内核裁剪

RealTouch 评估板 RT-Thread 入门文档

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修订记录

日期	作者	修订历史
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实验目的

□ 因为 RT-Thread 拥有高度可裁剪性,我们尝试一下可以它到底可以裁到多小

硬件说明

本实验使用 RT-Thread 官方的 Realtouch 开发板作为实验平台。涉及 到的硬件主要为

□ 无,本实验只涉及编译,当然在板上验证正确性也是可以的

实验原理及程序结构

关于内核裁剪的内容,也可以参考wiki:

http://www.rt-thread.org/dokuwiki/doku.php?id=rt-thread%E8%A3%81%E5%89%AA%E7%A4%BA%E4%BE%8B

实验设计

本实验的主要设计目的是通过修改 rt_config. h 文件,来尝试可以达到的最小裁剪尺寸。请读者注意,本实验本身不具有实际的工程参考价值,只是帮助读者快速了解相关 API 的用法。

源程序说明

本实验对应 xxxxxx

系统依赖

因为是为了裁剪, 所以在 rtconfig. h 中不需要特意开启任何项目

主程序说明以及相关编译结果

首先我们看看默认的 rtconfig.h 中内容。

```
/* RT-Thread config file */
#ifndef __RTTHREAD_CFG_H__
#define __RTTHREAD_CFG_H__
//#define RT_USING_NEWLIB
```

```
/* RT NAME MAX*/
#define RT NAME MAX
/* RT ALIGN SIZE*/
#define RT ALIGN SIZE 8
/* PRIORITY MAX */
#define RT THREAD PRIORITY MAX 32
/* Tick per Second */
#define RT TICK PER SECOND 100
/* SECTION: RT DEBUG */
/* Thread Debug */
#define RT_DEBUG
#define RT_USING_OVERFLOW_CHECK
/* Using Hook */
#define RT USING HOOK
#define IDLE_THREAD_STACK_SIZE 1024
/* Using Software Timer */
/* #define RT USING TIMER SOFT */
#define RT_TIMER_THREAD_PRIO
#define RT TIMER THREAD STACK SIZE
                                       512
#define RT_TIMER_TICK_PER_SECOND 10
/* SECTION: IPC */
/* Using Semaphore*/
#define RT_USING_SEMAPHORE
/* Using Mutex */
#define RT USING MUTEX
/* Using Event */
#define RT USING EVENT
/* Using MailBox */
#define RT USING MAILBOX
/* Using Message Queue */
#define RT USING MESSAGEQUEUE
```

```
/* SECTION: Memory Management */
/* Using Memory Pool Management*/
#define RT USING MEMPOOL
/* Using Dynamic Heap Management */
#define RT USING HEAP
/* Using Small MM */
#define RT USING SMALL MEM
/* SECTION: Device System */
/* Using Device System */
#define RT USING DEVICE
#define RT USING SERIAL
/* SECTION: Console options */
#define RT USING CONSOLE
/* the buffer size of console*/
#define RT CONSOLEBUF SIZE128
/* console name */
#define RT CONSOLE DEVICE NAME "uart3"
#define RT USING COMPONENTS INIT
/* SECTION: finsh, a C-Express shell */
#define RT USING FINSH
/* Using symbol table */
#define FINSH USING SYMTAB
#define FINSH USING DESCRIPTION
/* SECTION: device filesystem */
/* #define RT_USING_DFS */
//#define RT USING DFS ELMFAT
#define RT DFS ELM WORD ACCESS
/* Reentrancy (thread safe) of the FatFs module. */
#define RT_DFS_ELM_REENTRANT
/* Number of volumes (logical drives) to be used. */
#define RT DFS ELM DRIVES
                                             1 */
/* #define RT DFS ELM USE LFN
#define RT DFS ELM MAX LFN
                                       255
/* Maximum sector size to be handled. */
#define RT DFS ELM MAX SECTOR SIZE 512
```

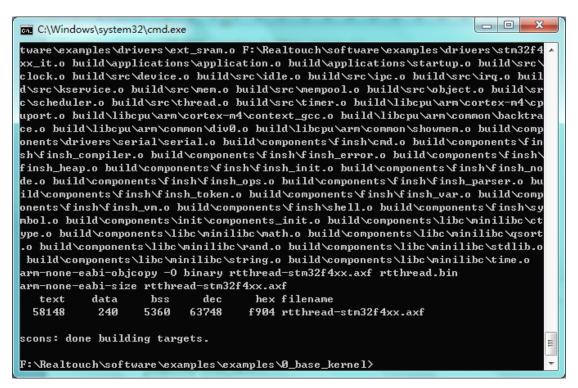
```
/* the max number of mounted filesystem */
#define DFS FILESYSTEMS MAX
                                               2
                                               * /
/* the max number of opened files
#define DFS FD MAX
                                               4
/* SECTION: lwip, a lighwight TCP/IP protocol stack */
//#define RT USING LWIP
/* LwIP uses RT-Thread Memory Management */
#define RT LWIP USING RT MEM
/* Enable ICMP protocol*/
#define RT LWIP ICMP
/* Enable UDP protocol*/
#define RT LWIP UDP
/* Enable TCP protocol*/
#define RT LWIP TCP
/* Enable DNS */
#define RT LWIP DNS
/* the number of simulatenously active TCP connections*/
#define RT LWIP TCP PCB NUM 5
/* ip address of target*/
#define RT LWIP IPADDR0 192
#define RT LWIP IPADDR1 168
#define RT LWIP IPADDR2 1
#define RT LWIP IPADDR3 30
/* gateway address of target*/
#define RT LWIP GWADDR0 192
#define RT LWIP GWADDR1 168
#define RT LWIP GWADDR2 1
#define RT LWIP GWADDR3 1
/* mask address of target*/
#define RT LWIP MSKADDR0 255
#define RT LWIP MSKADDR1 255
#define RT LWIP MSKADDR2 255
#define RT LWIP MSKADDR3 0
/* tcp thread options */
#define RT LWIP TCPTHREAD PRIORITY
                                              12
#define RT_LWIP_TCPTHREAD_MBOX_SIZE
#define RT LWIP TCPTHREAD STACKSIZE
                                              1024
```

```
/* ethernet if thread options */
#define RT LWIP ETHTHREAD PRIORITY
                                               15
#define RT LWIP ETHTHREAD MBOX SIZE
                                               4
#define RT LWIP ETHTHREAD STACKSIZE
                                               512
/* TCP sender buffer space */
#define RT LWIP TCP SND BUF
                               8192
/* TCP receive window. */
#define RT LWIP TCP WND
                               8192
#define CHECKSUM CHECK TCP
                                    0
#define CHECKSUM CHECK IP
#define CHECKSUM CHECK UDP
                                    0
#define CHECKSUM GEN TCP
#define CHECKSUM GEN IP
                                   0
#define CHECKSUM GEN UDP
                                    0
#endif
```

这是 keil 编译的结果:

```
compiling finsh_init.c...
compiling finsh_node.c...
compiling finsh_ops.c...
compiling finsh_parser.c...
compiling finsh_token.c...
compiling finsh_var.c...
compiling finsh_var.c...
compiling shell.c...
compiling shell.c...
compiling symbol.c...
compiling components_init.c...
linking...
Program Size: Code=52928 RO-data=4524 RW-data=432 ZI-data=6552
User command #1: fromelf --bin .\build\rtthread-stm32f4xx.axf --output rtthread.bin
```

这是 gcc 编译结果:



这时候的结果包含有一个初始化线程,接下来我们将 application. c 中这个初始化线程移除,另外的话我们要对 rt_config. h 做一次比较大的手术。参照 wiki 上项目,我们几乎见到 RT USING 字样的宏就将其注释掉,不多说,上"马":

```
/* RT-Thread config file */
#ifndef RTTHREAD CFG H
#define RTTHREAD CFG H
//#define RT USING NEWLIB
/* RT NAME MAX*/
#define RT NAME MAX
/* RT ALIGN SIZE*/
#define RT ALIGN SIZE 4
/* PRIORITY MAX */
#define RT THREAD PRIORITY MAX 8
/* Tick per Second */
#define RT TICK PER SECOND
                               100
/* SECTION: RT DEBUG */
/* Thread Debug */
//#define RT DEBUG
//#define RT USING OVERFLOW CHECK
```

```
/* Using Hook */
//#define RT USING HOOK
#define IDLE THREAD STACK SIZE 256
/* Using Software Timer */
/* #define RT USING TIMER SOFT */
#define RT TIMER THREAD PRIO
#define RT_TIMER_THREAD_STACK_SIZE 512
#define RT TIMER TICK PER SECOND 10
/* SECTION: IPC */
/* Using Semaphore*/
#define RT USING SEMAPHORE
/* Using Mutex */
#define RT USING MUTEX
/* Using Event */
#define RT USING EVENT
/* Using MailBox */
//#define RT USING MAILBOX
/* Using Message Queue */
//#define RT USING MESSAGEQUEUE
/* SECTION: Memory Management */
/* Using Memory Pool Management*/
//#define RT USING MEMPOOL
/* Using Dynamic Heap Management */
//#define RT USING HEAP
/* Using Small MM */
//#define RT_USING_SMALL_MEM
/* SECTION: Device System */
/* Using Device System */
//#define RT USING DEVICE
//#define RT_USING_SERIAL
/* SECTION: Console options */
```

```
//#define RT USING CONSOLE
/* the buffer size of console*/
#define RT CONSOLEBUF SIZE 128
/* console name */
#define RT CONSOLE DEVICE NAME "uart3"
//#define RT USING COMPONENTS INIT
/* SECTION: finsh, a C-Express shell */
//#define RT USING FINSH
/* Using symbol table */
#define FINSH USING SYMTAB
#define FINSH USING DESCRIPTION
/* SECTION: device filesystem */
/* #define RT USING DFS */
//#define RT USING DFS ELMFAT
#define RT DFS ELM WORD ACCESS
/* Reentrancy (thread safe) of the FatFs module. */
#define RT DFS ELM REENTRANT
/* Number of volumes (logical drives) to be used. */
#define RT DFS ELM DRIVES 2
/* #define RT DFS ELM USE LFN
#define RT DFS ELM MAX LFN
/* Maximum sector size to be handled. */
#define RT DFS ELM MAX SECTOR SIZE 512
/* the max number of mounted filesystem */
#define DFS FILESYSTEMS MAX
2
/* the max number of opened files
                                  * /
#define DFS FD MAX
/* SECTION: lwip, a lighwight TCP/IP protocol stack */
//#define RT USING LWIP
/* LwIP uses RT-Thread Memory Management */
#define RT LWIP USING RT MEM
/* Enable ICMP protocol*/
#define RT LWIP ICMP
/* Enable UDP protocol*/
#define RT LWIP UDP
/* Enable TCP protocol*/
#define RT LWIP TCP
/* Enable DNS */
#define RT LWIP DNS
```

```
/* the number of simulatenously active TCP
connections*/
#define RT LWIP TCP PCB NUM 5
/* ip address of target*/
#define RT LWIP IPADDR0 192
#define RT LWIP IPADDR1 168
#define RT LWIP IPADDR2 1
#define RT LWIP IPADDR3 30
/* gateway address of target*/
#define RT LWIP GWADDR0 192
#define RT LWIP GWADDR1 168
#define RT LWIP GWADDR2 1
#define RT LWIP GWADDR3 1
/* mask address of target*/
#define RT LWIP MSKADDR0 255
#define RT LWIP MSKADDR1 255
#define RT LWIP MSKADDR2 255
#define RT LWIP MSKADDR3 0
/* tcp thread options */
#define RT LWIP TCPTHREAD PRIORITY
                                    12
#define RT LWIP TCPTHREAD MBOX SIZE
#define RT_LWIP_TCPTHREAD STACKSIZE 1024
/* ethernet if thread options */
#define RT LWIP ETHTHREAD PRIORITY
                                     15
#define RT LWIP ETHTHREAD MBOX SIZE
#define RT LWIP ETHTHREAD STACKSIZE
                                      512
/* TCP sender buffer space */
#define RT LWIP TCP SND BUF 8192
/* TCP receive window. */
#define RT LWIP TCP WND 8192
#define CHECKSUM CHECK TCP
                                    0
#define CHECKSUM CHECK IP
                                     0
#define CHECKSUM CHECK UDP
#define CHECKSUM GEN TCP
                                     0
#define CHECKSUM GEN IP
                                     0
```

```
#define CHECKSUM_GEN_UDP 0
#endif
```

改完,如果你就急着编译的话,会很悲剧的出一系列错,因为我们在组织工程的时候仍旧加上了一些非必须的文件,另外在 startup. c,platform. c, board. c 中也有一些地方需要改动。

首先改动的是例程文件夹下 drivers 下的 SConscript,将其中的 usart.c 彻底去掉。

startup.c中的rt_show_version()可以去掉,另外关于heap可以加上条件编译:

```
#ifdef RT_USING_HEAP
    rt_system_heap_init((void*)STM32_SRAM_BEGIN,
(void*)STM32_SRAM_END);
#endif
```

此外,

```
#if RT_USING_DEVICE
   /* init all device */
   rt_device_init_all();
#endif
```

在 platform. c 中,

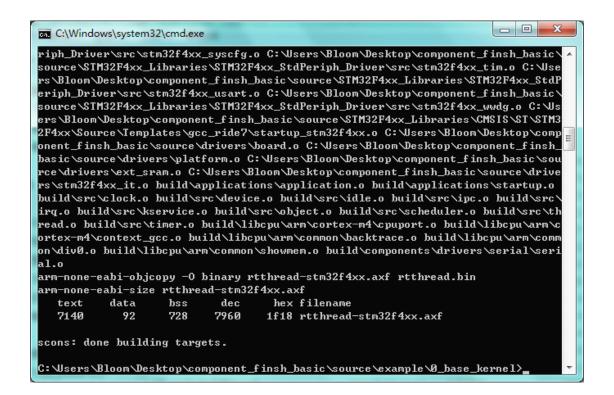
```
#ifdef RT_USING_DEVICE
    rt_device_init_all();
#endif
```

在 board. c 中, rt_hw_board_init()中相关初始化均可以注释掉, 因为我们并未用到板上资源。

根据 wiki 文档上所说的, startup_stm32f4xx. s 中的 heap 大小也可以作出调整。根据. map 文件的分析, idle 进程的 stack 大小也可以进一步缩小。

于是乎,我们可以看到:

```
compiling serial.c...
linking...
Program Size: Code=4080 RO-data=756 RW-data=152 ZI-data=1552
User command #1: fromelf --bin .\build\rtthread-stm32f4xx.axf --output rtthread.bin
".\build\rtthread-stm32f4xx.axf" - 0 Error(s), 1 Warning(s).
```



结果分析

通过裁剪, 笔者通过 mdk 现在大概得到的 flash 大小约为 6k, ram 为 1.7k。此外, 在裁剪过程中我们可以通过生成的 mdk 观察相关资源占用情况,

2965								
2966 2967	Code (i	.nc. data)	RO Data	RW Data	ZI Data	Debug	Object Name	
2968	4	0	0	0	0	490	application.o	
2969	112	14	0	0	0	25756		
2970	62	12	0	4	0	1607	clock.o	
2971	204	20	0	0	0	784	context rvds.o	
2972	300	164	0	12	0	3158	cpuport.o	
2973	136	62	0	0	0	1091	device.o	
2974	192	28	0	0	368	3378	idle.o	
2975	64	12	0	1	0	1490	irq.o	
2976	126	0	0	0	0	3130	kservice.o	
2977	132	4	0	80	0	3870	object.o	
2978	414	86	256	24	64	5308	scheduler.o	
2979	170	82	0	0	0	2019	startup.o	
2980	60	22	392	0	1024	928	startup stm32f4xx.o	
2981	220	18	76	0	0	1480	stm32f4xx exti.o	
2982	252	0	0	0	0	5381	stm32f4xx it.o	
2983	320	34	0	20	0	213801	system_stm32f4xx.o	
2984	614	32	0	0	0	7159	thread.o	
2985	400	10	0	8	0	6423	timer.o	
2986								
2987								
2988	3794	600	756	152	1456	287253	Object Totals	
2989	0	0	32	0	0	0	(incl. Generated)	
2990	12	0	0	3	0	0	(incl. Padding)	
2991								
2992								
2993								
2994	Code (i	nc. data)	RO Data	RW Data	ZT Data	Debua	Library Member Name	