

Photo by Maxim Tolchinskiy on Unsplash

When factoring heat generation required for the manufacturing and transportation of products, *Greenhouse gas emissions attributable to products, from food to sneakers to appliances, make up more than 75% of global emissions.*

( Source: The Carbon Catalogue <https://www.nature.com/articles/s41597-022-01178-9> )

Our data, which is publicly available on nature.com, contains product carbon footprints (PCFs) for various companies. PCFs are the greenhouse gas emissions attributable to a given product, measured in CO<sub>2</sub> (carbon dioxide equivalent).

This data is stored in a PostgreSQL database containing one table, `product_emissions`, which looks at PCFs by product as well as the stage of production that these emissions occurred. Here's a snapshot of what `product_emissions` contains in each column:

product_emissions	
field	data type
id	VARCHAR
year	INT
product_name	VARCHAR
company	VARCHAR
country	VARCHAR
industry_group	VARCHAR
weight_kg	NUMERIC
carbon_footprint_pcf	NUMERIC
upstream_percent_total_pcf	VARCHAR
operations_percent_total_pcf	VARCHAR
downstream_percent_total_pcf	VARCHAR

You'll use this data to examine the carbon footprint of each industry in the dataset!

Projects Data    DataFrame as    carbon\_emissions\_by\_industry

```
-- Update your query here
SELECT
  industry_group,
  COUNT(DISTINCT company) AS num_companies,
  ROUND(SUM(carbon_footprint_pcf), 1) AS total_industry_footprint
FROM product_emissions
WHERE year = (SELECT MAX(year) FROM product_emissions)
GROUP BY industry_group
ORDER BY total_industry_footprint DESC;
```

...

↑↓

industry\_group

...

↑↓

num\_com...

...

↑↓

total\_industry\_footpri

0	Materials	3	
1	Capital Goods	2	
2	Technology Hardware & Equipment	4	
3	Food, Beverage & Tobacco	1	
4	Commercial & Professional Services	1	
5	Software & Services	1	

Rows: 6

↓