



# How to help Lyft increase market share



# Background

Uber owns 68% market share while Lyft owns 32%

Uber & Lyft overall comparison 2018(nationwide):

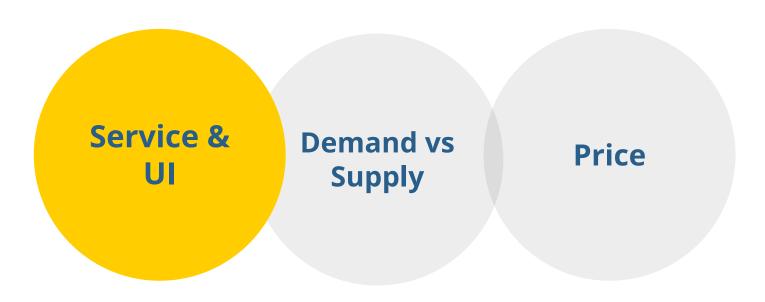
	Uber	Lyft	
US rideshare bookings	\$22.39 billion (67.46%)	\$8.97 billion (32.32%)	
Annual revenue	\$9.29 billion	\$2.16 billion	
Trips	5.2 billion	619.4 million	
Customer loyalty	63%(Uber only)	27%(Lyft only)	%10 in between

#### Data source:

https://backlinko.com/uber-users https://backlinko.com/lyft-users#lyft-riders



# Why does Uber have more market share than Lyft?



**Improve Service & UI** 



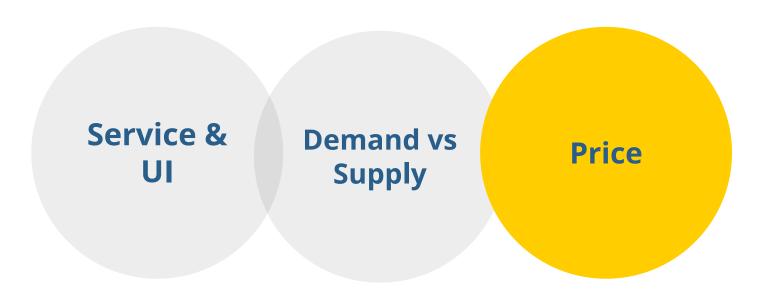
# Why does Uber have more market share than Lyft?



Increase driver amount



# Why does Uber have more market share than Lyft?



Adjust multiplier



## Scope & Design project

01

# **Business Impact**

Help Lyft increase market share

03

# Impact Hypothesis

- Price difference (if overpriced)
- Adjust "surge-multiplier"
- Greater market share

02

# **DS Solution Path**

- 2 regression model
- Identify if lyft overpriced

04

Risk

Lower profit → Demotivated drivers

05

Cost

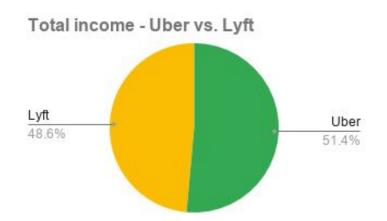
Not as much profit per ride

→ loss in revenue



## **Analysis in Excel**

Data: <u>Kaggle - Uber & Lyft Cab Price</u> 11/26/2018(Monday) - 31,587 rows



- Average final price: (DIFF: -\$2.86)
   Uber \$15.33 vs. Lyft \$18.19
- Average distance: (DIFF: 0.021 mile)
  2.198 miles vs 2.177 miles
- Average Unit price: (DIFF: -\$1.38/mile)
  Uber \$6.97 vs Lyft \$8.35



## **Analysis in Excel**

#### Comparison by pick up location

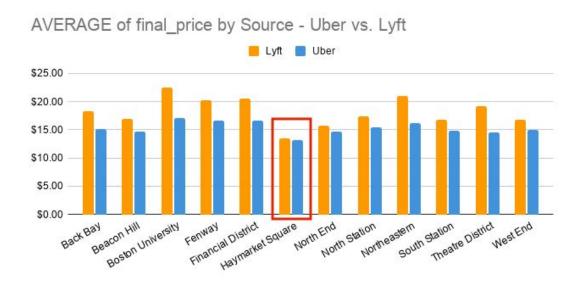
# Revenue diff > \$3,000 (Uber - Lyft):

"Beacon Hill"

"Haymarket Square"

"South Station"

"West End"



By pick up location/source

#### "Haymarket Square"

Uber:

Counts: 1,451

Lyft:

Counts: 1,192



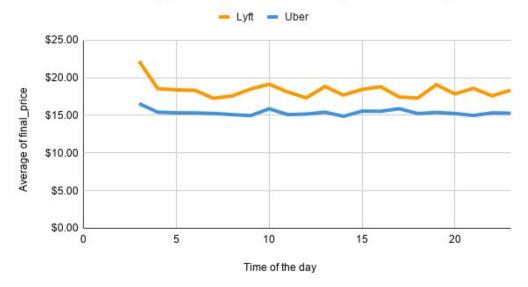
## **Analysis in Excel**

Comparison by time of the day

#### Revenue diff > \$1,500:

12pm, 14 pm, 18pm, 22pm, 23pm

AVERAGE of final\_price by time of the day - Uber vs. Lyft



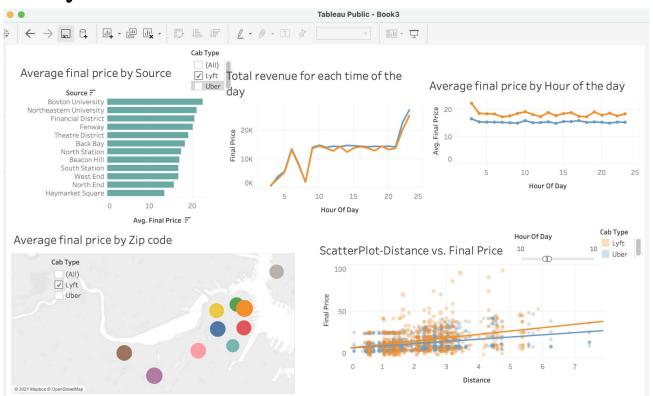


# **Analysis in Tableau**

"Beacon Hill"
"Haymarket Square"
"South Station"
"West End"

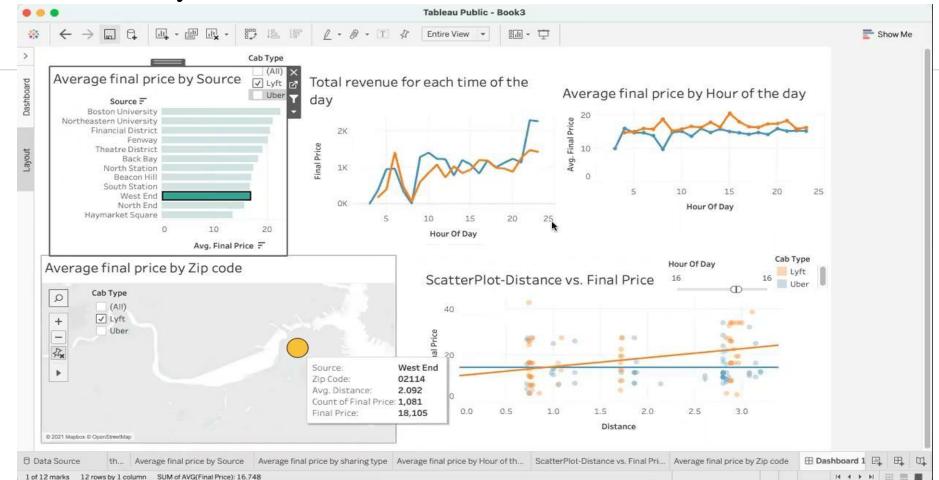


# **Analysis in Tableau**



**Analysis in Tableau** 

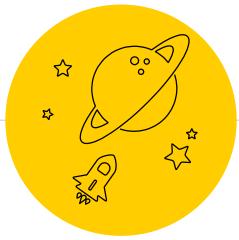
**Google Drive Link** 



## Conclusion

- Price isn't a key factor
- Stimulate more drivers to work between 9:00-12:00
   & 18:00-22:00 for our targeted locations
   (See Appendix 5 for more details)
- Attracts new drivers to join





# **Future Work**

We only used Monday's data, so for next step, I want to work on the entire dataset to find out if the same pattern happens everyday. If so, we can start to plan out how to bring in more drivers.





### **Appendix 1 - Assumptions**

#### • Assumption 1:

Lyft UI is good, almost no user complains about it. Demand & Price is main factor for the difference

#### Assumption 2:

We are assuming the Uber's missing values is "missing at random", price for Uber is right skewed, so I filled na with median of Uber's price

#### Assumption 3:

We are assuming there's no difference on distance between Uber & Lyft user for each locations



# Appendix 2 - Pivot Table(by source)

	cab_type	Values							
source	Lyft AVERAGE of final_price	COUNTA of final_price	SUM of final_price	Uber AVERAGE of final_price	COUNTA of final	SUM of final_pri	AVG PRICE DIFF(Uber-Lyft)	COUNTS DIFF(Uber-Lyft)	SUM PRICE DIFF(Uber-Lyft)
Beacon Hill	\$16.95	1,105	\$18,729	\$14.72	1496	\$22,022	-\$2.23	391	\$3,293
Boston University	\$22.56	991	\$22,353	\$17.06	1407	\$24,007	-\$5.49	416	\$1,654
Fenway	\$20.17	1,143	\$23,052	\$16.61	1434	\$23,819	-\$3.56	291	\$766
Financial District	\$20.53	1,281	\$26,302	\$16.67	1458	\$24,303	-\$3.86	177	-\$2,000
Haymarket Square	\$13.45	1,192	\$16,028	\$13.22	1451	\$19,177	-\$0.23	259	\$3,149
North End	\$15.72	1,210	\$19,021	\$14.66	1425	\$20,893	-\$1.06	215	\$1,872
North Station	\$17.39	1,175	\$20,432	\$15.37	1424	\$21,889	-\$2.02	249	\$1,457
Northeastern University	\$21.02	1,171	\$24,617	\$16.19	1484	\$24,025	-\$4.83	313	-\$593
South Station	\$16.75	1,203	\$20,149	\$14.86	1577	\$23,438	-\$1.89	374	\$3,289
Theatre District	\$19.15	1,219	\$23,349	\$14.51	1443	\$20,945	-\$4.64	224	-\$2,404
West End	\$16.75	1,081	\$18,105	\$14.97	1473	\$22,049	-\$1.78	392	\$3,945



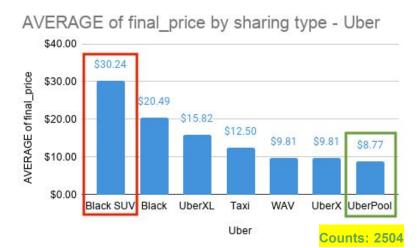
# - Appendix 3 - Pivot Table(by time)

		cab_type	Values							
		Lyft			Uber					
hour_of_day	AVERAGE of final_price		COUNTA of final_price	SUM of final_price	AVERAGE of final_price	COUNTA of fina	SUM of final_pri	AVGPRICE DIFF(Uber-Lyft)	COUNT DIFF(Uber-Lyft)	SUM PRICE DIFF(Uber-Lyft)
	3	\$22.21	43	\$955	\$16.56	41	\$679	-\$5.65	-2	-\$270
	4	\$18.56	168	\$3,117	\$15.43	252	\$3,889	-\$3.12	84	\$77
	5	\$18.39	296	\$5,444	\$15.34	376	\$5,768	-\$3.05	80	\$323
	6	\$18.33	719	\$13,180	\$15.33	877	\$13,442	-\$3.00	158	\$262
	7	\$17.28	461	\$7,966	\$15.26	547	\$8,346	-\$2.02	86	\$380
	8	\$17.58	121	\$2,127	\$15.11	131	\$1,979	-\$2.47	10	-\$148
	9	\$18.50	738	\$13,650	\$14.97	933	\$13,969	-\$3.52	195	\$319
	10	\$19.14	753	\$14,416	\$15.88	927	\$14,717	-\$3.27	174	\$30
	11	\$18.11	756	\$13,688	\$15.11	924	\$13,958	-\$3.00	168	\$270
	12	\$17.33	734	\$12,719	\$15.18	946	\$14,358	-\$2.15	212	\$1,638
	13	\$18.84	759	\$14,298	\$15.43	921	\$14,210	-\$3.41	162	-\$88
	14	\$17.71	697	\$12,342	\$14.88	983	\$14,626	-\$2.83	286	\$2,284
	15	\$18.46	746	\$13,768	\$15.57	934	\$14,540	-\$2.89	188	\$77
	16	\$18.81	756	\$14,219	\$15.54	924	\$14,364	-\$3.26	168	\$144
	17	\$17.44	788	\$13,743	\$15.89	892	\$14,171	-\$1.55	104	\$428
	18	\$17.31	740	\$12,807	\$15.24	940	\$14,329	-\$2.06	200	\$1,522
	19	\$19.07	754	\$14,378	\$15.40	926	\$14,258	-\$3.67	172	-\$120
	20	\$17.86	739	\$13,198	\$15.25	941	\$14,352	-\$2.61	202	\$1,154
	21	\$18.59	736	\$13,681	\$14.99	944	\$14,151	-\$3.60	208	\$47
	22	\$17.60	1,135	\$19,974	\$15.33	1469	\$22,524	-\$2.27	334	\$2,550
	23	\$18.35	1,361	\$24,974	\$15.29	1759	\$26,899	-\$3.06	398	\$1,92

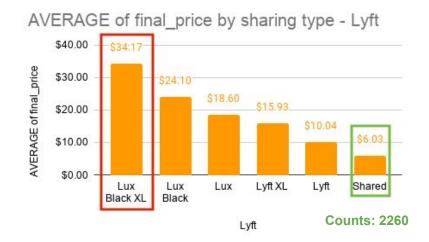


### **Appendix 4 - Analysis in Excel**

By cab\_type & sharing\_type:



- Lyft's most expensive sharing type is about \$4 more than Uber's most expensive type, Lyft Black XL has fewer rides, but around \$4,500 more in revenue.
- Lyft's cheapest sharing type is \$2.7 cheaper, UberPool has more rides and around \$8,000 more in revenue.



Counts: 2337

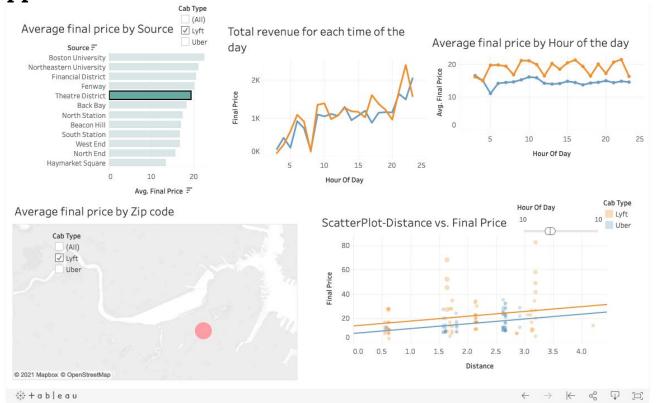


## **Appendix 5 - Learnings From Tableau**



Lyft's average final price is higher, revenue is higher as well at each time slot.

**Appendix 6 - "Theatre District"** 





### **Appendix 7 - Lyft Driver Stats**

- The vast majority of Lyft drivers (95%) drive for less than 20 hours per week.
- 96% of Lyft drivers work or study alongside their job as a driver.
- 15% of Lyft drivers are business owners. A further 12% are students.
- More than half of Lyft drivers (51%) also use other ride sharing platforms. 38% work on delivery platforms.

Source: Lyft.