

Masterarbeit

ORIGINAL FORMAT for the title of the work

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Abstract

The function of the abstract is to summarize, in one or two paragraphs, the major aspects of the entire bachelor or master thesis. It is usually written after writing most of the chapters.

It should include the following:

- Definition of the problem (the question(s) that you want to answer) and its purpose (Introduction).
- Methods used and experiments designed to solve it. Try to describe it basically, without covering too many details.
- Quantitative results or conclusions. Talk about the final results in a general way and how they can solve the problem (how they answer the question(s)).

Even if the Title can be a reference of the work's meaning, the Abstract should help the reader to understand in a quick view, the full meaning of the work. The abstract length should be around 300 words.

Abstracts are protected under copyright law just as any other form of written speech is protected. However, publishers of scientific articles invariably make abstracts publicly available, even when the article itself is protected by a toll barrier. For example, articles in the biomedical literature are available publicly from MEDLINE which is accessible through PubMed. It is a common misconception that the abstracts in MEDLINE provide sufficient information for medical practitioners, students, scholars and patients[citation needed]. The abstract can convey the main results and conclusions of a scientific article but the full text article must be consulted for details of the methodology, the full experimental results, and a critical discussion of the interpretations and conclusions. Consulting the abstract alone is inadequate for scholarship and may lead to inappropriate medical decisions[2].

An abstract[IGM97, Lev65, MAdR02, Sal89] allows one to sift through copious amounts of papers for ones in which the researcher can have more confidence that they will be relevant to his research. Once papers are chosen based on the abstract, they must be read carefully to be evaluated for relevance. It is commonly surmised that one must not base reference citations on the abstract alone, but the entire merits of a paper.

Kapitel 1

Introduction

[You should answer the question: What is the problem?]

This paragraph should establish the context of the reported work. To do that, authors discuss over related literature (with citations¹) and summarize the knowledge of the author in the investigated problem.

ToDo: how to make citations

An introduction should answer (most of) the following questions:

- What is the problem that I want to solve?
- Why is it a relevant question?
- What is known before the study?
- How can the study improve the current solutions?

To write it, use if possible active voice:

- We are going to watch a film tonight (Active voice).
- A film is going to be watched by us tonight (Passive voice).

The use of the first person is accepted.

1.1 Motivation

A good introduction usually starts presenting a general view of the topic and continues focusing on the problem studied. Begin it clarifying the subject area of interest and establishing the context (remember to support it with related bibliography).

¹To cite a work in latex

1.2 Problem definition

Additionally, focuses the text on the relevant points of your investigation and problems that you want to solve, relating them with the first part.

1.3 Thesis/Diplom/Bachelor/Master Structure

Present your work to the reader giving a brief overview of what is going to cover every chapter. Write only general concepts, no more than one or two sentences per chapter should be necessary.

Kapitel 2

Materials and Methods

This section is to clarify the pre-existing tools, defining what was developed in this field until now, and why this tool was used instead of others.

The general structure is the following:

- Definition of the specific tool(s) studied (robots, sensor nodes, smart-phones).
When relevant, pre-existing experiments.
- Definition of the context of use (indoor/outdoor, humans/animals/robots, with/without connection).
- Definition of used protocols (How the data are collected, when, etc.)

Kapitel 3

Approach

The challenge is how to coordinate multiple robots to execute a set of tasks. To tackle this problem, a communication efficient scheduler system is designed, where each robot autonomously request task from the centralized scheduler and centralized scheduler response with a set of suitable tasks. The architecture of this centralized scheduler is shown in 3.1.

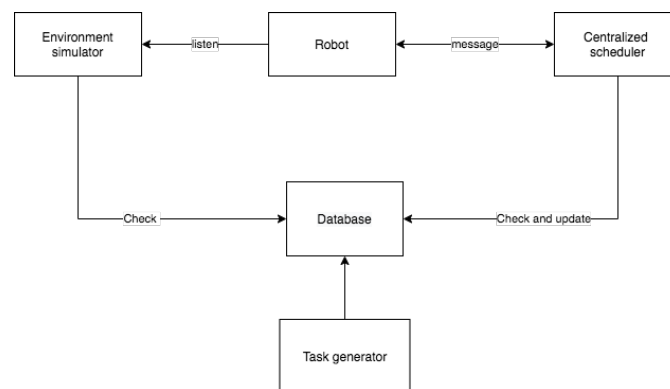


Abbildung 3.1: System architecture

3.1 The System Components

3.1.1 Robot Components

- *Robot ID*. Robot ID is a unique identification for each robot.
- *Battery level*. Battery level drops as the robot moves and rotates.
- *Task type*. Robots perform different tasks such as "Charging", "Execute Task", "Gather Environment Information". For details please refer to

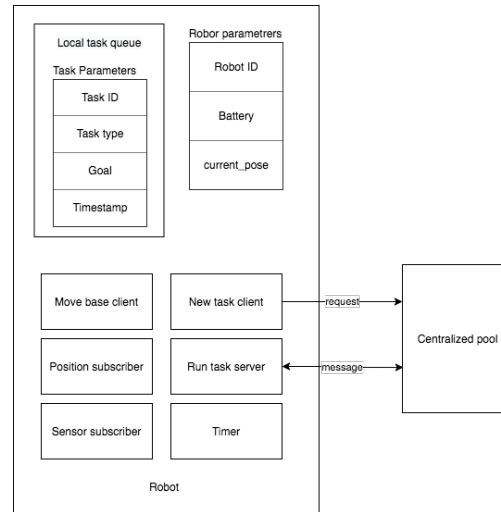


Abbildung 3.2: Robot Components

- *Local task queue.* Local task queue keeps a list of tasks that a robot will run sequentially. Once a task is finished, it would be removed from task queue. Once this queue become empty, the robot send task result to centralized pool.
- *New task client.* Once all task are finished, the new task client send request to new task server.
- *Run task server.* The run task server receive tasks and send task feedback and task result.
- *Timer.* To prevent robot to be hanged by one task forever, the timer check the robot moving state periodically.
- *Move base client.* The move_base node provides a ROS interface for configuring, running, and interacting with the navigation stack on a robot. The move_base client send a goal to move_base node to tracking their status
- *Position subscriber.* The position subscriber get robot current position from navigation stack. The robot send its current location to centralized pool to request a new task.
- *Sensor subscriber.* The Sensor subscriber listen to sensor data within the range.

3.1.2 Centralized Pool Components

- *Map Information.* Map information contains information such as the door list that the robot will pass through when moving to target position.

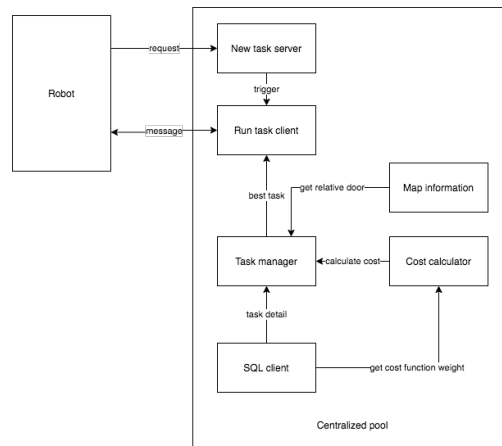


Abbildung 3.3: Centralized Pool Components

- *Cost calculator.* Cost calculator calculate the cost for doors, rooms and charging stations.
- *Task manager.* Task manager can construct, sort and allocate tasks.

3.2 Communication Protocols

Since centralized pool and robots need to share task information with each other, the communication protocols are required. Four types of message are defined: (1) task request message; (2) task goal messages (3) task feedback (4) task result. The comparison of task type is shown in Fig 3.4

3.3 Task allocation

3.3.1 Type of task

3.3.2 Cost function

3.4 System Environment

3.4.1 Map

fig: office room fig: office door and charging station

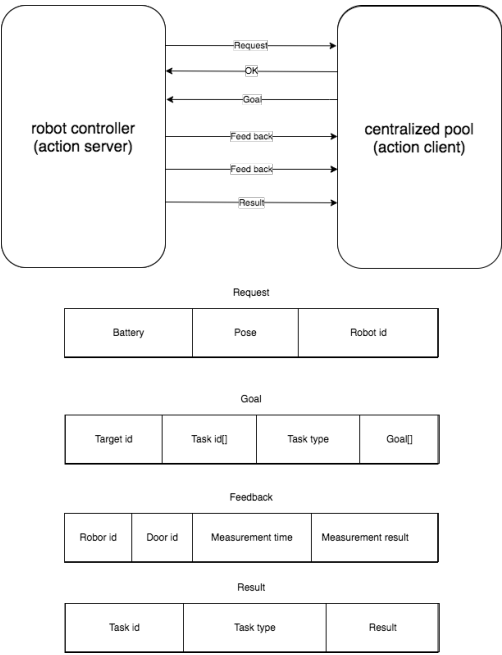


Abbildung 3.4: Communication Protocols

Kapitel 4

Implementation

Explain what you did to implement your solution, problems that occurred and how you fixed them. If they are interesting, include some relevant parts of the implementation (most relevant pieces of code and so on).

Kapitel 5

Evaluation

In this chapter you should describe the previous (if possible) and final experiments performed on the implementation.

Every single experiment should be explained individually, providing to the reader information about the meaning of the experiment, the expected (theoretical) results, the final results, the comparison between them and others (if possible) and the conclusions.

Each experiment should include a description, covering (when possible) the following information:

- Significant physical features (obstacles present on the environment, human presence, temperature, humidity, possible noise sources, computational speed of the machine, etc.)
- The precise location of the experiment (latitude and longitude, room number or citation to a description of the used laboratory).
- Sampling design (variable(s) measured, transformation performed to the data, samples collected, replication, comparative with a Ground Truth system, collecting data protocol).
- Analysis design (how the data are processed, statistical procedures used, statistical level to determine significance).

The provided information should be sufficient to allow other scientists to repeat your experiment in the same conditions. Thus, the use of standard and well-known equipment could only be represented by a simple sentence, but the non-standard equipment should be described in detail, citing the source (vendor) and most important characteristics.

To write it, try to use the third person when describing the experiments and results. Avoid to use first person. Past tense should be the dominant conjugation (the work is done and was performed in the past).

Note: Graphics represent really well data, use them! (Matlab or Octave could be useful for that).

Kapitel 6

Discussion

The meaning of this paragraph is to interpret the results of the performed work. It will always connect the introduction, the postulated hypothesis and the results of the thesis/bachelor/master.

It should answer the following questions:

- Could your results answer your initial questions?
- Did your results agree with your initial hypothesis?
- Did you close your problem, or there are still things to be solved? If yes, what will you do to solve them?

Kapitel 7

Acknowledgements

(This part is optional, and it could be completely excluded by deleting
`\include {content/chapters/chapter7}`
from the `Firstname_Lastname_Diplom_Master_arbeit.tex` file)

This paragraph could mention people or institutions that supported you to some extent
with your work or friends and relatives that supported you during your study period.

Literaturverzeichnis

- [IGM97] IKEDA, MITSURU, SHOGO GO und RICHIRO MIZOGUCHI: *Opportunistic Group Formation*. In: *Proceedings of the Conference on Artificial Intelligence in Education (AI-ED)*, Seiten 167–174, Amsterdam, 1997. IOS Press.
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Hiermit versichere ich, dass ich die vorliegende Bachelor(Master)arbeit selbständig - mit Ausnahme der Anleitung durch die Betreuer - verfasst, keine anderen als die angegebenen Quellen und Hilfsmittel benutzt, sowie Zitate kenntlich gemacht habe. Ich versichere dass ich alle entsprechenden Angaben nach bestem Wissen und Gewissen vorgenommen habe, dass sie der Wahrheit entsprechen und dass ich nichts verschwiegen habe. Mir ist bekannt, dass eine falsche Versicherung an Eides Statt nach §156 und nach §163 Abs. 1 des Strafgesetzbuches mit Freiheitsstrafe oder Geldstrafe bestraft wird.

English

I hereby declare that I have written this Bachelor (Master) thesis - except for the guidance of the supervisor - independently, using no other than the specified sources and resources, and that all quotations have been indicated. I declare that I have reported to the best of my knowledge all the relevant information, that it is true and that I concealed nothing. I am aware that a false declaration will be punished according to §156 and §163 par. 1 of the criminal code with a prison sentence or a monetary penalty.

Essen, 17. September 2020

(Ort, Datum)

First Name Second Name