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Homework 2

3.2 There are 22 distinct tuples.

3.4 A candidate key is a set of fields that uniquely identifies a tuple. There can be multiple candidate keys, but a primary key is a singular, optimized key selected from candidate keys, that can uniquely identify a tuple. In other words, a primary key is the most simplified or basic candidate key. Meanwhile, a superkey is a set of fields that contains a key; it is superfluous in its fields.

3.5 ① !candidatekey

age is an inappropriate candidate key; the same goes for name as there are duplicate entries.

② candidatekey

either SID or login would make appropriate candidate keys as they can uniquely identify tuples.

3.6 A foreign key constraint is an integrity constraint involving two relations that must be specified if a DBMS is to make sure that when one relation is modified, the other relation is checked, if not modified, to keep data consistent. Without them, there will be discrepancies within the database. Referential integrity ensures that the relationship between relations remains consistent throughout modifications.

3.7 ① foreign key(cid) references ~~enrolled~~ courses

foreign key(sid) reference students

foreign key(fid) reference faculty

foreign key(cid) reference meets_in

foreign key(rno) reference Rooms

② cid reference teaches

3.12 CREATE TABLE Professors (ssn char(9),
 cid char(8),
 FOREIGN KEY (cid) reference Courses
 PRIMARY KEY (ssn));

CREATE TABLE Courses (cid char(8),
 Semester varchar(20),
 PRIMARY KEY (cid));

CREATE TABLE Teaches (ssn char(9),
 cid char(8),
 PRIMARY KEY (ssn, cid),
 FOREIGN KEY (ssn) reference Professors,
 FOREIGN KEY (cid) reference Courses);

Cannot capture "exactly one" participation constraint if DB allows duplicates. Condition 6 cannot be captured as that is outside of SQL's capabilities.

3.15 CREATE TABLE Musicians (ssn char(9),
 name char(15),
 PRIMARY KEY (ssn));

CREATE TABLE Instrument (instid char(10),
 key char(5),
 PRIMARY KEY (instid));

~~CREATE TABLE Play~~

CREATE TABLE Plays (ssn char(9),
 instid char(10),
 PRIMARY KEY (ssn, instid),
 FOREIGN KEY (ssn) reference Musicians,
 FOREIGN KEY (instid) reference Instrument);

CREATE TABLE Song (songid varchar(10),
 title varchar(20),
 author char(15),
 PRIMARY KEY (songid),
 FOREIGN KEY (author) reference Musicians);

3.15
CONT.

```
CREATE TABLE Appears ( songid varchar(10),  
                        title  varchar(20),  
                        author char(15),  
                        albumid integer NOT NULL,  
                        PRIMARY KEY (songid),  
                        FOREIGN KEY (albumid) reference albProducer);
```

```
CREATE TABLE albProducer ( ssn char(9) not NULL,  
                            albumid integer,  
                            copyright date,  
                            title  varchar(20),  
                            format  varchar(5),  
                            PRIMARY KEY (albumid)  
                            FOREIGN KEY (ssn) reference Musicians);
```

```
CREATE TABLE Perform ( songid varchar(10),  
                        ssn char(9),  
                        PRIMARY KEY (ssn, songid),  
                        FOREIGN KEY (songid) references Song;  
                        FOREIGN KEY (ssn) reference Musicians);
```

```
CREATE TABLE PhoneHome ( phone char(10),  
                          addr  varchar(30),  
                          PRIMARY KEY (phone),  
                          FOREIGN KEY (addr) reference Place);
```

```
CREATE TABLE Place (addr char(30));
```

```
CREATE TABLE Lives (ssn char(9),  
                    phone char(10),  
                    addr char(30),  
                    PRIMARY KEY (ssn, addr),  
                    FOREIGN KEY (phone, addr) reference phoneHome,  
                    FOREIGN KEY (ssn) reference Musicians);
```

```
CREATE TABLE Employees (ssn varchar(9),
                        union varchar(10),
                        PRIMARY KEY(ssn));
```

3.16 CREATE TABLE Airplane (regnumber integer,
PRIMARY KEY (regnumber));

```
CREATE TABLE Models (modno varchar(9),
                    capacity integer,
                    weight integer,
                    PRIMARY KEY (modno));
```

```
CREATE TABLE Type (regnumber integer,
                    modno integer,
                    PRIMARY KEY (modno, regnumber),
                    FOREIGN KEY (modno) reference Models,
                    FOREIGN KEY (regnumber) reference Airplane);
```

```
CREATE TABLE TECHNICIAN_EMP (ssn varchar(9), ref Employees
                        union varchar(10),
                        name char(15),
                        addr char varchar(20),
                        phone varchar(10),
                        FOREIGN KEY(ssn)
                        reference Employees PRIMARY KEY(ssn));
```

```
CREATE TABLE TRAFFIC_EMP( ssn varchar(9) ref Employees
                        union varchar(10),
                        exam date,
                        PRIMARY KEY (ssn),
                        FOREIGN KEY (ssn) reference Employees);
```

```
CREATE TABLE TEST( testno integer,
                    name varchar(15),
                    maxscore integer,
                    PRIMARY KEY (testno));
```

```
CREATE TABLE testinfo (testno integer,
                        ssn varchar(9),
                        regno integer,
                        datet date,
                        nohours integer,
                        score integer,
                        PRIMARY KEY (testno, regno, ssn),
                        FOREIGN KEY (testno) reference Test,
                        FOREIGN KEY (regno) reference Airplane);
FOREIGN KEY (SSN) reference Employees);
```