Hack Cheat Sheet
V2021.03.26
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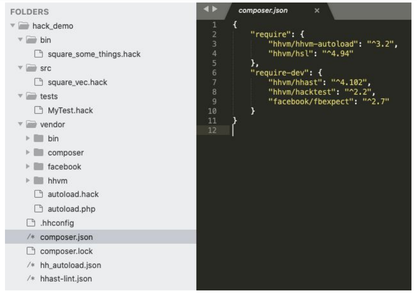
Tools

- hh_client (or hh in facebook)
  - static analysis
  - default running in some IDEs (e.g. VS-Code)
- hhvm
  - to execute Hack code, and can either be used for CLI (e.g. hhvm foo.hack) or as a server
- hackfmt
  - code formatter
- Composer
  - Dependency Management (e.g. npm)
- hhvm-autoload
  - to generate a map of what files define which classes, functions and so on for hhvm
- HackTest & expect
  - to create unit test classes
- hhvm/hsl
  - The Hack Standard Library, Str/Dict/Vec/C

Code Structure



Comments

```
// A single line comment.

# Also a single line comment.

/* A multi line comment.
 *
 */

/**
 * A doc comment starts with two asterisks.
 *
 * It summarises the purpose of a definition, such as a
 * function, class or method.
 */
function foo(): void {}
```

Naming

```
class IntBox {
  private int $x;

  public function __construct(int $x) {
    $this->x = $x; // Assigning to property.
  }

  public function getX(): int {
    return $this->x; // Accessing property.
  }
}

<<__EntryPoint>>
function main(): void {
  $ib = new IntBox(42);
  $x = $ib->getX(); // Calling instance method.
}
```

Script Inclusion

- The recommended way is to use an autoloader - however, need to include the autoloader itself.
  - require_once(__DIR__.'/../vendor/autoload.hack');
  - \Facebook\AutoloadMap\initialize();
- Then, you could access all functions in folder

Namespace

- A namespace is a container for a set of (typically related) classes, interfaces, traits, functions, and constants.
- In the absence of any namespace definition, the **default namespace**, which has no name, is used
- The names of the standard types that are introduced with Hack belong to namespace **HH**
- When the same namespace is defined in multiple scripts, and those scripts are combined into the same program, the namespace is considered the merger of them.
- Important scripts:
  - **namespace** NS1 {}
  - **use** NS1\{C, I, T};

Print/Echo

- Echo
  - echo can output an object with __toString()
  - Cannot output array
- Printf (formatted print)
  - printf("%d\n", $num)

Casting

```
(float)1; // 1.0
(int)3.14; // 3, rounds towards zero

(bool)0; // false
(string)new MyClass(); // calls __toString()
```

Type Assertions

- **is**
  - Checking Types
  - 'foo' is int; // false
- **as / ?as**
  - enforcing Types

```
// Normally you'd want to make transport take a Vehicle
// directly, so you can check when you call the function.
function transport(mixed $m): void {
  // Exception if not a Vehicle.
  $v = $m as Vehicle;

  if ($v is Car) {
    $v->drive();
  } else {
    // Exception if $v is not a Boat.
    $v as Boat;
    $v->sail();
  }
}
```

- **Legacy** Type Predicates (e.g. is_int, is_bool)
  - use **is** instead
- **Legacy** instanceof
  - use **is** instead

Collections

- **Hack arrays (recommended - VALUE type)**
  - Huge functions in the C, Vec, Keyset and Dict namespaces

```
$v = vec[2, 1, 2];

$k = keyset[2, 1];

$d = dict['a' => 1, 'b' => 3];
```

- **Hack Collection (OBJECT types)**
  - Vector, Map, Set, Pair
- **PHP arrays (legacy)**
  - varray, darray
- **Vect** is dict with int as Key
- **C Namespace**
  - C\count, C\contains, C\contains_key
- **Vec**
  - Vec\concat, Vec\sort, Vec\Map, Vec\reverse
- **Dict**
  - Dict\merge
  - Vec\keys() -> keys
  - vec() -> values

```
// Converting from an Iterable.
vec(keyset[10, 11]); // vec[10, 11]
vec(Vector { 20, 21 }); // vec[20, 21]
vec(dict['key1' => 'value1']); // vec['value1']

// Type checks.
$items is vec<_>; // true
```

- **Keyset**
  - unset(), Keyset\union

```
// Converting from an Iterable.
dict(vec['a', 'b']); // dict[0 => 'a', 1 => 'b']
dict(Map {'a' => 5}); // dict['a' => 5]

// Type checks.
$items is dict<_, _>; // true
```

String Lib

Str\capitalize
Str\capitalize_words
Str\chunk
Str\compare
Str\compare_ci
Str\contains
Str\contains_ci
Str\ends_with
Str\ends_with_ci
Str\format
Str\format_number
Str\is_empty
Str\join
Str\length
Str\lowercase
Str\pad_left
Str\pad_right
Str\repeat
Str\replace
Str\replace_ci
Str\replace_every
Str\replace_every_ci
Str\replace_every_nonrecursive
Str\replace_every_nonrecursive_ci
Str\reverse
Str\search
Str\search_ci
Str\search_last
Str\slice
Str\splice
Str\split
Str\starts_with
Str\starts_with_ci
Str\strip_prefix
Str\strip_suffix
Str\to_int
Str\trim
Str\trim_left
Str\trim_right
Str\uppercase

C Lib

C\any
C\contains
C\contains_key
C\count
C\every
C\find
C\find_key
C\findx
C\first
C\first_async
C\first_key
C\first_keyx
C\firstx
C\firstx_async
C\is_empty
C\is_sorted
C\is_sorted_by
C\last
C\last_key
C\last_keyx
C\lastx
C\nfirst
C\onlyx
C\pop_back
C\pop_backx
C\pop_front
C\pop_frontx
C\reduce

Vec Lib

Vec\cast_clear_legacy_array_mark
Vec\chunk
Vec\concat
Vec\diff
Vec\diff_by
Vec\drop
Vec\fill
Vec\filter
Vec\filter_async
Vec\filter_nulls
Vec\filter_with_key
Vec\filter_with_key_async
Vec\flatten
Vec\from_async
Vec\intersect
Vec\keys
Vec\map
Vec\map_async
Vec\map_with_key
Vec\partition
Vec\range
Vec\reverse
Vec\sample
Vec\shuffle
Vec\slice
Vec\sort
Vec\sort_by
Vec\take
Vec\unique
Vec\unique_by
Vec\zip

Dict Lib

C\reduce_with_key
Dict\associate
Dict\cast_clear_legacy_array_mark
Dict\chunk
Dict\count_values
Dict\diff_by_key
Dict\drop
Dict\equal
Dict\fill_keys
Dict\filter
Dict\filter_async
Dict\filter_keys
Dict\filter_nulls
Dict\filter_with_key
Dict\filter_with_key_async
Dict\flatten
Dict\flip
Dict\from_async
Dict\from_entries
Dict\from_keys
Dict\from_keys_async
Dict\from_values
Dict\group_by
Dict\map
Dict\map_async
Dict\map_keys
Dict\map_with_key
Dict\map_with_key_async
Dict\merge
Dict\partition
Dict\partition_with_key
Dict\pull
Dict\pull_with_key
Dict\reverse
Dict\select_keys
Dict\shuffle
Dict\sort
Dict\sort_by
Dict\sort_by_key
Dict\take
Dict\unique
Dict\unique_by
Keyset\chunk
Keyset\diff

Static Type Check

- Function must define type (parameters & return values)
- Class properties must have type and initialized
- Nullable (?int, ?string)
- Type Conversion (implicit & explicit)
- Type Refinement (e.g. xxx **is** num)
- Type Inferencing (local variables)
- Hack typechecker Error
- Silencing Error Comments (HH_FIXME)

```
/* HH_FIXME[4110] Your explanation here. */
takes_int("foo");
```

- Hack typechecker Error Codes
  - **1000 - 1999** are used for parsing errors
  - **2000 - 3999** are used for naming errors
  - **4000 - 4999** are used for typing errors
- Suppressing errors in one place can lead to runtime errors in other places.

Common Attributes

- <<__EntryPoint>>
- <<__Deprecated("mmessage", N)>>
- <<__LateInit>>
- <<__Memoize>>
  - memoization is per request
  - do not memoize funs with side impacts
- <<__Override>>

Asynchronous Operations

- Cooperative Multi-tasking Example

Async/Await

```
1. <?hh // strict
2.
3. async function gen_likers_sentence(
4.   int $post_id,
5. ): Awaitable<string> {
6.   $liker_ids = await gen_liker_ids($post_id);
7.
8.   $localized_names = await Vec\gen_map(
9.     $liker_ids,
10.    async function($liker_id) {
11.      $liker_name = await gen_name($liker_id);
12.      return await gen_localized($liker_name);
13.    },
14.  );
15.
16.  return Str\join(', ', $localized_names);
17.}
```

- Awaitables Func & Wait
  - ***Awaitables***: possibly asynchronous operation that may or may not have completed

```
async function foo(): Awaitable<int> { ... }
```

  - ***Wait***: block and let other tasks execute and only be used in an async function
    - HH\Lib\Vec\from_async
    - HH\Lib\Dict\from_async
    - \HH\Asio\join
    - ignores any successful awaitable results if one of the results was an exception.
- Do Not Use Async in Loops
- Don't Forget to Await an Awaitable
- Use Async Extensions
  - **MySQL** for database access and queries.
  - **cURL** for web page data and transfer.
  - **McRouter** for memcached-based operations.
  - **Streams** for stream-based resource operations.