英语（二）全真模拟题1

答题时间：90 分钟总题数：21 题总分：100 分类别：历年试题查看教师评语

I was a freshman in college when I met the Whites. They were completely different from my own family, yet I felt at home with them instantly. Jane White and I became friends at school, and her family welcomed me like a long-lost cousin.

In my family, it was always important to place blame when anything bad happened. "Who did this?" my mother would yell about a mess in the kitchen. "This is all your fault, Katharine," my father would insist when the cat got out or the dishwasher broke.

From the time we were little, my sister, my brothers and I told on each other. We set a place for blame at the dinner table.

But the Whites didn't worry about who had done anything. They picked up the pieces and moved on with their lives.  The beauty of this was driven home to me the summer that Jane died.

    Mr. and Mrs. White had six children: three sons and three daughters. One son had passed away in his childhood, which may be why the surviving five children remained so close.

    In July, the White sisters and I decided to take a car trip from their home in Florida to New York. The two oldest, Sarah and Jane, were college students, and the youngest, Amy had recently turned sixteen. The proud possessor of a brand-new driver's license(驾照）,Amy was excited about practicing her driving on the trip. She showed off her license to everyone she met.

The big sisters shared the driving of Sarah 's new car during the first part of the trip, but when they reached less populated areas, they let Amy take over. Somewhere in South Carolina, we pulled off the highway to eat. After lunch, Amy got behind the wheel.  She came to an intersection（道路交叉点）with a stop sign. Whether she was nervous or just didn't see the sign no one will ever know, but Amy continued into the intersection without stopping.  The driver of a large truck, unable to brake(刹车)  in time, plowed into our vehicle.  Jane was killed instantly.

      I survived the accident with only a few bruises (伤痕). The most difficult thing that I've ever done was to call the Whites to tell them about the accident and that Jane had died. As painful as it was for me to lose a good friend, I knew that it was far worse for them to lose a child.

     When Mr. and Mrs. White arrived at the hospital, they found their two surviving daughters sharing a room.  Sarah 's head was wrapped in bandages; Amy's leg was in a cast(石膏).  They hugged us all and cried tears of sadness and of joy at seeing their daughters. They wiped away the girls' tears and teased a few giggles(咯咯笑)  out of Amy as she learned to use her crutches(双拐 ) .

      To both of their daughters, and especially to Amy, over and over they simply said, "We're so glad that you're alive.”

       I was astonished. No blame. No accusations. Later, I asked the Whites why they never talked about the fact that Amy was driving and had run a stop sign. Mrs. White said, "Jane 's gone, and we miss her terribly. Nothing we say or do will bring her back.  But Amy has her whole life ahead of her. How can she lead a full and happy life if she feels we blame her for her sister's death?"

      They were right. Amy graduated from college and got married several years ago. She works as a teacher of learning-disabled students.  She's also a mother of two little girls of her own, the oldest named Jane.

1【单选】(总分1分)The writer of the article is Jane s friend at school. ( )

A True

B False

C Not Given

[结果]正确答案是： A

[解析]【考点】事实细节题 【解析】从文章第一段中可以找出相关信息。

2【单选】(总分1分)When something went wrong the Whites didn’t blame their children for it. ( )

A True

B False

C Not Given

[结果]正确答案是： A

[解析]【考点】事实细节题 【解析】从文章第四段中可以找出相关信息。

3【单选】(总分1分)Amy was an inexperienced driver and didn’t know what to do when she saw the sign. ( )

A True

B False

C Not Given

[结果]正确答案是： B

[解析]【孝点】事实细节题 【解析】从文章倒数第六段中可以找出相关信息。

4【单选】(总分1分)Mr. and Mrs. White did not blame Amy for Jane s death because they didn’t want to blame their children before an outsider. ( )

A True

B False

C Not Given

[结果]正确答案是： B

[解析]【考点】事实细节题 【解析】 从文章倒数第二段中可以找出相关信息。

5【单选】(总分1分)From the passage we can conclude that the accident didn’t change Amy in the A True

B False

C Not Given

[结果]正确答案是： B

[解析]【考点】事实细节题 【解析】 从文章倒数第一段中可以找出相关信息。

6【单选】(总分1分)The writer s mother is a good nurse. ( )

A True

B False

C Not Given

[结果]正确答案是： C

[解析]【考点】事实细节题 【解析】从文章巾无法找到相关信息，因此并不能确定此句陈述是否正确。

7【单选】(总分1分)The writer survived the accident with only a few bruises. ( )

A True

B False

C Not Given

[结果]正确答案是： A

[解析]【考点】事实细节题 【解析】 从文章倒数第五段中可以找出相关信息。

8【单选】(总分1分)One of Mrs. While slaughters, Jane had survived from the traffic accident. ( )

A True

B False

C Not Given

[结果]正确答案是： B

[解析]【考点】事实细节题 【解析】 从文章倒数第六段中可以找出相关信息。

9【单选】(总分1分)Amy works as a doctor of learning-disabled students. ( )

A True

B False

C Not Given

结果]正确答案是： B

[解析]【考点】事实细节题 【解析】从文章倒数第一段中可以找出相关信息。

10【单选】(总分1分)Amy has two little girls of her own. ( )

A True

B False

C Not Given

[结果]正确答案是： A

[解析]【考点】事实细节题 【解析】 从文章倒数第一段中可以找出相关信息。

I belong to that group of people known as wives. I am a wife. And, not altogether incidentally, I am a mother.

       Not too long ago a male friend of mine appeared on the scene fresh from a divorce(离婚).  He had one child, who is, of course, with his ex-wife. He is obviously looking for another wife. As I thought about him while I was cooking one evening, it suddenly occurred to me that I, too, would like to have a wife. Why do I want a wife?

     I would like to go back to school so that I can become economically independent, support myself, and, if need be, support those dependent upon me. I want a wife who will work and send me to school.  And while I am going to school I want a wife to take care of my children. I want a wife to keep track of the children's doctor appointments. And to keep track of mine, too. I want a wife to make sure my children eat properly and are kept clean.

      I want a wife who will wash the children's clothes and keep them mended. I want a wife who arranges for their schooling, makes sure that they have an adequate (足够的) social life with their peers(同伴) , takes them to the park or the zoo.  I want a wife who will take care of my physical needs. I want a wife who will keep my house clean. I want a wife who will keep my clothes clean, mended, replaced when need be, and who will see to it that my personal things are kept in their proper place so that I can find what I need the minute I need it.  I want a wife who cooks the meals, a wife who is a good cook.  I want a wife who will plan the menus, do the necessary grocery shopping, prepare the meals, serve them pleasantly, and then do the washing up while I do my studying. I want a wife who will care for me while I am sick and sympathize with my pain and loss of time from school.

I want a wife to go along when our family takes a vacation so that someone can continue to care for me and my children when l need a rest and change of scene. If by chance, I find another person more suitable as a wife than the wife I already have, I want the liberty to replace my present wife with another one. Naturally, I will expect a fresh, new life: My wife will take the children and be solely responsible for them so that I am left free.

      When I am through with school and have a job, I want my wife to quit working and remain at home so that my wife can more fully and completely take care of a wife's duties. My God, who wouldn't want a wife?

11【单选】(总分2分)The author is \_\_\_\_ . ( )

A a married man

B a married woman

C a single man

D a single woman

[结果]正确答案是： B

[解析]【考点】细节题 【解析】 由文章开头第一句可知，作者是已婚女人，她以男人的视角描述妻子的角色，故选B。

12【单选】(总分2分)According to the passage, a man wants a wife because \_\_\_\_\_. ( )

A he needs someone to help with his studies

B he feels lonely without her

C he cannot have clean clothes to wear without a wife

D material comforts cannot be attained without a wife

[结果]正确答案是： D

[解析]文章第三、四、六段提到丈夫需要妻子给予他生活上的种种照顾,所以综合可见,一个男人需要妻子的原因是 [D]项中提到的“如果没有妻子,他就没法过一种舒适的生活”,而并非[A项中提到的“妻子可以在学习上可以帮助他”或[B]项提到的“没有妻子他会感到孤独”或[C]项提到的“没有妻子他就没有干净衣服可穿”等原因。

13【单选】(总分2分)According to the author, a husband usually wants all of the following EXCEPT \_\_\_. ( )

A being able to marry a new wife whenever he pleases

B being bound for life with his wife by damage

C being able to insist that his wife take a job while he is at school

D having the right to demand that his wife perform a wife's duties entirely at home when he has got a job

[结果]正确答案是： B

[解析]【考点】细节题 【解析】 本题采用排除法，A、C、D三个选项从文中都可以找出同样含义的句子，只有选项B在文中没有提及。

14【单选】(总分2分)What is implied in the last paragraph? ( )

A The wife is often in great despair.

B The wife is a little disappointed.

C The wife feels discouraged.

D The wife feels her sacrifice unpaid for.

[结果]正确答案是： D

[解析]【考点】细节题 【解析】本题采用排除法，A、B、c含义略相似，D项最恰当说明女人作为妻子所付出的辛苦。

15【单选】(总分2分)What is the general tone of the essay? ( )

A Sad.

B Cheerful

C Ironical

D Arrogant

[结果]正确答案是： C

[解析]【考点】主旨大意题 【解析】全文是一名已婚女人从男人的视角描述妻子的角色，带讽刺意味。故选C。

****Things to Know About the UK****

①From Buckingham Palace to Oxford, the UK is loaded with wonderful icons（标志）of past eras. But it has also modernized with confidence. It's now better known for vibrant（充满活力的）cities with great nightlife and attraction. Fashions, fine dining, clubbing, shopping-the UK is among the world's best.

②Most people have strong preconceptions about the British. But if you're one of these people, you'd be wise to abandon those ideas. Visit a nightclub in one of the big cities, a football match, or a good local pub and you might more readily describe the English people as humorous and hospitable. It’s certainly true that no other country in the world has more bird-watchers, sports supporters, pet owners and gardeners than the UK.

③Getting around England is pretty easy. Budget（廉价的）airlines like Easy jet and Rynnair fly domestically. Trains can deliver you very efficiently from one major city to another. Long distance express buses are called coaches. Where coaches and buses run on the same route, coaches are more expensive (though quicker) than buses. London's famous black cabs are excellent hut expensive.

Minicabs are cheaper competitors, with freelance(个体的) drivers.  But usually you need to give a call first. London's underground is called the tube. It's very convenient and can get you to almost any part of the city.

    ④ The UK is not famous for its food. But you still need to know some of the traditional English foods. The most famous must be fish and chips. The fish and chips are deep friend in flour. English breakfast is something you need to try. It is fried bacon, sausages, fried eggs, black pudding, fried tomatoes, fried bread and baked beans, with toast and a pot of tea. Other things like shepherd's pie and Yorkshire pudding are also well-known as a part of English food culture.

    ⑤ Pubbing and clubbing are the main forms of English nightlife, especially for the young. Pubbing means going to a pub with friends, having drinks, and chatting. Clubbing is different from pubbing and includes going to a pub, or a place of music, or a bar, or any other places to gather with friends. Clubbing can be found everywhere. Usually there is some kind of dress code for clubbing, such as no jeans, no sportswear, or smart club wear, while pubbing is much more casual.

16.填空题

1. Paragraph①\_\_\_\_

2. Paragraph②\_\_\_\_

3. Paragraph③\_\_\_\_

4. Paragraph④\_\_\_\_

5. Paragraph⑤\_\_\_\_

A. Nightlife

B. People

C. Food

D. Transport

E. Drinks

F. A wonderful Country

1．【答案】F 【考点】概括大意题 【解析】 本段介绍了能够代表英国的标志，来说明英国是个极具魅力的国家。

2.【答案】B 【考点】概括大意题 【解析】 小段主要介绍了英国人的一些特点。

3.【答案】D 【考点】概括大意题 【解析】本段主要介绍了英国的交通工具及其特点。

4．【答案】C 【考点】概括大意题 【解析】本段主要介绍了英国有哪些食物，特别介绍了英国早餐。

5．【答案】A 【考点】概括大意题 【解析】 本段主要介绍英国的夜生活是什么样的。

1. 填空题

1. The UK is a country that is\_\_\_\_ .

2. The British people are\_\_\_\_

3. Coaches in the UK are \_\_\_\_.

4. Fish and chips are\_\_\_\_.

5. The main forms of English nightlife are\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. pubbing a clubbing

B. humorous and hospitable

C. both ancient and modern

D. cheap and efficient

E. faster but more expensive than buses

F. traditional and famous

1【答案】C 【考点】快速检索信息 【解析】 从文章第一段可以找出相关语句和关键词概括英国的总体特点。 2．【答案】B 【考点】快速检索信息 【解析】从文章第二段中得知英国人很友好也很幽默。

3【答案】E 【考点】快速检索信息 【解析】从文章第三段得知在英国乘长途汽车比公共汽车速度更快，但价格更高。

4．【答案】F 【考点】快速检索信息 【解析】从文章第四段可以找出答案。

5．【答案】A 【考点】快速检索信息 【解析】从文章第五段得知英国伎生活的形式。

18.填空题

Michael Jackson-the Ups and Downs

      Michael Jackson, the seventh of nine children, started his musical career with his brothers in 1964.    26 \_\_ Michael quickly became the centre of attention.

      During the following years the band released hit after hit and became the most successful Motown group. In 1975 the Jackson Five decided to leave, Motown for more money at CBS records.

      Young Michael began his solo (独唱)  career while he was still with the group.  His big breakthrough came in 1982 with the arrival of his biggest selling album, Thriller. The album had seven hit singles and became famous for its video clip.

       27   In 1984 he set his hair on fire for a commercial in Los Angeles. He was injured and carried out on a stretcher(担架).  This and many other strange stories about Jackson brought him the nickname Wacko Jack(杰克). Nevertheless the sales of his records went up.

      Black and White was the biggest hit of the 1991 album Dangerous. During the promotion of his album he invited US talk master Oprah Winfrey to Never-land (梦幻岛).  There he gave the world insights into his private life. \_ 28   And he also admitted that he had undergone plastic surgery.

        In 1993 the King of Pop was accused of harassing(骚扰) children, but a settlement with the 13-year old's parents saved him from prison. \_ 29   But unluckily, the couple separated a year and a half later.

       By the mid-1990s Jackson's popularity had started to fall. History was a collection of greatest hits plus a few new recordings. The pop star appeared at the Brit Awards to perform his number one single Earth Song, together with a group of children.

A second marriage with Nurse Deborah Rowe produced a son Michael and a daughter Paris.

        30   It took almost 6 years to finish the album Invincible. But when it was released in 2001, it was only in the charts(排行榜) for six weeks.

      In March 2009 Jackson surprised the pup world by announcing that he would go on stage one last time.  A series of ten concerts, definitely his last ones, were planned for July 2009 in the 02 Arena in London. But on June 25, 2009, less than a month before he was scheduled to begin a series of comeback concerts, paramedics were called to Michael Jackson's rented home in Hobby Hills near Los Angeles where they found him unconscious and not responding. They were unable to revive the "King of Pop", and Jackson was pronounced dead at the L. A. Medical Center.

A. He said that he was lonely.

B. Elizabeth Taylor and Michael Jackson were two peas in one odd pod.

C. The following year Jackson married Lisa Marie Presley.

E. Michael Jackson was not only a great singer, he also did crazy things.

F. They called themselves the Jackson Five.

D. Jackson's downturn continued into the new millennium.

26【答案】F 【考点】 上下文推测句意 【解析】根据空格前后两句的意思，可知F选项最合适。

27．【答案】E 【考点】推测句意 【解析】根据下一句的意思应选E。

28【答案】A 【考点】 上下文推测句意 【解析】空格后句意为：而且他还承认，他曾接受过整容。前后联系紧密，因此选A。

29【答案】C 【考点】上下义推测句意 【解析】 由后面句子可知，C选顼撮合适。

30【答案】D 【考点】上下文推测句意 【解析】 由后面句子可知，D选项最合适。

19.填空题

Preserving Nature for Future

    Demands for stronger protection for wildlife in Britain sometimes hide the fact that similar needs are felt in the rest of Europe. Studies by the Council of Europe have\_\_  31    that 45 per cent of reptile（爬行动物）species and 24 per cent of butterflies（蝴蝶）are in\_\_   32   of dying out.

    European concern for wildlife was outlined by Dr. Peter Baum, an expert in the environment and natural resources division of the council, when he spoke at  a  conference arranged by the  administrators of a British national park. The   33    is one of the few areas in Europe to hold the council's diploma（证书）for nature reserves（自然保护区），and he was    34    that public opinion was turning against national parks, and that those set up in the 1960s and 1970s could not be   35   up today.

    “No area could be expected to survive both as a true   36   reserve and as a tourist attraction," he went on. The short-sighted view that reserves had to serve   37   human demands for outdoor recreation should be    38\_ by full acceptance of their importance as places to preserve nature for the future.

    “We forget that they are the guarantee of life systems, on which any built-up area ultimately depends.”Dr. Baum went on. "We could manage without most   39   products, but we could not manage without nature, However, our natural environment areas, which are the original parts of our countryside, have shrunk（缩小）to mere islands in a spoiled and \_40   polluted landmass.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| A.     Nature | B. Set | C. Heavily | D. Industrial |
| E.    immediate | F. Shown | G. Danger | H. Park |
| I.   Risk | J. Afraid | K. Replaced | L. said |

31．【答案】F 【考点】现在完成Ⅱ寸 【解析】这句话是现在完成时态，因此动词使用过去分词。shown意为“表明”，而replaced意为“取代，替代”，said和set意思不相符，因此选F。

32【答案】G 【考点】 固定搭配 【解析】in danger= at risk，意为“危险”。

33．【答案】H 【考点】名词作主语 【解析】这单缺少名词主语，由上句a British national park可知，此句顺承上句指的就是这个公园，因此应填park。

34【答案】J 【考点】形容词作表语 【解析】这里填入形容词作表语。afraid意为“担心的，害怕的”。

35．【答案】B 【考点】固定搭配 【解析】set up意为“建立”。

36．【答案】A 【考点】上下文推测句意 【解析】联系上下文，由上文出现nature reserve（自然保护区）可以很容易得出本题答案。

37．【答案】E 【考点】形容词作定语 【解析】immediate意为“当前的，眼前的”，非常符合这句话的意思。

38．【答案】K 【考点】被动语态 【解析】should be后接动词的过去分词。replaced意为“替代，取代”，非常符合这句话的意思。

39【答案】D 【考点】形容词 【解析】 industrial意为“工业的”。

40．【答案】C 【考点】副词作状语 【解析】heavily polluted意为“严重地污染”。

1. 填空题

Problems Caused by Using Computers Long hours at the screen can cause（41-ache) eyes,（42--blur) vision and headaches, experts say. In fact, eyestrain surpasses even wrist pain as the top physical（43--complain) among heavy computer users. When peering into the computer screen, the eye's focusing muscle is at constant tension. Like any muscle, it feels sore when（44--overload). And when someone spends a lot of time looking at something close, the eye muscle can get（45--stick) on the near-focus setting and have difficulty relaxing, leaving the person（46--temporary) nearsighted, a condition called accommodative spasm(痉挛) that can Last seconds or hours. The letters on the screen are not as clearly（47--define) as on a printed page, Take a magnifying glass to your monitor and you'll see the letters, each made up of pinpoint sources of light, have no sharp edges. But those liquid crystal display (LCD) monitors, like those found on laptop computers, are（48--easy) on the eyes because they display sharper images. And studies have shown that when people are working on a computer, their rate of（49--blink) goes down by two-thirds, which can result in dry, stinging eyes. This is especially a problem for contact-lenses（50--wear).根据给出的单词填空。

41【答案】aching 【考点】形容词作定语 【解析】 空格后eyes为名词，前面用形容词修饰。

42．【答案】blurred 【考点】过去分词 【解析】这里的过去分词作定语修饰vision。

43．【答案】complaint 【考点】名词形式 【解析】complain为动词，这里应使用名词形式。

44，【答案】overloaded 【考点】过去分词 【解析】 overload为过去分词作状语。

45．【答案】stuck 【考点】短语固定搭配 【解析】本句甸意：如果长时间看近处，眼部肌肉会固定在近焦距范围内，很难放松……get stuck on固定在……上面。

46．【答案】temporarily 【考点】 副词修饰形容词 【解析】nearsighted为形容词，前面用副词修饰。

47【答案】defined 【考点】被动语态 【解析】应填入过去分词构成被动语态。

48【答案】easier 【考点】形容词比较级 【解析】填入提示词的比较级形式。

49．【答案】blinking 【考点】动名词作宾语 【解析】本句句意为：……当人们使用电脑上作时，他们眨眼的频率会降低三分之二……本句空处放在介词of后面，应将空白处提示刊改成现在分词形式。

50.【答案】 wearers 【考点】名词复数 【解析】本句句意为：尤其对于戴隐形眼镜的人来说这更是个问题。空白处需填入名词又因为戴隐形眼镜的人肯定不是某个个体，应该是一个群体，所以应该使用名词复数wearers

21【填空题】(总分30分)请根据要求撰写一篇150词左右的英语短文。自信的价值不言而喻，在我们面临挑战时，正是因为拥有了自信，我们才拥有了最终的成功。请以The Value of Self-confidence为题写一篇能够体现自信价值的英语短文．

The Value of Self-Confidence It's quite important for us to keep self-confidence all the time. My friends often ask me why I am so carefree all the time. I think the answer is quite simple.I owe my light-hearted attitude to self-confidence． I remembered the first time I took part in an English contest. When l was in middle school, I was chosen to take part in an English contest aIl our school. When I went onstage had butterflies in my stomach. Suddenly, my mother's words reminded me, “If want to do something, you can do nothing but be self-confident.”So I took a deep breath. “Take it easy, I said silently. You have prepared for this for so long time, and you'll be the best. My nervousness vanished after I said to myself with such confidence.I began to speak fluently. The audience applauded afterwards. I was successful! In a word, self-confidence is the best access to success. Therefore, be always confident please!