

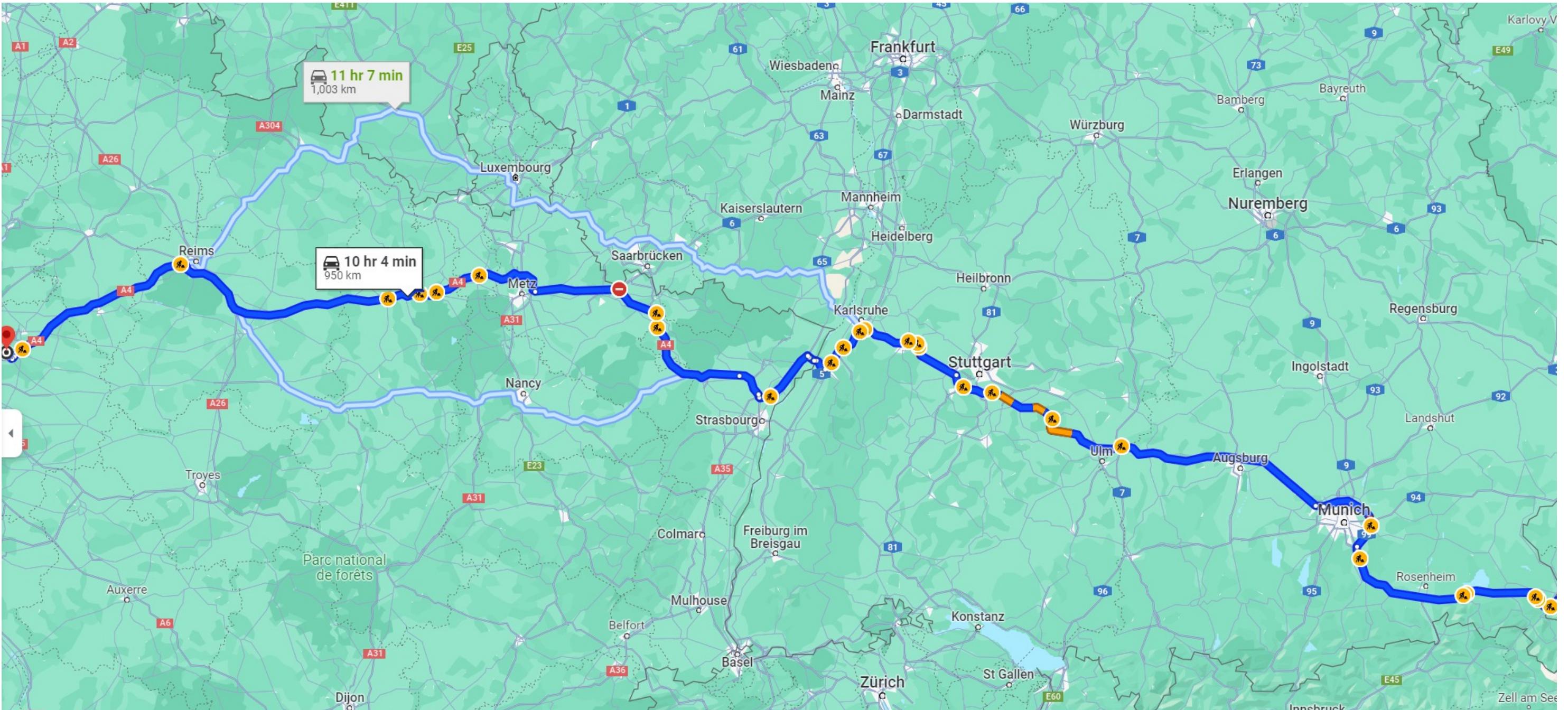
Understanding Plan Reuse and Plan Cache



Nikola Ilic

Data Mozart

@DataMozart | www.data-mozart.com



Salzburg -> Paris



**Plan cache is the area
where the SQL Server
stores execution plans**



Overview



Ad-hoc vs prepared workloads

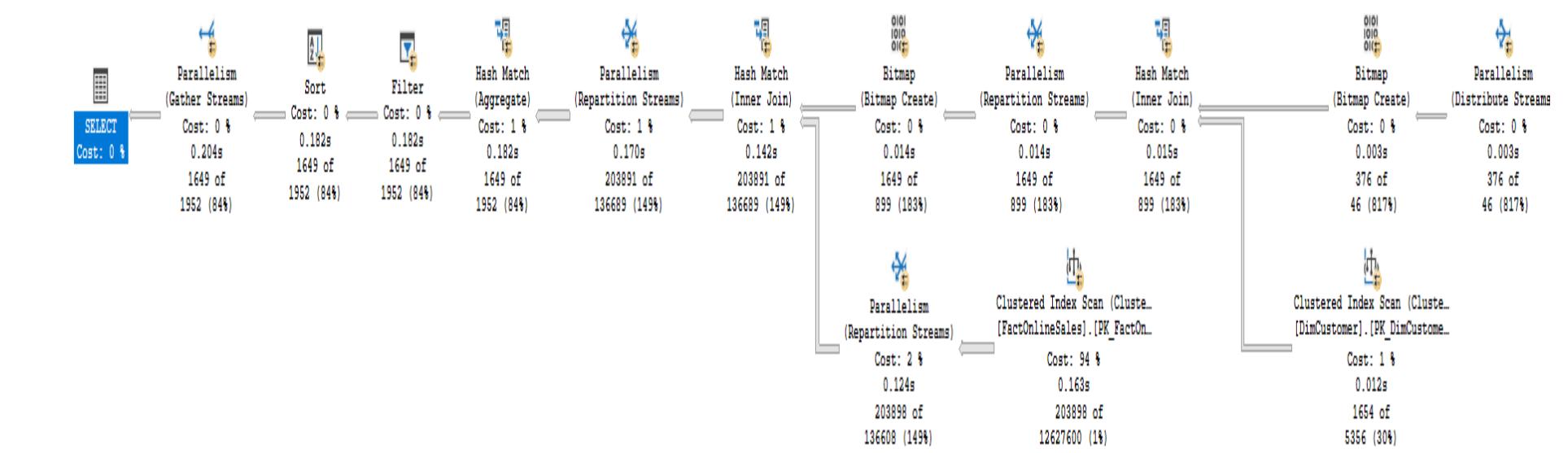
**Query plan cache to obtain information
about execution plans**



How Query Caching Works?

```
SELECT cu.FirstName  
      , cu.LastName  
      , geo.RegionCountryName AS country  
      , geo.CityName AS city  
      , SUM(fso.SalesAmount) AS salesAmount  
  FROM dbo.FactOnlineSales AS fso  
    INNER JOIN dbo.DimCustomer AS cu ON cu.CustomerKey = fso.CustomerKey  
    --INNER JOIN dbo.DimProduct AS pr ON pr.ProductKey = fso.ProductKey  
    INNER JOIN dbo.DimGeography AS geo ON geo.GeographyKey = cu.GeographyKey  
 WHERE cu.Education = 'Bachelors'  
   AND geo.RegionCountryName = 'Australia'  
 GROUP BY cu.CustomerKey  
      , cu.FirstName  
      , cu.LastName  
      , geo.RegionCountryName  
      , geo.CityName  
 HAVING SUM(fso.SalesAmount) > 100  
 ORDER BY salesAmount DESC
```

Plan Cache



Query optimization



**Retrieve only the data you
need and only when you
need it!**



Ad-Hoc Workloads in SQL Server

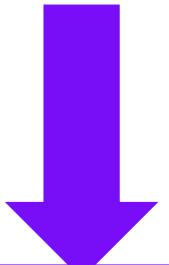
Executing the query without parameters

```
SELECT cu.FirstName  
      , cu.LastName  
      , geo.RegionCountryName AS country  
      , geo.CityName AS city  
      , SUM(fso.SalesAmount) AS salesAmount  
  FROM dbo.FactOnlineSales AS fso  
    INNER JOIN dbo.DimCustomer AS cu ON cu.CustomerKey = fso.CustomerKey  
    --INNER JOIN dbo.DimProduct AS pr ON pr.ProductKey = fso.ProductKey  
    INNER JOIN dbo.DimGeography AS geo ON geo.GeographyKey = cu.GeographyKey  
 WHERE cu.Education = 'Bachelors'  
       AND geo.RegionCountryName = 'Australia'  
 GROUP BY cu.CustomerKey  
      , cu.FirstName  
      , cu.LastName  
      , geo.RegionCountryName  
      , geo.CityName  
 HAVING SUM(fso.SalesAmount) > 100  
 ORDER BY salesAmount DESC
```



Execution plan A

```
SELECT cu.FirstName  
      , cu.LastName  
      , geo.RegionCountryName AS country  
      , geo.CityName AS city  
      , SUM(fso.SalesAmount) AS salesAmount  
  FROM dbo.FactOnlineSales AS fso  
    INNER JOIN dbo.DimCustomer AS cu ON cu.CustomerKey = fso.CustomerKey  
    --INNER JOIN dbo.DimProduct AS pr ON pr.ProductKey = fso.ProductKey  
    INNER JOIN dbo.DimGeography AS geo ON geo.GeographyKey = cu.GeographyKey  
 WHERE cu.Education = 'High School'  
       AND geo.RegionCountryName = 'Germany'  
 GROUP BY cu.CustomerKey  
      , cu.FirstName  
      , cu.LastName  
      , geo.RegionCountryName  
      , geo.CityName  
 HAVING SUM(fso.SalesAmount) > 1000  
 ORDER BY salesAmount DESC
```



Execution plan B



Ad-Hoc Workloads in SQL Server

Executing the query without parameters

```
SELECT cu.FirstName  
      , cu.LastName  
      , geo.RegionCountryName AS country  
      , geo.CityName AS city  
      , SUM(fso.SalesAmount) AS salesAmount  
  FROM dbo.FactOnlineSales AS fso  
    INNER JOIN dbo.DimCustomer AS cu ON cu.CustomerKey = fso.CustomerKey  
    --INNER JOIN dbo.DimProduct AS pr ON pr.ProductKey = fso.ProductKey  
    INNER JOIN dbo.DimGeography AS geo ON geo.GeographyKey = cu.GeographyKey  
 WHERE cu.Education = 'Bachelors'  
       AND geo.RegionCountryName = 'Australia'  
 GROUP BY cu.CustomerKey  
      , cu.FirstName  
      , cu.LastName  
      , geo.RegionCountryName  
      , geo.CityName  
 HAVING SUM(fso.SalesAmount) > 100  
 ORDER BY salesAmount DESC
```

```
SELECT cu.FirstName  
      , cu.LastName  
      , geo.RegionCountryName AS country  
      , geo.CityName AS city  
      , SUM(fso.SalesAmount) AS salesAmount  
  FROM dbo.FactOnlineSales AS fso  
    INNER JOIN dbo.DimCustomer AS cu ON cu.CustomerKey = fso.CustomerKey  
    --INNER JOIN dbo.DimProduct AS pr ON pr.ProductKey = fso.ProductKey  
    INNER JOIN dbo.DimGeography AS geo ON geo.GeographyKey = cu.GeographyKey  
 WHERE cu.Education = 'High School'  
       AND geo.RegionCountryName = 'Germany'  
 GROUP BY cu.CustomerKey  
      , cu.FirstName  
      , cu.LastName  
      , geo.RegionCountryName  
      , geo.CityName  
 HAVING SUM(fso.SalesAmount) > 1000  
 ORDER BY salesAmount DESC
```

Optimize For Ad Hoc workload



Prepared Workloads in SQL Server

Parameters as a fundamental part

Change the query results without changing the query code

Stored procedures

Encapsulate one or more statements to accept user-defined parameters

`sp_executesql`

Executes a T-SQL statement which is not defined as a stored procedure



Clearing the Query Cache



DBCC FREEPROCCACHE
All plans on all the databases on
the server
BE CAREFUL!!!

**ALTER DATABASE SCOPED
CONFIGURATION CLEAR
PROCEDURE_CACHE**
All plans in the scope of an
individual database



Execution Plan Caching Best Practices



Use explicit parameters in queries

Leverage stored procedures...

...or `sp_executesql` as an alternative

Avoid ad-hoc queries

- Almost impossible plan reuse

Enable Optimize For Ad Hoc



Demo



Query plan cache with SSMS

- Understand different information from the cache

Plan cache behavior for ad-hoc vs prepared workloads



Summary



Query optimization is an expensive process

Filter your data!

Ad-hoc queries don't include parameters

Prepared workloads rely on parameters

- Stored procedures
- sp_executesql

Be careful when clearing the query cache!



Up Next:

Understanding Indexing and Statistics

