RT-Thread 实时线程管理及调度

2.1

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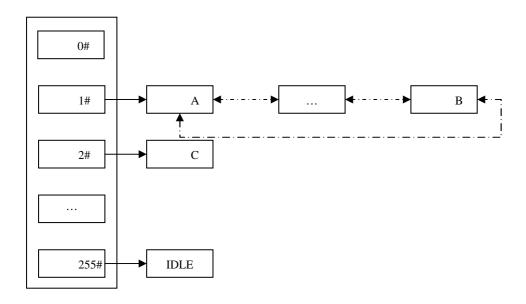
2.2

RT-Thread

256 (0 255 255 32)

RT-Thread
$$256 \\ 255 & idle \\ 1\# 2\# & A- & C & A & B & C \\ C & & A- & B \\ \hline$$

图 2-1 线程优先级队列



RT-Thread

RT-Thread

2.3

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{RT-Thread} & & \text{struct rt_thread} \\ & & \text{rt_thread_t} & & C \end{array}$$

代码 2-1 线程控制块

```
typedef struct rt_thread* rt_thread_t;
struct rt_thread
{
   /* rt object */
   char name[RT_NAME_MAX]; /* the name of thread */
   rt_uint8_t type;
                                         /* type of object */
                                         /* thread's flags */
   rt_uint8_t flags;
   rt_list_t list;
                                          /* the object list */
   rt_thread_t tid;
                                          /* the thread id */
   rt_list_t tlist;
                                          /* the thread list */
   /* stack point and entry */
   void* sp;
                                          /* stack point */
   void*
                                          /* entry */
   entry;
void* parameter;
void* stack add
              entry;
                                          /* parameter */
                                          /* stack address */
                                          /* stack size */
   rt_uint16_t stack_size;
   /* error code */
   rt_err_t error;
                                         /* error code */
   /* priority */
   rt_uint8_t current_priority;
                                         /* current priority */
                                         /* initialized priority */
   rt_uint8_t init_priority;
#if RT_THREAD_PRIORITY_MAX > 32
   rt_uint8_t number;
   rt_uint8_t high_mask;
#endif
   rt_uint32_t number_mask;
#if defined(RT_USING_EVENT) || defined(RT_USING_FASTEVENT)
   /* thread event */
   rt_uint32_t event_set;
   rt_uint8_t event_info;
#endif
   rt_uint8_t stat;
                                         /* thread stat */
   rt_ubase_t init_tick;
                                         /* thread's tick */
   rt_ubase_t remaining_tick;
                                          /* remaining tick */
   struct rt_timer thread_timer;
                                         /* thread timer */
                                         /* user data */
   rt_uint32_t user_data;
};
```

user_data

RT-Thread

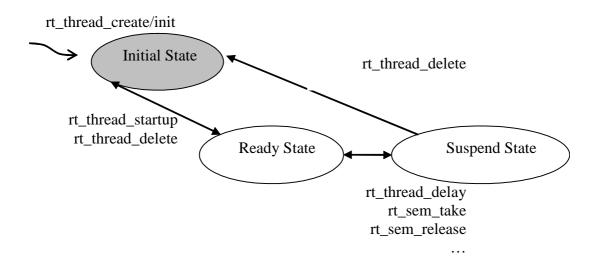
RT-Thread

RT_THREAD_INIT/CLOSE	
RT_THREAD_SUSPEND	
RT_THREAD_READY	

RT-Thread RTOS

(rt_sem_take)

图 2-2 线程状态转换图



rt_thread_create/init Initial State,
RT_THREAD_INIT rt_thread_startup Ready
State RT_THREAD_READY rt_thread_delay rt_sem_take
rt_mb_recv Suspend

```
State RT_THREAD_SUSPEND
```

2.5

RT-Thread

2.6

2.6.1

void rt_system_scheduler_init(void)

2.6.2

void rt_system_scheduler_start(void)

idle

2.6.3

void rt_schedule(void)

rt_thread_t rt_thread_create (const char* name,
 void (*entry)(void* parameter), void* parameter,
 rt_uint32_t stack_size,
 rt_uint8_t priority, rt_uint32_t tick)

RT_NAME_MAX

ARM 4

0 255

TCB

代码 2-2 创建线程

```
#include <rtthread.h>
        * /
static void entry(void* parameter)
   rt_uint32_t count = 0;
   while (1)
       rt_kprintf("count:%d\n", ++count);
       rt_thread_delay(50);
}
/*
int rt_application_init()
{
                      entry
                              * /
   rt_thread_t thread = rt_thread_create("t1",
       entry, RT_NULL,
       1024, 200, 10);
    if (thread != RT_NULL)
       rt_thread_startup(thread);
   return 0;
}
```

```
rt_thread_create
rt_err_t rt_thread_delete (rt_thread_t thread)
```

rt_thread_init

代码 2-3 删除线程

```
#include <rtthread.h>
void thread1_entry(void* parameter)
   rt_uint32_t count = 0;
   while (1)
       rt_kprintf("count:%d\n", ++count);
       rt_thread_delay(50);
    }
}
rt_uint32_t to_delete_thread1 = 0;
rt_thread_t thread1, thread2;
void thread2_entry(void* parameter)
    while (1)
    {
        if (to_delete_thread1 == 1)
            /* to_delete_thread1
                                        thread1 */
            rt_thread_delete(thread1);
                           * /
            return ;
        }
                                                        * /
        /* to_delete_thread1
                                     100
       rt_thread_delay(100);
    }
}
int rt_application_init()
{
        thread1
                   * /
    thread1 = rt_thread_create("t1",
```

```
rt_err_t rt_thread_init(struct rt_thread* thread,
    const char* name,
    void (*entry)(void* parameter), void* parameter,
    void* stack_start, rt_uint32_t stack_size,
    rt_uint8_t priority, rt_uint32_t tick);
```

代码 2-4 线程初始化

2.7.5

```
/ RT_THREAD_INIT
/
rt_err_t rt_thread_startup (rt_thread_t thread)
```

2.7.6

```
rt_thread_t rt_thread_self (void)
```

2.7.7

```
rt_err_t rt_thread_yield ()
```

代码 2-5 让出处理机

```
void funcion()
{
    ...
    rt_thread_yield();
    ...
}

rt_thread_yield    rt_schedule
    rt_thread_yield
rt_schedule
```

2.7.8

```
rt_err_t rt_thread_sleep(rt_tick_t tick)
rt_err_t rt_thread_delay(rt_tick_t tick)
```

2.7.9

代码 2-6 挂起线程代码

```
#include <rtthread.h>
/* */
rt_thread_t thread = RT_NULL;
/* */
```

```
static void entry(void* parameter)
   while (1)
   {
       rt_thread_suspend(thread);
           rt_thread_suspend thread
        * /
       rt_schedule();
                      thread */
       rt_kprintf("thread is resumed\n");
}
int rt_application_init()
            * /
   thread = rt_thread_create("tid", entry, RT_NULL, 1024, 250, 20);
           * /
   rt_thread_startup(thread);
   return 0;
}
```

rt_err_t rt_thread_resume (rt_thread_t thread)

代码 2-7 恢复挂起线程

```
#include <rtthread.h>

rt_thread_t thread = RT_NULL;
void function ()
{
          ...
          rt_thread_resume(thread);
          ...
}

rt_err_t rt_thread_control(rt_thread_t thread, rt_uint8_t cmd, void*
arg)
```

```
void rt_thread_idle_init(void)
```

2.7.12

```
void rt_thread_idle_set_hook(void (*hook)())
```

rt_thread_delay

rt_sem_take