

# Exploring San Francisco Bay Area

## -Data Science in Real Life

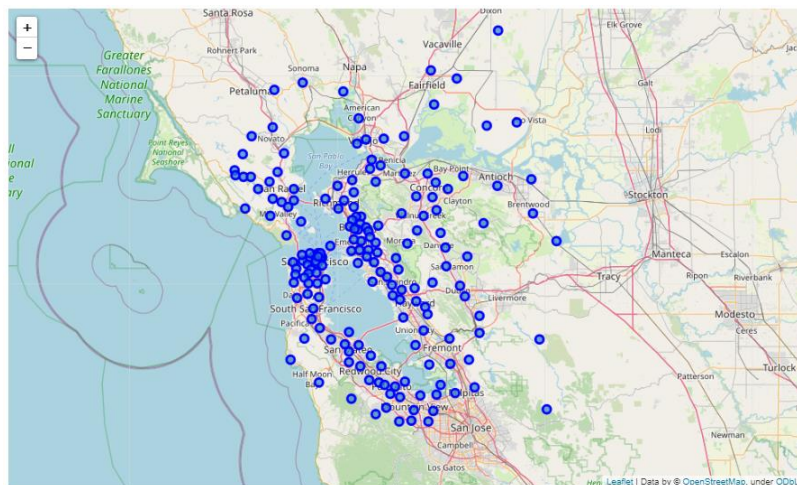
### 1. Introduction

This project is the final capstone project for the course Applied Data Science Capstone which is the last course of the IBM Data Science Professional Certificate program. In this project, I will use the data science skills and tools learned from the series of courses to use location data to explore a geographical location. The goal is to prove that I am capable of defining an idea or problem, looking for data in the web, using the Foursquare location data to explore different areas, effectively analyzing the data, and presenting the results.

#### 1.1 Description of the problem and a discussion of the background

I live in a suburban city in the grand Houston area. My neighborhood is very diverse, including a large amount resident originally from China. However, when I am tired of cooking and want to dine in a Chinese restaurant, I have very limited choices in the nearby neighborhood. I have to drive 15-20 minutes (without traffic) away to get one. Based on the information from my neighbors and friends, there is actually a demand to the traditional Chinese food. Since I am equipped with skills and tools from this series courses, an idea to my mind is to explore the relation between the number of Chinese restaurants and the population distribution in an area. This idea can be used to explore the similar relation between other venues and the population distribution.

Bay Area zip codes distribution.



At the beginning I used Foursquare to search the venues information in my city but found out the search didn't work well since some restaurants I know well are not searched out. I choose to explore the San Francisco Bay Area because it is a metropolitan region with 7 million inhabitants and more than 100 cities/town in the 7000 square miles of land. The high-density population supports a sufficient number of venues to use in this project. In addition, I don't have a chance to visit the Bay Area yet and it is in my visit list in near future, so I'd like to get some impression of it in advance.

## 1.2 Target audience

Some data scientists might be interested in this project since it includes some real-life data and exploratory data analysis methods, and the data is able to tell a story out of it. Business personnel who want to invest a venue such as a Chinese restaurant, might be interested in this project too since its analysis results provide a comprehensive understanding on the relation between the number of a venue in an area and the population distribution. Some analysis is kind of easy to understand, such as that the number of Chinese restaurants is positively correlated to the Chinese population. Some others might be surprise.

## 2. Description Preparation

The goal of these data is to get a data set consisting of the venue's information and population information. For this purpose, four sets of data are used in this project as below.

### 2.1 Bay Area ZIP Codes from <https://catalog.data.gov/dataset/bay-area-zip-codes>.

The original data was downloaded as a csv file. It includes zip codes, city names, geometry locations, area information in the Bay Area as shown below. While this data set does not have the latitude and longitude information of the zip codes, the data set 2.2 has the latitude and longitude information but it includes all zip codes in California. So, this data set is used to limit the zip codes within the Bay Area.

This data set is uploaded in my github: [https://github.com/xwangphy/Coursera-Applied-Data-Science-Capstone/blob/main/bayarea\\_zipcodes.csv](https://github.com/xwangphy/Coursera-Applied-Data-Science-Capstone/blob/main/bayarea_zipcodes.csv)

Here is an example, the first 5 rows of this data set:

```
path='D:/bayarea_zipcodes.csv'
bay_geom=pd.read_csv(path)
bay_geom.head()
```

	PO_NAME	the_geom	ZIP	STATE	Area__	Length__
0	NAPA	MULTIPOLYGON (((-122.10329200180091 38.5132829...	94558	CA	1.231326e+10	995176.225313
1	FAIRFIELD	MULTIPOLYGON (((-121.947475002335 38.301511000...	94533	CA	9.917861e+08	200772.556587
2	DIXON	MULTIPOLYGON (((-121.65335500334429 38.3133870...	95620	CA	7.236950e+09	441860.201400
3	SONOMA	MULTIPOLYGON (((-122.406843003057 38.155681999...	95476	CA	3.001414e+09	311318.546326
4	NAPA	MULTIPOLYGON (((-122.29368500225117 38.1552379...	94559	CA	1.194302e+09	359104.646602

Here only the zip codes, city names, and area of the data are used in this project. With renaming of the columns, a data frame named bay\_geom is extracted from the original data as:

```
bay_geom=bay_geom[['ZIP','PO_NAME','Area__']]
bay_geom=bay_geom.rename(columns={'ZIP':'ZipCode','PO_NAME':'City','Area__':'Area'})
bay_geom.head()
```

	ZipCode	City	Area
0	94558	NAPA	1.231326e+10
1	94533	FAIRFIELD	9.917861e+08
2	95620	DIXON	7.236950e+09
3	95476	SONOMA	3.001414e+09
4	94559	NAPA	1.194302e+09

## 2.2 Scraping the population distribution of California from <http://zipatlas.com/us/ca/zip-code-comparison/population-density.htm>.

This data includes zip codes, location (latitude, longitude), city, population, people/ sq. mile, national rank data of all the zip codes in California. I need all the data except the national rank.

Here is an example, the first 5 rows of this data set:

```

urls=['http://zipatlas.com/us/ca/zip-code-comparison/population-density.htm',
      'http://zipatlas.com/us/ca/zip-code-comparison/population-density.2.htm',
      'http://zipatlas.com/us/ca/zip-code-comparison/population-density.3.htm',
      'http://zipatlas.com/us/ca/zip-code-comparison/population-density.4.htm',
      'http://zipatlas.com/us/ca/zip-code-comparison/population-density.5.htm',
      'http://zipatlas.com/us/ca/zip-code-comparison/population-density.6.htm',
      'http://zipatlas.com/us/ca/zip-code-comparison/population-density.7.htm',
      'http://zipatlas.com/us/ca/zip-code-comparison/population-density.8.htm',
      'http://zipatlas.com/us/ca/zip-code-comparison/population-density.9.htm',
      'http://zipatlas.com/us/ca/zip-code-comparison/population-density.10.htm',
      'http://zipatlas.com/us/ca/zip-code-comparison/population-density.11.htm',
      'http://zipatlas.com/us/ca/zip-code-comparison/population-density.12.htm',
      'http://zipatlas.com/us/ca/zip-code-comparison/population-density.13.htm',
      'http://zipatlas.com/us/ca/zip-code-comparison/population-density.14.htm',
      'http://zipatlas.com/us/ca/zip-code-comparison/population-density.15.htm',
      'http://zipatlas.com/us/ca/zip-code-comparison/population-density.16.htm',
      'http://zipatlas.com/us/ca/zip-code-comparison/population-density.17.htm'
]

cadata=pd.DataFrame()
for url in urls:
    cadata=cadata.append(pd.read_html(url,header=0)[10].drop(['#'], axis=1), ignore_index=True)

cadata=cadata.rename(columns={'Zip Code':'ZipCode'})
cadata.head()

```

	ZipCode		Location	City	Population	People / Sq. Mile	National Rank
0	94108	37.791998, -122.408653	San Francisco, California		13716	53134.47	#48
1	90057	34.061918, -118.277939	Los Angeles, California		43986	49226.28	#54
2	94109	37.794487, -122.422270	San Francisco, California		56322	46521.46	#64
3	94102	37.779500, -122.419233	San Francisco, California		28991	44719.24	#71
4	94133	37.802071, -122.411004	San Francisco, California		26827	40117.97	#77

This set of original data need to be cleaned and refined, and then merged with the data set 2.1 to get a dataframe named bay\_data, which include 'ZipCode', 'City', 'Latitude', 'Longitude', 'Area', 'Population', 'People / Sq. Mile' data within the Bay Area.

```

bay_data=pd.merge(bay_geom.drop('City', axis=1), cadata, on='ZipCode')
bay_data['Latitude']=bay_data['Location'].apply(lambda x:float(x.split(',')[0]))
bay_data['Longitude']=bay_data['Location'].apply(lambda x:float(x.split(',')[1]))
bay_data=bay_data[['ZipCode','City','Latitude','Longitude','Area','Population','People / Sq. Mile']]
bay_data.head()

```

	ZipCode	City	Latitude	Longitude	Area	Population	People / Sq. Mile
0	94558	Napa, California	38.489789	-122.270110	1.231326e+10	63932	155.68
1	94533	Fairfield, California	38.287136	-122.027110	9.917861e+08	77666	2290.55
2	95620	Dixon, California	38.392821	-121.799917	7.236950e+09	18510	91.81
3	95476	Sonoma, California	38.254850	-122.461799	3.001414e+09	34310	309.44
4	94559	Napa, California	38.232389	-122.324944	1.194302e+09	26891	800.91

## 2.3 Download California population by race from the State of California Department of Finance,

[https://www.dof.ca.gov/Reports/Demographic\\_Reports/Census\\_2010/#SF1](https://www.dof.ca.gov/Reports/Demographic_Reports/Census_2010/#SF1)

This data set is uploaded in my github: <https://github.com/xwangphy/Coursera-Applied-Data-Science-Capstone/blob/main/2010Census-DemoProfile3a-ZCTA.xls>

This data set consists of the population by race in all zip codes of California.

Here is an example of the original data set:

```
path2='D:/2010Census_DemoProfile3a_ZCTA.xls'
population=pd.read_excel(path2,sheet_name='2010_3a',header=8)
population.columns=['ZipCode','Total Population','Total Population of One Race','White','Black or African American','American Indian and Alaska Native','Total Asian','Asian Indian','Chinese','Filipino','Japanese','Korean','Vietnamese','Other Asian']
```

	ZipCode	Total Population	Total Population of One Race	White	Black or African American	American Indian and Alaska Native	Total Asian	Asian Indian	Chinese	Filipino	Japanese	Korean	Vietnamese	Other Asian
0	California	37253956.0	35438572.0	21453934.0	2299072.0	362801.0	4861007.0	528176.0	1253102.0	1195580.0	272528.0	451892.0	581946.0	57778.0
1	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
2	ZCTA5 89010 (California part only)	31.0	31.0	18.0	0.0	8.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
3	ZCTA5 89019 (California part only)	69.0	64.0	55.0	6.0	0.0	2.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.0	0.0	0.0
4	ZCTA5 89060 (California part only)	30.0	28.0	27.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
5	ZCTA5 89061 (California part only)	51.0	44.0	42.0	0.0	2.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
6	ZCTA5 89439 (California part only)	80.0	79.0	78.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
7	ZCTA5 90001	57110.0	54985.0	20509.0	6133.0	410.0	145.0	24.0	19.0	38.0	14.0	6.0	4.0	4.0
8	ZCTA5 90002	51223.0	49284.0	14392.0	13101.0	371.0	148.0	23.0	21.0	43.0	17.0	11.0	16.0	1.0
9	ZCTA5 90003	66286.0	63750.0	19878.0	16181.0	516.0	149.0	44.0	1.0	70.0	3.0	6.0	12.0	1.0

Here we can see that this set of data has zipcode information, population by race. But the data need to be cleaned, refined, and merged with data set 2.2 to get a dataframe named population, which include detailed population distribution in each zip code in the Bay Area, as well as the location data. Below is an example of the final population dataframe I got. It includes all the zip codes in the Bay Area, the corresponding city, latitude, longitude, area, people/sq. mile, total population, and all the population by races.

```

population=population.drop(['Total Population of One Race','Total Asian','Total NHOPI','Total Population of Two or More Races'],
population=population.drop([0,1,2,3,4,5,6,1770],axis=0)
population=population.reset_index(drop=True)
population['ZipCode']=population['ZipCode'].apply(lambda x:int(x[6:]))
population=pd.merge(bay_data.drop(['Population'], axis=1), population, on='ZipCode')
population.head()

```

	ZipCode	City	Latitude	Longitude	Area	People / Sq. Mile	Total Population	White	Black or African American	American Indian and Alaska Native	Asian Indian	Chinese	Filipino	Japanese	Korean
0	94558	Napa, California	38.489789	-122.270110	1.231326e+10	155.68	66830.0	51624.0	654.0	491.0	133.0	286.0	478.0	308.0	152.0
1	94533	Fairfield, California	38.287136	-122.027110	9.917861e+08	2290.55	69277.0	29074.0	12261.0	660.0	802.0	540.0	5408.0	419.0	233.0
2	95620	Dixon, California	38.392821	-121.799917	7.236950e+09	91.81	20553.0	14581.0	578.0	204.0	84.0	110.0	314.0	75.0	28.0
3	95476	Sonoma, California	38.254850	-122.461799	3.001414e+09	309.44	35394.0	28449.0	178.0	253.0	56.0	138.0	178.0	105.0	47.0
4	94559	Napa, California	38.232389	-122.324944	1.194302e+09	800.91	27184.0	20256.0	189.0	265.0	78.0	97.0	171.0	75.0	38.0

## 2.4 Foursquare location data.

Foursquare is a location technology platform offering business solutions and consumer products through a deep understanding of location. It gives the venues information in Bay Area including venue category, geographic location, etc.

Since I will study the venue distribution in different zip code, I need to extract the venue names, venue latitude, venue longitude, and venue category information from Foursquare. I borrowed the function `getNearbyVenues()` from the Upgraded External Tool lab and modified to extract the features I need.

```

def getNearbyVenues(postalcodes,names, latitudes, longitudes, radius=2000):
    venues_list=[]
    for postalcode, name, lat, lng in zip(postalcodes,names, latitudes, longitudes):
        print(name)

        # create the API request URL
        url = 'https://api.foursquare.com/v2/venues/explore?client_id={}&client_secret={}&v={}&ll={}&radius={}&limit={}'.format(
            CLIENT_ID,
            CLIENT_SECRET,
            VERSION,
            lat,
            lng,
            radius,
            LIMIT)

        # make the GET request
        results = requests.get(url).json()["response"]["groups"][0]["items"]

        # return only relevant information for each nearby venue
        venues_list.append([(
            postalcode,
            name,
            lat,
            lng,
            v['venue']['name'],
            v['venue']['location']['lat'],
            v['venue']['location']['lng'],
            v['venue']['categories'][0]['name'] for v in results)])

    nearby_venues = pd.DataFrame([item for venue_list in venues_list for item in venue_list])
    nearby_venues.columns = ['ZipCode',
                             'City',
                             'City Latitude',
                             'City Longitude',
                             'Venue',
                             'Venue Latitude',
                             'Venue Longitude',
                             'Venue Category']

    return(nearby_venues)

```

Then write the code to run the above function on each postal code/borough and create a new dataframe called bay\_venues. There are total 10072 venues included.

Here is an example, the first 5 venues in Bay Area from Foursquare:

```
zipcodes=bay_data['ZipCode']
names=bay_data['City']
latitudes=bay_data['Latitude']
longitudes=bay_data['Longitude']
```

```
bay_venues=getNearbyVenues(zipcodes, names, latitudes, longitudes, 2000)
#bay_venues.head()
```

```
San Jose, California
Alviso, California
Redwood City, California
Sunnyvale, California
Palo Alto, California
Menlo Park, California
Palo Alto, California
Milpitas, California
Mount Hamilton, California
Redwood City, California
Mountain View, California
Palo Alto, California
Stanford, California
Palo Alto, California
Portola Valley, California
Mountain View, California
Los Altos, California
Sunnyvale, California
Los Altos, California
Sunnyvale, California
```

```
bay_venues.head()
```

	ZipCode	City	City Latitude	City Longitude	Venue	Venue Latitude	Venue Longitude	Venue Category
0	94558	Napa, California	38.489789	-122.27011	Turtle Rock	38.494408	-122.251862	Bar
1	94558	Napa, California	38.489789	-122.27011	Brown Estate	38.505196	-122.276495	Winery
2	94558	Napa, California	38.489789	-122.27011	Turtle Rock Bar & Cafe	38.496575	-122.250497	Bar
3	94533	Fairfield, California	38.287136	-122.02711	In-Shape Health Clubs	38.284730	-122.025750	Gym / Fitness Center
4	94533	Fairfield, California	38.287136	-122.02711	Raley's	38.289158	-122.033253	Grocery Store

```
len(bay_venues['ZipCode'])
```

```
10072
```