

VYSOKÉ UČENÍ TECHNICKÉ V BRNĚ
FAKULTA ELEKTROTECHNIKY A KOMUNIKAČNÍCH
TECHNOLOGIÍ



Návrh, správa a bezpečnost počítačových sítí
2020/2021

3. laboratorne cvičenie

1 Zadanie

Celé zadanie laboratórnej úlohy je možné nájsť v e-learningu na karte predmetu alebo na Dropboxe¹

- Nainstalujte SSH server.
- Seznamte se se základní konfigurací (důležité soubory).
- Vygenerujte asymetrické klíče a importujte veřejný klíč na server.
- Zakažte přihlášení superuživatele a přihlášení pomocí hesla pro všechny uživatele.
- Změňte port SSH na 2222.
- Vytvořte uživatele RemoteWorker a zablokujte jeho přihlášení.
- Na straně serveru nastavte jen silné kr. alg. (ne RC4).
- Zjistěte podporované kr. alg. u uživatele, nastavte šifrování na AES-128-CBC.
- Kam loguje hlášení server, s jakou prioritou.
- Povolte přístup uživateli (user) do SSH na serveru pomocí TCP Wrappers, ostatní zakažte (správné řešení!).

2 Nastavenie pracoviska

Príklad pre pracovisko	Klient	Server
IP	192.168.17.135	192.168.17.137
MAC	00:0C:29:5C:68:C5	00:0C:29:6E:65:F1

Tabuľka 1: Nastavenie pracoviska

3 Riešenie

V tejto sekcii bude vyriešené laboratórna úloha číslo 3.

¹<https://paper.dropbox.com/doc/3-CV-ehSrtwIS4aJpWbnBcRD3H>

3.1 Instalace SSH serveru

Ako je možné vidieť na obrázku 1, tak SSH server sa nainštaloval a služba beží.

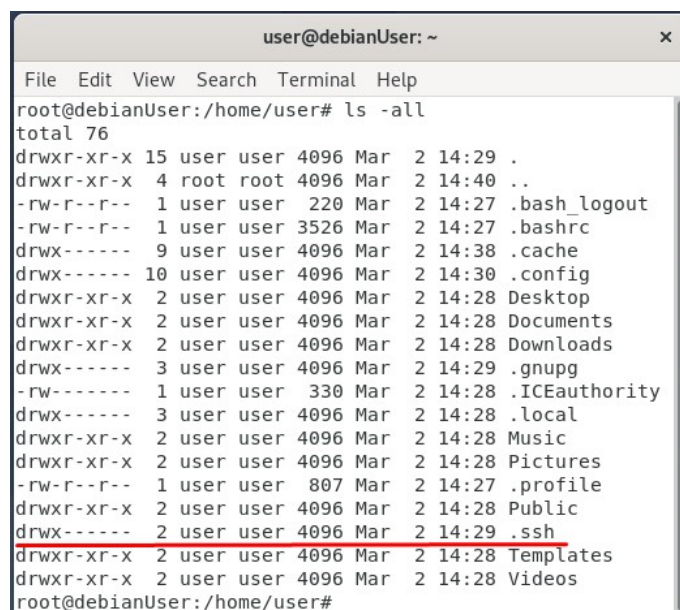
```
Preparing to unpack .../openssh-server_1%3a7.9p1-10+deb10u2_amd64.deb ...
Unpacking openssh-server (1:7.9p1-10+deb10u2) ...
Setting up openssh-sftp-server (1:7.9p1-10+deb10u2) ...
Setting up libwrap0:amd64 (7.6.q-28) ...
Setting up openssh-server (1:7.9p1-10+deb10u2) ...

Creating config file /etc/ssh/sshd_config with new version
Creating SSH2 RSA key; this may take some time ...
2048 SHA256:cSaXtYgTKqB4Csk10DBK5EWkr1iVnD945BXsQZJG0rs root@debianServer (RSA)
Creating SSH2 ECDSA key; this may take some time ...
256 SHA256:PrwCxcg2X2uBw+r4rFDLHac2HipAzazdQYXXUFyxUpg root@debianServer (ECDSA)
Creating SSH2 ED25519 key; this may take some time ...
256 SHA256:vN+h8L0rGHuVkoQURkY9HF4xQPbWYwBxRBnR2VkiSnA root@debianServer (ED25519)
Created symlink /etc/systemd/system/ssh.service → /lib/systemd/system/ssh.service.
Created symlink /etc/systemd/system/multi-user.target.wants/ssh.service → /lib/systemd/system/ssh.service.
rescue-ssh.target is a disabled or a static unit, not starting it.
Processing triggers for systemd (241-7~deb10u6) ...
Processing triggers for man-db (2.8.5-2) ...
Processing triggers for libc-bin (2.28-10) ...
root@debianServer:~# service sshd status
• ssh.service - OpenBSD Secure Shell server
  Loaded: loaded (/lib/systemd/system/ssh.service; enabled; vendor preset: enabled)
  Active: active (running) since Tue 2021-03-02 14:58:18 EST; 46s ago
    Docs: man:sshd(8)
           man:sshd_config(5)
  Main PID: 1224 (sshd)
    Tasks: 1 (limit: 2330)
   Memory: 2.5M
    CGroup: /system.slice/ssh.service
            └─1224 /usr/sbin/sshd -D

Mar 02 14:58:18 debianServer systemd[1]: Starting OpenBSD Secure Shell server...
Mar 02 14:58:18 debianServer sshd[1224]: Server listening on 0.0.0.0 port 22.
Mar 02 14:58:18 debianServer sshd[1224]: Server listening on :: port 22.
Mar 02 14:58:18 debianServer systemd[1]: Started OpenBSD Secure Shell server.
root@debianServer:~#
```

Obr. 1: Inštalácia SSH

3.2 Autentizace serveru



```
user@debianUser: ~
File Edit View Search Terminal Help
root@debianUser:/home/user# ls -all
total 76
drwxr-xr-x 15 user user 4096 Mar  2 14:29 .
drwxr-xr-x  4 root root 4096 Mar  2 14:40 ..
-rw-r--r--  1 user user  220 Mar  2 14:27 .bash_logout
-rw-r--r--  1 user user 3526 Mar  2 14:27 .bashrc
drwx-----  9 user user 4096 Mar  2 14:38 .cache
drwx----- 10 user user 4096 Mar  2 14:30 .config
drwxr-xr-x  2 user user 4096 Mar  2 14:28 Desktop
drwxr-xr-x  2 user user 4096 Mar  2 14:28 Documents
drwxr-xr-x  2 user user 4096 Mar  2 14:28 Downloads
drwx-----  3 user user 4096 Mar  2 14:29 .gnupg
-rw-----  1 user user  330 Mar  2 14:28 .ICEauthority
drwx-----  3 user user 4096 Mar  2 14:28 .local
drwxr-xr-x  2 user user 4096 Mar  2 14:28 Music
drwxr-xr-x  2 user user 4096 Mar  2 14:28 Pictures
-rw-r--r--  1 user user  807 Mar  2 14:27 .profile
drwxr-xr-x  2 user user 4096 Mar  2 14:28 Public
drwx-----  2 user user 4096 Mar  2 14:29 .ssh
drwxr-xr-x  2 user user 4096 Mar  2 14:28 Templates
drwxr-xr-x  2 user user 4096 Mar  2 14:28 Videos
root@debianUser:/home/user#
```

Obr. 2: Obsah domovskej zložky

Na obrázku 3, je možné vidieť prvé úspešné prihlásenie na server 192.168.17.137 pomocou SSH. Keďže sa jedná o úplne prvé prihlásenie, tak je možné vidieť aj fingerprint debianServeru. Ten je možné si overiť na debianServeri pomocou príkazu `ssh-keygen -lf /etc/ssh/ssh_host_ecdsa_key.pub` ako je možné vidieť na obrázku 4.

```

user@debianServer: ~
File Edit View Search Terminal Help
user@debianUser:~$ ssh 192.168.17.137
The authenticity of host '192.168.17.137 (192.168.17.137)' can't be established.
ECDSA key fingerprint is SHA256:PrwCwg2X2uBw+r4rFDfLHac2HipAzazdQYXXUFyxUpq.
Are you sure you want to continue connecting (yes/no)? yes
Warning: Permanently added '192.168.17.137' (ECDSA) to the list of known hosts.
user@192.168.17.137's password:
Linux debianServer 4.19.0-14-amd64 #1 SMP Debian 4.19.171-2 (2021-01-30) x86_64

The programs included with the Debian GNU/Linux system are free software;
the exact distribution terms for each program are described in the
individual files in /usr/share/doc/*/copyright.

Debian GNU/Linux comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY, to the extent
permitted by applicable law.
user@debianServer:~$ exit
logout
Connection to 192.168.17.137 closed.
user@debianUser:~$ ssh 192.168.17.137
user@192.168.17.137's password:
Linux debianServer 4.19.0-14-amd64 #1 SMP Debian 4.19.171-2 (2021-01-30) x86_64

```

Obr. 3: Úspešné prihlásenie sa na server pomocou SSH

```

root@debianServer:~# ssh-keygen -lf /etc/ssh/ssh_host_ecdsa_key.pub
256 SHA256:PrwCwg2X2uBw+r4rFDfLHac2HipAzazdQYXXUFyxUpq root@debianServer (ECDSA)
root@debianServer:~#

```

Obr. 4: Fingerprint serveru

Pomocou príkazu `ssh-keygen -f ssh_host_ecdsa_key` si pregenerujeme² fingerprint ako je možné vidieť na obrázku 5.

```

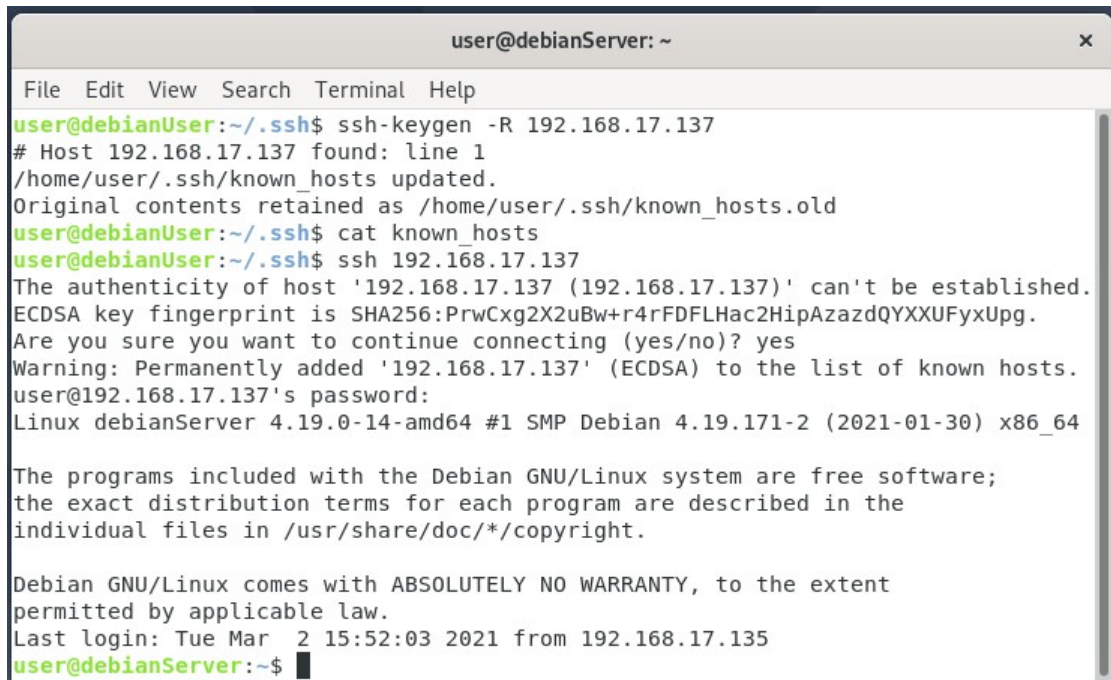
root@debianServer:~# ssh-keygen -f ssh_host_ecdsa_key
Generating public/private rsa key pair.
ssh_host_ecdsa_key already exists.
Overwrite (y/n)? y
Enter passphrase (empty for no passphrase):
Enter same passphrase again:
Your identification has been saved in ssh_host_ecdsa_key.
Your public key has been saved in ssh_host_ecdsa_key.pub.
The key fingerprint is:
SHA256:3P7n/73ghzEbCnQXa8kMT0SWt7C2ROuWHHTabc4wZaw root@debianServer
The key's randomart image is:
+---[RSA 2048]-----+
|          +..      |
|          * * =     |
|          o % X +   |
|          . O E X   |
|          S * X     |
|          B . *     |
|          . O ..*   |
|          o.OO..   |
|          .+OO*    |
+---[SHA256]-----+
root@debianServer:~#

```

Obr. 5: Vygnerovanie nového fingerprintu

²Pri opätovnom prihlásení na server cez SSH mi nevyskočila hláška v podobe REMOTE HOST IDENTIFICATION HAS CHANGED

Následne podsekcii *autentizácia serveru* 3.2 zakončíme ručným vymazaním fingerprint záznamu z `known_hosts` a prihlásením sa znovu na server.



```
user@debianServer: ~
File Edit View Search Terminal Help
user@debianUser:~/.ssh$ ssh-keygen -R 192.168.17.137
# Host 192.168.17.137 found: line 1
/home/user/.ssh/known_hosts updated.
Original contents retained as /home/user/.ssh/known_hosts.old
user@debianUser:~/.ssh$ cat known_hosts
user@debianUser:~/.ssh$ ssh 192.168.17.137
The authenticity of host '192.168.17.137 (192.168.17.137)' can't be established.
ECDSA key fingerprint is SHA256:PrwCwg2X2uBw+r4rFDLHac2HipAzazdQYXXUFyxUpq.
Are you sure you want to continue connecting (yes/no)? yes
Warning: Permanently added '192.168.17.137' (ECDSA) to the list of known hosts.
user@192.168.17.137's password:
Linux debianServer 4.19.0-14-amd64 #1 SMP Debian 4.19.171-2 (2021-01-30) x86_64

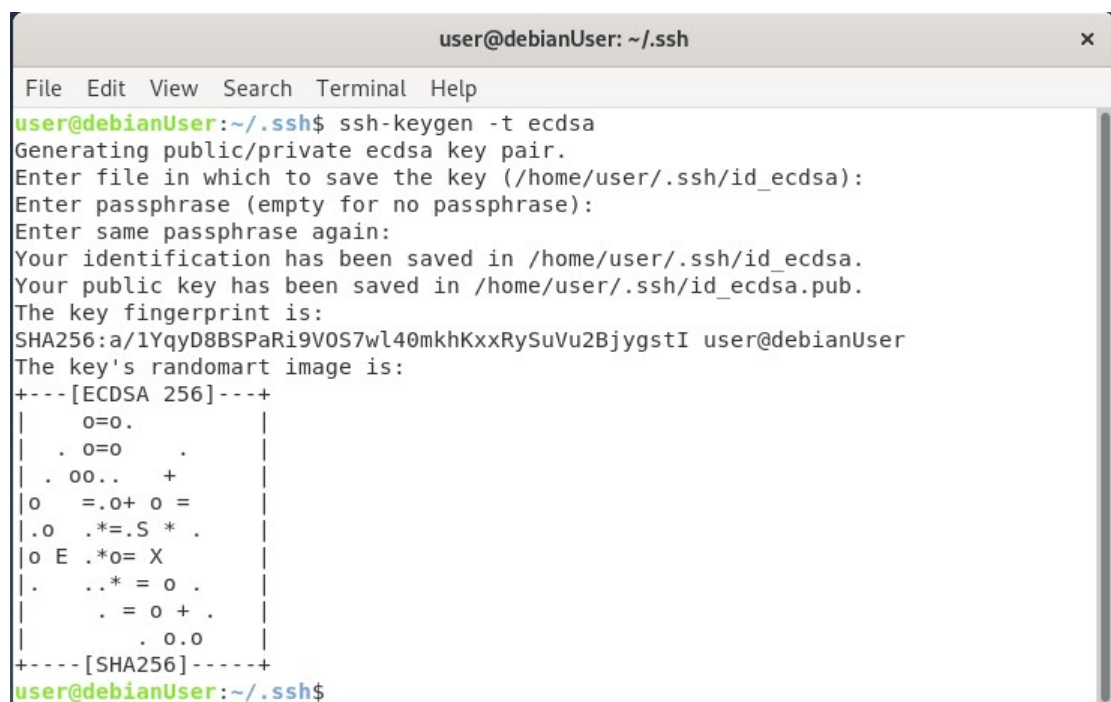
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individual files in /usr/share/doc/*/copyright.

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permitted by applicable law.
Last login: Tue Mar 2 15:52:03 2021 from 192.168.17.135
user@debianServer:~$
```

Obr. 6: Vymazanie fingerprintu a následné prihlásenie na server

3.3 Autentizace klienta využívající asymetrickou kryptografií

Najprv sa na klientovi vygeneruje pár verejného a súkromného kľúča, ako je možné vidieť na obrázku 7.



```
user@debianUser: ~/.ssh
File Edit View Search Terminal Help
user@debianUser:~/.ssh$ ssh-keygen -t ecdsa
Generating public/private ecdsa key pair.
Enter file in which to save the key (/home/user/.ssh/id_ecdsa):
Enter passphrase (empty for no passphrase):
Enter same passphrase again:
Your identification has been saved in /home/user/.ssh/id_ecdsa.
Your public key has been saved in /home/user/.ssh/id_ecdsa.pub.
The key fingerprint is:
SHA256:a/1YqyD8BSPaRi9V0S7w140mkhKxxRySuVu2BjygstI user@debianUser
The key's randomart image is:
+---[ECDSA 256]---+
|      0=0.      |
|    . 0=0      |
|   . oo..    +  |
|  o  =.o+ o =   |
| .o  .*=.S * .  |
| o E  .*o= X    |
| .   ..* = o .  |
|    . = o + .   |
|      . o.o     |
+----[SHA256]-----+
user@debianUser:~/.ssh$
```

Obr. 7: Vygenerovanie verejného a súkromného kľúča

Následne je možné pomocou ssh preniesť daný fingerprint na server ako je možné vidieť na ukážke 8.

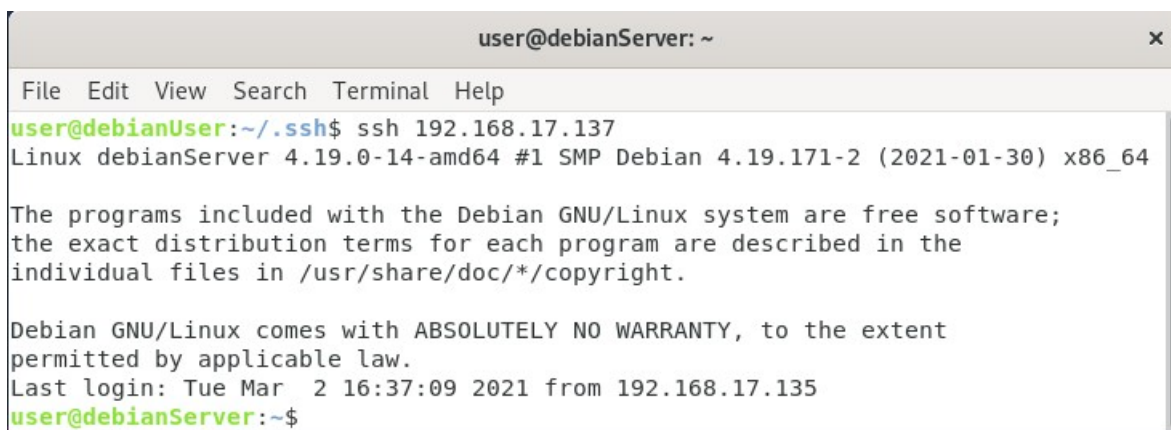
```
user@debianUser:~/.ssh$ ssh-copy-id 192.168.17.137
/usr/bin/ssh-copy-id: INFO: attempting to log in with the new key(s), to filter
out any that are already installed
/usr/bin/ssh-copy-id: INFO: 1 key(s) remain to be installed -- if you are prompt
ed now it is to install the new keys
user@192.168.17.137's password:

Number of key(s) added: 1

Now try logging into the machine, with:  "ssh '192.168.17.137'"
and check to make sure that only the key(s) you wanted were added.
```

Obr. 8: Prenesenie fingerprintu na server

Teraz je možné sa prihlásiť na server pomocou príkazu `ssh 192.168.17.137` bez hesla ako je možné vidieť na ukážke 9.



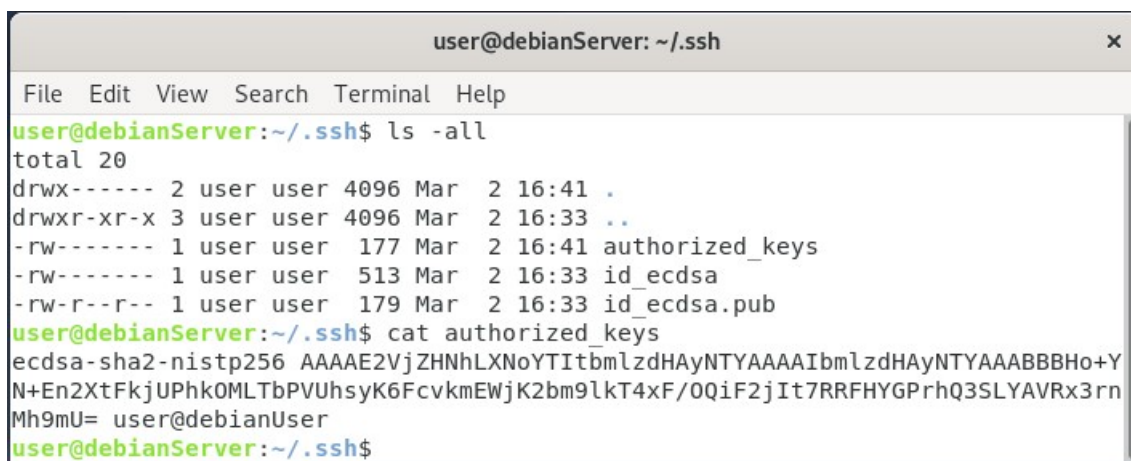
```
user@debianServer: ~
File Edit View Search Terminal Help
user@debianUser:~/.ssh$ ssh 192.168.17.137
Linux debianServer 4.19.0-14-amd64 #1 SMP Debian 4.19.171-2 (2021-01-30) x86_64

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permitted by applicable law.
Last login: Tue Mar  2 16:37:09 2021 from 192.168.17.135
user@debianServer:~$
```

Obr. 9: Prihlásenie sa na server bez možnosti zadania hesla

Je možné si zobrazíť tento autorizačný kľúč na serveri viď. ukážka 10



```
user@debianServer: ~/.ssh
File Edit View Search Terminal Help
user@debianServer:~/.ssh$ ls -all
total 20
drwx----- 2 user user 4096 Mar  2 16:41 .
drwxr-xr-x 3 user user 4096 Mar  2 16:33 ..
-rw----- 1 user user  177 Mar  2 16:41 authorized_keys
-rw----- 1 user user  513 Mar  2 16:33 id_ecdsa
-rw-r--r-- 1 user user  179 Mar  2 16:33 id_ecdsa.pub
user@debianServer:~/.ssh$ cat authorized_keys
ecdsa-sha2-nistp256 AAAAE2VjZHNhLXNoYTItbmlzdHAyNTYAAAAIbmlzdHAyNTYAAABBBHo+YN+En2XtFkjuPhkOMLTbPVUhsyK6FcvkmEWjK2bm9lKt4xF/OQiF2jIt7RRFHYGPrhQ3SLYAVRx3rnMh9mU= user@debianUser
user@debianServer:~/.ssh$
```

Obr. 10: Autorizačný kľúč debianUsera

3.4 Nastavení SSH serveru

V prvom rade je potrebné zakázať autentifikáciu na báze hesla pomocou. Nasledujúce zmeny budú prevedené v súbore `sshd_config`. Pomocou príkazu `nano /etc/ssh/sshd_config` editujeme daný súbor. Budeme editovať nasledujúce parametre 11.

- `PasswordAuthentication no`
- `PermitRootLogin no`
- `PubKeyAuthentication yes`



```
user@debianServer: ~/.ssh
File Edit View Search Terminal Help
GNU nano 3.2 /etc/ssh/sshd_config Modified

#RekeyLimit default none

# Logging
#SyslogFacility AUTH
#LogLevel INFO

# Authentication:

#LoginGraceTime 2m
PermitRootLogin no
#StrictModes yes
#MaxAuthTries 6
#MaxSessions 10

PubkeyAuthentication yes

# Expect .ssh/authorized_keys2 to be disregarded by default in future.
#AuthorizedKeysFile .ssh/authorized_keys .ssh/authorized_keys2

#AuthorizedPrincipalsFile none

#AuthorizedKeysCommand none
#AuthorizedKeysCommandUser nobody

# For this to work you will also need host keys in /etc/ssh/ssh_known_hosts
#HostbasedAuthentication no
# Change to yes if you don't trust ~/.ssh/known_hosts for
# HostbasedAuthentication
#IgnoreUserKnownHosts no
# Don't read the user's ~/.rhosts and ~/.shosts files
#IgnoreRhosts yes

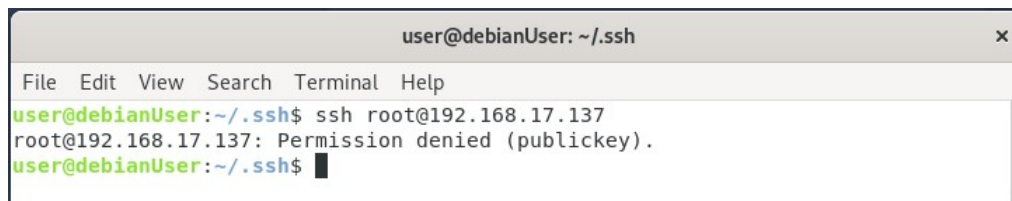
# To disable tunneled clear text passwords, change to no here!
PasswordAuthentication no
#PermitEmptyPasswords no

# Change to yes to enable challenge-response passwords (beware issues with
# some PAM modules and threads)
ChallengeResponseAuthentication no

^G Get Help      ^O Write Out    ^W Where Is     ^K Cut Text      ^J Justify
^X Exit          ^R Read File    ^\ Replace      ^U Uncut Text   ^T To Spell
```

Obr. 11: Požadovaná konfigurácia

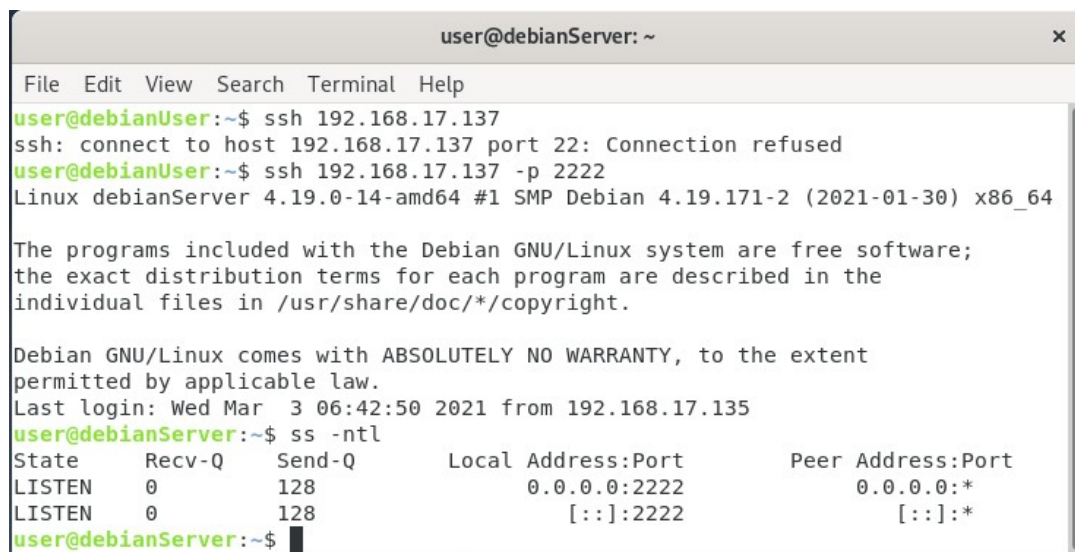
Po pokuse o prihlásenie je ssh na root odmietnuté viď 12.



```
user@debianUser: ~/.ssh
File Edit View Search Terminal Help
user@debianUser:~/.ssh$ ssh root@192.168.17.137
root@192.168.17.137: Permission denied (publickey).
user@debianUser:~/.ssh$
```

Obr. 12: Permission denied

Na nasledujúcom obrázku je možné vidieť odmietnutie prihlásenie cez SSH port 22. Je možné sa prihlásiť cez povolený port 2222 viď 13.



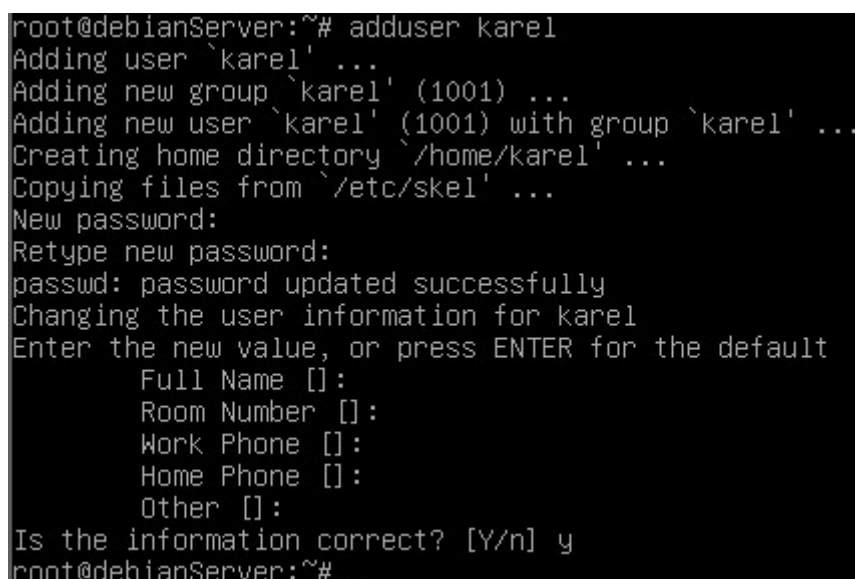
```
user@debianServer: ~
File Edit View Search Terminal Help
user@debianUser:~$ ssh 192.168.17.137
ssh: connect to host 192.168.17.137 port 22: Connection refused
user@debianUser:~$ ssh 192.168.17.137 -p 2222
Linux debianServer 4.19.0-14-amd64 #1 SMP Debian 4.19.171-2 (2021-01-30) x86_64

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Last login: Wed Mar  3 06:42:50 2021 from 192.168.17.135
user@debianServer:~$ ss -ntl
State      Recv-Q    Send-Q     Local Address:Port      Peer Address:Port
LISTEN     0          128        0.0.0.0:2222             0.0.0.0:*
LISTEN     0          128        [::]:2222                [::]:*
user@debianServer:~$
```

Obr. 13: Odmietnutie prihlásenia a následné prihlásenie sa cez port 2222

Pridanie užívateľa 'Karel' 14 a následný pokus o prihlásenie sa na ssh server pod týmto užívateľom 15.



```
root@debianServer:~# adduser karel
Adding user `karel' ...
Adding new group `karel' (1001) ...
Adding new user `karel' (1001) with group `karel' ...
Creating home directory `/home/karel' ...
Copying files from `/etc/skel' ...
New password:
Retype new password:
passwd: password updated successfully
Changing the user information for karel
Enter the new value, or press ENTER for the default
  Full Name []:
  Room Number []:
  Work Phone []:
  Home Phone []:
  Other []:
Is the information correct? [Y/n] y
root@debianServer:~#
```

Obr. 14: Vytvorenie užívateľa Karel


```
user@debianUser: ~
File Edit View Search Terminal Help
user@debianUser:~$ ssh karel@192.168.17.137
karel@192.168.17.137: Permission denied (publickey).
user@debianUser:~$
```

Obr. 15: Pokus o prihlásenie sa na server

```
karel@debianServer: ~
File Edit View Search Terminal Help
user@debianUser:~$ ssh user@192.168.17.137
user@192.168.17.137's password:
Permission denied, please try again.
user@192.168.17.137's password:

user@debianUser:~$ ssh karel@192.168.17.137
karel@192.168.17.137's password:
Linux debianServer 4.19.0-14-amd64 #1 SMP Debian 4.19.171-2 (2021-01-30) x86_64

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individual files in /usr/share/doc/*/copyright.

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permitted by applicable law.
Last login: Wed Mar  3 07:36:43 2021 from 192.168.17.135
karel@debianServer:~$
```

Obr. 16: Povolenie Karla a zakázanie usera

3.5 TCP Wrappers

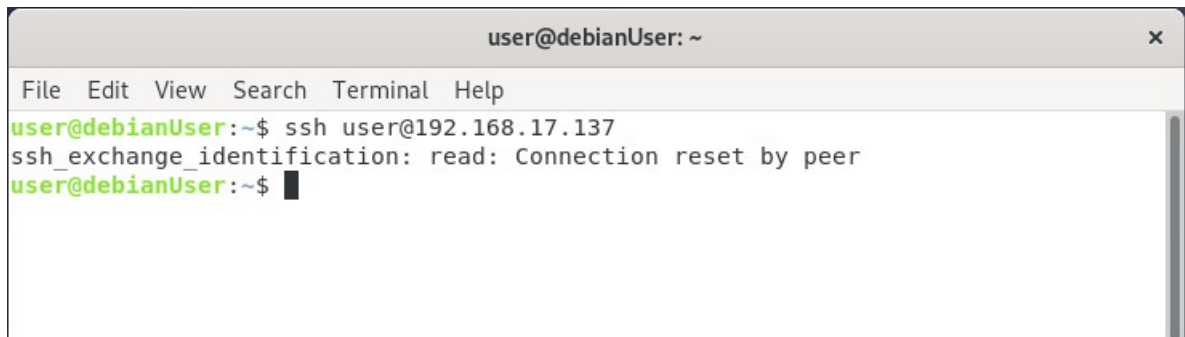
Ukážka zakázanie klienta 192.168.17.135 v súbore /etc/hosts.deny 17.

```
GNU nano 3.2 /etc/hosts.deny
# /etc/hosts.deny: list of hosts that are _not_ allowed to access the system.
# See the manual pages hosts_access(5) and hosts_options(5).
#
# Example:  ALL: some.host.name, .some.domain
#           ALL EXCEPT in.fingerd: other.host.name, .other.domain
#
# If you're going to protect the portmapper use the name "rpcbind" for the
# daemon name. See rpcbind(8) and rpc.mountd(8) for further information.
#
# The PARANOID wildcard matches any host whose name does not match its
# address.
#
# You may wish to enable this to ensure any programs that don't
# validate looked up hostnames still leave understandable logs. In past
# versions of Debian this has been the default.
# ALL: PARANOID

sshd : 192.168.17.135
```

Obr. 17: Explicitne zakázanie klienta

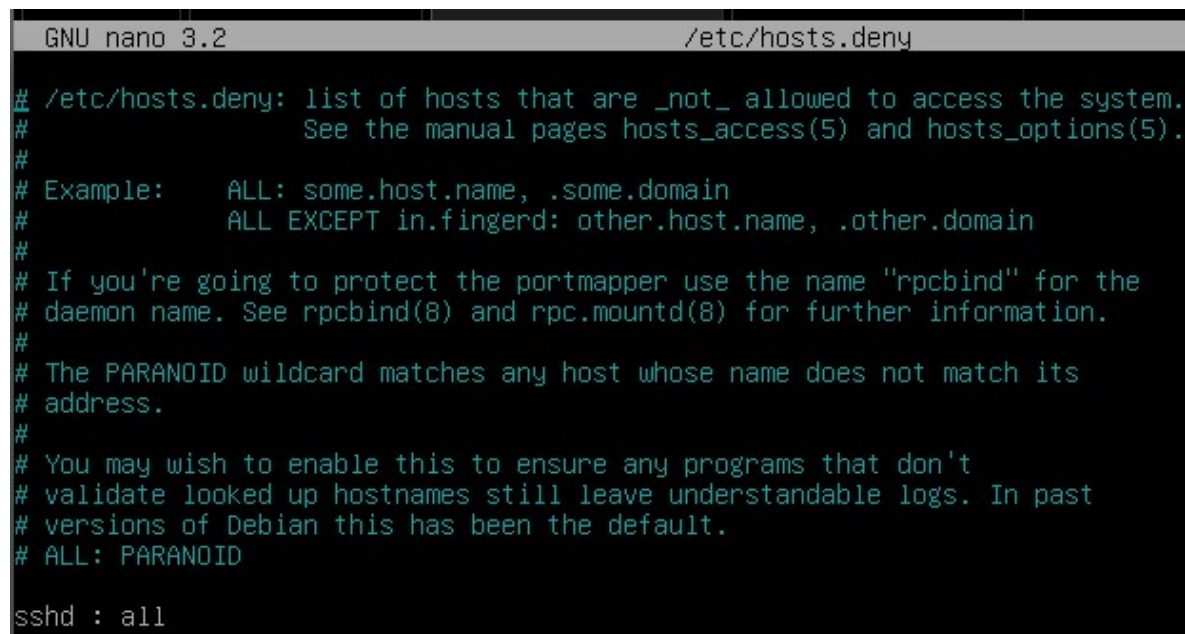
Následne je možné si overiť, či k zakázaniu naozaj prislšlo vid' 18.



```
user@debianUser: ~  
File Edit View Search Terminal Help  
user@debianUser:~$ ssh user@192.168.17.137  
ssh_exchange_identification: read: Connection reset by peer  
user@debianUser:~$
```

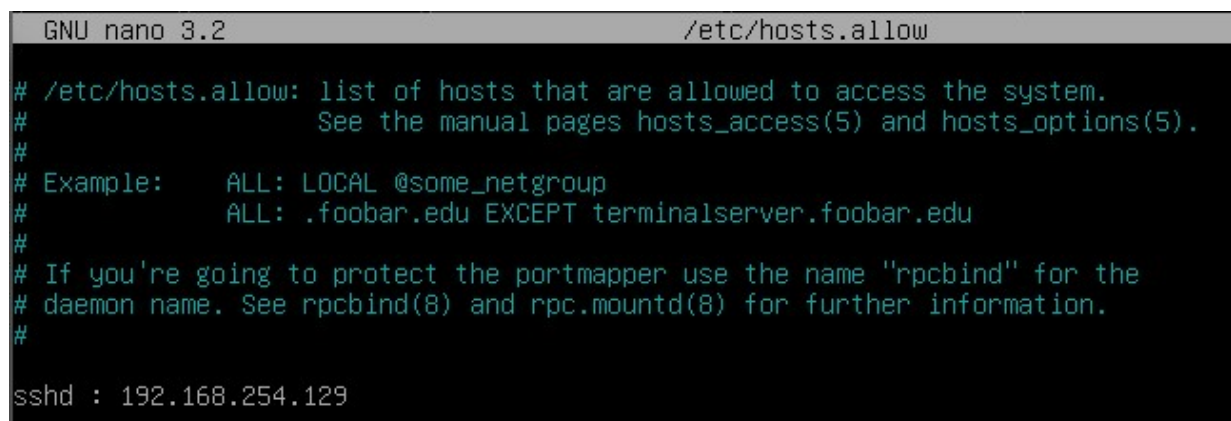
Obr. 18: Pokus o pripojenie

Teraz zakážeme každého okrem klienta 192.168.17.135



```
GNU nano 3.2 /etc/hosts.deny  
# /etc/hosts.deny: list of hosts that are _not_ allowed to access the system.  
# See the manual pages hosts_access(5) and hosts_options(5).  
#  
# Example: ALL: some.host.name, .some.domain  
# ALL EXCEPT in.fingerd: other.host.name, .other.domain  
#  
# If you're going to protect the portmapper use the name "rpcbind" for the  
# daemon name. See rpcbind(8) and rpc.mountd(8) for further information.  
#  
# The PARANOID wildcard matches any host whose name does not match its  
# address.  
#  
# You may wish to enable this to ensure any programs that don't  
# validate looked up hostnames still leave understandable logs. In past  
# versions of Debian this has been the default.  
# ALL: PARANOID  
  
sshd : all
```

Obr. 19: Zakázanie všetkých spojení

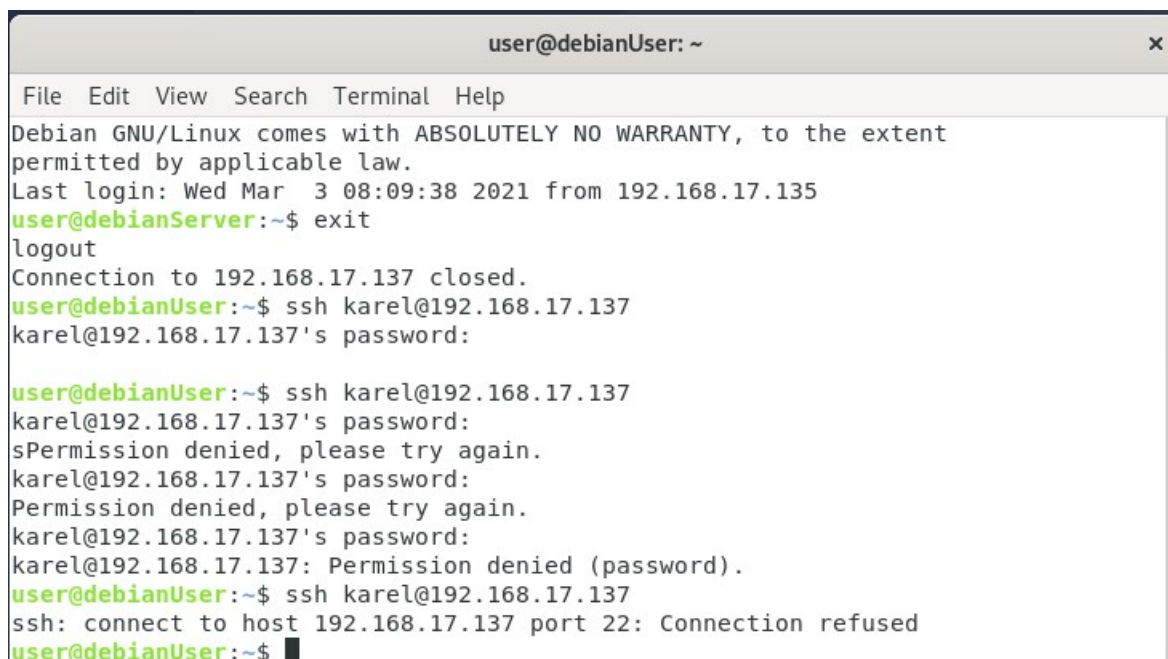


```
GNU nano 3.2 /etc/hosts.allow  
# /etc/hosts.allow: list of hosts that are allowed to access the system.  
# See the manual pages hosts_access(5) and hosts_options(5).  
#  
# Example: ALL: LOCAL @some_netgroup  
# ALL: .foobar.edu EXCEPT terminalserver.foobar.edu  
#  
# If you're going to protect the portmapper use the name "rpcbind" for the  
# daemon name. See rpcbind(8) and rpc.mountd(8) for further information.  
#  
sshd : 192.168.254.129
```

Obr. 20: Povolenie klienta

3.6 Fail2Ban

Na obrázku 21 je možné vidieť schválne zadané zlé heslá a následne odmietnutie spojenia.



```
user@debianUser: ~
File Edit View Search Terminal Help
Debian GNU/Linux comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY, to the extent
permitted by applicable law.
Last login: Wed Mar  3 08:09:38 2021 from 192.168.17.135
user@debianServer:~$ exit
logout
Connection to 192.168.17.137 closed.
user@debianUser:~$ ssh karel@192.168.17.137
karel@192.168.17.137's password:

user@debianUser:~$ ssh karel@192.168.17.137
karel@192.168.17.137's password:
sPermission denied, please try again.
karel@192.168.17.137's password:
Permission denied, please try again.
karel@192.168.17.137's password:
karel@192.168.17.137: Permission denied (password).
user@debianUser:~$ ssh karel@192.168.17.137
ssh: connect to host 192.168.17.137 port 22: Connection refused
user@debianUser:~$
```

Obr. 21: Odmietnutie spojenia



```
root@debianServer:~# iptables -L -n
Chain INPUT (policy ACCEPT)
target     prot opt source                destination
f2b-sshd    tcp  --  0.0.0.0/0              0.0.0.0/0          multiport dports 22

Chain FORWARD (policy ACCEPT)
target     prot opt source                destination

Chain OUTPUT (policy ACCEPT)
target     prot opt source                destination

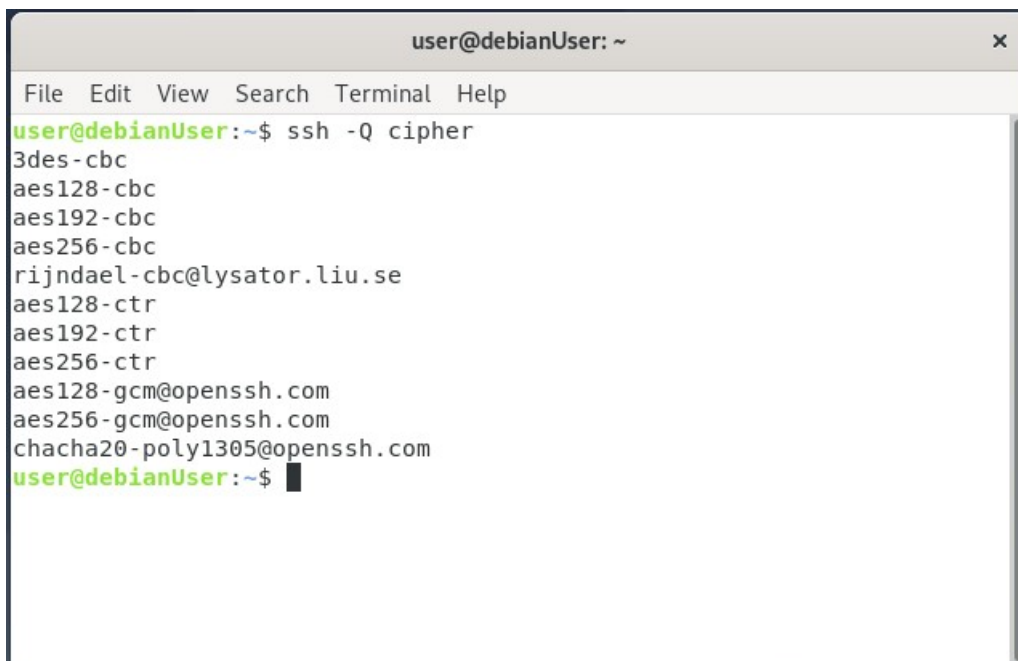
Chain f2b-sshd (1 references)
target     prot opt source                destination
REJECT     all  --  192.168.17.135        0.0.0.0/0          reject-with icmp-port-unreachable
RETURN     all  --  0.0.0.0/0             0.0.0.0/0
root@debianServer:~#
```

Obr. 22: fail2ban ssh table

4 Samostatné Úkoly

4.1 Nastavenie šifrovania

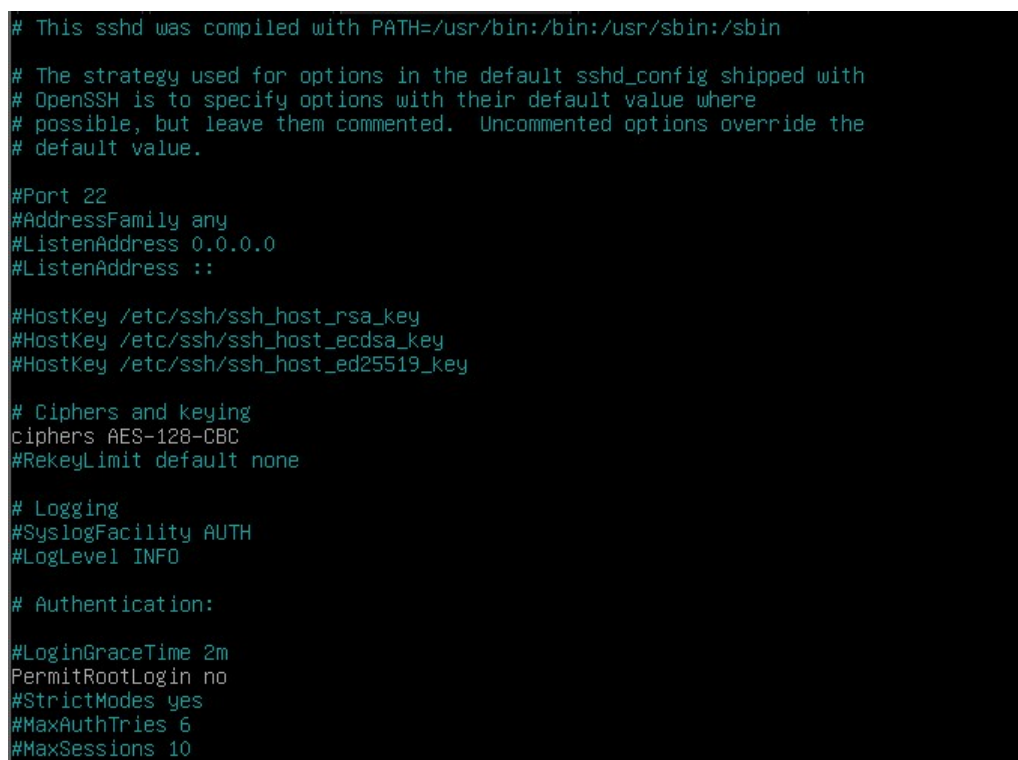
Na ukážke 23 je možné vidieť, že klient podporuje šifrovanie AES-128-CBC

A terminal window titled 'user@debianUser: ~' with a menu bar (File, Edit, View, Search, Terminal, Help). The user has entered the command 'ssh -Q cipher'. The terminal displays a list of supported ciphers: 3des-cbc, aes128-cbc, aes192-cbc, aes256-cbc, rijndael-cbc@lysator.liu.se, aes128-ctr, aes192-ctr, aes256-ctr, aes128-gcm@openssh.com, aes256-gcm@openssh.com, and chacha20-poly1305@openssh.com. The prompt 'user@debianUser:~\$' is shown at the bottom.

```
user@debianUser:~$ ssh -Q cipher
3des-cbc
aes128-cbc
aes192-cbc
aes256-cbc
rijndael-cbc@lysator.liu.se
aes128-ctr
aes192-ctr
aes256-ctr
aes128-gcm@openssh.com
aes256-gcm@openssh.com
chacha20-poly1305@openssh.com
user@debianUser:~$
```

Obr. 23: Podporované šifrovacie protokoly

Následne na serveri nastavíme šifrovanie AES128-CBC vid' 24.

A dark-themed terminal window showing a snippet of the SSH configuration file. The text is as follows:

```
# This sshd was compiled with PATH=/usr/bin:/bin:/usr/sbin:/sbin
# The strategy used for options in the default sshd_config shipped with
# OpenSSH is to specify options with their default value where
# possible, but leave them commented. Uncommented options override the
# default value.

#Port 22
#AddressFamily any
#ListenAddress 0.0.0.0
#ListenAddress ::

#HostKey /etc/ssh/ssh_host_rsa_key
#HostKey /etc/ssh/ssh_host_ecdsa_key
#HostKey /etc/ssh/ssh_host_ed25519_key

# Ciphers and keying
ciphers AES-128-CBC
#RekeyLimit default none

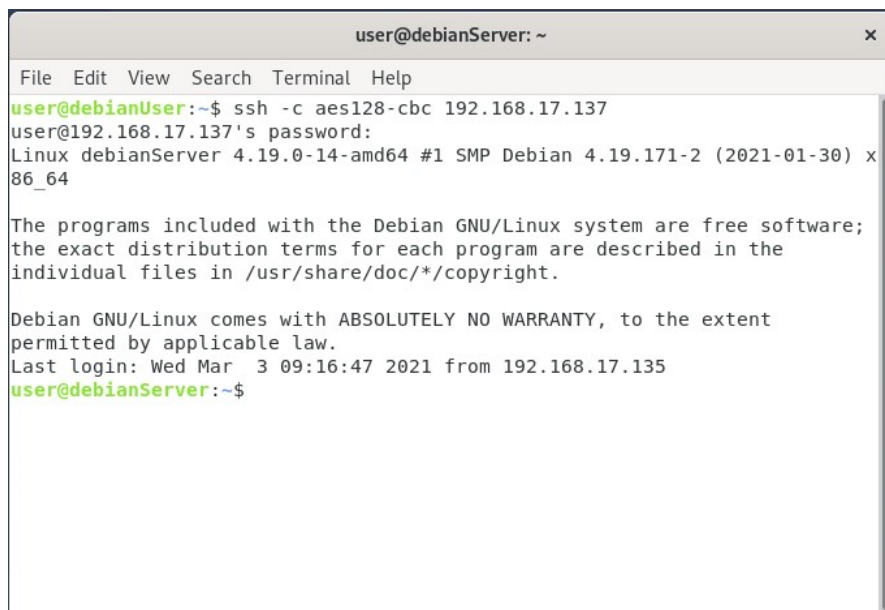
# Logging
#SyslogFacility AUTH
#LogLevel INFO

# Authentication:

#LoginGraceTime 2m
PermitRootLogin no
#StrictModes yes
#MaxAuthTries 6
#MaxSessions 10
```

Obr. 24: Povolenie šifrovania na strane serveru

Následne sa prihlásime na server pomocou SSH a špecifikujeme použité šifrovanie vid' 25.



```
user@debianServer: ~
File Edit View Search Terminal Help
user@debianUser:~$ ssh -c aes128-cbc 192.168.17.137
user@192.168.17.137's password:
Linux debianServer 4.19.0-14-amd64 #1 SMP Debian 4.19.171-2 (2021-01-30) x86_64

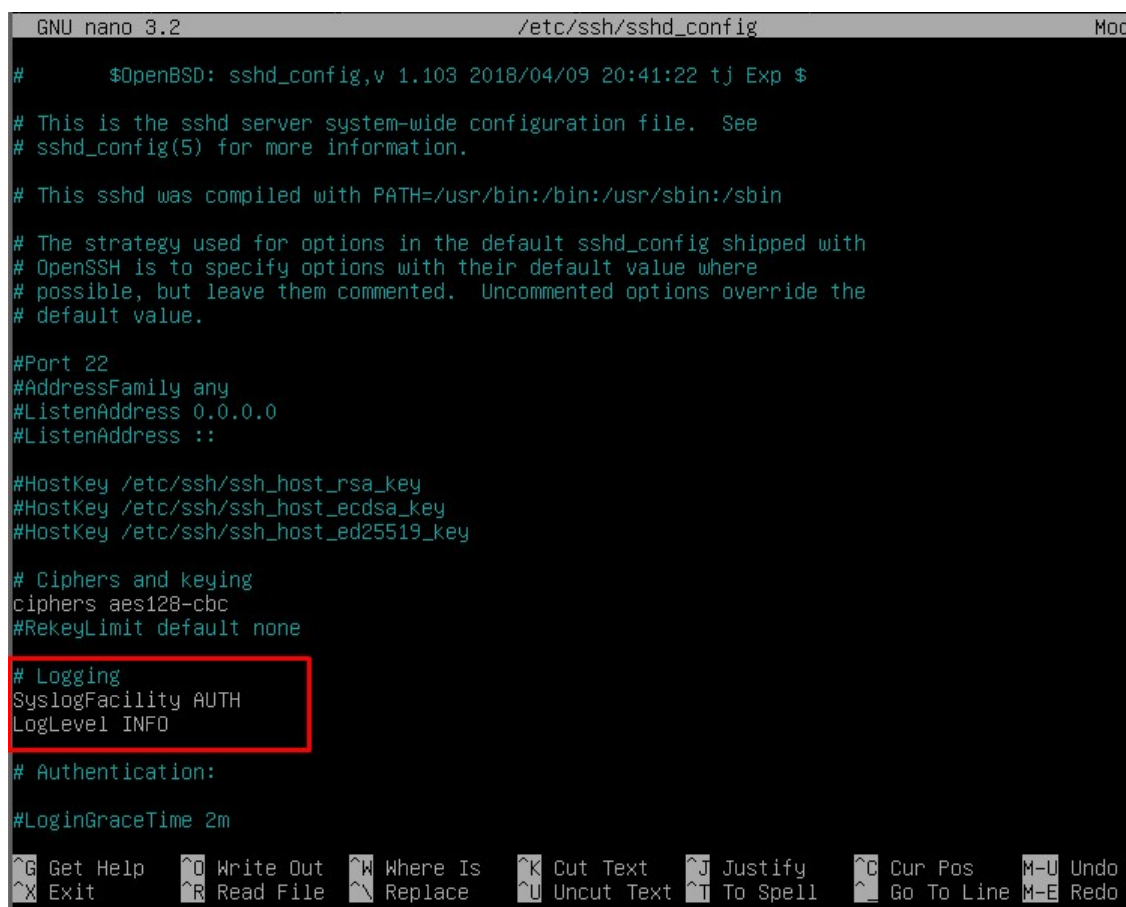
The programs included with the Debian GNU/Linux system are free software;
the exact distribution terms for each program are described in the
individual files in /usr/share/doc/*/copyright.

Debian GNU/Linux comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY, to the extent
permitted by applicable law.
Last login: Wed Mar 3 09:16:47 2021 from 192.168.17.135
user@debianServer:~$
```

Obr. 25: Prihlásenie sa

4.2 Logovanie

Logovanie je znovu potrebné nastaviť v `sshd_config` vid' 26



```
GNU nano 3.2 /etc/ssh/sshd_config Mod
# $OpenBSD: sshd_config,v 1.103 2018/04/09 20:41:22 tj Exp $

# This is the sshd server system-wide configuration file. See
# sshd_config(5) for more information.

# This sshd was compiled with PATH=/usr/bin:/bin:/usr/sbin:/sbin

# The strategy used for options in the default sshd_config shipped with
# OpenSSH is to specify options with their default value where
# possible, but leave them commented. Uncommented options override the
# default value.

#Port 22
#AddressFamily any
#ListenAddress 0.0.0.0
#ListenAddress ::

#HostKey /etc/ssh/ssh_host_rsa_key
#HostKey /etc/ssh/ssh_host_ecdsa_key
#HostKey /etc/ssh/ssh_host_ed25519_key

# Ciphers and keying
ciphers aes128-cbc
#RekeyLimit default none

# Logging
SyslogFacility AUTH
LogLevel INFO

# Authentication:

#LoginGraceTime 2m

^G Get Help ^O Write Out ^W Where Is ^K Cut Text ^J Justify ^C Cur Pos M-U Undo
^X Exit ^R Read File ^M Replace ^U Uncut Text ^T To Spell ^_ Go To Line M-E Redo
```

Obr. 26: Povolenie logovania

Logy sa nachádzajú v súbore /var/log/auth.log

```
Mar 3 09:16:47 debianServer sshd[2264]: Accepted password for user from 192.168.17.135 port 50450 ssh2
Mar 3 09:16:47 debianServer sshd[2264]: pam_unix(sshd:session): session opened for user user by (uid=0)
Mar 3 09:16:47 debianServer systemd-logind[428]: New session 41 of user user.
Mar 3 09:16:47 debianServer systemd: pam_unix(systemd-user:session): session opened for user user by (uid=0)
Mar 3 09:17:01 debianServer CRON[2280]: pam_unix(cron:session): session opened for user root by (uid=0)
Mar 3 09:17:01 debianServer CRON[2280]: pam_unix(cron:session): session closed for user root
Mar 3 09:41:32 debianServer sshd[2276]: Received disconnect from 192.168.17.135 port 50450:11: disconnected by user
Mar 3 09:41:32 debianServer sshd[2276]: Disconnected from user user 192.168.17.135 port 50450
Mar 3 09:41:32 debianServer sshd[2264]: pam_unix(sshd:session): session closed for user user
Mar 3 09:41:32 debianServer systemd-logind[428]: Session 41 logged out. Waiting for processes to exit.
Mar 3 09:41:32 debianServer systemd-logind[428]: Removed session 41.
Mar 3 09:41:42 debianServer systemd: pam_unix(systemd-user:session): session closed for user user
Mar 3 09:42:49 debianServer sshd[2310]: Accepted password for user from 192.168.17.135 port 50456 ssh2
Mar 3 09:42:49 debianServer sshd[2310]: pam_unix(sshd:session): session opened for user user by (uid=0)
Mar 3 09:42:49 debianServer systemd-logind[428]: New session 44 of user user.
Mar 3 09:42:49 debianServer systemd: pam_unix(systemd-user:session): session opened for user user by (uid=0)
Mar 3 09:44:11 debianServer sshd[2322]: Received disconnect from 192.168.17.135 port 50456:11: disconnected by user
Mar 3 09:44:11 debianServer sshd[2322]: Disconnected from user user 192.168.17.135 port 50456
Mar 3 09:44:11 debianServer sshd[2310]: pam_unix(sshd:session): session closed for user user
Mar 3 09:44:11 debianServer systemd-logind[428]: Session 44 logged out. Waiting for processes to exit.
Mar 3 09:44:11 debianServer systemd-logind[428]: Removed session 44.
Mar 3 09:44:21 debianServer systemd: pam_unix(systemd-user:session): session closed for user user
Mar 3 09:57:03 debianServer sshd[2245]: Received signal 15; terminating.
Mar 3 09:57:03 debianServer sshd[2355]: Server listening on 0.0.0.0 port 22.
Mar 3 09:57:03 debianServer sshd[2355]: Server listening on :: port 22.
root@debianServer:~# _
```

Obr. 27: Logy