Binary trees

```
Key/value based approach:
{ "value":3,
  "lft": {
    "value":1,
    "lft": {"value":0},
    "rgt": {"value":2}
  },
  "rgt": {
    "value":5,
    "lft": {"value":4},
    "rgt": {"value":6}
  }
}
Schema:
{"type": "object",
 "oneOf": [{"$ref": "#/definitions/leaf"},
           {"$ref": "#/definitions/branch"}],
 "definitions": {
    "leaf": {
      "type": "object",
      "properties": {
        "value": {"type": "integer"},
        "rgt" : false,
        "lft" : false
      },
      "required": ["value"]},
    "branch": {
      "type": "object",
      "properties": {
        "value": {"type": "integer"},
        "lft": {"$ref": "#"},
        "rgt": {"$ref": "#"}},
      "required": ["value","lft","rgt"]}
}
Variant schema: Just remove required "value" from branch
Queries (as postgres Path values):
  'strict $.**.value'
  'strict $.**.left.value'
 'lax $.*.*.value'
 'strict $.**?(@ > 3)'
  'strict $.**?(@ > $.value)'
```

Array-based approach:

```
{ "value":3,
  "children": [
   {"value":1,
    "children": [{"value":0}, {"value":2}]},
   {"value":5,
    "children": [{"value":4}, {"value":6}]}
 1
}
Schema:
  "properties": {
   "value": {"type": "integer"},
   "minItems":2,
               "maxItems":2}},
  "required": ["value"]
}
```

Variant schema: Kind of tricky. Requires a separate definitions for branches/leafs, with leafs requiring "value" and branches requiring "children" (and having data optional).

```
Queries (as postgres Path values):
```

```
'strict $.**.value'
'strict $.**.children[0].value'
'strict $.children[*].children[*].value'
'strict $.**?(@ > 3)'
'strict $.**?(@ > $.value)'
```

Flights

```
Key/value pairs can be used to have primary keys (because there are no compound
keys!) Tiny example data (used to build schema):
{ "Airports": {"GOT": "Gothenburg"},
  "FlightCodes": {"SK111": "SAS"},
  "Flights": {"SK111" : {dep : "GOT", dest: "FRA"}}
Schema:
{"type": "object",
 "properties": {
   "Airports": {
     "type": "object",
     "additionalProperties":{"type":"string"}
   },
   "FlightCodes": {
      "type": "object",
      "additionalProperties":{"type":"string"}
   },
   "Flights": {
      "type": "object",
      "additionalProperties":{
          "type": "object",
         "properties":{
          "dep":{"type":"string"},
                 "dest": { "type": "string" } },
             "required": ["dep", "dest"],
             "additionalProperties": false
      }
   }},
 "required": ["Airports", "FlightCodes", "Flights"]
Complete data:
{ "Airports": {"GOT": "Gothenburg",
                "FRA": "Frankfurt",
                "ORY": "Paris",
                "MUC": "Munich",
                "MLA": "Malta"},
  "FlightCodes": {"SK111": "SAS",
                   "AF222": "Air France",
                   "AB222": "Air Berlin",
                   "KM111": "Air Malta"} ,
  "Flights": {"SK111" : {dep : "GOT", dest: "FRA"},
               "AF222" : {dep : "ORY", dest: "MLA"},
               "AB222" : {dep : "FRA", dest: "MUC"},
               "KM111" : {dep : "MUC", dest: "MLA"}}}
```

```
Query to automatically export database:
-- Convert all three tables into one big JSON document
WITH
Ap AS (SELECT json_object_agg(code, city)
 AS jsondata FROM Airports
       ),
 Fc AS (SELECT json_object_agg(code, airlineName)
 AS jsondata FROM FlightCodes
       ),
F AS (SELECT json_object_agg(
         code, jsonb_build_object(
           'departureAirport', departureAirport,
           'destinationAirport', destinationAirport
         ) AS jsondata FROM Flights
SELECT jsonb_pretty(
  jsonb_build_object(
    'Airports', (SELECT jsondata FROM Ap),
    'FlightCodes', (SELECT jsondata FROM Fc),
    'Flights', (SELECT jsondata FROM F)
    )
);
```

Applications

(A) Here we use applicant id numbers as keys, and associate it with the applicants name and a list of all their choices. We array positions to represent choice numbers (indexed from 0 instead of 1).

```
"a1": {"name": "Andersson", "choices": [
      {"code": "MPSOF", "meritScore": 750},
      {"code": "MPALG", "meritScore": 750},
      {"code":"MPCSN", "meritScore":800}
  "a2": {"name": "Jonsson", "choices": [
      {"code":"MPALG", "meritScore":700}
    1},
  "a3": {"name": "Larsson", "choices": [
      {"code": "MPCSN", "meritScore": 850},
      {"code":"MPALG","meritScore":850}
    1}
}
(B)
{
    "additionalProperties": {
        "type": "object",
        "properties": {
            "name" : {"type": "string"},
            "choices": {
                 "type": "array",
                 "items": {
                     "type": "object",
                     "properties": {
                         "code": {"type": "string"},
                         "meritScore": {"type": "integer"}
                     "additionalProperties": false,
                     "required": ["code", "meritScore"]
                 }
            }
        "required": ["choices", "name"]
    "type": "object"
}
```

(C) Note that application 1 has array index 0

'\$.**?(@.choices[0].meritScore > 800).choices[0]'
BONUS PATH!:

'\$.**?(@.choices[0].meritScore > 800).name'

Finds the name of the applicant in question