# 利用阿里云下载国外镜像

在国内下载 k8s.gcr.io 的镜像时,可能会遇到连接超时或下载失败的问题。本文将介绍如何通过阿里云容器镜像服务来顺畅地下载这些镜像。

## 一、问题描述

在配置使用k8s部署 rook-ceph 集群时,需要下载以下六个镜像,但可能会遇到下载失败的问题:

docker复制

```
ROOK_CSI_CEPH_IMAGE: "quay.io/cephcsi/cephcsi:v3.13.0"
ROOK_CSI_REGISTRAR_IMAGE: "registry.k8s.io/sig-storage/csi-node-driver-registrar:v2.13.0"
ROOK_CSI_RESIZER_IMAGE: "registry.k8s.io/sig-storage/csi-resizer:v1.13.1"
ROOK_CSI_PROVISIONER_IMAGE: "registry.k8s.io/sig-storage/csi-provisioner:v5.1.0"
ROOK_CSI_SNAPSHOTTER_IMAGE: "registry.k8s.io/sig-storage/csi-snapshotter:v8.2.0"
ROOK_CSI_ATTACHER_IMAGE: "registry.k8s.io/sig-storage/csi-attacher:v4.8.0"
```

#### 错误信息如下:

```
Error response from daemon: Head "https://registry.k8s.io/v2/sig-storage/csi-node-driver-registrar/manifests/v2.13.0": dial tcp 34.96.108.209:443: i/o timeout
```

## 二、解决方法

通过 GitHub 和阿里云容器镜像服务来解决这个问题。

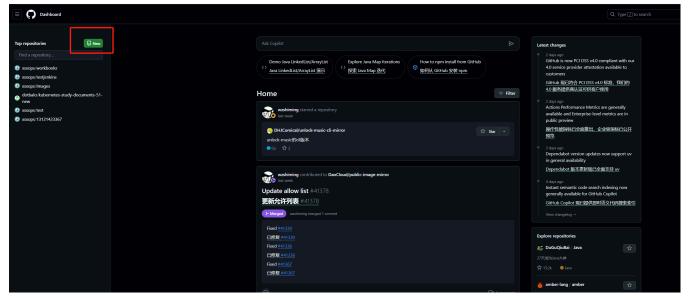
## 1. 在 GitHub 配置 Dockerfile

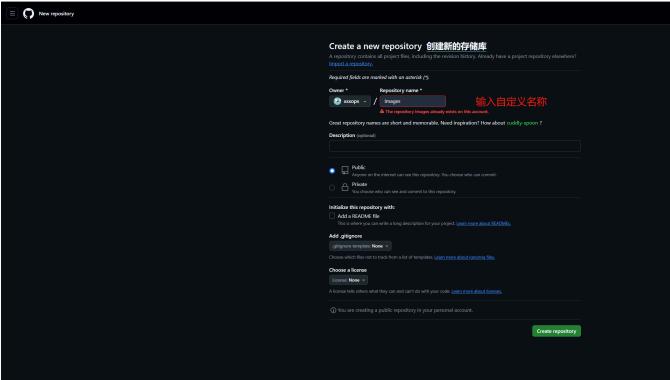
- 1. 登录 GitHub 并创建一个仓库,比如名称 Images
- 2. 为每个想要拉取的镜像创建一个目录,目录名称为该镜像的名称并在每个目录下创建一个 Dockerfile。
- 3. 在 Dockerfile 中指定相应的镜像路径。

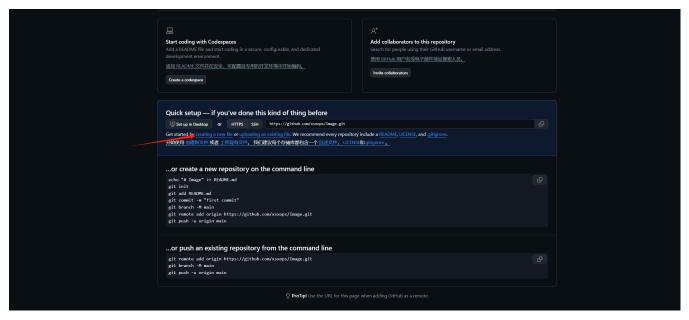
例如,创建六个目录分别对应六个镜像,并在每个目录下创建 Dockerfile:

```
# cephcsi/Dockerfile
    FROM quay.io/cephcsi/cephcsi:v3.13.0
 3
    MAINTAINER XSX
 5
    # csi-node-driver-registrar/Dockerfile
    FROM registry.k8s.io/sig-storage/csi-node-driver-registrar:v2.13.0
 7
    MAINTAINER XSX
 8
9
    # csi-resizer/Dockerfile
    FROM registry.k8s.io/sig-storage/csi-resizer:v1.13.1
10
11
    MAINTAINER XSX
12
13
   # csi-provisioner/Dockerfile
    FROM registry.k8s.io/sig-storage/csi-provisioner:v5.1.0
```

```
15
   MAINTAINER XSX
16
    # csi-snapshotter/Dockerfile
17
18
    FROM registry.k8s.io/sig-storage/csi-snapshotter:v8.2.0
19
    MAINTAINER XSX
20
21
    # csi-attacher/Dockerfile
22
    FROM registry.k8s.io/sig-storage/csi-attacher:v4.8.0
23
    MAINTAINER XSX
```







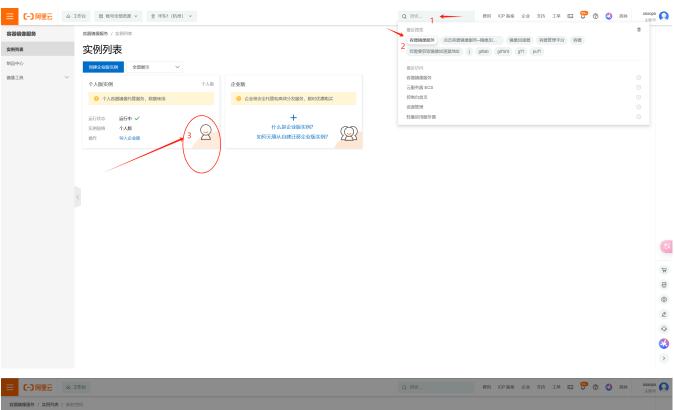


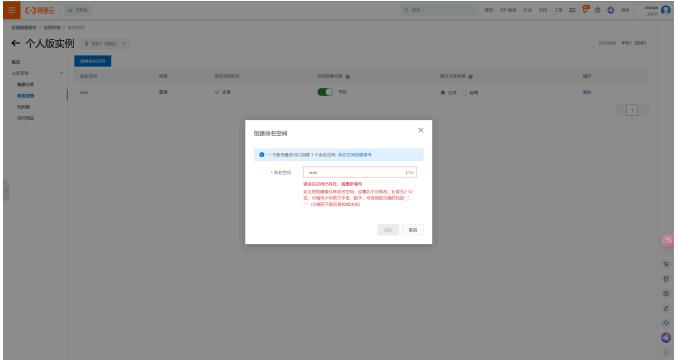
## 2. 配置阿里云镜像代理

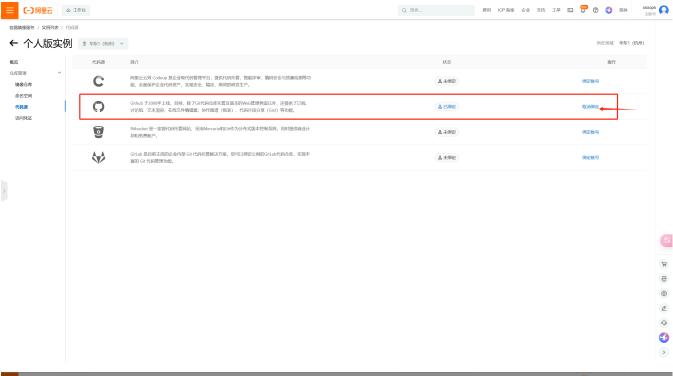
- 1. 登录阿里云控制台,进入容器镜像服务。
- 2. 创建一个命名空间(如果尚未创建)。如名称: xusx
- 3. 创建镜像仓库,并授权 GitHub 仓库。
- 4. 配置构建规则,指定版本号。

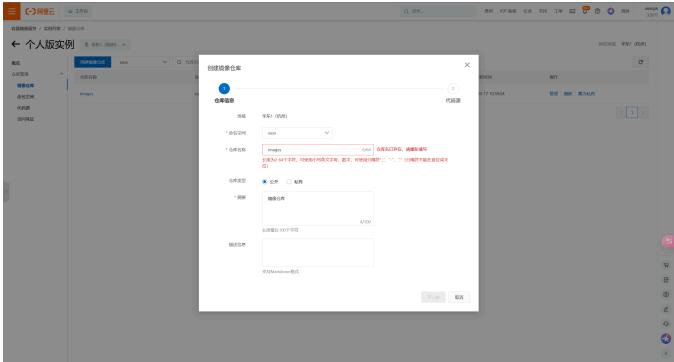
## 3. 构建镜像

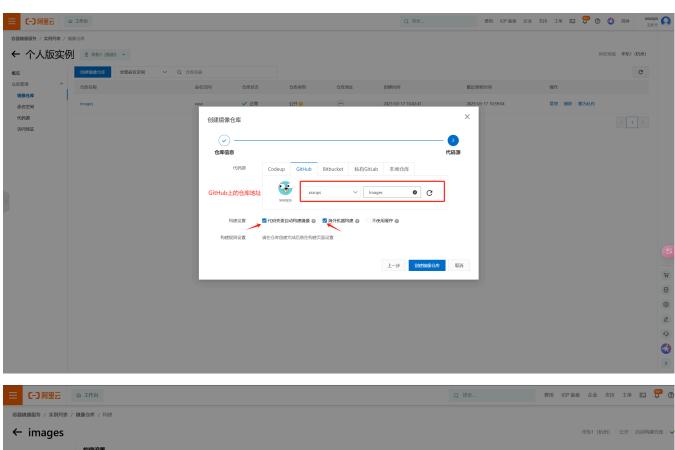
在阿里云容器镜像服务中点击"立即构建",等待构建完成。

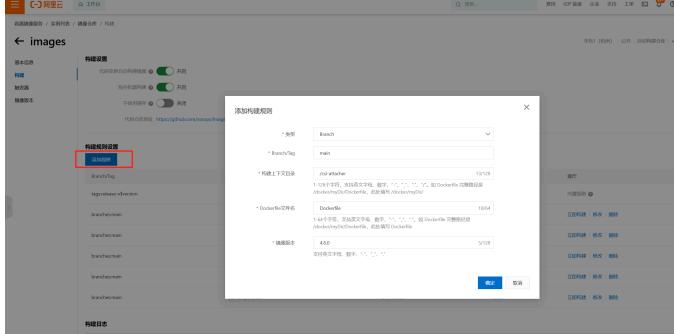


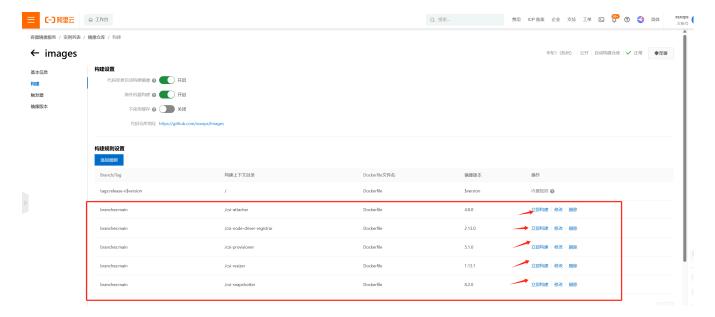












## 4. 下载镜像

使用 Docker 命令下载镜像:

```
#登录阿里云Docker Registry
1
2
   docker login --username=xsxops registry.cn-hangzhou.aliyuncs.com
3
   #从Registry中拉取镜像,根据刚刚输入的版本号去判断是那个镜像
4
5
   docker pull registry.cn-hangzhou.aliyuncs.com/xusx/images:2.13.0
6
   [root@centos7 ~]# docker images
7
   REPOSITORY
                                                           TAG
                                                                         IMAGE ID
   CREATED
                  SIZE
   registry.cn-hangzhou.aliyuncs.com/xusx/images
                                                           2.13.0
                                                                         91db6594b285
   months ago
                30.1MB
   ctr images pull registry.cn-hangzhou.aliyuncs.com/xusx/images:2.13.0
```

crictl pull registry.cn-hangzhou.aliyuncs.com/xusx/images:2.13.0

## 5. 镜像打标签并上传到 Harbor

为下载的镜像打标签和上传到内部 Harbor 仓库:

- docker tag registry.cn-hangzhou.aliyuncs.com/xusx/images:v2.13.0 registry.k8s.io/sigstorage/csi-node-driver-registrar:v2.13.0 docker rmi registry.cn-hangzhou.aliyuncs.com/xusx/images:v2.13.0
- ctr images tag registry.cn-hangzhou.aliyuncs.com/xusx/images:2.13.0 registry.k8s.io/sigstorage/csi-node-driver-registrar:v2.13.0
- 3 ctr image rm registry.cn-hangzhou.aliyuncs.com/xusx/images:2.13.0

crictl tag registry.cn-hangzhou.aliyuncs.com/xusx/images:2.13.0 registry.k8s.io/sig-storage/csi-node-driver-registrar:v2.13.0

#### 上传镜像

1 docker push registry.cn-hangzhou.aliyuncs.com/xusx/images:[镜像版本号]

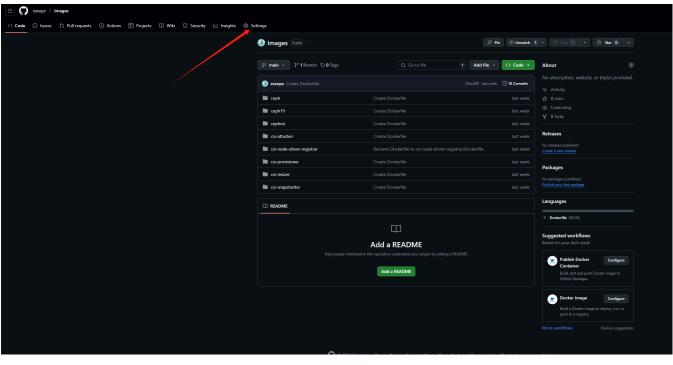
## 三、快速推送镜像

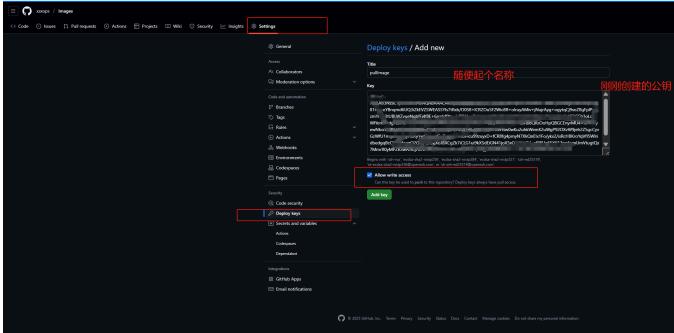
### 1. 在电脑克隆镜像仓库

git clone https://github.com/xsxops/Images.git

## 2.对代码仓库新建密钥

1 cat ~/.ssh/id\_rsa.pub





### 3.配置仓库信息

```
1
# 配置用户名和邮箱

2
git config --global user.name "xsxops"

3
git config --global user.email "13121423367@163.com"

4
* 查看本地远端仓库的配置

6
git remote -v

7
git config --list

8
9

10
#新增镜像配置内容后,推送到远端仓库

11
git add .

12
git commit -m "Add README, this is image list"

13
git push origin main
```

#### 4.验证

打开GitHub 上发现,push的代码已生效

