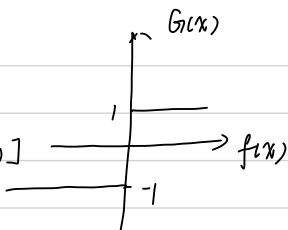


Adaboost

模型: 加法模型

最终分类器: $G(x) = \text{sign}[f(x)]$



损失函数: 指数损失函数

二分类问题, 使用指数损失函数

将 loss 当作训练数据的权重

$$\bar{w}_i = e^{-y_i f_{m-1}(x_i)}$$

单个样本损失函数:

$$\begin{aligned} L(y, f_m(x)) &= e^{-y f_m(x)} \\ &= e^{-y \sum_{m=1}^M \alpha_m \theta_m(x)} \\ &= e^{-y [f_{m-1}(x) + \alpha_m \theta_m(x)]} \end{aligned}$$

总体损失函数 (包含所有样本) $\sum_{i=1}^N e^{-y_i f_{m-1}(x_i) + \alpha \theta_m(x_i)}$

$$L(y, f_m(x)) = e^{-y f_m(x)}$$

$G(x)$ 分类正确

$$f(x) \text{ 与 } y \text{ 同号 } L(y, f_m(x)) \leq 1$$

$G(x)$ 分类错误

$$f(x) \text{ 与 } y \text{ 异号 } L(y, f_m(x)) > 1$$

分类正确 - loss 小

分类错误 - loss 大

[优化方法]: 前向分步算法 第 m 轮

$$\begin{aligned} (\alpha_m, \theta_m(x)) &= \arg \min_{\alpha, \theta} \sum_{i=1}^N e^{-y_i f_{m-1}(x_i) + \alpha \theta_m(x_i)} \\ &= \arg \min_{\alpha} \sum_{i=1}^N e^{-y_i f_{m-1}(x_i)} \cdot e^{-\alpha y_i \theta_m(x_i)} \\ &= \arg \min_{\alpha} \sum_{i=1}^N \bar{w}_i \cdot e^{-\alpha y_i \theta_m(x_i)} \end{aligned}$$

2种取值可能

$$\begin{cases} G(x_i) = y_i \\ G(x_i) \neq y_i \end{cases}$$

$$= \arg \min \left(\sum_{y_i = G(x_i)} \bar{w}_i \cdot e^{-y_i \alpha \theta_m(x_i)} + \sum_{y_i \neq G(x_i)} \bar{w}_i \cdot e^{-y_i \alpha \theta_m(x_i)} \right)$$

$$= \arg \min \left(\sum_{y_i = G(x_i)} \bar{w}_i \cdot e^{-\alpha} + \sum_{y_i \neq G(x_i)} \bar{w}_i \cdot e^{\alpha} \right)$$

$$= \arg \min_{\alpha} \left(e^{-\alpha} \sum_{y_i = G(x_i)} \bar{w}_i + e^{\alpha} \sum_{y_i \neq G(x_i)} \bar{w}_i \right) \text{ 其中 } \bar{w}_i = e^{-y_i f_{m-1}(x_i)}$$

第m轮求解:

1. 优化 $G_m(x)$ = 使得 $G_m(x)$ 的分类误差率最小

$$\alpha_m^*(x) = \arg \min_{\alpha_m} \sum_{i=1}^N \overline{w}_{mi} I(y_i \neq G_m(x_i))$$

2. 优化 α_m

损失函数作为

当 $y_i \neq G_m(x_i)$ 成立时 $I(y_i \neq G_m(x_i)) = 1$

分类器 $G_m(x)$ 的权重系数

样本权值

$$J(\alpha_m) = \arg \min_{\alpha_m} (e^{-\alpha_m} \sum_{y_i = G_m(x_i)} \overline{w}_{mi} + e^{\alpha_m} \sum_{y_i \neq G_m(x_i)} \overline{w}_{mi})$$

$$\Rightarrow \arg \min_{\alpha_m} (e^{-\alpha_m} \sum_{y_i = G_m(x_i)} \overline{w}_{mi} + e^{\alpha_m} \sum_{y_i \neq G_m(x_i)} \overline{w}_{mi} + e^{\alpha_m} \sum_{y_i = G_m(x_i)} \overline{w}_{mi} - e^{\alpha_m} \sum_{y_i \neq G_m(x_i)} \overline{w}_{mi})$$

$$\Rightarrow \arg \min_{\alpha_m} (e^{-\alpha_m} \sum_{i=1}^N \overline{w}_{mi} + (e^{\alpha_m} - e^{-\alpha_m}) \sum_{y_i \neq G_m(x_i)} \overline{w}_{mi}) \quad \text{式(1)}$$

凸优化步骤:

① 式(1)为 α_m 求导

注: 式(1)中, 只有 α_m 为变量, 其余均为定值

$$\frac{\partial (e^{-\alpha_m} \sum_{i=1}^N \overline{w}_{mi} + (e^{\alpha_m} - e^{-\alpha_m}) \sum_{y_i \neq G_m(x_i)} \overline{w}_{mi})}{\partial \alpha_m}$$

$$= -e^{-\alpha_m} \sum_{i=1}^N \overline{w}_{mi} + e^{\alpha_m} \sum_{y_i \neq G_m(x_i)} \overline{w}_{mi} + e^{-\alpha_m} \sum_{y_i \neq G_m(x_i)} \overline{w}_{mi}$$

$$= -e^{-\alpha_m} \sum_{y_i = G_m(x_i)} \overline{w}_{mi} + e^{\alpha_m} \sum_{y_i \neq G_m(x_i)} \overline{w}_{mi} \quad \text{式(2)}$$

② 导数为0

$$\frac{\partial \ell(\alpha)}{\partial \alpha} = 0$$

$$-e^{-\alpha_m} \sum_{y_i \neq \theta(x_i)} \bar{w}_{mi} + e^{\alpha_m} \sum_{y_i = \theta(x_i)} \bar{w}_{mi} = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow e^{\alpha_m} \sum_{y_i \neq \theta(x_i)} \bar{w}_{mi} = e^{-\alpha_m} \sum_{y_i = \theta(x_i)} \bar{w}_{mi}$$

2边同时取对数

$$\ln(e^{\alpha_m} \sum_{y_i \neq \theta(x_i)} \bar{w}_{mi}) = \ln(e^{-\alpha_m} \sum_{y_i = \theta(x_i)} \bar{w}_{mi})$$

$$\ln e^{\alpha_m} + \ln(\sum_{y_i \neq \theta(x_i)} \bar{w}_{mi}) = \ln e^{-\alpha_m} + \ln(\sum_{y_i = \theta(x_i)} \bar{w}_{mi})$$

$$2\alpha_m = \ln(\sum_{y_i \neq \theta(x_i)} \bar{w}_{mi}) - \ln(\sum_{y_i = \theta(x_i)} \bar{w}_{mi})$$

$$2\alpha_m = \ln \frac{\sum_{y_i \neq \theta(x_i)} \bar{w}_{mi}}{\sum_{y_i = \theta(x_i)} \bar{w}_{mi}} \quad (\text{分类正确} = \text{all} - \text{分类错误})$$

$$\alpha_m = \frac{1}{2} \ln \left(\frac{\sum_{i=1}^N \bar{w}_{mi} - \sum_{y_i \neq \theta(x_i)} \bar{w}_{mi}}{\sum_{y_i \neq \theta(x_i)} \bar{w}_{mi}} \right)$$

③ 转换

$$\alpha_m = \frac{1}{2} \ln \left(\frac{\sum_{i=1}^N \bar{w}_{mi} - \sum_{y_i \neq \theta(x_i)} \bar{w}_{mi}}{\sum_{y_i \neq \theta(x_i)} \bar{w}_{mi}} \right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \ln \left(\frac{\frac{\sum_{i=1}^N \bar{w}_{mi}}{\sum_{i=1}^N \bar{w}_{mi}} - \frac{\sum_{y_i \neq \theta(x_i)} \bar{w}_{mi}}{\sum_{i=1}^N \bar{w}_{mi}}}{\frac{\sum_{y_i \neq \theta(x_i)} \bar{w}_{mi}}{\sum_{i=1}^N \bar{w}_{mi}}} \right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \ln \left(\frac{1 - e_m}{e_m} \right)$$

上下同除所有样本权重之和

分类误差率 $\frac{\text{error}}{|\mathcal{A}|}$

∴ 最终得到 $\alpha_m = \frac{1}{2} \log \frac{1 - e_m}{e_m}$

(e_m 为分类误差率, e_m 越小, α_m 越大)

$$f(x) = \sum_{m=1}^M \alpha_m G_m(x) = \alpha_1 G_1(x) + \dots + \alpha_m G_m(x)$$

由 $G_1(x)$ 的“分类误差率”决定

由损失函数确定
训练集权重

3. 前向更新 $f_m(x)$ $f_m(x) = f_{m-1}(x) + \alpha_m G_m(x)$

4. 更新训练数据权值 $\overline{w}_{m+1,i}$ ($m+1$ 轮) $\overline{w}_i = e^{-y_i f_{m-1}(x_i)}$

(未做归一化) Δ $\overline{w}_i = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{N} & m=1 \\ \overline{w}_{m,i} \cdot e^{-y_i \alpha_m G_m(x_i)} & m>1 \end{cases}$

推导: 由 $\overline{w}_i = e^{-y_i f_{m-1}(x_i)}$

$$\overline{w}_{m+1,i} = e^{-y_i f_m(x_i)}$$

$$= e^{-y_i [f_{m-1}(x_i) + \alpha_m G_m(x_i)]}$$

$$= e^{-y_i f_{m-1}(x_i)} \cdot e^{-y_i \alpha_m G_m(x_i)}$$

$$= \overline{w}_{m,i} \cdot e^{-y_i \alpha_m G_m(x_i)}$$