

Does going to university in a different country affect your mental health? A Japanese international university surveyed its students in 2018 and published a study the following year that was approved by several ethical and regulatory boards.

The study found that international students have a higher risk of mental health difficulties than the general population, and that social connectedness (belonging to a social group) and acculturative stress (stress associated with joining a new culture) are predictive of depression.

Explore the `students` data using PostgreSQL to find out if you would come to a similar conclusion for international students and see if the length of stay is a contributing factor.

Here is a data description of the columns you may find helpful.

Field Name	Description
<code>inter_dom</code>	Types of students (international or domestic)
<code>japanese_cate</code>	Japanese language proficiency
<code>english_cate</code>	English language proficiency
<code>academic</code>	Current academic level (undergraduate or graduate)
<code>age</code>	Current age of student
<code>stay</code>	Current length of stay in years
<code>todep</code>	Total score of depression (PHQ-9 test)
<code>tosc</code>	Total score of social connectedness (SCS test)
<code>toas</code>	Total score of acculturative stress (ASISS test)

 Projects Data DataFrame as `students`

```
-- Run this code to view the data in students
SELECT *
FROM students;
```

...	↑↓	i..	...	↑↓	...	↑↓	...	↑↓	...	↑↓	...	↑↓	...	↑↓	s.	...	↑↓				
0		Inter			SEA			Male			Grad			24			4			5	Long
1		Inter			SEA			Male			Grad			28			5			1	Short
2		Inter			SEA			Male			Grad			25			4			6	Long
3		Inter			EA			Female			Grad			29			5			1	Short
4		Inter			EA			Female			Grad			28			5			1	Short
5		Inter			SEA			Male			Grad			24			4			6	Long
6		Inter			SA			Male			Grad			23			4			1	Short
7		Inter			SEA			Female			Grad			30			5			2	Medium

 Projects Data DataFrame as df

```
SELECT
  stay,
  COUNT(inter_dom) AS count_int,
  ROUND(AVG(todep), 2) AS average_phq,
  ROUND(AVG(tosc), 2) AS average_scs,
  ROUND(AVG(toas), 2) AS average_as
FROM students
WHERE inter_dom = 'Inter'
GROUP BY stay
ORDER BY stay DESC
LIMIT 9;
```

ind...	...	↑↓	stay	...	↑↓	count_int	...	↑↓	average_phq	...	↑↓	average_scs	...	↑↓	c
		0			10			1			13			32	
		1			8			1			10			44	
		2			7			1			4			48	
		3			6			3			6			38	
		4			5			1			0			34	
		5			4			14			8.57			33.93	
		6			3			46			9.09			37.13	
		7			2			39			8.28			37.08	
		8			1			95			7.48			38.11	

Rows: 9 