Using the Physics-Informed Neural Network (PINN) method to solve the highly nonlinear Korteweg-de Vries (KdV) equation

Xiamen University DyOG.Xu Yingzhi

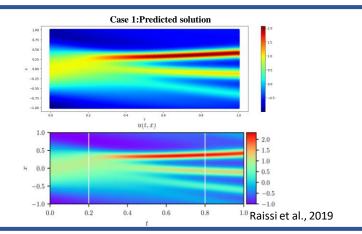
$$u_t + uu_x + 0.025u_{xxx} = 0, x \in [-1,1], t \in [0,1]$$

$$u(t_0, x) = \cos(\pi x),$$

$$u(t, -1) = u(t, 1),$$

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Best model at step 3385 train loss: 7.90e-05 test loss: 1.39e-04 'train' took 111.37 s



Case 2 shows the one soliton solution on the region $[-10, 40] \times [0, 4]$ with $\eta = 1, x_0 = 5$ of KdV Equation.

$$u_t + 6uu_x + u_{xxx} = 0.$$
 $x \in [-10,40], t \in [0,4]$ $u(t,-10) = u(t,40),$ $u(t_0,x) = u_0(x),$

$$u(x,t) = 2\eta^2 \operatorname{sech}^2 \eta(x - x_0 - 4\eta^2 t).$$

$$c = 4\eta^2 \quad \xi_0 = x_0,$$

$$u(x,t) = \frac{c}{2} \operatorname{sech}^2 \left[\frac{\sqrt{c}}{2} (x - ct - \xi_0) \right].$$

Case 2:Predicted solution

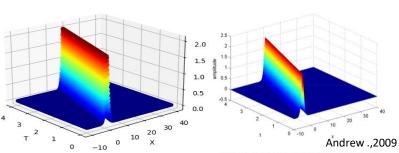


Figure 1: The one soliton solution with $\eta = 1$ and $x_0 = 5.0$.

Best model at step 2349 train loss: 5.93e-07 test loss: 9.48e-07 'train' took 26.26 s

Case 3 shows an example of the two soliton solution on the domain $[-10, 10] \times [0, 1]$ with p = 2, q = 1.5,

and $t_0 = 0.5$.

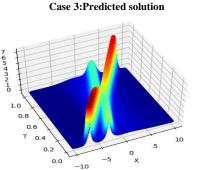
When two solitons collide, they interact elastically.

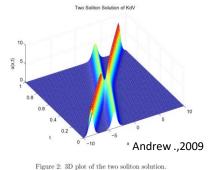
Solution for the two soliton equation is $\frac{3}{4}$

$$u(x,t) = \frac{2(p^2 - q^2)(p^2 + q^2 \operatorname{sech}^2 \chi(x,t) \sinh^2 \theta(x,t))}{(p \cosh \theta(x,t) - q \tanh \chi(x,t) \sinh \theta(x,t))^2}$$

$$\theta(x,t) = px - 4p^3(t - t_0)$$

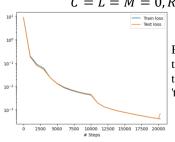
$$\chi(x,t) = qx - 4q^{3}(t - t_{0}).$$





 $u_t + \alpha u u_x + \beta u_{xxx} = R(t), x \in [-20,20], t \in [-6,6]$ $u(t_0, x) = u_0(x),$ u(t, -20) = u(t, 20)

 $a_1 = a_2 = 1, m_1 = 1.3, m_2 = 0.9, \alpha = 1, \beta = 1,$ $C = L = M = 0, R(t) = 0.5 \cos t$



Best model at step 20247 train loss: 4.04e-04 test loss: 6.78e-04 'train' took 307.232 s

Case 4:Predicted solution (a) Exact Solution 20 10 10 0 Dong's slides