

P1. Knockout Forward Contract

$$V(T) = (S(T) - K) \mathbb{1}_{\{S(T) \geq H\}}$$

$$V(t) = P(t, T) \mathbb{E}_t[V(T)]$$

$$= e^{-r(T-t)} \mathbb{E}_t[\mathbb{E}_{T_1}[(S(T) - K) \mathbb{1}_{\{S(T) \geq H\}}]] \quad \text{using tower property}$$

$$= e^{-r(T-t)} \mathbb{E}_t[(e^{(r-q)(T-T_1)} S(T_1) - K) \mathbb{1}_{\{S(T_1) \geq H\}}]$$

$$= e^{-r(T-t)} \left\{ e^{(r-q)(T-T_1)} \mathbb{E}_t[S(T_1) \mathbb{1}_{\{S(T_1) \geq H\}}] - K \mathbb{E}_t[\mathbb{1}_{\{S(T_1) \geq H\}}] \right\}$$

$$= e^{-r(T-t)} \left\{ e^{(r-q)(T-T_1)} \underbrace{\mathbb{E}_t[(S(T_1) - H)^+]}_{\text{European call}} + (e^{(r-q)(T-T_1)} H - K) \underbrace{\mathbb{E}_t[\mathbb{1}_{\{S(T_1) \geq H\}}]}_{\text{digital option}} \right\}$$

$$= e^{-r(T-t)} \left\{ e^{(r-q)(T-T_1)} \left[e^{-q(T_1-t)} S(t) N(d_1) - e^{-r(T_1-t)} H N(d_2) \right] + (e^{(r-q)(T-T_1)} H - K) e^{-r(T_1-t)} N(d_2) \right\}$$

$$\text{where } d_1 = \frac{\ln \frac{F(t, T_1)}{K}}{\sigma \sqrt{T_1 - t}} + \frac{1}{2} \sigma \sqrt{T_1 - t} \quad d_2 = d_1 - \sigma \sqrt{T_1 - t}$$

P2. Squared Call and Put

$$(eq. 10) \quad dS(t) = (r-q)S(t)dt + \sigma S(t)dW(t)$$

$$(eq. 16) \quad S(T) = S(t) e^{(r-q-\frac{1}{2}\sigma^2)(T-t) + \sigma W(t,T)}$$

I. Squared Call

$$C(T) = \frac{1}{K} (S(T)-K)^2 \Theta(S(T)-K)$$

$$C(t) = e^{-r(T-t)} \mathbb{E}_t \left[\frac{1}{K} (S(T)-K)^2 \Theta(S(T)-K) \right] \quad \swarrow \text{sub in (eq. 16)}$$

$$= e^{-r(T-t)} \mathbb{E}_t \left[\frac{1}{K} \left[S(t)^2 e^{2(r-q-\frac{1}{2}\sigma^2)(T-t) + 2\sigma W(t,T)} - 2S(T)K + K^2 \right] \Theta(S(T)-K) \right]$$

$$= e^{-r(T-t)} \frac{1}{K} \mathbb{E}_t \left[\left(S(t)^2 e^{2(r-q-\frac{1}{2}\sigma^2)(T-t) + 2\sigma W(t,T)} - 2K(S(T)-K) - K^2 \right) \Theta(S(T)-K) \right]$$

$$= e^{-r(T-t)} \frac{1}{K} \left\{ \underbrace{e^{2(r-q-\frac{1}{2}\sigma^2)(T-t)} S(t)^2 \mathbb{E}_t [e^{2\sigma W(t,T)} \Theta(S(T)-K)]}_{\textcircled{A}} \right. \\ \left. - \underbrace{2K \mathbb{E}_t [(S(T)-K) \Theta(S(T)-K)]}_{\textcircled{B} \text{ call}} - \underbrace{K^2 \mathbb{E}_t [\Theta(S(T)-K)]}_{\textcircled{C} \text{ digital option}} \right\} \quad (1)$$

To compute $\mathbb{E}_t [e^{2\sigma W(t,T)} \Theta(S(T)-K)]$

$$S(T) \geq K \rightarrow W(t,T) \geq -\frac{1}{\sigma} \ln \frac{S(t)}{K} - \frac{1}{\sigma} (r-q-\frac{1}{2}\sigma^2)(T-t) := x$$

$$\mathbb{E}_t [e^{2\sigma W(t,T)} \Theta(S(T)-K)] = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi(T-t)}} \int_x^\infty e^{-w^2/2(T-t) + 2\sigma w} dw \quad (2)$$

completing square

$$\exp(-w^2/2(T-t) + 2\sigma w)$$

$$= \exp\left(-\frac{1}{2(T-t)} (w^2 - 4(T-t)\sigma w + 4(T-t)^2\sigma^2) + 2(T-t)\sigma^2\right)$$

$$= \exp(2(T-t)\sigma^2) \exp\left[-\frac{1}{2(T-t)} (w - 2(T-t)\sigma)^2\right]$$

$$\text{let } z = \frac{w}{\sqrt{T-t}} - \frac{2\sigma\sqrt{T-t}}{1}, \quad dz = \frac{1}{\sqrt{T-t}} dw$$

$$= \exp(2(T-t)\sigma^2) \exp\left(-\frac{z^2}{2}\right)$$

$$\therefore (2) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} e^{2(r-q+\frac{1}{2}\sigma^2)(T-t)} \int_{-m}^{\infty} e^{-z^2/2} dz$$

$$\therefore (A) = e^{2(r-q+\frac{1}{2}\sigma^2)(T-t)} \frac{S(t)^2}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \int_{-m}^{\infty} e^{-z^2/2} dz$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{where } m = -z(w=x) &= -\frac{1}{\sigma\sqrt{T-t}} \left(-\frac{1}{\sigma} \ln \frac{S(T)}{K} - \frac{1}{\sigma} (r-q-\frac{1}{2}\sigma^2)(T-t) \right) + 2\sigma\sqrt{T-t} \\ &= \frac{\ln S(T)/K + (r-q)(T-t)}{\sigma\sqrt{T-t}} + \frac{3}{2}\sigma\sqrt{T-t} \\ &= d_1 + \sigma\sqrt{T-t} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} &= e^{2(r-q+\frac{1}{2}\sigma^2)(T-t)} \frac{S(t)^2}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \int_{-d_1-\sigma\sqrt{T-t}}^{\infty} e^{-z^2/2} dz \\ &= e^{2(r-q+\frac{1}{2}\sigma^2)(T-t)} \frac{S(t)^2}{\sqrt{2\pi}} N(d_1 + \sigma\sqrt{T-t}) \end{aligned}$$

$$(B) = -2K [e^{-q(T-t)} S(t) N(d_1) - e^{-r(T-t)} K N(d_2)]$$

$$(C) = -K^2 e^{-r(T-t)} N(d_2)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \therefore C(t) &= e^{-r(T-t)} \frac{1}{K} \left\{ e^{2(r-q+\frac{1}{2}\sigma^2)(T-t)} \frac{S(t)^2}{\sqrt{2\pi}} N(d_1 + \sigma\sqrt{T-t}) \right. \\ &\quad \left. - 2K [e^{-q(T-t)} S(t) N(d_1) - e^{-r(T-t)} K N(d_2)] \right. \\ &\quad \left. - K^2 e^{-r(T-t)} N(d_2) \right\} \end{aligned}$$

II. Squared Put

$$P(T) = \frac{1}{K} (S(T) - K)^2 \Theta(K - S(T))$$

$$p(t) = e^{-r(T-t)} \mathbb{E}_t [P(T)]$$

$$= e^{-r(T-t)} \mathbb{E}_t \left[\frac{1}{K} [S(T)^2 - 2KS(T) + K^2] \Theta(K - S(T)) \right]$$

$$= e^{-r(T-t)} \frac{1}{K} \mathbb{E}_t \left[\frac{S(t)^2}{\sqrt{2\pi}} e^{\frac{2(r-q-\frac{1}{2}\sigma^2)(T-t)}{\sigma\sqrt{T-t}} + 2\sigma W(t,T)} + 2K(K - S(T)) - K^2 \right] \Theta(K - S(T))$$

$$= e^{-r(T-t)} \frac{1}{K} \left\{ \underbrace{S^2(t) e^{2(r-q-\frac{1}{2}\sigma^2)(T-t)} \mathbb{E}_t[e^{2\sigma W(t,T)} \Theta(K-S(T))]}_{\textcircled{C}} \right. \\ \left. + \underbrace{2K \mathbb{E}_t[(K-S(T)) \Theta(K-S(T))]}_{\textcircled{D} \text{ put}} - \underbrace{K^2 \mathbb{E}_t[\Theta(K-S(T))]}_{\textcircled{E} \text{ digital option}} \right\}$$

$$K \geq S(T) \rightarrow K \geq S(t) e^{(r-q-\frac{\sigma^2}{2})(T-t) + \sigma W(t,T)} \\ W(t,T) \leq -\frac{1}{\sigma} \ln \frac{S(T)}{K} - \frac{1}{\sigma} (r-q-\frac{\sigma^2}{2})(T-t) := X$$

$$\mathbb{E}_t[e^{2\sigma W(t,T)} \Theta(K-S(T))] = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi(T-t)}} \int_{-\infty}^X e^{-\frac{w^2}{2(T-t)} + 2\sigma w} dw \\ = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} e^{\frac{2(T-t)\sigma^2}{2}} \int_{-\infty}^{-d_1 - \sigma\sqrt{T-t}} e^{-\frac{z^2}{2}} dz \\ = e^{\frac{2(T-t)\sigma^2}{2}} N(-d_1 - \sigma\sqrt{T-t})$$

$$\therefore \textcircled{C} = S^2(t) e^{2(r-q+\frac{1}{2}\sigma^2)(T-t)} N(-d_1 - \sigma\sqrt{T-t})$$

$$\textcircled{D} = 2K [-e^{-q(T-t)} S(t) N(-d_1) + e^{-r(T-t)} K N(-d_2)]$$

$$\textcircled{E} = -K^2 [e^{-r(T-t)} N(-d_2)]$$

$$\therefore P(t) = e^{-r(T-t)} \frac{1}{K} \left\{ S^2(t) e^{2(r-q+\frac{1}{2}\sigma^2)(T-t)} N(-d_1 - \sigma\sqrt{T-t}) \right. \\ \left. + 2K [-e^{-q(T-t)} S(t) N(-d_1) + e^{-r(T-t)} K N(-d_2)] \right. \\ \left. - K^2 [e^{-r(T-t)} N(-d_2)] \right\}$$