



## Congratulations! You passed!

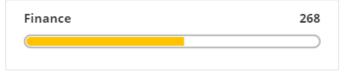
TO PASS 80% or higher

**Keep Learning** 

GRADE 100%

## You have a new skill score!

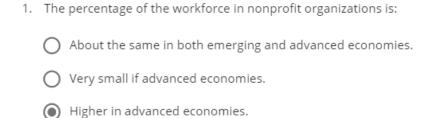
Great job! Keep learning and making progress in your courses to increase your skill scores. See skills



## Lesson #17 Quiz

LATEST SUBMISSION GRADE

100%





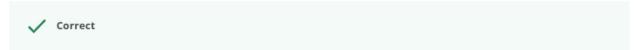




2. Which of the following are examples for nonprofit organizations? (check all that apply)



Peter Tufano's Doorways to Dreams.



Robert Shiller's Case Shiller Weiss Incorporated

	Wendy Kopp's Teach for America.	
	✓ Correct	
	Dean Karlan's Innovations for Poverty Action.	
	✓ Correct	
3.	The main differences between cooperatives and nonprofit organizations are: (check all that apply)	1 / 1 poi
	Cooperatives do not have the maximization of profits as the very first objective.	
	Cooperatives have a specific voting system for its members.	
	✓ Correct	
	Cooperatives may distribute profits.	
	✓ Correct	
	There are no fundamental differences between cooperatives and nonprofit organizations, the unique difference is their different legal treatment.	
4.	Which of the following tend to be true for cooperatives? (check all that apply)	1 / 1 poi
	Cooperatives are rarely successful.	
	✓ Correct	
	Cooperatives tend to charge higher prices or lower wages to their employees.	
	✓ Correct	
	Cooperatives aim to maximize the welfare of the group.	
	✓ Correct	

	Cooperatives aim to maximize the profits for the group.	
5.	A benefit corporation is halfway between:	1 / 1 point
	None of the above.	
	Not-or-profit organizations and cooperatives.	
	For-profit organizations and cooperatives.	
	For-profit and not-for-profit organizations.	
	Correct A benefit has a dual objective: make profits and a social/environmental purpose that is stated in	

the company's charter.