JavaScript

Using HTML Script Tag

```
<script>
Script code here
</script>
```

Use to tell the browser the beginning and ending point of scripting language in HTML Doc.

```
<script type="text/javascript">
JavaScript code here
</script>
```

```
<script type="text/javascript" src="yourfile.js">
</script>
```

<script> location

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- Any number of <script> are allowed in the HTML document
- <script> can be placed in <head> or <body> or both
- Trick: placing scripts at the bottom of <body>
 improves speed of page redering

External Java Script

- In the external JavaScript file cannot contain <script>
- Advantages:
 - HTML and JavaScript are separated physically
 - Easier to maintain
 - Proxy server or browser caches can store frequently used JS file – speed up page loading

Variables

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- Declaring variables: var keyword
- Variables are case sensitive
- Avoid using reserved as variables name
- The variable values (or type) can include number, string, Boolean and null
- JavaScripte allows virtually any value to be assigned to any variable
- Special characters can be used in string type variables (ex. \t, \n, \\, \", \")

Variables

```
var web;
var str="web technology";
var str1='web technology';
var x=120;
var code=true;
var t=null;

y=200.5
```

Functions

Declaring function
 function functionname()
 {
 code
 }

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- Function names are case sensitive
- The function name must begin with a letter or underscore and cannot contain any space

Functions

 Functions can have one or more parameters function func1(var1, var2)

```
{ document.write("var1="+var1+", var2="+var2); }
```

Operators

Mathematical Operators

Assignment Operators

Comparison Operators

Logical Operators

Conditional Statements

```
if/elseIf (condition) {
    javascript statement
    }
    else {
        javascript statement
    }
```

Conditional Statements

switch switch(varname) { case "X": javascript statement; break; case "Y": javascript statement; break; default: javascript statement;

Loops

- for
- while
- do ... while

- Event is something that happens when viewer of the page perform some actions such as clicking a mouse button
- Event Handlers can be used to identify the occurring event and then perform a task or a set of task
- With Event Handler, the page can react to the action of the viewer

Using event handler in an HTML element

<input type="button" value="Click Me!" onclick="JavaScript code here" />

```
<body>
<form>
<input type="button" value="Click Me!"
onclick="window.alert('Hi!');window.alert('Bye!');" />
</form>
</body>
```

Js_event_01.js function hi_and_bye() { window.alert('Hi!'); window.alert('Bye!');

```
<body>
<form>
<input type="button" value="Click Me!" onclick="hi_and_bye();" />
</form>
<script type="text/javascript" src="js_event_01.js"></script>
</body>
```

```
Js event 01.js
function hi_and_bye() {
window.alert('Hi!');
window.alert('Bye!');
            - minumounds = minuelland of
var hi button = document.getElementById("say hi");
hi button.onclick = hi and bye;
<body>
<form>
<input type="button" value="Click Me!" id="say hi" />
</form>
<script type="text/javascript" src="js_event_01.js"></script>
</body>
```

• The blur event: onblur

```
<form>
<input type="text" onblur="window.alert('Hey! Come back!');" /><br />
<input type="text" />
</form>
```

The click event: onclick

```
Example
<body>
<form>
<input type="button" value="Do not Click Here"</pre>
onclick="window.alert('I told you not to click me!');">
</form>
</body>
```

• The click event: onclick

</body>

• The focus event: onfocus

```
<form>
Enter Your Name:
<input type="text" onfocus="window.alert('Don\'t forget to capitalize!');" />
</form>
```

• The mouse over event: onmouseover

Example

```
<a href="http://www.kmitl.ac.th"
```

onmouseover="window.alert('mouse over');">

Try Clicking Me!

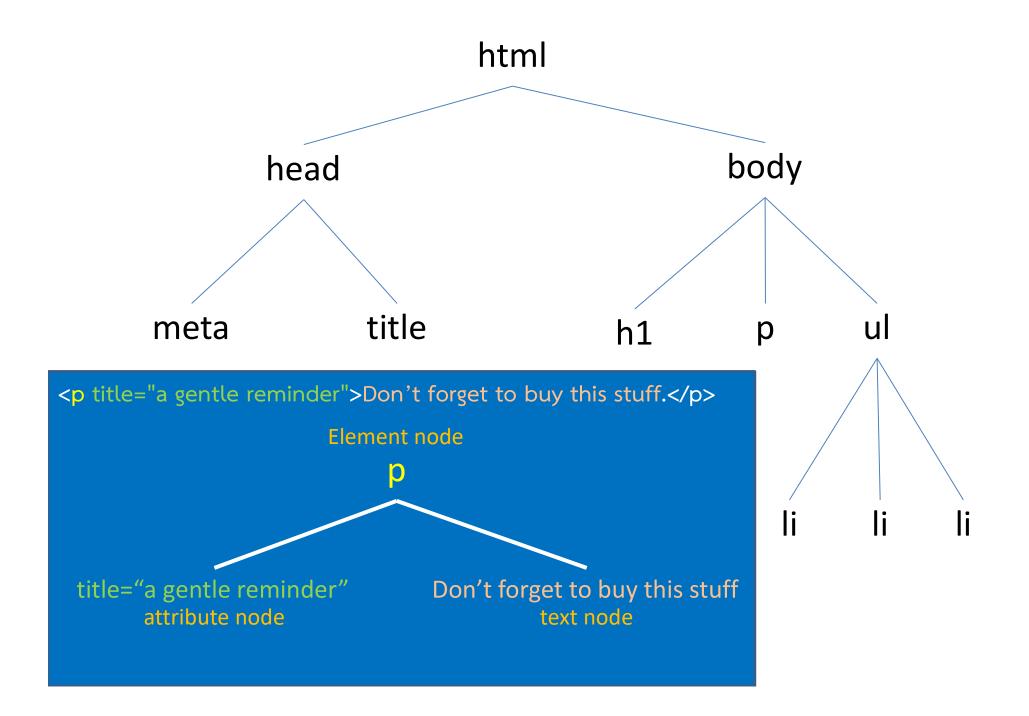
The submit event: onsubmit

```
<form onsubmit="window.alert('Thank You');">
What's your name?<br />
<input type="text" id="thename" /><br />
<input type="submit" value="Submit Form">
</form>
```

DOM

- DOM: Document Object Model
- DOM represents a document as a family tree

```
<a href="http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml" xml:lang="en">
<head>
  <meta http-equiv="content-type" content="text/html; charset=utf-8" />
  <title>Shopping list</title>
</head>
<body>
  <h1>What to buy</h1>
  Don't forget to buy this stuff.
  A tin of beans
      Cheese
      Milk
  </body>
</html>
```



Working with Document Object

- Properties of Document Object
 - Image property
 - Form property
- Method of Document Object
 - getElementById
 - getElementsByClassName
 - getElementsByTagName

The getElementById() method

Allow access to an element by the value of its id attribute

Example

<div id="some text">This is some text.</div>

var text_element = document.getElementById("some_text");

The getElementsByClassName() method The getElementsByTagName() method

 Get an array filled with all the elements in the document that have specified class/tag name

Document node creation

```
<body>
   <div id="div1" title="All about me!">
   This page is about me, me, and... me!
   </div>
   </body>
var inner_div_tout_-'
var inner div text = document.createTextNode("More...");
inner div.appendChild(inner_div_text);
me_div.appendChild(inner_div);
```

Result

```
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>
<div id="div1" title="All about me!"><br/>
This page is about me, me, and... me!<br/>
<div><br/>
More...<br/>
</div><br/>
</div><br/>
</body>
```

getAttribute() method

Get the values of attribute of an element

```
<img id="i1" src="images/pr.gif" alt="my image" />
var i_id = document.getElementById("i1");
var i_src = i_id.getAttribute("src");
```

setAttribute() method

Set the values of attribute of an element

```
<img id="i1" src="images/pr.gif" alt="my image" />
var i_id = document.getElementById("i1");
i_id.setAttribute("src", "images/xx.jpg");
```

Js_event_01.js function test(v) { window.alert(v.getAttribute("type"));

```
<body>
<form>
<input type="button" value="Click Me!" onclick="test(this);" />
</form>
<script type="text/javascript" src="js_event_01.js"></script>
</body>
```