

# Comp50CP Final Project Initial Design

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## Implementation:

1. Each node in the network will host a client and server process
2. Client
3. Server
  - a. Built upon generic tcp server
  - b. See Fig 4
4. Monitor
  - a. See Fig 2
  - b. Data Structures:
    - i. A list of sibling Monitors to watch over
    - ii. A table of the clients, their filenames, and the file's relevant hash so that the file can be downloaded to the client when they request it
    - iii. A table of server processes so that they can be restarted and the client requests can be forwarded
  - c. Utilizes the built-in supervisor utility to manage the various Servers
    - i. Servers are dynamically monitored; as clients log in and out of the network the servers are started and stopped
      1. When a server goes down and needs to be restarted, there is a single Supervisor responsible for putting it back online. The server has a local directory where it has been keeping the stored files; it can reassemble the list of file hashes and be back in service.
  - d. Utilizes co-monitoring of other monitors to allow for robust monitoring
    - i. Handled by the built-in monitor module
      1. When a Monitor crashes and needs to be restarted, a sibling monitor will be tracking it. It is invariant that only a single sibling Monitor tries to restart a Monitor. The Monitor's state will then be reassembled by copying the state of the other monitors; they all share a state.
  - e. Request Handling
    - i. Clients do not send requests directly to the servers; incoming requests are handled by the monitors.
    - ii. Upload Requests:
      1. The monitor will make an entry in its global list of file uploads using the user designated file name (necessary for retrieval), an md5 hash, and a client identifier
      2. It will then find a viable server and forward the request for a data upload to the server
        - a. If a server cannot be found, it will send the request onto a sibling Monitor
    - iii. Download Requests:

1. The Monitor will check the global list to see if such a file is in the distributed system.
2. The Monitor will then find a Server that has that file, and relay the client's information along with the request so that the Server can handle the download.

Timeline:

1. Research - Due 11/5
  - a. Implement basic gen\_tcp server - Brinley
  - b. Demo file library, MD5 hash, database - Ray
  - c. Implement basic monitor architecture - Ben
2. Implementation - Due 11/22
  - a. Write client, server, and supervisor interfaces (all running on one node)
  - b. Get client, server, and supervisor to talk to each other
  - c. Get client, server, and supervisor to send bitstreams between each other
  - d. Make things distributed!
    - i. Move supervisor to separate node
    - ii. Spawn many clients running on different nodes
  - e. Implement many monitors and client "clusters"
3. Add extra features - Due 12/9
  - a. Write encryption module
  - b. Client gui
  - c. "Striping" files across server nodes so that the file is stored in small chunks across many servers with some redundancy (ie. raid 5 or raid 10)
  - d. Version control