Benefits of Implementing Gamification in Health & Well being and the Ethics behind It*

David Truhlar

Slovak University of Technology in Bratislava
Faculty of Informatics and Information Technologies
xtruhlar@stuba.sk

05/10/2022

Abstract

The use of game elements in real-life context for different non-game purposes is increasingly popular today and the gamification of Health and Wellbeing is not an exception. Gamified apps have enormous potential to motivate people to move and exercise regularly, simplify bureaucratic processes, or help educate medical staff in their areas of practice. Yet gamification of healthcare carries potential risks and ethical questions about privacy and misuse of medical records to name just a few. This article will discuss the positive impacts as well as drawbacks of gamification and provide final conclusions.

1 Introduction

"Gamification", known as using game elements and techniques in non-game contexts to motivate and increase user activity [3] has become very popular in last decade. These elements are features as levels, rewards, earning points and badges or position in leader-boards. This topic instantly initiated public debate and every industry ranging across productivity, finance, education, news etc. [3] started implementing these ideas in their field. The social networks as Facebook or Instagram and other similar platforms, have also contributed to an increase in using of "gamification", in order to improve interaction and engagement with their users.

Using "gamified" apps and features in health has become as popular as in any other area, and is even becoming today's standard. The badges awarded often aim to encourage health activities and help people to live healthier lifestyle. The pandemic of Covid-19 has also changed the way we are looking on

^{*}Semester project in the subject Methods of engineering work, ac. year 2022/23, leading: Fedor Lehocki

the implementation of these principles in the real word in terms of education and training of the medical stuff. Although the research on benefits of these principles is extensive, gamification in health bears many risks that need further discussion. Luckily, these challenges are of ethical character which means their elimination should be achievable by focusing on the human-factor problem.

Now, I will address the meaning of "gamification" in health 2 and subsequently discuss related benefits in section 3. In section 4 I will examine risks and possible dangers connected to "gamification". Finally, I will review potential solutions for the challenges and summarize my conclusions 5.

2 "Gamification" in health

Generally, the main goal of "gamified" elements in the context of health and well-being is changing user's behavior by increasing their activity and and/or practicing healthier life-style via game-like experience. The main reason why "gamification" is so popular in last years is strongly linked with the accessibility of digital technologies, particularly smart phones, as well as the created digital infrastructure [2] that has connected the world.

The health trackers and health apps have millions of users today, and the competition in this field is enormous. In "Global Healthcare Gamification Market Analysis and Trends - Industry Forecast to 2025", research conducted by Research and Markets, the estimated market gap for "gamification" in healthcare is expected to reach USD 13.58 billion by 2025. [4] Apple is one of the most significant examples of companies that implemented gamified elements successfully in their market strategies. The ecosystem created between user's Apple Watch and iPhone //

where user is rewarded for accomplishing tasks connected to movement - steps, calories and the count of hours user was active. Apple also rewards people on special days. For example, on the Earth Day (April 22.) the user can get a 'special' badge for exercising more than 30 minutes in that day [1]. All of these apps focus on user's activity such steps, kilometers run or the amount of burned calories per day. The motivation is triggered once the user start collecting the badges for completed goals, and their position in leader-board is getting higher. This type of motivation is similarly applicable to mental health exercises or basic daily tasks including reminders to drink enough water, take one's pills or keep track of the sleep routine.

3 Benefits

Základným problémom je teda. . Najprv sa pozrieme na nejaké vysvetlenie (časť), a potom na ešte nejaké (časť. 1

Môže sa zdať, že problém vlastne nejestvuje, ale bolo dokázané, že to tak nie je. Napriek tomu, aj dnes na webe narazíme na všelijaké pochybné názory.

¹Niekedy môžete potrebovať aj poznámku pod čiarou.

4 RISKS 3

Dôležité veci možno zdôrazniť kurzívou.

3.1 The most used features

4 Risks

5 Summary

References

- [1] Apple. Apple celebrates earth day 2021, Apr. 21, 2021.
- [2] Chirag Arora and Maryam Razavian. Ethics of gamification in health and fitness-tracking. *International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health*, 18(21), 2021.
- [3] Sebastian Deterding, Dan Dixon, Rilla Khaled, and Lennart Nacke. From game design elements to gamefulness: Defining "gamification". In *Proceedings of the 15th International Academic MindTrek Conference: Envisioning Future Media Environments*, MindTrek '11, pages 9–15, New York, NY, USA, 2011. Association for Computing Machinery.
- [4] Research and Markets. Global healthcare gamification market to reach 13.5 billion by 2025: Analysis and trends, Aug. 23, 2017.