Use the Group Clause to Produce Grouped Collections



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Grouping data

Two different syntaxes

Use order by two different ways

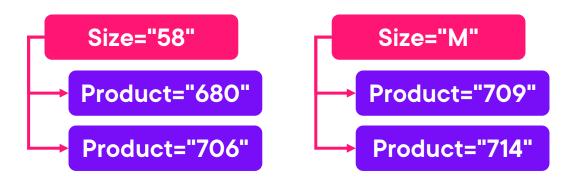
Simulate a SQL HAVING clause

Create grouped subqueries

Group By



Group Products by Size





Grouping

Use 'group' and 'by' keywords

Group by a property in object

Can order by the same property







Group by

Demo



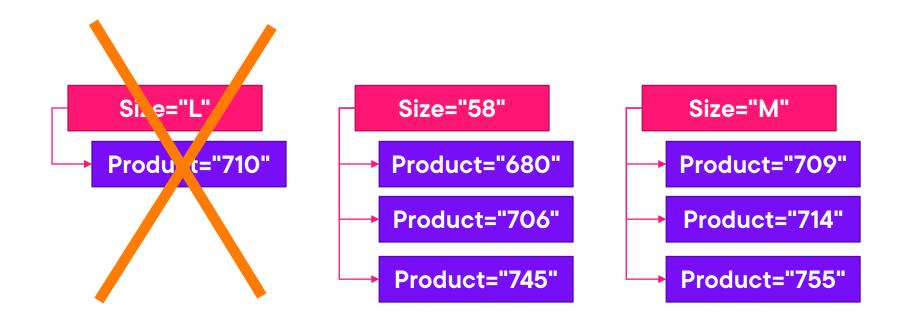
Order by 'Key' property

Query syntax uses 'into' and 'select'

Filter Grouped Data

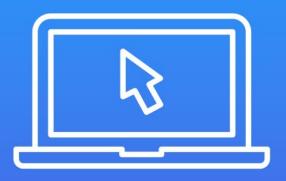


Group Products by Size Where > 2









Using the where expression

Grouped Subquery



Creating a Subquery

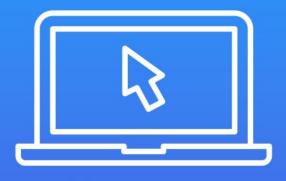
Create a collection of Products for a Sale

Similar to the GroupJoin()

Add another LINQ query within select







Grouped subquery

Simulate Distinct()



Simulate Distinct

Get back distinct colors

Use group by

Combined with FirstOrDefault()







Simulate Distinct

Module Summary



Group by creates a one -to-many structure

Order by is optional

Can order before grouping or after

Filter grouped data using where expression

Build your own grouped subquery

Simulate distinct

Up Next:

Aggregate Data in Collections

