# Assignment 4: Data Wrangling

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#### **OVERVIEW**

This exercise accompanies the lessons in Environmental Data Analytics on Data Wrangling

#### Directions

- 1. Change "Student Name" on line 3 (above) with your name.
- 2. Work through the steps, **creating code and output** that fulfill each instruction.
- 3. Be sure to **answer the questions** in this assignment document.
- 4. When you have completed the assignment, **Knit** the text and code into a single PDF file.
- 5. After Knitting, submit the completed exercise (PDF file) to the dropbox in Sakai. Add your last name into the file name (e.g., "Salk\_A04\_DataWrangling.Rmd") prior to submission.

The completed exercise is due on Tuesday, February 4 at 1:00 pm.

### Set up your session

- 1. Check your working directory, load the tidyverse and lubridate packages, and upload all four raw data files associated with the EPA Air dataset. See the README file for the EPA air datasets for more information (especially if you have not worked with air quality data previously).
- 2. Explore the dimensions, column names, and structure of the datasets.

```
getwd()
## [1] "/Users/ethel/Desktop/Environ 872/Environmental_Data_Analytics_2020"
library(tidyverse)
library(lubridate)
EPAo3_1 <- read.csv("./Data/Raw/EPAair_03_NC2018_raw.csv")</pre>
EPAo3_2 <- read.csv("./Data/Raw/EPAair_03_NC2019_raw.csv")</pre>
EPAPM25_1 <- read.csv("./Data/Raw/EPAair_PM25_NC2018_raw.csv")</pre>
EPAPM25_2 <- read.csv("./Data/Raw/EPAair_PM25_NC2019_raw.csv")</pre>
#2
dim(EPAo3_1)
## [1] 9737
               20
colnames (EPAo3_1)
    [1] "Date"
##
##
    [2] "Source"
##
    [3] "Site.ID"
    [4] "POC"
##
##
    [5] "Daily.Max.8.hour.Ozone.Concentration"
    [6] "UNITS"
##
##
    [7] "DAILY_AQI_VALUE"
##
    [8] "Site.Name"
   [9] "DAILY OBS COUNT"
## [10] "PERCENT_COMPLETE"
```

```
## [11] "AQS_PARAMETER_CODE"
## [12] "AQS_PARAMETER_DESC"
## [13] "CBSA CODE"
## [14] "CBSA_NAME"
## [15] "STATE_CODE"
## [16] "STATE"
## [17] "COUNTY CODE"
## [18] "COUNTY"
## [19] "SITE_LATITUDE"
## [20] "SITE_LONGITUDE"
str(EPAo3_1)
## 'data.frame':
                 9737 obs. of 20 variables:
## $ Date
                                         : Factor w/ 364 levels "01/01/2018", "01/02/2018", ...: 60 61 62
## $ Source
                                         : Factor w/ 1 level "AQS": 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
                                         : int 370030005 370030005 370030005 370030005 370030005 3700
## $ Site.ID
                                         : int 111111111...
## $ Daily.Max.8.hour.Ozone.Concentration: num 0.043 0.046 0.047 0.049 0.047 0.03 0.036 0.044 0.049 0
## $ UNITS
                                         : Factor w/ 1 level "ppm": 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ DAILY_AQI_VALUE
                                         : int 40 43 44 45 44 28 33 41 45 40 ...
## $ Site.Name
                                         : Factor w/ 40 levels "", "Beaufort", ...: 35 35 35 35 35 35 3
## $ DAILY_OBS_COUNT
                                         : int 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 ...
## $ PERCENT_COMPLETE
                                        : num 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 ...
                                        : int 44201 44201 44201 44201 44201 44201 44201 44201 44201 -
## $ AQS_PARAMETER_CODE
                                         : Factor w/ 1 level "Ozone": 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ AQS_PARAMETER_DESC
                                        : int 25860 25860 25860 25860 25860 25860 25860 25860 25860 2
## $ CBSA_CODE
                                        : Factor w/ 17 levels "", "Asheville, NC",..: 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9
## $ CBSA_NAME
## $ STATE_CODE
                                        : int 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 ...
## $ STATE
                                         : Factor w/ 1 level "North Carolina": 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ COUNTY_CODE
                                         : int 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 ...
## $ COUNTY
                                        : Factor w/ 32 levels "Alexander", "Avery", ...: 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
## $ SITE LATITUDE
                                         : num 35.9 35.9 35.9 35.9 35.9 ...
## $ SITE LONGITUDE
                                         : num -81.2 -81.2 -81.2 -81.2 ...
dim(EPAo3 2)
## [1] 10592
               20
colnames(EPAo3_2)
   [1] "Date"
   [2] "Source"
##
   [3] "Site.ID"
## [4] "POC"
## [5] "Daily.Max.8.hour.Ozone.Concentration"
## [6] "UNITS"
## [7] "DAILY_AQI_VALUE"
## [8] "Site.Name"
## [9] "DAILY_OBS_COUNT"
## [10] "PERCENT_COMPLETE"
## [11] "AQS_PARAMETER_CODE"
## [12] "AQS PARAMETER DESC"
## [13] "CBSA_CODE"
## [14] "CBSA_NAME"
## [15] "STATE_CODE"
```

```
## [16] "STATE"
## [17] "COUNTY_CODE"
## [18] "COUNTY"
## [19] "SITE_LATITUDE"
## [20] "SITE_LONGITUDE"
str(EPAo3_2)
## 'data.frame':
                   10592 obs. of 20 variables:
                                         : Factor w/ 365 levels "01/01/2019", "01/02/2019", ...: 1 2 3 4
                                         : Factor w/ 2 levels "AirNow", "AQS": 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ Source
## $ Site.ID
                                         : int 370030005 370030005 370030005 370030005 370030005 3700
## $ POC
                                         : int 111111111...
## $ Daily.Max.8.hour.Ozone.Concentration: num 0.029 0.018 0.016 0.022 0.037 0.037 0.029 0.038 0.038
                                         : Factor w/ 1 level "ppm": 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ UNITS
## $ DAILY_AQI_VALUE
                                         : int 27 17 15 20 34 34 27 35 35 28 ...
                                         : Factor w/ 38 levels "", "Beaufort", ...: 33 33 33 33 33 33 33
## $ Site.Name
## $ DAILY_OBS_COUNT
                                         : int 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 ...
## $ PERCENT_COMPLETE
                                         : num 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 ...
## $ AQS_PARAMETER_CODE
                                        : int 44201 44201 44201 44201 44201 44201 44201 44201 44201 -
                                        : Factor w/ 1 level "Ozone": 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ AQS_PARAMETER_DESC
## $ CBSA_CODE
                                         : int 25860 25860 25860 25860 25860 25860 25860 25860 25860 2
                                         : Factor w/ 15 levels "", "Asheville, NC",..: 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8
## $ CBSA_NAME
## $ STATE_CODE
                                        : int 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 ...
## $ STATE
                                        : Factor w/ 1 level "North Carolina": 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
                                        : int 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 ...
## $ COUNTY_CODE
                                        : Factor w/ 30 levels "Alexander", "Avery", ...: 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
## $ COUNTY
                                        : num 35.9 35.9 35.9 35.9 35.9 ...
## $ SITE LATITUDE
## $ SITE_LONGITUDE
                                         : num -81.2 -81.2 -81.2 -81.2 -81.2 ...
dim(EPAPM25_1)
## [1] 8983
colnames(EPAPM25_1)
   [1] "Date"
                                        "Source"
   [3] "Site.ID"
                                        "POC"
##
## [5] "Daily.Mean.PM2.5.Concentration" "UNITS"
## [7] "DAILY_AQI_VALUE"
                                        "Site.Name"
## [9] "DAILY_OBS_COUNT"
                                        "PERCENT_COMPLETE"
## [11] "AQS_PARAMETER_CODE"
                                        "AQS_PARAMETER_DESC"
## [13] "CBSA_CODE"
                                        "CBSA_NAME"
## [15] "STATE_CODE"
                                        "STATE"
## [17] "COUNTY_CODE"
                                        "COUNTY"
## [19] "SITE_LATITUDE"
                                        "SITE_LONGITUDE"
str(EPAPM25_1)
## 'data.frame':
                   8983 obs. of 20 variables:
                                   : Factor w/ 365 levels "01/01/2018","01/02/2018",...: 2 5 8 11 14 17
##
   $ Date
## $ Source
                                   : Factor w/ 1 level "AQS": 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ Site.ID
                                   : int 370110002 370110002 370110002 370110002 370110002 370110002
                                   : int 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ Daily.Mean.PM2.5.Concentration: num 2.9 3.7 5.3 0.8 2.5 4.5 1.8 2.5 4.2 1.7 ...
                  : Factor w/ 1 level "ug/m3 LC": 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ UNITS
                                   : int 12 15 22 3 10 19 8 10 18 7 ...
## $ DAILY_AQI_VALUE
```

```
## $ Site.Name
## $ DAILY_OBS_COUNT
                                 : int 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ PERCENT COMPLETE
                                 : num 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 ...
## $ PERCENT_COIL ELLE
## $ AQS_PARAMETER_CODE
## $ AQS_PARAMETER_DESC
                                 : int 88502 88502 88502 88502 88502 88502 88502 88502 88502 88502
                                 : Factor w/ 2 levels "Acceptable PM2.5 AQI & Speciation Mass",..: 1
## $ CBSA CODE
                                 : int NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA ...
                                 : Factor w/ 14 levels "", "Asheville, NC", ...: 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ CBSA NAME
## $ STATE_CODE
                                 : int 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 ...
## $ STATE
                                 : Factor w/ 1 level "North Carolina": 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ COUNTY_CODE
                                 : int 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 ...
## $ COUNTY
                                 : Factor w/ 21 levels "Avery", "Buncombe", ...: 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
                                : num 36 36 36 36 36 ...
## $ SITE_LATITUDE
                           : num -81.9 -81.9 -81.9 -81.9 -81.9 ...
## $ SITE_LONGITUDE
dim(EPAPM25_2)
## [1] 8581 20
colnames(EPAPM25 2)
## [1] "Date"
                                        "Source"
## [3] "Site.ID"
                                        "POC"
## [5] "Daily.Mean.PM2.5.Concentration" "UNITS"
## [7] "DAILY_AQI_VALUE"
                          "Site.Name"
## [9] "DAILY_OBS_COUNT"
                                      "PERCENT_COMPLETE"
                                     "AQS_PARAMETER_DESC"
"CBSA_NAME"
## [11] "AQS_PARAMETER_CODE"
## [13] "CBSA_CODE"
                                      "STATE"
## [15] "STATE_CODE"
                                      "COUNTY"
## [17] "COUNTY_CODE"
## [19] "SITE_LATITUDE"
                                       "SITE_LONGITUDE"
str(EPAPM25_2)
## 'data.frame': 8581 obs. of 20 variables:
## $ Date
                                   : Factor w/ 365 levels "01/01/2019", "01/02/2019",...: 3 6 9 12 15 18
                                   : Factor w/ 2 levels "AirNow", "AQS": 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 ...
## $ Source
                                  : int 370110002 370110002 370110002 370110002 370110002 370110002
## $ Site.ID
                                  : int 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ POC
## $ Daily.Mean.PM2.5.Concentration: num 1.6 1 1.3 6.3 2.6 1.2 1.5 1.5 3.7 1.6 ...
                                 : Factor w/ 1 level "ug/m3 LC": 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ DAILY_AQI_VALUE
                                 : int 7 4 5 26 11 5 6 6 15 7 ...
                                 : Factor w/ 25 levels "", "Board Of Ed. Bldg.", ...: 14 14 14 14 14
## $ Site.Name
## $ DAILY_OBS_COUNT
                                 : int 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ PERCENT_COMPLETE
                                 : num 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 ...
## $ AQS_PARAMETER_CODE
## $ AQS_PARAMETER_DESC
                                 : int 88502 88502 88502 88502 88502 88502 88502 88502 88502 88502
                                 : Factor w/ 2 levels "Acceptable PM2.5 AQI & Speciation Mass",..: 1
## $ CBSA_CODE
                                  : int NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA ...
                                 : Factor w/ 14 levels "", "Asheville, NC",...: 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ CBSA NAME
## $ STATE_CODE
                                 : int 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 ...
## $ STATE
                                 : Factor w/ 1 level "North Carolina": 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ COUNTY_CODE
                                  : int 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 ...
                                 : Factor w/ 21 levels "Avery", "Buncombe", ...: 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ COUNTY
## $ SITE LATITUDE
                                 : num 36 36 36 36 36 ...
## $ SITE_LONGITUDE
                                 : num -81.9 -81.9 -81.9 -81.9 -81.9 ...
```

: Factor w/ 25 levels "", "Blackstone", ...: 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 1

## \$ Site.Name

### Wrangle individual datasets to create processed files.

- 3. Change date to date
- 4. Select the following columns: Date, DAILY\_AQI\_VALUE, Site.Name, AQS\_PARAMETER\_DESC, COUNTY, SITE LATITUDE, SITE LONGITUDE
- 5. For the PM2.5 datasets, fill all cells in AQS\_PARAMETER\_DESC with "PM2.5" (all cells in this column should be identical).
- 6. Save all four processed datasets in the Processed folder. Use the same file names as the raw files but replace "raw" with "processed".

```
#3
class(EPAo3_1$Date)
## [1] "factor"
EPAo3_1$Date <- as.Date(EPAo3_1$Date, format = "%m/%d/%Y")
class(EPAo3_1$Date)
## [1] "Date"
class(EPAo3 2$Date)
## [1] "factor"
EPAo3_2$Date <- as.Date(EPAo3_2$Date, format = "%m/%d/%Y")
class(EPAo3_2$Date)
## [1] "Date"
class(EPAPM25_1$Date)
## [1] "factor"
EPAPM25_1$Date <- as.Date(EPAPM25_1$Date, format = "%m/%d/%Y")
class(EPAPM25_1$Date)
## [1] "Date"
class(EPAPM25_2$Date)
## [1] "factor"
EPAPM25_2$Date <- as.Date(EPAPM25_2$Date, format = "%m/%d/%Y")
class(EPAPM25 2$Date)
## [1] "Date"
#4
library(dplyr)
EPAo3_1Select <-select(EPAo3_1, Date, DAILY_AQI_VALUE, Site.Name, AQS_PARAMETER_DESC, COUNTY, SITE_LATI
EPAo3_2Select <-select(EPAo3_2, Date, DAILY_AQI_VALUE, Site.Name, AQS_PARAMETER_DESC, COUNTY, SITE_LATT
EPAPM25_1Select <-select(EPAPM25_1, Date, DAILY_AQI_VALUE, Site.Name, AQS_PARAMETER_DESC, COUNTY, SITE_
EPAPM25_2Select <-select(EPAPM25_2, Date, DAILY_AQI_VALUE, Site.Name, AQS_PARAMETER_DESC, COUNTY, SITE_
#5
EPAPM25_1.AQS_PARAMETER <- replace(EPAPM25_1Select,4,"PM2.5")</pre>
```

```
EPAPM25_2.AQS_PARAMETER <- replace(EPAPM25_2Select,4,"PM2.5")</pre>
#6
write.csv(EPAo3_1Select, row.names = FALSE,
          file ="./Data/Processed/EPAair 03 NC2018 processed.csv")
write.csv(EPAo3 2Select, row.names = FALSE,
          file ="./Data/Processed/EPAair 03 NC2019 processed.csv")
write.csv(EPAPM25_1.AQS_PARAMETER, row.names = FALSE,
          file ="./Data/Processed/EPAair_PM25_NC2018_processed.csv")
write.csv(EPAPM25_2.AQS_PARAMETER, row.names = FALSE,
          file ="./Data/Processed/EPAair_PM25_NC2019_processed.csv")
```

#### Combine datasets

- 7. Combine the four datasets with rbind. Make sure your column names are identical prior to running
- 8. Wrangle your new dataset with a pipe function (%>%) so that it fills the following conditions:
- Include all sites that the four data frames have in common: "Linville Falls", "Durham Armory", "Leggett", "Hattie Avenue", "Clemmons Middle", "Mendenhall School", "Frying Pan Mountain", "West Johnston Co.", "Garinger High School", "Castle Hayne", "Pitt Agri. Center", "Bryson City", "Millbrook School" (the function intersect can figure out common factor levels)
- Some sites have multiple measurements per day. Use the split-apply-combine strategy to generate daily means: group by date, site, ags parameter, and county. Take the mean of the AQI value, latitude, and longitude.
- Add columns for "Month" and "Year" by parsing your "Date" column (hint: lubridate package)
- Hint: the dimensions of this dataset should be  $14,752 \times 9$ .
- 9. Spread your datasets such that AQI values for ozone and PM2.5 are in separate columns. Each location on a specific date should now occupy only one row.
- 10. Call up the dimensions of your new tidy dataset.
- 11. Save your processed dataset with the following file name: "EPAair O3 PM25 NC1718 Processed.csv"

```
#7
dim(EPAo3 1Select)
## [1] 9737
dim(EPAo3_2Select)
## [1] 10592
dim(EPAPM25_1.AQS_PARAMETER)
## [1] 8983
                                                                                                                    7
dim(EPAPM25 2.AQS PARAMETER)
## [1] 8581
EPAair.18.19.slected <- rbind(EPAo3_1Select, EPAo3_2Select, EPAPM25_1.AQS_PARAMETER, EPAPM25_2.AQS_PARAMETER, EPAPM25_2.A
dim(EPAair.18.19.slected)
 ## [1] 37893
```

```
EPAair.18.19.slected_Processed <-
  EPAair.18.19.slected %>%
  filter(Site.Name %in% c("Linville Falls", "Durham Armory", "Leggett", "Hattie Avenue",
                           "Clemmons Middle", "Mendenhall School", "Frying Pan Mountain",
                           "West Johnston Co.", "Garinger High School", "Castle Hayne",
                           "Pitt Agri. Center", "Bryson City", "Millbrook School")) %>%
  group_by(Date, Site.Name,AQS_PARAMETER_DESC,COUNTY) %>%
  dplyr::summarise(meanAQI = mean(DAILY AQI VALUE),
            meanLAT = mean(SITE_LATITUDE),
            meanLONG = mean(SITE_LONGITUDE))%>%
  mutate(Year=year(Date),
          Month=month(Date))%>%
  select(Date, Month, Year, Site.Name:meanLONG)
dim(EPAair.18.19.slected_Processed)
## [1] 14752
#9
EPAair.18.19.slected.spread <- spread(EPAair.18.19.slected_Processed, AQS_PARAMETER_DESC,meanAQI)
#10
dim(EPAair.18.19.slected.spread)
## [1] 8976
               9
write.csv(EPAair.18.19.slected.spread, row.names = FALSE,
          file ="./Data/Processed/EPAair_03_PM25_NC1718_Processed.csv")
```

## Generate summary tables

- 12. Use the split-apply-combine strategy to generate a summary data frame. Data should be grouped by site, month, and year. Generate the mean AQI values for ozone and PM2.5 for each group. Then, add a pipe to remove instances where a month and year are not available (use the function drop\_na in your pipe).
- 13. Call up the dimensions of the summary dataset.

```
#12a
EPAair.18.19.slected.summary <-
  EPAair.18.19.slected.spread %>%
  group by (Site. Name, Month, Year) %>%
  dplyr::summarise(meanOzone = mean(Ozone),
            meanPM2.5 = mean(PM2.5)
EPAair.18.19.slected.summary
## # A tibble: 346 x 5
## # Groups: Site.Name, Month [194]
##
                   Month Year meanOzone meanPM2.5
      Site.Name
##
      <fct>
                   <dbl> <dbl>
                                   <dbl>
                                              <dbl>
  1 ""
                                             NaN
##
                      NA
                            NA
                                   NaN
## 2 Beaufort
                      NA
                            NA
                                   NaN
                                             NaN
## 3 Bent Creek
                      NΑ
                            NA
                                             NaN
```

 ${\tt NaN}$ 

```
## 4 Bethany sch.
                     NA
                           NA
                                  NaN
                                            NaN
## 5 Blackstone
                     NA
                           NA
                                  NaN
                                            NaN
## 6 Bryson City
                     1 2018
                                   NA
                                             38.9
## 7 Bryson City
                         2019
                                             29.8
                                   NA
                      1
## 8 Bryson City
                      2
                         2018
                                   NA
                                             27.2
## 9 Bryson City
                      2 2019
                                   NA
                                             33.0
## 10 Bryson City
                       3
                         2018
                                   41.6
                                             34.7
## # ... with 336 more rows
#12b
EPAair.18.19.slected.summary2 <-
  EPAair.18.19.slected.summary %>%
  drop_na(Month)%>%
  drop_na(Year)
EPAair.18.19.slected.summary2
## # A tibble: 308 x 5
## # Groups:
              Site.Name, Month [194]
##
      Site.Name Month Year meanOzone meanPM2.5
##
      <fct>
                 <dbl> <dbl>
                                 <dbl>
                                           <dbl>
##
  1 Bryson City
                     1 2018
                                  NA
                                            38.9
   2 Bryson City
                                            29.8
##
                     1 2019
                                  NA
## 3 Bryson City
                     2 2018
                                  NA
                                            27.2
## 4 Bryson City
                     2 2019
                                  NA
                                            33.0
## 5 Bryson City
                     3 2018
                                  41.6
                                            34.7
                     3 2019
## 6 Bryson City
                                  42.5
                                            NA
## 7 Bryson City
                     4 2018
                                  44.5
                                            28.2
  8 Bryson City
                     4 2019
                                  45.4
                                            26.7
## 9 Bryson City
                     5 2018
                                            NA
                                  NA
## 10 Bryson City
                     5
                        2019
                                  39.6
                                            NA
## # ... with 298 more rows
dim(EPAair.18.19.slected.summary2)
```

#### ## [1] 308 5

14. Why did we use the function drop\_na rather than na.omit?

Answer: drop\_na only delet NA in selected column, but na.omit delete all NA in all columns.