Pareto Type 2 with fix k

2022-10-13

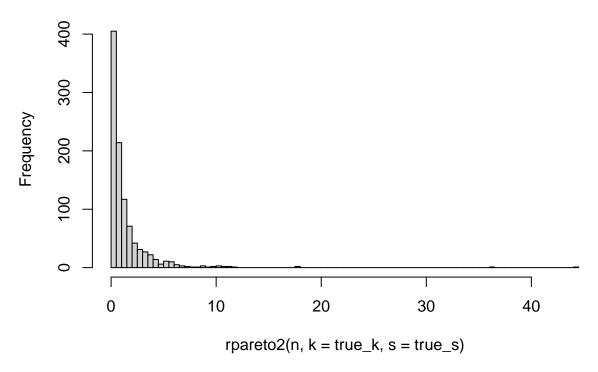
Simulate Data

Hazard rate for Lomax(pareto 2) distribution is $S(x) = \frac{k}{s+x}$, where s is a vector of scale parameters and k is a vector of shape parameters.

```
knitr::opts_chunk$set(echo = TRUE)
#install.packages("truncdist")
library(survival)
library(truncdist)
## Loading required package: stats4
## Loading required package: evd
set.seed(3)
#install.packages("agop")
# type-II Pareto is the true distribution (the one that generate data)
library("agop")
n <- 1000
A \leftarrow rbinom(n, 1, .5)
X <- model.matrix(~ A)</pre>
true_beta <- matrix(c(-.5, .2), ncol=1)</pre>
true_mu <- X %*% true_beta</pre>
true s = 3
true_k <- exp(-1*true_mu*true_s)</pre>
```

hist(rpareto2(n, k=true_k, s=true_s), breaks=100)

Histogram of rpareto2(n, k = true_k, s = true_s)



```
# simulate censoring and survival times
survt = rpareto2(n, k=true_k, s = true_s)
cent = rpareto2(n, k=true_k, s = true_s)

## observed data:
#censoring indicator
delta <- cent < survt
survt[delta==1] <- cent[delta==1] # censor survival time.

# survt_all will combine observed and imputed survival times.
survt_all <- survt

# count number of missing/censored survival times
n_miss <- sum(delta)
row_miss <- c(1:n)[delta] # index for which rows are censored</pre>
```

Functions

```
log_post_beta <- function(beta, log_s, X, survt){
    s <- exp(log_s)
    mu <- X %*% beta
    k <- exp(-1*mu*s)

lik <- sum(log(dpareto2(survt, k = k, s = s)))
    pr <- dexp(x = s, rate = 1, log = T)
    return(lik + pr)</pre>
```

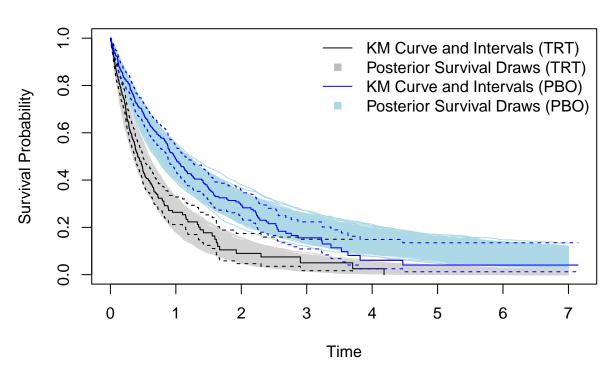
```
log_post_s <- function(log_s, beta, X, survt){</pre>
  s \leftarrow exp(log_s)
  mu <- X %*% beta
  k \leftarrow \exp(-1*mu*s)
  lik \leftarrow sum(log(dpareto2(survt, k = k, s = s)))
  pr \leftarrow dexp(x = s, rate = 1, log = T)
  return(lik + pr)
}
metrop_hastings<-function(x_0, iter=1, log_post_density,</pre>
                            proposal_dist = function(x, prop_sigma){
                              MASS::mvrnorm(1, mu = x, Sigma = prop_sigma )
                            lower=-Inf, upper=Inf, prop_sigma,
                            ...){
  for(i in 1:iter){
    # draw from proposal distribution
    x_star <- proposal_dist(x_0, prop_sigma)</pre>
    # calculate ratio of conditional posterior densities
    r_num <- do.call(log_post_density, c(list(x_star), list(...)) )</pre>
    r_denom <- do.call(log_post_density, c(list(x_0), list(...)) )</pre>
    r <- exp(r_num - r_denom)
    rmin<-min(r,1)</pre>
    if(is.na(rmin)) browser()
    # accept / reject proposal
    if(rbinom(1,1,rmin)==1){
      x_0<-x_star
    }
  }
  res < -list(x_0 = x_0, accept_prob = rmin)
  return(res)
rpareto2_trunc <- function(n, a, k, s) {</pre>
  # range is a vector of two values
 F.a \leftarrow ppareto2(a, k=k, s = s)
  F.b <- 1
  u \leftarrow runif(n, min = F.a, max = F.b)
  qpareto2(u, k=k, s=s)
```

Run Augmented Sampler Accounting for Censoring

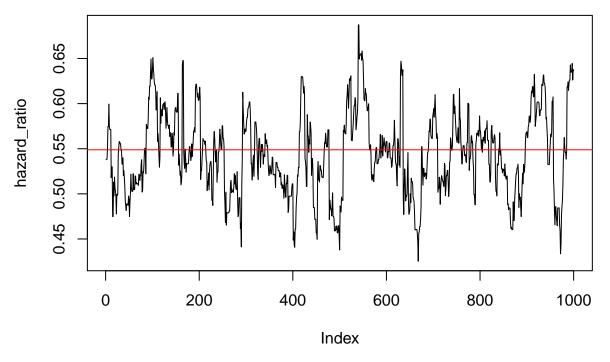
```
iter <- 10000 # number of gibbs iterations</pre>
burnin <- 9000 # burn-in iterations
# shells for storing parameters
hazard_ratio <- numeric(iter - burnin)</pre>
# initial values
beta_shell <- matrix(c(0,0), ncol=1)
l_s_hell \leftarrow c(0)
prop_covar \leftarrow diag(c(.01,.01))
# plot stratified Kaplan-Meier
par(mfrow=c(1,1))
plot(survfit(Surv(survt, 1-delta) ~ A),conf.int = F, col=c('blue','red'),
     xlab=c('Time'),ylab='Survival Probability',
     main = 'Data augmentation with all subjects')
for(i in 2:iter){
  ## sample from posterior of parameters,
  ## conditional on observed and missing survival times
  # metrop hastings() is a custom function for generating a draw
  # from conditional posterior of beta: log_post_beta
  beta_shell <- metrop_hastings(x_0 = beta_shell,</pre>
                                  iter = 1,
                                  log_post_density = log_post_beta,
                                  prop_sigma = prop_covar,
                                  X=X, survt=survt all,
                                  log_s=l_s_shell)$x_0
  # sample from conditional posterior of alpha: log_post_s
  l_s\_shell \leftarrow metrop\_hastings(x\_0 = l_s\_shell,
                                 iter = 1,
                                log_post_density = log_post_s,
                                 prop_sigma = matrix(.002),
                                X=X, survt=survt_all,
                                 beta=beta_shell)$x_0
  ## sample from conditional posterior of missing survival times
  mu_curr <- X %*% beta_shell</pre>
  s_curr <- exp(l_s_shell)</pre>
  for(m in row_miss){
    k_curr <- exp(-1*mu_curr[m]*s_curr)</pre>
    survt_all[m] <- rpareto2_trunc(1, survt[m], k_curr, s_curr)</pre>
  }
  if(i>burnin){
    # plot 500 posterior survival curve draws for treated and placebo
    mu_trt <- sum(beta_shell)</pre>
```

```
mu_pbo <- beta_shell[1]</pre>
    post_draw <- rpareto2(n, k = exp(-1*mu_trt*s_curr), s = s_curr )</pre>
    post_ecdf <- ecdf(post_draw)</pre>
    curve(1-post_ecdf(x), add=T, from=0, to=7, col='lightblue')
    post_draw \leftarrow rpareto2(n, k = exp(-1*mu_pbo*s_curr), s = s_curr)
    post ecdf <- ecdf(post draw)</pre>
    curve(1-post_ecdf(x), add=T, from=0, to=7, col='lightgray')
    # store hazard ratio
    hazard_ratio[i-burnin] <- exp(-beta_shell[2]*s_curr)</pre>
  }
}
# overlay KM curve and plot legend
lines(survfit(Surv(survt, 1-delta) ~ A),conf.int = T, col=c('black','blue'))
legend('topright',
       legend = c('KM Curve and Intervals (TRT)',
                   'Posterior Survival Draws (TRT)',
                   'KM Curve and Intervals (PBO)',
                   'Posterior Survival Draws (PBO)'),
       col=c('black','gray','blue','lightblue'),
       lty=c(1,0,1,0), pch=c(NA,15,NA,15), bty='n')
```

Data augmentation with all subjects



```
plot(hazard_ratio, type='l')
abline(h=exp(-true_beta[2]*true_s), col='red')
```



hist(hazard_ratio)
abline(v=exp(-true_beta[2]*true_s), col='red')

Histogram of hazard_ratio

