



How to help Lyft increase market share



Background

Uber owns 68% market share while Lyft owns 32%

Uber & Lyft overall comparison 2018(nationwide):

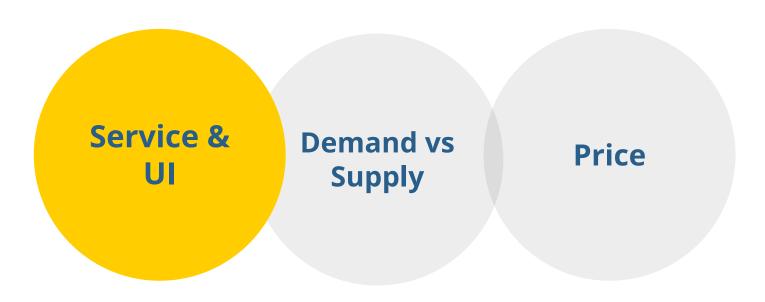
	Uber	Lyft	
US rideshare bookings	\$22.39 billion (67.46%)	\$8.97 billion (32.32%)	
Annual revenue	\$9.29 billion	\$2.16 billion	
Trips	5.2 billion	619.4 million	
Customer loyalty	63%(Uber only)	27%(Lyft only)	%10 in between

Data source:

https://backlinko.com/uber-users https://backlinko.com/lyft-users#lyft-riders



Why does Uber have more market share than Lyft?



Improve Service & UI



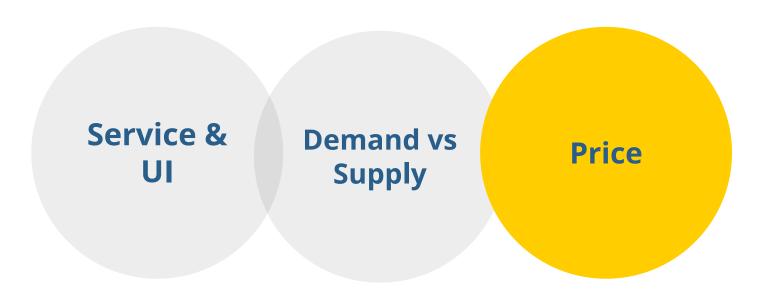
Why does Uber have more market share than Lyft?



Increase driver amount



Why does Uber have more market share than Lyft?



Adjust multiplier



Scope & Design project

01

Business Impact

Help Lyft increase market share

03

Impact Hypothesis

- Price difference (if overpriced)
- Adjust "surge-multiplier"
- Greater market share

02

DS Solution Path

- 2 regression model
- Identify if lyft overpriced

04

Risk

Lower profit → Demotivated drivers

05

Cost

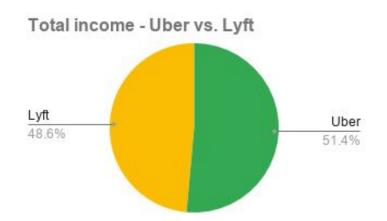
Not as much profit per ride

→ loss in revenue



Analysis in Excel

Data: <u>Kaggle - Uber & Lyft Cab Price</u> 11/26/2018(Monday) - 31,587 rows



- Average final price: (DIFF: -\$2.86)
 Uber \$15.33 vs. Lyft \$18.19
- Average distance: (DIFF: 0.021 mile)
 2.198 miles vs 2.177 miles
- Average Unit price: (DIFF: -\$1.38/mile)
 Uber \$6.97 vs Lyft \$8.35



Analysis in Excel

Comparison by pick up location

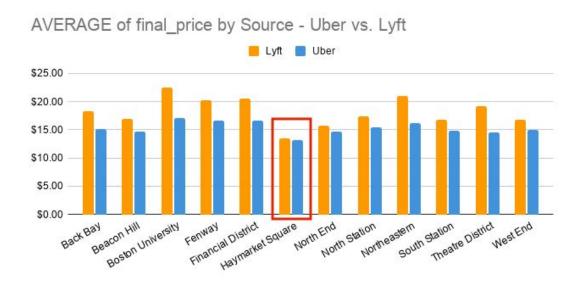
Revenue diff > \$3,000 (Uber - Lyft):

"Beacon Hill"

"Haymarket Square"

"South Station"

"West End"



By pick up location/source

"Haymarket Square"

Uber:

Counts: 1,451

Lyft:

Counts: 1,192



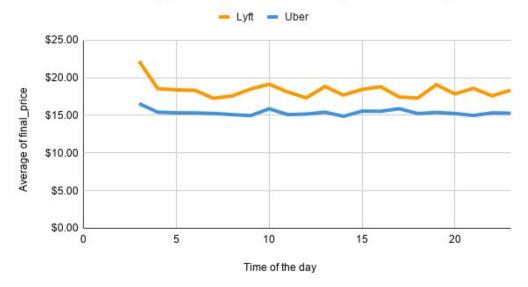
Analysis in Excel

Comparison by time of the day

Revenue diff > \$1,500:

12pm, 14 pm, 18pm, 22pm, 23pm

AVERAGE of final_price by time of the day - Uber vs. Lyft



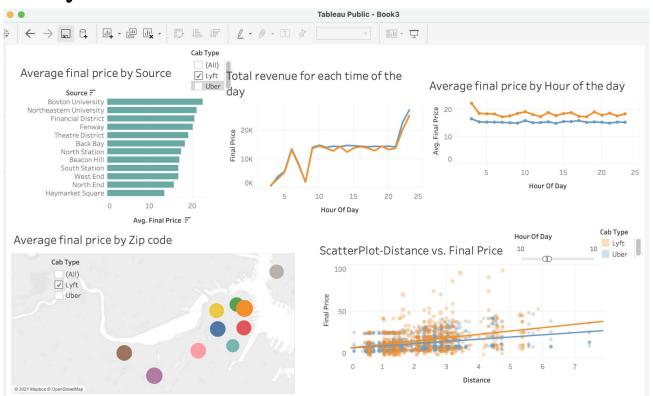


Analysis in Tableau

"Beacon Hill"
"Haymarket Square"
"South Station"
"West End"

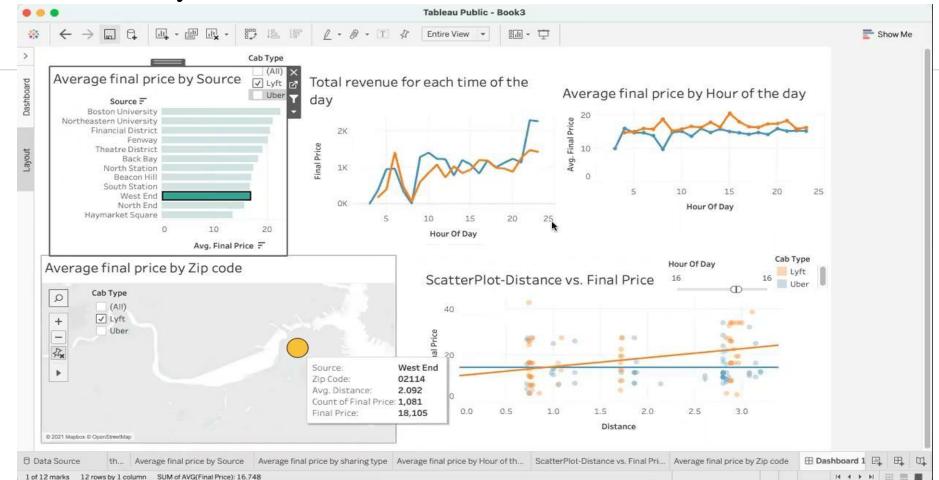


Analysis in Tableau



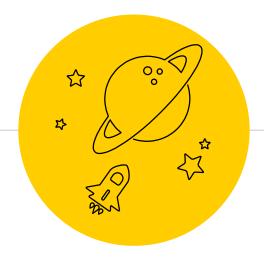
Analysis in Tableau

Google Drive Link



Conclusion

- Price isn't a key factor
- Encourage more drivers to work more at night for some locations
- Attracts new drivers to join



Future Work

We only used Monday's data, so for next step, I want to work on the entire dataset to find out if the same pattern happens everyday. If so, we can start to plan out how to bring in more drivers.



Appendix 1 - Assumptions

• Assumption 1:

Lyft UI is good, almost no user complains about it. Demand & Price is main factor for the difference

Assumption 2:

We are assuming the Uber's missing values is "missing at random", price for Uber is right skewed, so I filled na with median of Uber's price

Assumption 3:

We are assuming there's no difference on distance between Uber & Lyft user for each locations



Appendix 2 - Pivot Table(by source)

	cab_type	Values							
source	Lyft AVERAGE of final_price	COUNTA of final_price	SUM of final_price	Uber AVERAGE of final_price	COUNTA of final	SUM of final_pri	AVG PRICE DIFF(Uber-Lyft)	COUNTS DIFF(Uber-Lyft)	SUM PRICE DIFF(Uber-Lyft)
Beacon Hill	\$16.95	1,105	\$18,729	\$14.72	1496	\$22,022	-\$2.23	391	\$3,293
Boston University	\$22.56	991	\$22,353	\$17.06	1407	\$24,007	-\$5.49	416	\$1,654
Fenway	\$20.17	1,143	\$23,052	\$16.61	1434	\$23,819	-\$3.56	291	\$766
Financial District	\$20.53	1,281	\$26,302	\$16.67	1458	\$24,303	-\$3.86	177	-\$2,000
Haymarket Square	\$13.45	1,192	\$16,028	\$13.22	1451	\$19,177	-\$0.23	259	\$3,149
North End	\$15.72	1,210	\$19,021	\$14.66	1425	\$20,893	-\$1.06	215	\$1,872
North Station	\$17.39	1,175	\$20,432	\$15.37	1424	\$21,889	-\$2.02	249	\$1,457
Northeastern University	\$21.02	1,171	\$24,617	\$16.19	1484	\$24,025	-\$4.83	313	-\$593
South Station	\$16.75	1,203	\$20,149	\$14.86	1577	\$23,438	-\$1.89	374	\$3,289
Theatre District	\$19.15	1,219	\$23,349	\$14.51	1443	\$20,945	-\$4.64	224	-\$2,404
West End	\$16.75	1,081	\$18,105	\$14.97	1473	\$22,049	-\$1.78	392	\$3,945



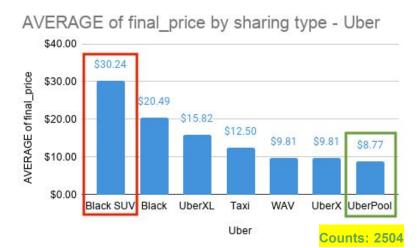
- Appendix 3 - Pivot Table(by time)

		cab_type	Values							
		Lyft			Uber					
hour_of_day	AVERAGE of final_price		COUNTA of final_price	SUM of final_price	AVERAGE of final_price	COUNTA of fina	SUM of final_pri	AVGPRICE DIFF(Uber-Lyft)	COUNT DIFF(Uber-Lyft)	SUM PRICE DIFF(Uber-Lyft)
	3	\$22.21	43	\$955	\$16.56	41	\$679	-\$5.65	-2	-\$270
	4	\$18.56	168	\$3,117	\$15.43	252	\$3,889	-\$3.12	84	\$77
	5	\$18.39	296	\$5,444	\$15.34	376	\$5,768	-\$3.05	80	\$323
	6	\$18.33	719	\$13,180	\$15.33	877	\$13,442	-\$3.00	158	\$262
	7	\$17.28	461	\$7,966	\$15.26	547	\$8,346	-\$2.02	86	\$380
	8	\$17.58	121	\$2,127	\$15.11	131	\$1,979	-\$2.47	10	-\$148
	9	\$18.50	738	\$13,650	\$14.97	933	\$13,969	-\$3.52	195	\$319
	10	\$19.14	753	\$14,416	\$15.88	927	\$14,717	-\$3.27	174	\$30
	11	\$18.11	756	\$13,688	\$15.11	924	\$13,958	-\$3.00	168	\$270
	12	\$17.33	734	\$12,719	\$15.18	946	\$14,358	-\$2.15	212	\$1,638
	13	\$18.84	759	\$14,298	\$15.43	921	\$14,210	-\$3.41	162	-\$88
	14	\$17.71	697	\$12,342	\$14.88	983	\$14,626	-\$2.83	286	\$2,284
	15	\$18.46	746	\$13,768	\$15.57	934	\$14,540	-\$2.89	188	\$77
	16	\$18.81	756	\$14,219	\$15.54	924	\$14,364	-\$3.26	168	\$144
	17	\$17.44	788	\$13,743	\$15.89	892	\$14,171	-\$1.55	104	\$428
	18	\$17.31	740	\$12,807	\$15.24	940	\$14,329	-\$2.06	200	\$1,522
	19	\$19.07	754	\$14,378	\$15.40	926	\$14,258	-\$3.67	172	-\$120
	20	\$17.86	739	\$13,198	\$15.25	941	\$14,352	-\$2.61	202	\$1,154
	21	\$18.59	736	\$13,681	\$14.99	944	\$14,151	-\$3.60	208	\$47
	22	\$17.60	1,135	\$19,974	\$15.33	1469	\$22,524	-\$2.27	334	\$2,550
	23	\$18.35	1,361	\$24,974	\$15.29	1759	\$26,899	-\$3.06	398	\$1,92

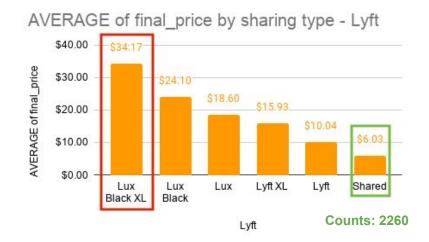


Appendix 4 - Analysis in Excel

By cab_type & sharing_type:



- Lyft's most expensive sharing type is about \$4 more than Uber's most expensive type, Lyft Black XL has fewer rides, but around \$4,500 more in revenue.
- Lyft's cheapest sharing type is \$2.7 cheaper, UberPool has more rides and around \$8,000 more in revenue.



Counts: 2337



Appendix 5 - Learnings From Tableau





Appendix 6 - Lyft Driver Stats

- The vast majority of Lyft drivers (95%) drive for less than 20 hours per week.
- 96% of Lyft drivers work or study alongside their job as a driver.
- 15% of Lyft drivers are business owners. A further 12% are students.
- More than half of Lyft drivers (51%) also use other ride sharing platforms. 38% work on delivery platforms.

Source: <u>Lyft</u>.