

# Introduction to Spark in 50 minutes

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# Outline

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Spark

DataFrames & Datasets

Spark notebooks

ML concepts

Streaming

# Hand-on set-up

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VirtualBox installed:

<https://www.virtualbox.org/wiki/Downloads>

Download appliance (1.7GB):

<https://xtordoirtmp.s3-eu-west-1.amazonaws.com/sparkintro.ova>

Import Appliance in virtualBox:

- Menu “File” -> “Import Appliance”

Start VM “sparkintro”

Open <http://localhost:9000> in browser

# Spark history

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2006



Batch processing

Trivial operations are difficult (filter, join)

Writing to disk



2009



Batch and stream processing

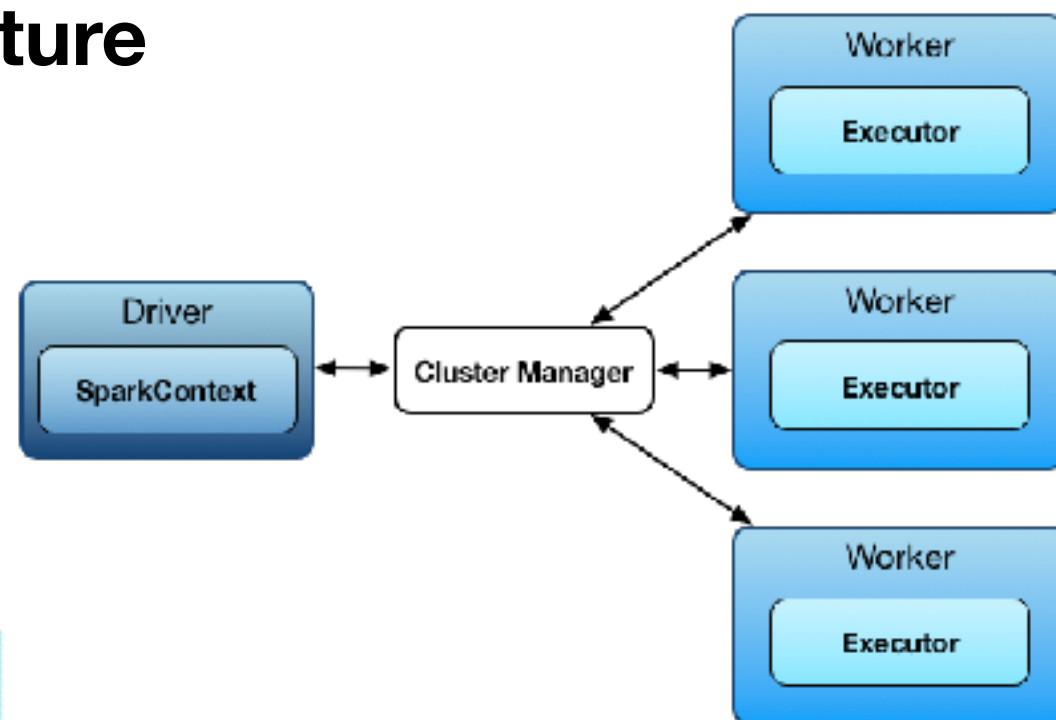
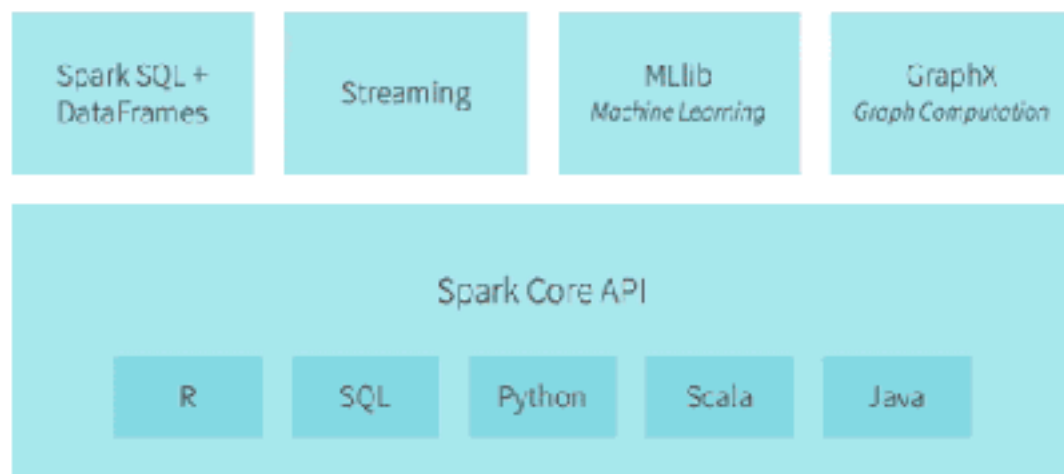
Trivial operations are difficult (filter, join)

In memory computation



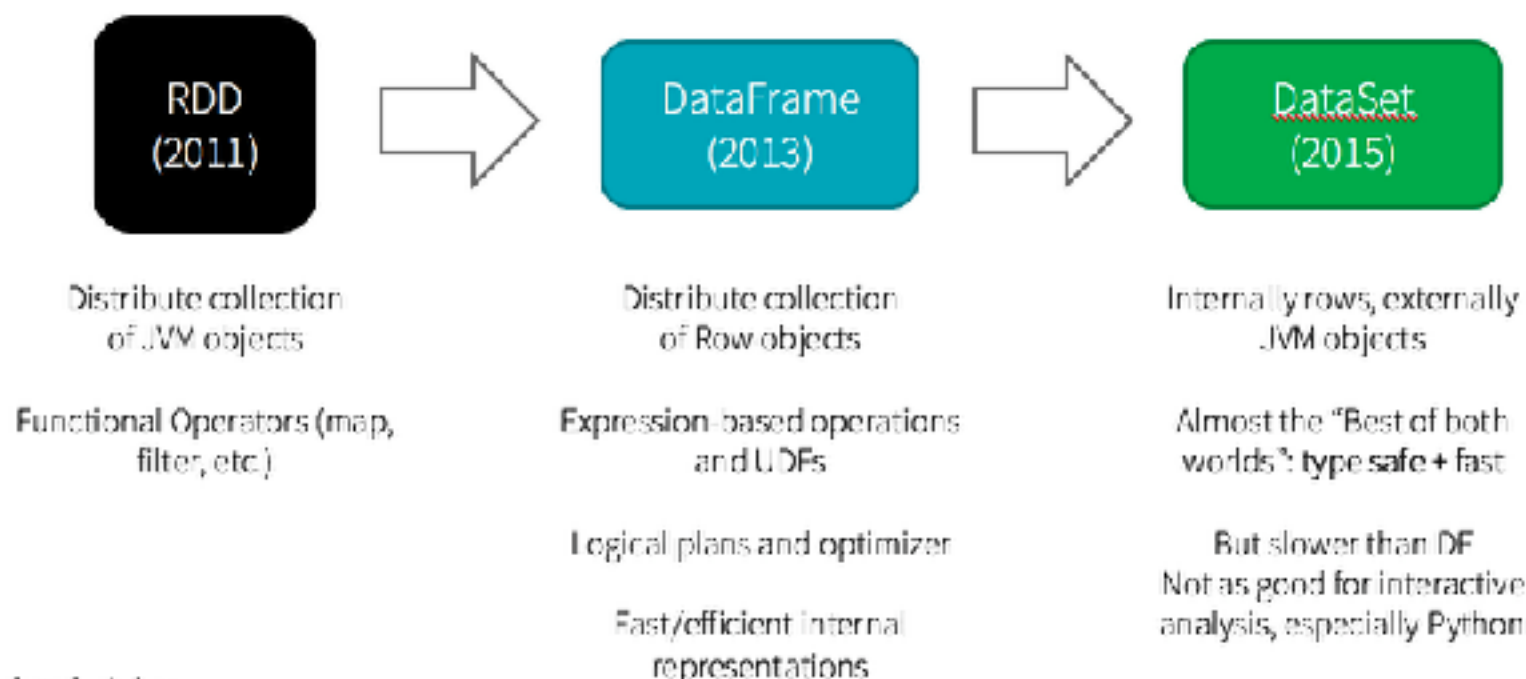
# Spark components & architecture

## Apache Spark Components



# Spark: From RDD to Dataset

## History of Spark APIs





# Spark processing

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Batch processing	Real time processing
Large group of data processed in a single run	Instantaneously data (events) processing
Entire data pre-selected and fed to the application	Stringent constrains in response time
Eg: Training data model	Eg: Prediction making

# Spark SQL

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Structured data processing

Extra optimisation by Spark: tungsten (memory management) + catalyst (query optimiser)

- SQL API
- Dataset API

Starting point: **SparkSession** (*Already available in the notebooks/spark-shell as: `spark`*)

```
import org.apache.spark.sql.SparkSession

val spark = SparkSession
  .builder()
  .appName(name = "Word count")
  .config("spark.some.config.option", "some-value")
  .getOrCreate()

// For implicit conversions like converting RDDs to DataFrames
import spark.implicits._
```

# Spark Datasets

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Distributed collection of data

Strongly typed

A Dataset can be constructed from JVM objects and then manipulated using functional transformations (`map`, `flatMap`, `filter`)

Encoders

API in Scala/Java

# Spark Datasets

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# Spark DataFrames / SQL

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```
DataFrame == Dataset[Row]
```

```
val df = spark.read.json("people.json")  
df.printSchema()
```

## DataFrame API

```
df.select($"name").show()
```

## SQL API

```
df.createOrReplaceTempView("people")  
spark.sql("SELECT name FROM people").show()
```

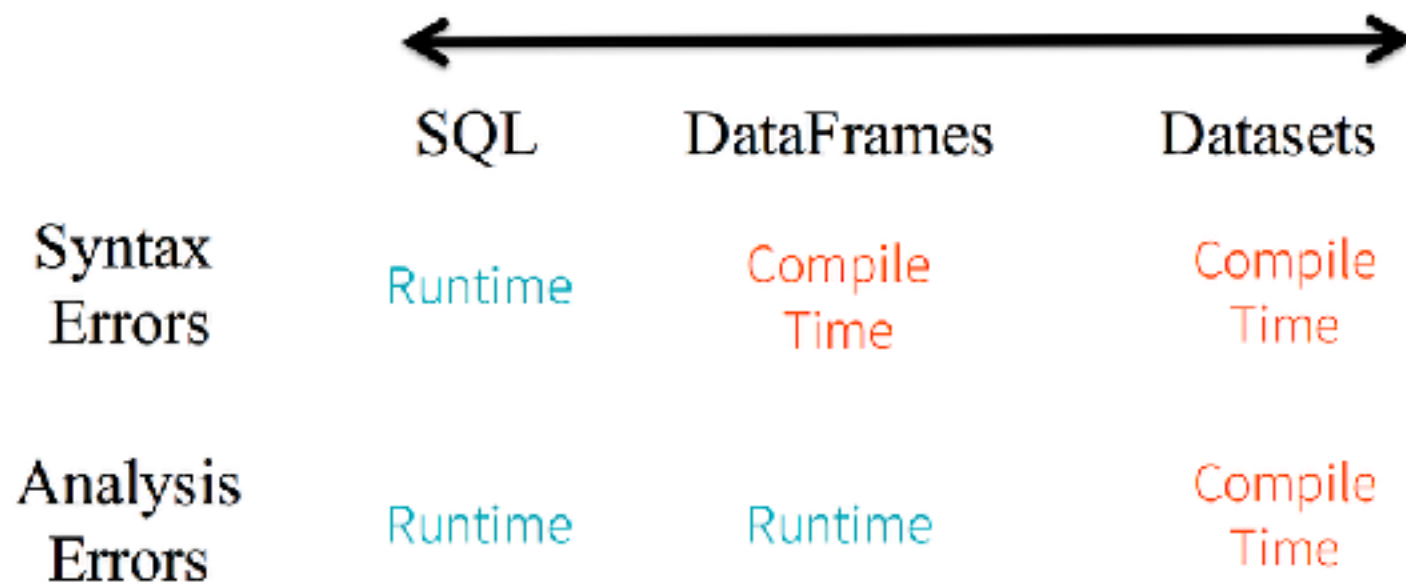


# Spark DataFrame

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Infer/Programatically define the Schema

Untyped (Dataset[Row])



# Spark notebooks

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Interactive Spark shell in a browser using <http://spark-notebook.io/>

**00\_read\_raw\_history:** Read historical data, do analysis, preprocessing and save results

**01\_train\_model:** Train linear model using preprocessed data

**02\_publish\_stream:** Generate a stream of data flowing in Kafka

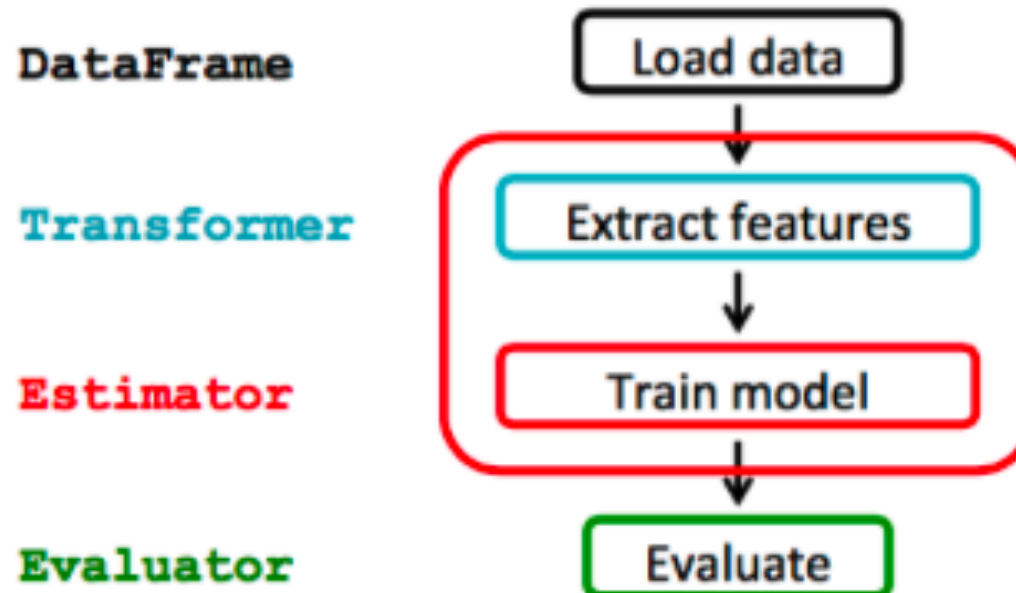
**03\_serve\_model\_stream:** Read data from Kafka and make predictions using our model

# Spark ML concepts

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**Pipeline** (Sequence of PipelineStages):

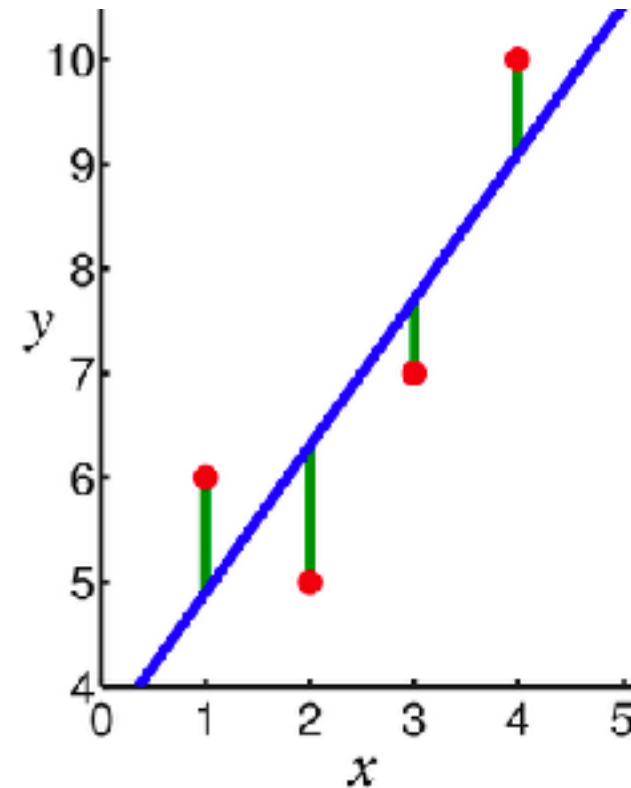
- **Transformers:** Read a DataFrame, select a column, map it into a new column. Output is a new DataFrame with the mapped column appended.
- **Estimators:** Produce a Model from a given DataFrame (Transformer)



# Linear Regression

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In linear regression, the observations (red) are assumed to be the result of random deviations (green) from an underlying relationship (blue) between a dependent variable ( $y$ ) and an independent variable ( $x$ ).



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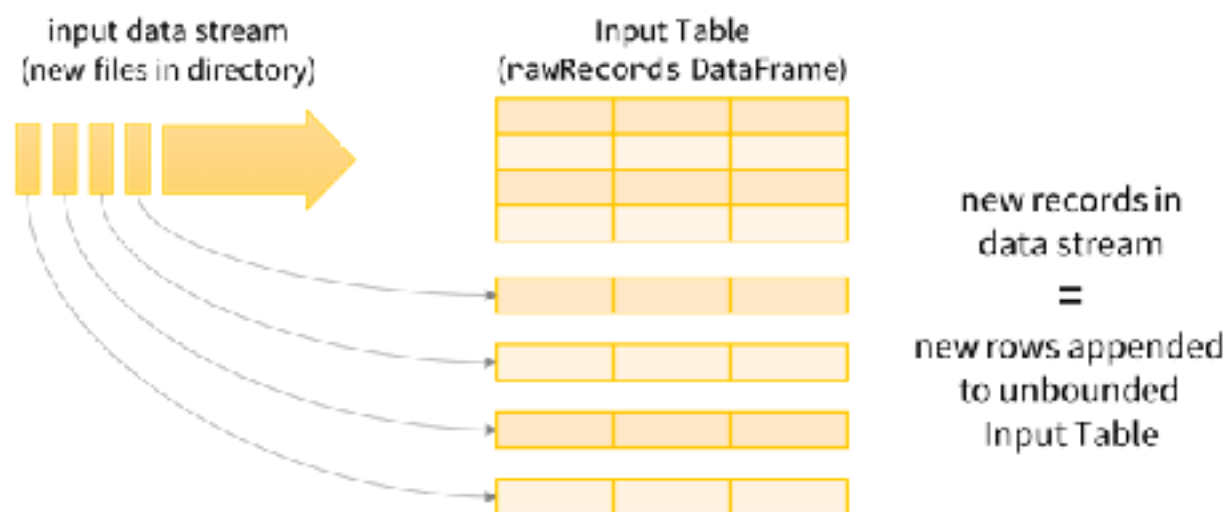
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**03\_serve\_model\_stream:** Read data from Kafka and make predictions using our model



# Spark Structured Streaming

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**Structured Streaming Model**  
treat data streams as unbounded tables

# Spark Structured Streaming

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```
val df = spark.readStream
  .format(source = "kafka")
  .option("kafka.bootstrap.servers", "localhost:9092")
  .option("subscribe", "topic1")
  .load()

val processedDF: DataFrame = ???

processedDF.writeStream
  .queryName(queryName = "predictions")
  .outputMode(outputMode = "append")
  .format(source = "memory")
  .start()
```

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