1. U1, U2, U3, U4 vectors talls que les ternes:

{u1, u2, us }, {u1, u2, u4}, {u1, u3, u4}, {u2, u3, u4}

son de vectors l'independents.

Podem demostrar que Ws, Uz, Uz, Uz, lby són l'independents?

A primera vista em sembla que és cert, i ho intento doncs, demostrar.

V1 U1 + X2 U2 + X3 U3 = 0 () X1 = X2 = X3 = 0

Bo U1+ B2 M2+ B4 U4 = 0 () B4 = B2 = B4 = 0

81 U1 + 83 U3 + 84 U4 = 0 <> 81 = 82 = 84 = 0

 $S_2 U_2 + S_3 U_3 + S_4 U_4 = 0 \iff S_2 = S_3 = S_4 = 0$

Per a que us, uz, uz, uy signin linealment independents,

a : U : + a 2 U 2 + a 3 M 3 + a 4 U 4 = 0 () a = a = a = a = a = 0

Si a1=a2=a3=0 -0+a4.44=0 -> a4=0 -> 41,42,43,44 lind.

perque hem st que

X1=X2= 03=0 000 0, W4 + N2U2 + A3U3=0

Veien que tésentil, ja que lly no era combinació lineal ni de 111, 112 ni 113, ja que era independ d'ells en els diversos casos.

2. Doneu una base i la dimensió de:

a) d'espai de les matris amb dues files i tres columnes.

Si és una matris amb dues files i tres columnes té doncs

3 rectors de dues components cada un

d'espai té doncs la forma:

da base ha d'estar formada per rectors linealment indep.
i generadors.

Bases de R3 Bi = ((1,0,1), (-1,1,1),(1,-1,0)) $B_2 = ((2, 4, 1), (1, 1, 1), (1, -1, 1)).$

Componentes en base B1 del vector que en base B2 ziene promponentes (3,-2,2)

$$V = (3, -2, 2)_{B_2} = V = (3(2, 1, 1) + (-2)(1, 1, 1) + 2(1, -1, 1) = (6, -1, 3)$$

Para encentrar las componentes en base B1 del vectory, podemos resolver un sistemo de equaciones (6,-1,3) = x (1,0,1) + y (-1,1,1) + z (1,-1,0) 0 haver lo de la siguiente manera

$$0 = V'' + V''_3 = V' + V'_2 + V'_3 + V'_2 + V'_3 + V'_2 + V'_3$$

$$0 = V - 6V_1 + V_2 + V_1 + V_3 - V_1 + V_2 + V_3$$

$$V = 5V_4 - 2V_2 - V_3$$

V 6 -1 3 V= V-6V, 0 -1 3 V"=V"H, 0 0 -1 V = 5(1,0,1) - 2(-1,1,1) - (1,-1,0)8 x - 1/13 - 1 = 0.

7 EB: e1, e2 e3 base de E.

$$V_1 = \ell_1$$
 $U_2 = \ell_1 - \ell_2$
 $U_3 = \ell_1 - \ell_3$
 $U_3 = (1,0,-1)_B$

$$0 = \alpha M_1 + b M_2 + c M_3 = \alpha \ell_1 + b \ell_2 - b \ell_2 + c \ell_1 - c \ell_3 = -(\alpha + b + c) \ell_1 - b \ell_2 - c \ell_3 = \alpha + b + c = 0$$

$$b = 0$$

$$c = 0$$

W1 = 6e1 - 2e2 - 3e3 2 componentes, base M1, U2, U3?

$$\omega_1 = a u_1 + b u_2 + c u_3$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 6 \\ -2 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix} = a \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} + b \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} + c \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}$$
Resolvemos et sistema de equaciones.

Yes I mateix que (6, -2,3)]

Sino, hacemos

$$\begin{split} &\ell_1 = U_1 \\ &\ell_2 = \ell_1 - U_2 = U_1 - V_2 \end{split} \ .$$

3.9. B= (U1, U2, U3) base de R3

$$U_1 = (4,2,3) \qquad w = (4,4,1) = (4,1,1)_8 \iff (4,4,1) = (4,2,3) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4,5,6) + (4$$

$$U_2 = (4, 5, 6)$$
 $U_2 = (-4, -6, -8)$.

$$U_2 = (4,5,6)$$
 $U_3 = (-4,-6,-8)$.
 $U_3 = (3,5,6)$ $U_3 = (4,-6,-8)$.
Si U_4, U_2, U_3 no forman un conjunto de vectores independientes, no

formaran base Debemos comprobar si la forman o ho

omamos variables libres Zit

Son dependientes, por tanto no forman base

(,,
$$1,0$$
) ho aplique on a les equacions \Rightarrow $\begin{cases} x-2y+4=0 \\ -y-3=0 \end{cases}$ (-7,-3,1,0)
bindependincio garantitado per $\begin{cases} x-2y-1=0 \\ -y+1=0 \end{cases}$ (3,1,0,1)
aquesto part