

Charoen Vongchumyen

Email: charoen.vo@kmitl.ac.th

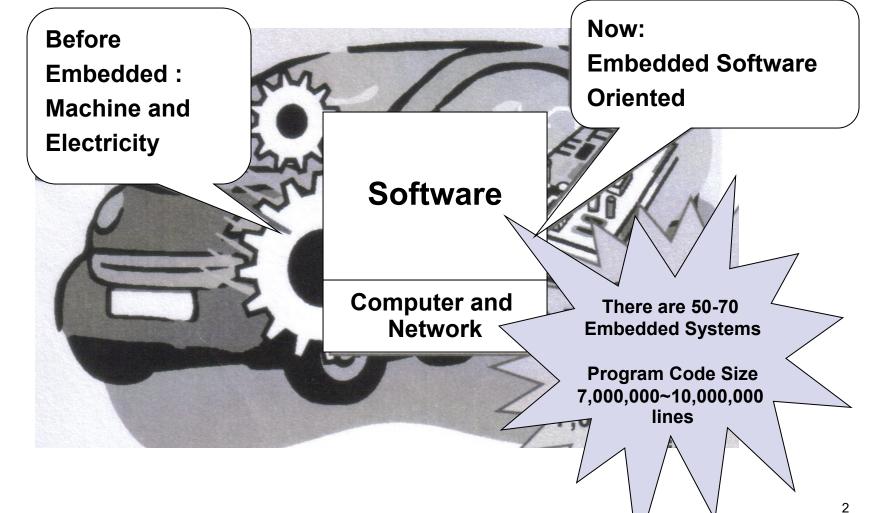
05/2021

Thank to Prof. Ohara

Functions of a Product



Innovation



Why Embedded?



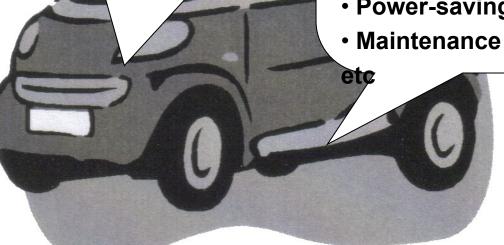
The computing system which realizes a function of a product

Embedded Software:

Element of Embedded System



- Reduce the number of **Machine and Electric** parts
- High Quality
- Miniaturization
- Power-saving



Innovation by Embedded Technology



The effects by Embedded software

- Reduce the number of devices in the product
- Make the high quality, high Performance ,etc.

Reduce the number of the elements
This will make reduce the

This will make reduce the production process importance

Effects

Require ment

Develop ment

Design for Mass Production

Production

Distribution

Evaluation

Effects

Increase the importance of development process: there are no human resource for embedded technologies

4

Innovation by Embedded Technology

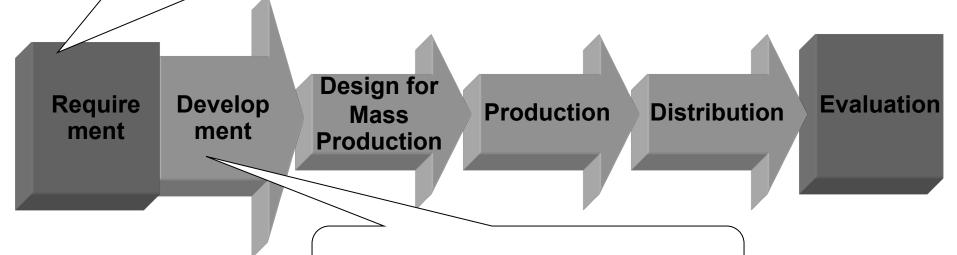


So many Application Fields:

Industrial/OA Machine/Industry FA, Computer/ Peripheral, AV Appliance, Communication

Terminal Unit, Home Electronics,

Transport/Construction Machinery, etc.



Where is human resource!

How to make or take the human resource?

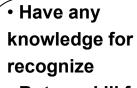
Technology (Knowledge) and skill



Recipe is Technology (=Knowledge)



Tool is Technology (=knowledge)



 But no skill for tasting, smell check

<Can not make the cooking>

Recognize the recipe
And have the skill

<Can make cooking>



Relation of Technology any skill



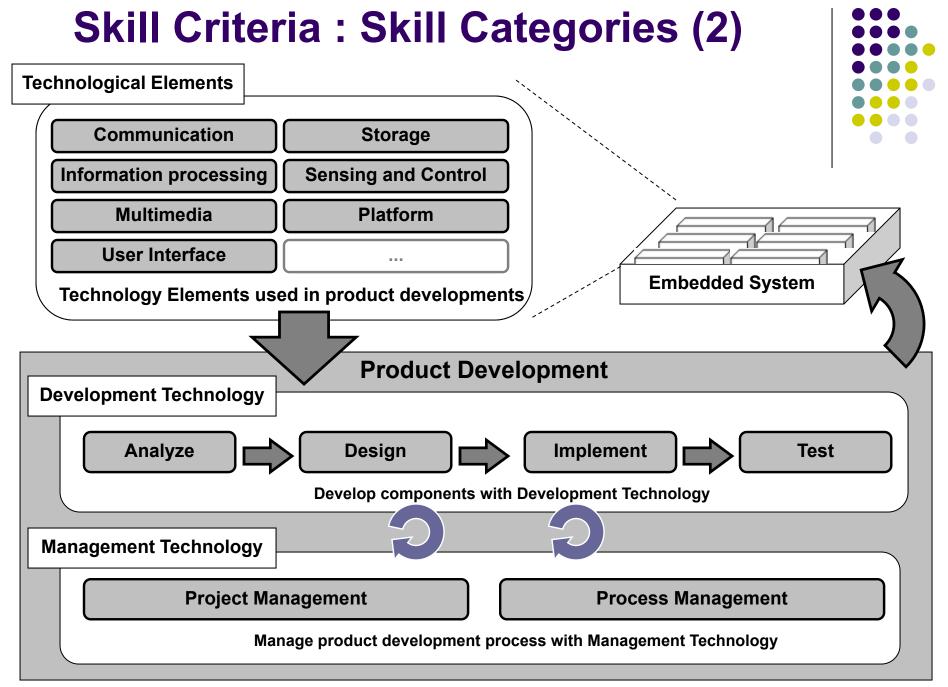
Technology: Technology is a knowledge. So we can transfer each technologies from/to for each other by formal communication methods. Technology will realize the requirements in the necessary conditions that includes economical conditions

Require ment Part of Process Part of Process Process Process Process

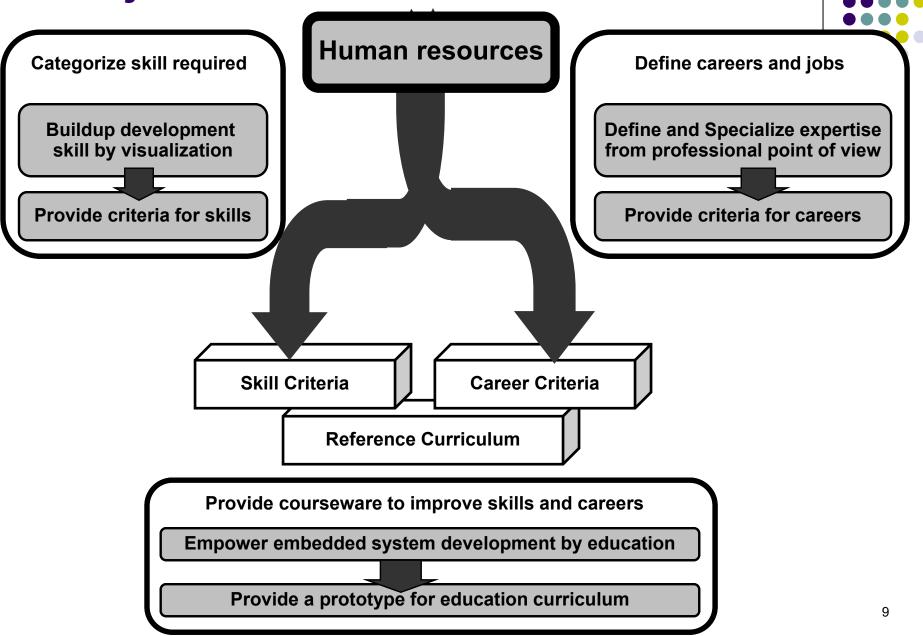
Process:

- Functional and Data processing process in each requirements.
- The design process and the production process of each requirements.

Skill: Depend on Personal Experience. The main ability is actions (how to do, how to can) in the part of process



Objectives of the Skill Standards

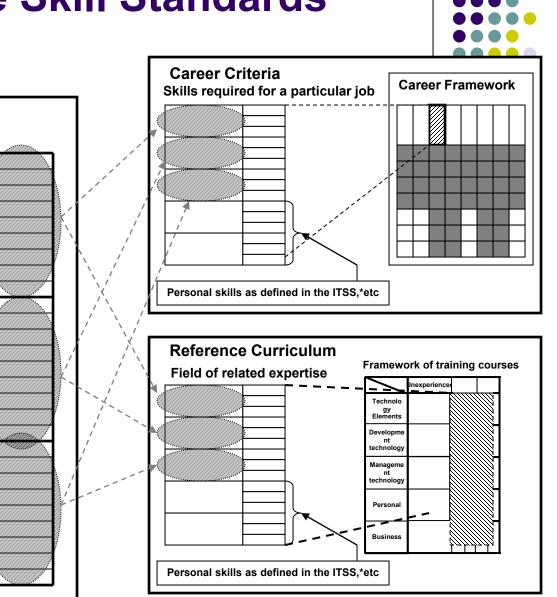


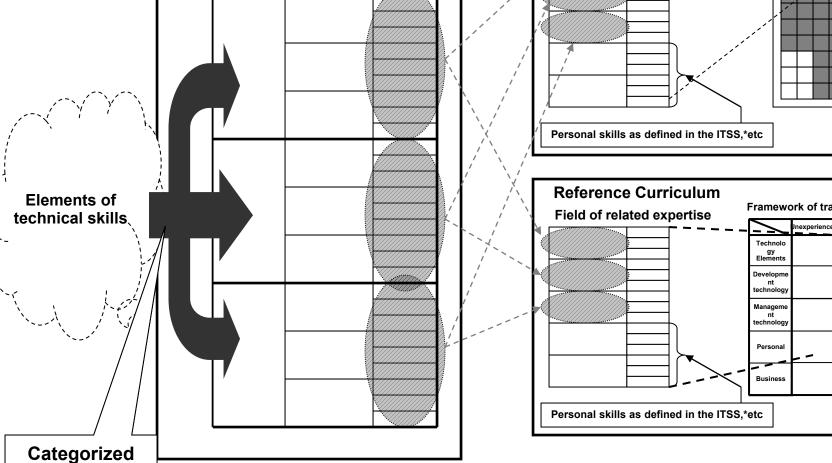
03/05/2021 Charoen V. KMITL

Structure of the Skill Standards

Skill Criteria

Skill Framework

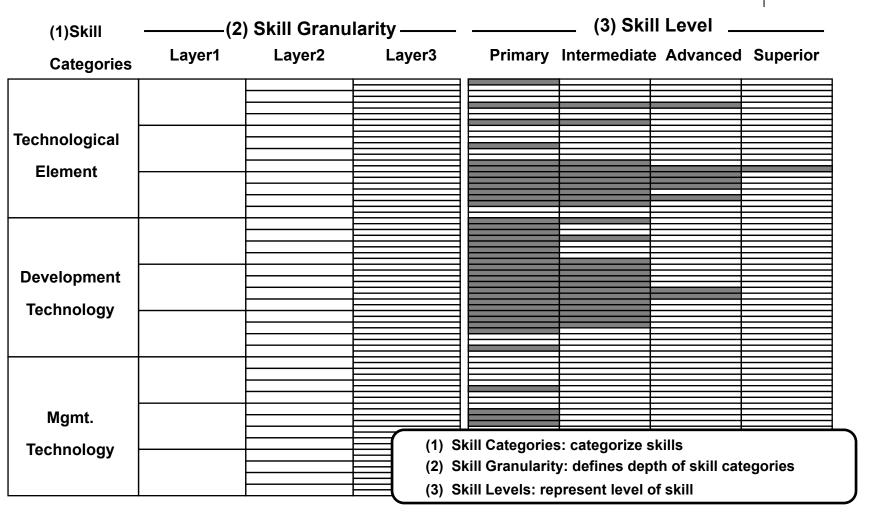




Skill Criteria: Skill Framework



—Technological knowledge for skill Granularity ___



Technological Elements Skill Category (excerpts)



La	yer 1	Laye	r 2	description
		1	Wired communication	WAN LAN, etc.
4	communicatio	2	Wireless communication	For public and private use
1	n	3	Broadcasting	Digital and analog broadcasting technology
		4	Internet	For transparent data transmission and application
		1	Input	Data, voice, etc.
2	Information	2	Security	Encryption, copyright, etc.
2	Processing	3	Data Processing	Compression, database, etc.
		4	Output	Markup language, document viewer, etc.
		1	Audio	Data compression and decompression
	└		Audio	docompression

Development Technology Skill Category (excerpts)



Lay	Layer 1		yer 2	description				
			Capturing Requirements	Interviews, marketing survey, etc.				
1	Systems Requirements	2	Systems Analysis and Requirements Definition	Modeling analysis, and requirements development				
	Analysis		Review of Requirement	Methods of review and inspection, etc.				
2	Process Design	1	Allocation of functions and performance between hardware and software	Performance estimation, FMEA, FTA, software cost estimates, IPR, etc.				
		121	Feasibility evaluation and design review	Methods of review and inspection, etc.				
3	Software	1	Definition of requirements for software	Modeling methods, analysis methods, requirements definition, etc.				
ა _ –	3 Requirements		Evaluation and review of	Method of review and inspection, etc.				

Management Technology Skill Category (excerpts)

Laye	Layer 1		yer 2	description	
		1	Integrated Management	WBS, EVM, conferencing, review methodology, etc.	
		2	Scope Management	WBS, change management, etc.	
	Project Management	3	Time Management	PART, Gant Chart, Estimation methods, etc.	
		4	Cost Management	ROI, ROE, Estimates, EVM, etc.	
1		5	Quality Management	Inspection, error analysis, statistics, trends analysis, etc.	
		6	Team Management	Team building, OBS, etc.	
		7	Communications Management	Methods of information sharing, etc.	
		8	Risk Management	Risk analysis, decision tree analysis, risk categorization, etc.	

Definition of the Skill levels



Level 1 (Primary):

Can do jobs with guidance of the seniors

Level 2 (Intermediate) :

Can do by themselves

Level 3 (Advanced):

Supervise the process

Level 4 (Superior):

Organize experiences and find/develop original methods

Skill Requirements

 Requisites to certify the possession of a specific skill when being tested is called "Skill Requirements"



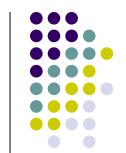
Technological Element Skill Category

- Can make something: make functions aaa by analyzing requirements, constraints, examples, etc.
 - -aaa: Technological Elements
- Can use something: implement functions that use aaa by analyzing requirements, constrains, examples, etc.
 - -aaa : Technological Elements

Development/Management Skill Category

- Can do xxx using yyy
 - **xxx**: jobs, management items
 - yyy: Development/Management Technology (methods,tool,etc.)

Relation of the Technological Elements and Development Technology (Example)



	Technological Element											
De		Communication	Information procession	Multimedia	Sensing and Control	Platform						
Development	Analyze											
	Design	0				0						
Technology	Implement		0	Δ	0							
	Test			0								

Advanced

17

Superior

Intermediate

Primary

Career Framework



Career	Product Manager	Project Manager	Domain Specialist		Systems Architect		Softv Engir		Bridge Engineer	Support	Engineer	QA Specialist	Testing Engineer
Specialties	Embedded Systems		ware Software	Embedded Applications	Embedde	ed Platform	Embedded Applications	Embedded Platform	Embedded Systems Developm ent	Embedded Systems Developm ent Environme nt	Developm ent Process	Software	Embedded Systems Developm ent
High	Level7												
	Level6												
	Level5												
Mid.	Level4												
	Level3												
Entry	Level2												
	Level1												

Definition of Career Levels

Entry	Level	Mid Lo	evel		el		
Level1	Level2	Level3	Level4	Level5	Level6		Level7
Find problems and solutions with the guidance of the seniors		Find probl and solution the project	on in	Lend techn methodolog business	Lend a company and/or an industry by developing technologies &standards		
							ead the market
					Recognized	d in t	he market
					Lend a comp	any	
			nces into kno the projects education.	nowledge to be ts and staff			
			Can d	o every job b	y themselves	S.	
	Can do some jobs by themselves.						
Can do with							

19

Perform Required Jobs (role) Contribute to create value

Guidance.

Career Paths Targeted Career Career C Career D \reer F Career A Career B Career G Career/Level Different career paths to Level7 High reach a target Different career paths to Level6 reach a target Level5 Mid. Level4 Level3 **Entry** Level2 Legend Career-Up Possible to start from various Career-shift Career/Level to target some. 03/05/2021 Charoen V. KMITL

Allocate Human Resources Optimized for the Process

Employment of human resources

Systems	Systems	Software	Software	Coding/	Software	Systems	
Req. Analysis	Design	Req. Analysis	Design	Unit testing	Testing	Testing	
PM	PM	PM	PM	PM	PM	PM	Project Management
	A A A		A	Archite	ect		
SP SP	X Specialist		SD SD SD	SD SD SD		SD	Software Development
		Гest Engineer	(ES) (ES)	ESI	(ES) (ES)	(ES) (E	S) (ES)

Charoen V. KMITL

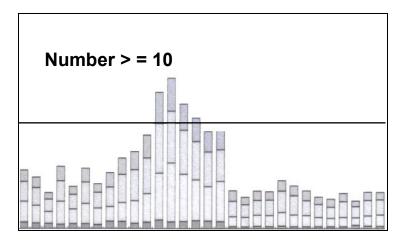
03/05/2021

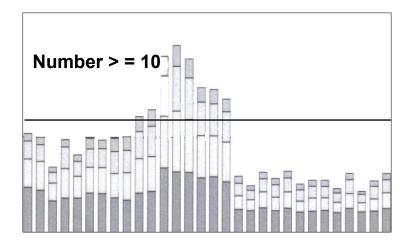
Statistics of Human Resource Allocation of 500 projects



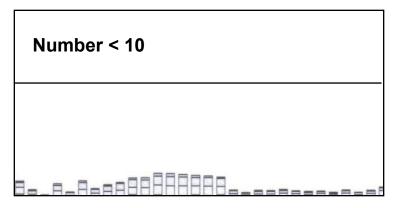
Skill level 1 20%-

Skill level 1 20%+

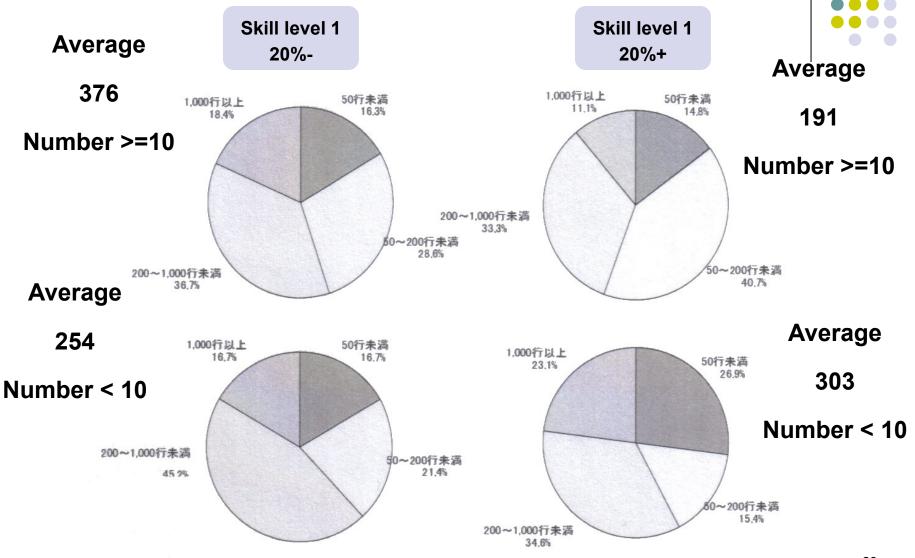




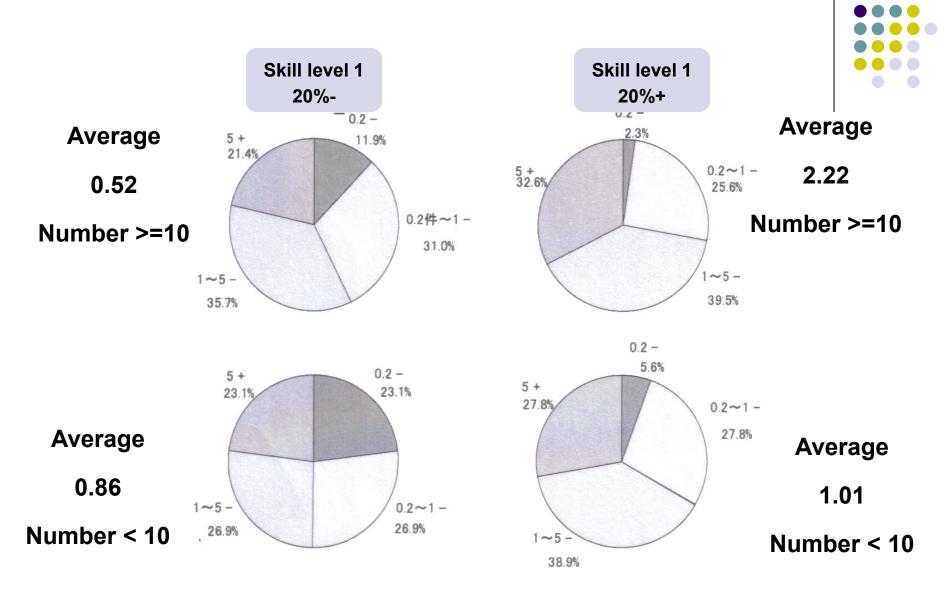




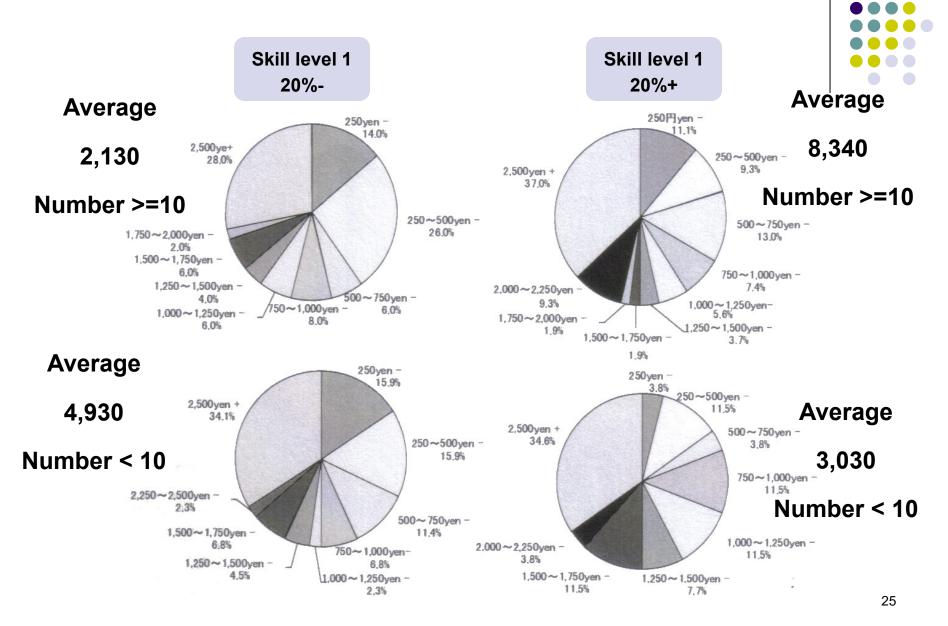
The average of the new lines per week and one person



The average of bugs per 1000 lines



Cost average per new one line (Yen)



Conclusion



- What is the Embedded System and Technology
- Innovation by Embedded Technology
- Embedded Skills Standard
- Effects by Embedded Skills Standards