```
import java.text.DecimalFormat;
import java.util.ArrayList;
import java.util.Calendar;
import java.util.LinkedList;
import java.util.List;
import org.cloudbus.cloudsim.Cloudlet;
import org.cloudbus.cloudsim.CloudletSchedulerTimeShared;
import org.cloudbus.cloudsim.Datacenter;
import org.cloudbus.cloudsim.DatacenterBroker;
import org.cloudbus.cloudsim.DatacenterCharacteristics;
import org.cloudbus.cloudsim.Host;
import org.cloudbus.cloudsim.Log;
import org.cloudbus.cloudsim.Pe;
import org.cloudbus.cloudsim.Storage;
import org.cloudbus.cloudsim.UtilizationModel;
import org.cloudbus.cloudsim.UtilizationModelFull;
import org.cloudbus.cloudsim.Vm;
import org.cloudbus.cloudsim.VmAllocationPolicySimple;
import org.cloudbus.cloudsim.VmSchedulerTimeShared;
import org.cloudbus.cloudsim.core.CloudSim;
import org.cloudbus.cloudsim.provisioners.BwProvisionerSimple;
import org.cloudbus.cloudsim.provisioners.PeProvisionerSimple;
import org.cloudbus.cloudsim.provisioners.RamProvisionerSimple;
// A simple example showing how to create a data center
// with one host and run eight cloudlets on it
public class CloudSimExample1 {
  // The cloudlet list
  private static List<Cloudlet> cloudletList;
  // The vmlist
  private static List<Vm> vmlist;
  @SuppressWarnings("unused")
  public static void main(String[] args)
    Log.printLine("Starting CloudSimExample2...");
```

```
try {
  // First step: Initialize the CloudSim package.
  // It should be called before creating any
  // entities, number of cloud users
  int num\_user = 1;
  // Calendar whose fields have been initialized
  // with the current date and time.
  Calendar calendar = Calendar.getInstance();
  // trace events
  boolean trace_flag = false;
  CloudSim.init(num_user, calendar, trace_flag);
  // Second step: Create Datacenters
  // Datacenters are the resource providers in
  // CloudSim. We need at list one of them to run
  // a CloudSim simulation
  Datacenter datacenter0
    = createDatacenter("Datacenter 0");
  // Third step: Create Broker
  DatacenterBroker broker = createBroker();
  int brokerId = broker.getId();
  // Fourth step: Create four virtual machine
  vmlist = new ArrayList<Vm>();
  // VM description
  int vmid = 0;
  int mips = 1000;
  long size = 10000; // image size (MB)
  int ram = 512; // vm memory (MB)
  long bw = 1000; // bandwidth
  int pesNumber = 1; // number of cpus
```

```
String vmm = "Xen"; // VMM name
// create 4 VMs
Vm vm1
  = new Vm(vmid, brokerId, mips, pesNumber,
       ram, bw, size, vmm,
       new CloudletSchedulerTimeShared());
vmid++;
Vm \ vm2 = new \ Vm(
  vmid, brokerId, mips * 2, pesNumber,
  ram - 256, bw, size * 2, vmm,
  new CloudletSchedulerTimeShared());
vmid++;
Vm \ vm3 = new \ Vm(
  vmid, brokerId, mips / 2, pesNumber,
  ram + 256, bw, size * 3, vmm,
  new CloudletSchedulerTimeShared());
vmid++;
Vm vm 4
  = new Vm(vmid, brokerId, mips * 4,
       pesNumber, ram, bw, size * 4, vmm,
       new CloudletSchedulerTimeShared());
vmid++;
// add the VM to the vmList
vmlist.add(vm1);
vmlist.add(vm2);
vmlist.add(vm3);
vmlist.add(vm4);
// submit vm list to the broker
broker.submitVmList(vmlist);
// Fifth step: Create eight Cloudlets
cloudletList = new ArrayList<Cloudlet>();
// Cloudlet properties
```

```
int id = 0;
long length = 400000;
long fileSize = 300;
long outputSize = 300;
UtilizationModel utilizationModel
  = new UtilizationModelFull();
Cloudlet cloudlet1 = new Cloudlet(
  id, length, pesNumber, fileSize, outputSize,
  utilizationModel, utilizationModel,
  utilizationModel);
cloudlet1.setUserId(brokerId);
id++;
Cloudlet cloudlet2 = new Cloudlet(
  id, length * 2, pesNumber, fileSize * 2,
  outputSize / 3, utilizationModel,
  utilizationModel, utilizationModel);
cloudlet2.setUserId(brokerId);
id++;
Cloudlet cloudlet3 = new Cloudlet(
  id, length / 2, pesNumber, fileSize * 3,
  outputSize * 3, utilizationModel,
  utilizationModel, utilizationModel);
cloudlet3.setUserId(brokerId);
Cloudlet cloudlet4 = new Cloudlet(
  id, length / 3, pesNumber, fileSize / 3,
  outputSize / 2, utilizationModel,
  utilizationModel, utilizationModel);
cloudlet4.setUserId(brokerId);
Cloudlet cloudlet5 = new Cloudlet(
  id, length * 3, pesNumber, fileSize / 2,
  outputSize / 4, utilizationModel,
  utilizationModel, utilizationModel);
cloudlet5.setUserId(brokerId);
Cloudlet cloudlet6 = new Cloudlet(
  id, length / 4, pesNumber, fileSize * 4,
  outputSize * 4, utilizationModel,
```

```
utilizationModel, utilizationModel);
cloudlet6.setUserId(brokerId);
Cloudlet cloudlet7 = new Cloudlet(
  id, length * 4, pesNumber, fileSize,
  outputSize * 2, utilizationModel,
  utilizationModel, utilizationModel);
cloudlet7.setUserId(brokerId);
Cloudlet cloudlet8 = new Cloudlet(
  id, length, pesNumber, fileSize / 4,
  outputSize / 3, utilizationModel,
  utilizationModel, utilizationModel);
cloudlet8.setUserId(brokerId);
// add the cloudlet to the list
cloudletList.add(cloudlet1);
cloudletList.add(cloudlet2);
cloudletList.add(cloudlet3);
cloudletList.add(cloudlet4);
cloudletList.add(cloudlet5);
cloudletList.add(cloudlet6);
cloudletList.add(cloudlet7);
cloudletList.add(cloudlet8);
// submit cloudlet list to the broker
broker.submitCloudletList(cloudletList);
// bind the cloudlets to the vms, This way the
// broker will submit the bound cloudlets only
// to the specific VM
broker.bindCloudletToVm(
  Cloudlet1.getCloudletId(), vm1.getId());
broker.bindCloudletToVm(
  Cloudlet2.getCloudletId(), vm2.getId());
broker.bindCloudletToVm(
  Cloudlet3.getCloudletId(), vm3.getId());
broker.bindCloudletToVm(
  Cloudlet4.getCloudletId(), vm4.getId());
```

```
Cloudlet5.getCloudletId(), vm1.getId());
    broker.bindCloudletToVm(
       Cloudlet6.getCloudletId(), vm2.getId());
    broker.bindCloudletToVm(
      Cloudlet7.getCloudletId(), vm3.getId());
    broker.bindCloudletToVm(
      Cloudlet8.getCloudletId(), vm4.getId());
    // Sixth step: Starts the simulation
    CloudSim.startSimulation();
    CloudSim.stopSimulation();
    // Final step: Print results when simulation is
    // over
    List<Cloudlet> newList
      = broker.getCloudletReceivedList();
    printCloudletList(newList);
    Log.printLine("CloudSimExample1 finished!");
  }
  catch (Exception e) {
    e.printStackTrace();
    Log.printLine("Unwanted errors happen");
  }
private static Datacenter createDatacenter(String name)
  // Here are the steps needed to create a
  // PowerDatacenter:
  // 1. We need to create a list to store
  // our machine
  List<Host> hostList = new ArrayList<Host>();
```

}

broker.bindCloudletToVm(

```
// 2. A Machine contains one or more PEs or
// CPUs/Cores. In this example, it will have only
// one core.
List<Pe> peList = new ArrayList<Pe>();
int mips = 1000;
// 3. Create PEs and add these into a list.
// need to store Pe id and MIPS Rating
peList.add(
  new Pe(0, new PeProvisionerSimple(mips)));
// 4. Create Host with its id and list of PEs and
// add them to the list of machines
int hostId = 0;
int ram = 2048; // host memory (MB)
long storage = 1000000; // host storage
int bw = 10000;
hostList.add(new Host(
  hostId, new RamProvisionerSimple(ram),
  new BwProvisionerSimple(bw), storage, peList,
  new VmSchedulerTimeShared(
    peList))); // This is our machine
// 5. Create a DatacenterCharacteristics object that
// stores the properties of a data center:
// architecture, OS, list of Machines, allocation
// policy: time- or space-shared, time zone and its
// price (G$/Pe time unit).
String arch = "x86"; // system architecture
String os = "Linux"; // operating system
String vmm = "Xen";
double time zone
  = 10.0; // time zone this resource located
double cost = 3.0; // the cost of using processing
           // in this resource
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double costPerMem = 0.05; // the cost of using
                 // memory in this resource
  double costPerStorage
    = 0.001; // the cost of using storage in this
         // resource
  double costPerBw
    = 0.0; // the cost of using bw in this resource
  LinkedList<Storage> storageList
    = new LinkedList<Storage>(); // we are not
                     // adding SAN
                     // devices by now
  DatacenterCharacteristics characteristics
    = new DatacenterCharacteristics(
       arch, os, vmm, hostList, time_zone, cost,
      costPerMem, costPerStorage, costPerBw);
  // 6. Finally, we need to create a PowerDatacenter
  // object.
  Datacenter datacenter = null;
  try {
    datacenter = new Datacenter(
       name, characteristics,
      new VmAllocationPolicySimple(hostList),
      storageList, 0);
  }
  catch (Exception e) {
    e.printStackTrace();
  }
  return datacenter;
private static DatacenterBroker createBroker()
  DatacenterBroker broker = null;
  try {
```

}

```
broker = new DatacenterBroker("Broker");
  catch (Exception e) {
    e.printStackTrace();
    return null;
  return broker;
}
private static void
printCloudletList(List<Cloudlet> list)
  int size = list.size();
  Cloudlet cloudlet;
  String indent = " ";
  Log.printLine();
  Log.printLine("=======OUTPUT =======");
  Log.printLine("Cloudlet ID" + indent + "STATUS"
          + indent + "Data center ID" + indent
          + "VM ID" + indent + "Time" + indent
          + "Start Time" + indent
          + "Finish Time");
  DecimalFormat dft = new DecimalFormat("###.##");
  for (int i = 0; i < size; i++) {
    cloudlet = list.get(i);
    Log.print(indent + cloudlet.getCloudletId()
          + indent + indent);
    if (cloudlet.getCloudletStatus()
      == Cloudlet.SUCCESS) {
      Log.print("SUCCESS");
      Log.printLine(
         indent + indent
         + cloudlet.getResourceId() + indent
```