Type: application/json header is expected. Endpoint URL is composed of a root URL and a collection name, for example https://api.xroom.app/api/room. API method name to be called is passed directly in the payload:

Collections

room (https://api.xroom.app/api/room)

Room identifier is combined from the domain name and a room name, e.g. chat.org/my-room

For rooms it is important to use the server (API host) where your room is located. xroom is built in a way information about rooms in one country is not copied to another country without necessity. This is both helpful techwise and makes it easier to comply with various local laws. See Appendix D for the list of currently available hosts.

Method	Description	Input data	Output data
init	Initialize a room	<pre>{ id: str — room identifier type: ?uint — room type code, see below, 1 by default lock: ?bool — lock flag, false by default key: ?str — room password addHostKey: ?bool — request a predefined host key }</pre>	<pre>id: str — room identifier type: uint — room type code, see below isLocked: bool — room lock flag key: ?str — room password hostKey: ?str — a predefined host key }</pre>
destroy	Destroy an empty room	{ id: str — room identifier forceKick: ?bool — pass true to kick everyone before }	bool — whether operation was successful or not
kickOut	Kick out a user	{ id: str — room identifier peerId: str — peer identifier, pass "all" to kick everyone }	
setLock	Set room locking	{ id: str — room identifier lock: bool — boolean lock flag }	
setPassword	Set room password	{ id: str — room identifier password: str null — password string, pass null to reset	

```
list
             List active rooms
                                 domain: ?str — domain to filter by
                                                                                           [domain-1]: {
                                                                                             [domain-1/room-1]: ?RoomObject,
                                                                                           },
                                                                                           [domain-2]: {
                                                                                             [domain-2/room-1]: ?RoomObject,
                                                                                           },
                                                                                         }
                                                                                         RoomObject: {
                                                                                           options: {
                                                                                             type: uint,
                                                                                             isLocked: bool,
                                                                                             password: str
                                                                                           clients: [PeerData]
                                                                                         PeerData: {
                                                                                           id: str,
                                                                                           type: uint
                                                                                         }
```

booking (https://api.xroom.app/api/booking)

Booking represents a reservation of a specific room until a specific time in the future. When a room is booked it is not possible to initialize it from the interface while the booking is valid. If let's say a room is booked for 10:00 and it is allowed for the speaker to be delayed up to 15 minutes an expiration time for this reservation has to be set to 10:15.

Method	Description	Input data	Output data
add	Add a booking	<pre>domain: str - domain name roomName: str - room name startTime: time - meeting starting time, in JS format meetingOptions: (duration: uint - meeting time in minutes lock?: bool (false by default) - lock room, only host is able to enter after meeting started type?: 1 2 (1 by default) - meeting room type, 1 - conference, 2 - webinar capacity?: uint (1256) - room capacity key?: str - password to protect room with addHostKey?: bool (false by default) - generate host key for the room and return in response)</pre>	<pre>{ id: uint — booking id hostKey?: str — your host key (will exist if 'addHostKey' = true) }</pre>
remove	Remove a booking	id: uint — booking id	
update	Update a booking	<pre>id: uint - booking id startTime: time — meeting start time, in JS format meetingOptions: (duration: uint - meeting time in minutes lock?: bool (false by default) - lock room, only host is able to enter after meeting started type?: 1 2 (1 by default) - meeting room type, 1 - conference, 2 - webinar capacity?: uint (1256) - room capacity key?: str - password to protect room with addHostKey?: bool (false by default) - generate host key for the room and return in response)</pre>	{ hostKey?: str — your host key (will exist if 'addHostKey' = true) }

list	List bookings	domain: str — domain name	[BookingObject]
			BookingObject: { id: uint - booking id domainName: str — domain name roomName: str — room name startTime: time — meeting start time, meetingOptions: { duration: uint - duration in minutes type: 1 2 - room type isLocked: bool - room is locked capacity: uint - room capacity password?: str - room password hostKey?: str - room host key } }
get	Read a booking	id: uint — booking id	BookingObject

webhook (https://api.xroom.app/api/webhook)

Webhooks allow you to trigger an external listener on a specific event. Currently the only supported event is a room creation.

Method	Description	Input data	Output data
add	Add a webhook	domain: str — domain name type: enum — webhook type: 'url' or 'robot' roomName: ?str — room name url: ?str — webhook URL for type 'url' robotId: ?uint — robot identifier for type 'robot'	{ id: uint — webhook identifier validated: bool — validation flag ('robot' type has 'true') }
remove	Remove a webhook	id: uint — webhook id	
list	List webhooks	domain: str — domain name token: ?str — possible search token validated: ?bool — a validation flag to filter by	<pre>[WebhookObject] WebhookObject: { id: uint — webhook identifier domain: str — domain name roomName: ?str — room name url: ?str — webhook URL in case of type 'url' robotId: ?uint — robot identifier in case of type 'robot' }</pre>
validate	Validate a webhook	id: uint — webhook id	{ validated: bool — resulting validation flag }

Webhook validation request is an HTTP POST with JSON payload of {event: "validation", signThis: str} and an expected response is a string of signThis signed with domain's webhookKey using SHA256 algorithm.

Example:

{event: "validation", signThis: "c9002b50c6911daa18854e1ec25d5b47"}

+ secret "54ed8ea9722c38499ea8dbbeca19762e"

=> "b31ecd741c86f3abe01d93ebceb19b73cc2595bb5f5f3d4ba8328b3c37e6698b"

Appendix A: constant types

room types

Code	Туре	Description
1	conference	All participants are equal, can talk and chat to each other
2	webinar	A host streams, the rest are watching and can chat with each other.

peer types

Code	Туре	
1	Conference host	
2	Conference user	
3	Webinar host	
4	Webinar viewer	

Appendix B: use case "booking a private room"

You want to be able to book a room for an event via the API so that no one could take it over while the corresponding booking is active. When the time comes you want to activate that room but need to distinguish its host from everyone else. Here's what you need to do:

- 0. Configure your domain in the back office if you need to prohibit non-API room creation or to change plugins accessibility.
- 1. Call booking/add to book your room in advance.
- 2. When time comes, call room/init explicitly passing addHostKey parameter as true.
- 3. You will get hostKey in the response. Now the room is created but anyone joining it directly will not become a host.
- 4. Construct a host URL as https://[room-id]?host-key=[hostKey] and for the rest it's just https://[room-id].

If you need to set a password for participants simply pass the key parameter in step 2.

Appendix C: webhook events and payloads

```
Payload field "event"
                      Description
validation
                      Webhook validation request. See details above in the webhook API section.
roomCreated
                        webhookId: uint,
                        event: 'roomCreated'
                        domain: str
                        payload: {
                         room: {
                            name: str,
                            type: 1 | 2,
                                                // see room types above
                            capacity: uint,
                            isLocked: bool,
                            password?: str,
                            hostKey?: str
roomRemoved
                        webhookId: uint,
                        event: 'roomRemoved',
                        domain: str,
                        payload: {
                         room: {
                            name: str,
```

```
clientAdded
                      webhookId: uint,
                      event: 'clientAdded'
                      domain: str
                      payload: {
                        room: {
                          name: str
                        },
                        client: {
                          id: str,
                          type: 1 | 2,
clientsRemoved
                      webhookId: uint,
                      event: 'clientsRemoved'
                      domain: str
                      payload: {
                        room: {
                          name: str
                        },
                        clients: [{
                          id: str,
                          type: 1 | 2,
                        }]
```

Appendix D: available regions

Region	Location	Hostname for region-dependent calls	Equipment
Europe 1	Frankfurt	fra-1.signal.xroom.app / api.xroom.app	Signaling, streaming, boosters
US 1	San-Francisco	sfo-1.signal.xroom.app	Signaling
Asia 1	Singapore	sgp-1.signal.xroom.app	Signaling