

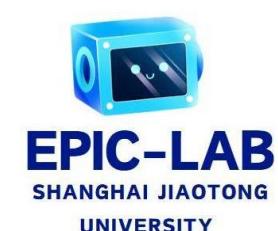
Video Compression Commander: Plug-and-Play Inference Acceleration for Video Large Language Models

Xuyang Liu^{1,2*}, Yiyu Wang^{1*}, Junpeng Ma³, Linfeng Zhang^{1✉}

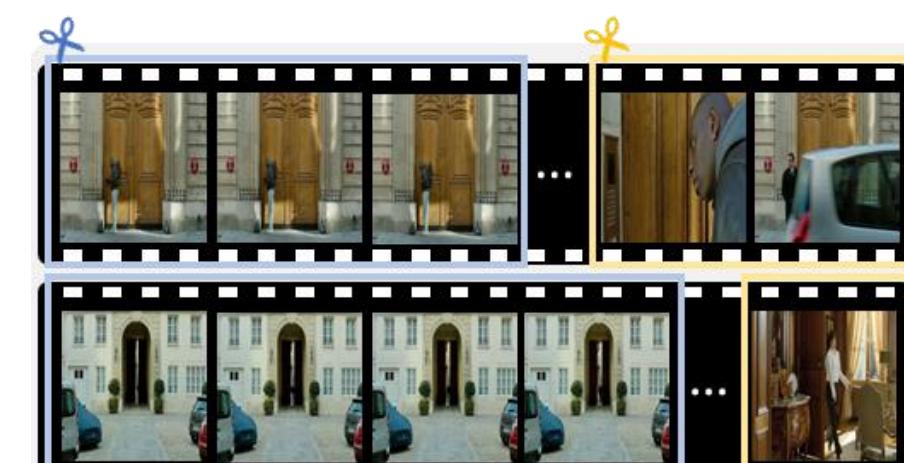
¹EPIC Lab, Shanghai Jiao Tong University, ²Sichuan University, ³Fudan University

*Equal contribution. ✉ Corresponding author: zhanglinfeng@sjtu.edu.cn

EMNLP 2025
Suzhou, China | 中国苏州



Motivation and Research Status



Question: "What scene changes occur in this video?"

Answer1: "It is from the doorbell to the indoors."

Answer2: "It is from the street to the living room."

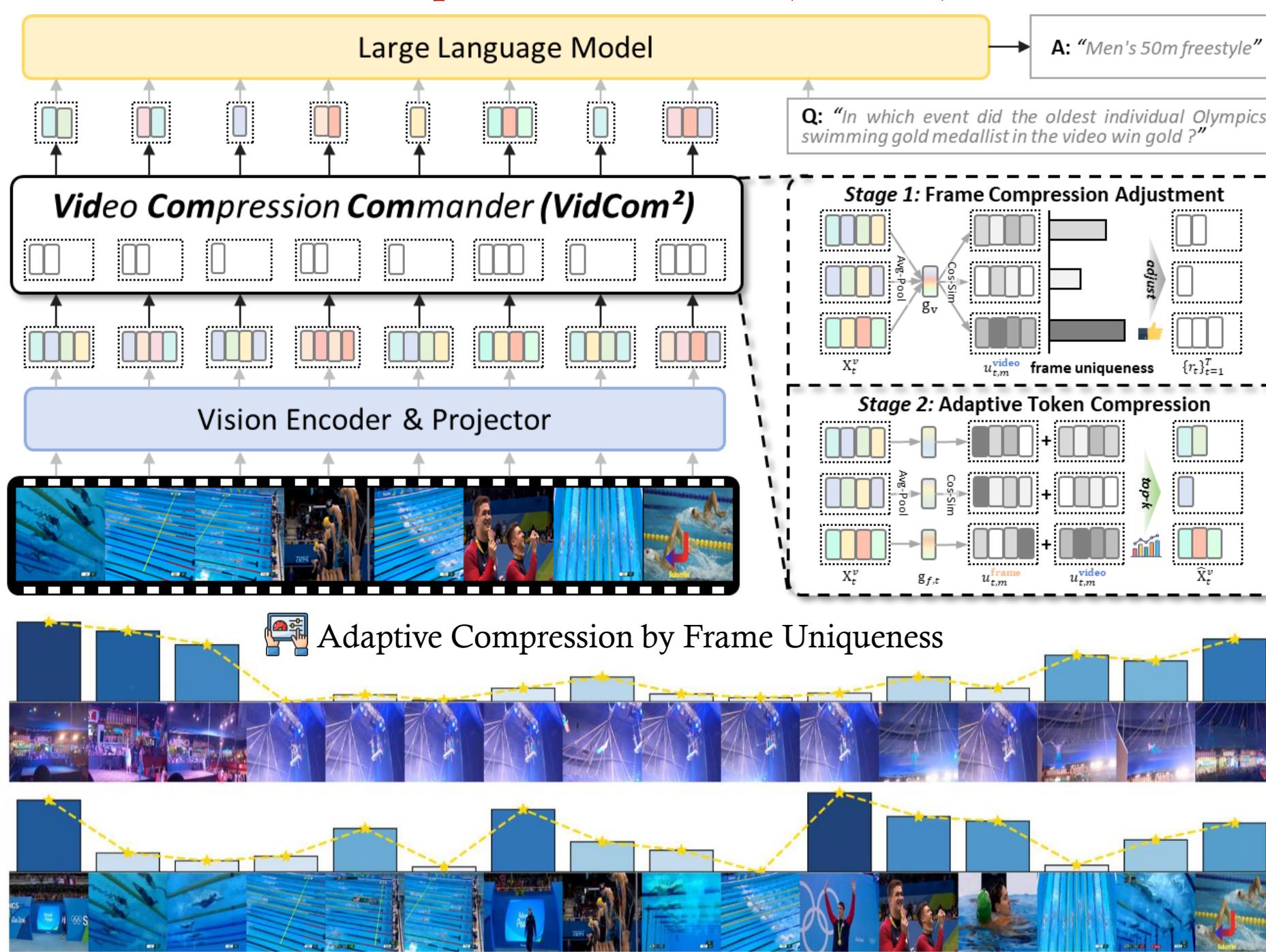
Methods	Pre-LLM	Intra-LLM	[CLS] Dependency	Video-Specific	Frame Uniqueness	Efficient Attention
FastV	✓					
PDrop	✓					
SparseVLM	✓					
MUSTDrop	✓	✓		✓		
FiCoCo	✓	✓		✓		
FasterVLM	✓			✓		
DyCoke	✓				✓	✓
VidCom ²	✓				✓	✓

Current methods face **two critical issues**:

- Design Myopia:** ignoring each frame uniqueness, leading to over-compression of distinctive video information.
- Implementation Constraints:** limited to the specific model architectures or incompatible with Flash Attention.

Takeaway: We derive **three key principles** for effective token compression of VideoLLMs: (i) model adaptability, (ii) frame uniqueness, and (iii) operator compatibility.

Our Solution: Video Compression Commander (VidCom²)



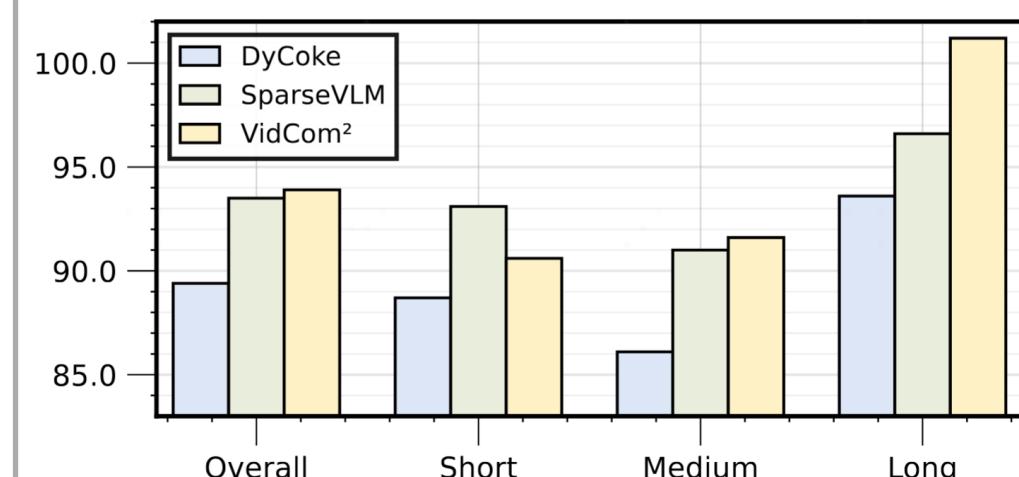
Performance and Efficiency on LLaVA-OneVision

- Strong Performance:** Uses only 25% of tokens while maintaining **99.6%**.
- High Efficiency:** Cuts generation time by **70.8%** and overall latency by **43.0%**.

Methods	MVBench	LongVideoBench	MLVU	VideoMME				Average (%)
				Overall	Short	Medium	Long	
<i>Upper Bound</i>								
LLaVA-OV-7B	56.9	56.4	63.0	58.6	70.3	56.6	48.8	100.0
<i>Retention Ratio=30%</i>								
DyCoke [CVPR'25]	56.6	54.7	60.3	56.1	67.1	54.6	46.6	96.5
<i>Retention Ratio=25%</i>								
Random	54.2	52.7	59.7	55.6	65.4	53.0	48.3	94.8
FastV [ECCV'24]	55.5	53.3	59.6	55.3	65.0	53.8	47.0	94.9
PDrop [CVPR'25]	55.3	51.3	57.1	55.5	64.7	53.1	48.7	94.1
SparseVLM [ICML'25]	56.4	53.9	60.7	57.3	68.4	55.2	48.1	97.5
DyCoke [CVPR'25]	49.5	48.1	55.8	51.0	61.1	48.6	43.2	87.0
VidCom²	57.2	54.9	62.5	58.6	69.8	56.4	49.4	99.6
<i>Retention Ratio=15%</i>								
FastV [ECCV'24]	51.6	48.3	55.0	48.1	51.4	49.4	43.3	85.0
PDrop [CVPR'25]	53.2	47.6	54.7	50.1	58.7	48.7	45.0	87.4
SparseVLM [ICML'25]	52.9	49.7	57.4	53.4	61.0	52.1	47.0	91.2
VidCom²	54.3	52.0	58.9	56.2	65.8	54.8	48.1	95.1

Methods	LLM Generation↓		Model Generation↓		Total↓ Latency (min:sec)	GPU Peak↓ Memory (GB)	Throughput↑ (samples/s)	Performance↑
	Latency (s)	Latency (s)	Latency (s)	Latency (s)				
LLaVA-OV-7B	618.0	1008.4			26:03	17.7	0.64	56.9
<i>Retention Ratio=25%</i>								
Random	178.2 (↓71.2%)	566.0 (↓43.9%)	18:44 (↓28.1%)	16.0 (↓9.6%)	0.89 (1.39×)	54.6 (↓2.3)		
FastV [ECCV'24]	260.9 (↓57.8%)	648.6 (↓35.7%)	20:07 (↓22.8%)	24.7 (↑39.5%)	0.83 (1.30×)	55.5 (↓1.4)		
PDrop [CVPR'25]	205.6 (↓66.7%)	592.6 (↓41.2%)	18:50 (↓27.7%)	24.5 (↑38.4%)	0.88 (1.38×)	55.3 (↓1.6)		
SparseVLM [ICML'25]	410.6 (↓33.6%)	807.7 (↓19.9%)	25:03 (↓3.8%)	27.1 (↑53.1%)	0.67 (1.05×)	56.4 (↓0.5)		
DyCoke [CVPR'25]	205.2 (↓66.8%)	598.0 (↓40.7%)	18:56 (↓27.4%)	16.1 (↓9.0%)	0.88 (1.38×)	49.5 (↓7.4)		
VidCom²	180.7 (↓70.8%)	574.7 (↓43.0%)	18:46 (↓28.0%)	16.0 (↓9.6%)	0.88 (1.38×)	57.2 (↑0.3)		

Performance on Qwen2-VL



More Comparisons

Methods	EgoSchema	PerceptionTest
Upper Bound		
LLaVA-OV-7B	60.4 (100%)	57.1 (100%)
Retention Ratio=25%		
FastV [ECCV'24]	57.5 (95.2%)	55.4 (97.0%)
PDrop [CVPR'25]	58.0 (96.0%)	55.6 (97.4%)
DyCoke [CVPR'25]	59.5 (98.5%)	56.4 (98.8%)
VidCom²	59.7 (98.8%)	56.7 (99.3%)

Ablation Study and Analysis

Metrics	MLVU	VideoMME			Avg.
		Overall	Short	Medium	
Vanilla	63.0	58.6	70.3	56.6	48.8 100.0
$u_{t,m}^{frame}$	59.5	54.0	62.2	54.2	45.3 94.1
$-s_{t,m}^{frame}$	61.9	57.9	68.8	56.9	48.1 98.8
$s_{t,m}^{video}$	58.9	53.3	61.7	52.1	46.1 93.2
$-s_{t,m}^{video}$	61.4	58.3	69.3	56.1	49.3 99.3
$u_{t,m}^{frame} + u_{t,m}^{video}$	62.1	58.5	69.6	56.3	49.3 99.7

Metrics	MLVU	VideoMME			Avg.
		Overall	Short	Medium	