R Markdown

25 Apr 2020

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Installation

Before you start, make sure you have installed the rmarkdown package install.package("rmarkdown")

What is R Markdown?

Markdown = Language for text formatting

- an easy to write plain text format for creatin dynamic documents and reports
- contains "normal" text and code chunks (e.g. R, but Python, SQL, and more also possible)
- RMD -> MD -> html, Docx or PDF
- Formatting documents outside the analysis

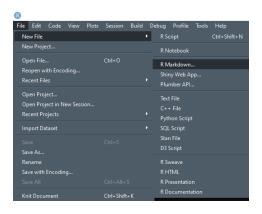
Creating a document that can contain both text and code:

- When creating ("knitting"), the code is executed and displayed together with the description.
- Only a document with out warnings/errors can be knitted!
- Possible to export a Word, HTML or PDF file.

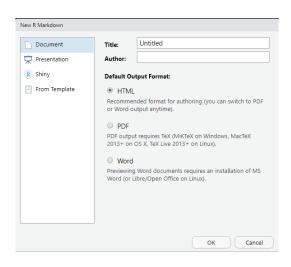
Approach

- Open RStudio -> File -> New File -> R Markdown
- 2 Enter a title for the document (optionally enter an author)
- Choose an output format
- YAML Headline: Final choice of your output format
- Write the markdown
- 6 Embed Code
- Rendering Output
 - RStudio: "Knit" (Ctrl+Shift+K)
 - Command line: rmarkdown:: render("input.Rmd")

Open new Markdown file



Give your file a title



Exercices

You are going to present your work on the "Bike Rental" dataset.

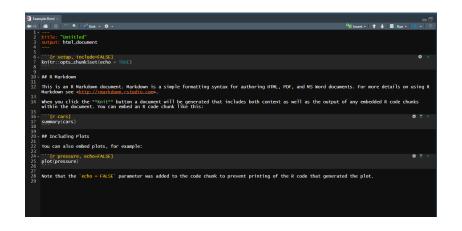
• Title: "Analysis of the bike rental dataset"

• Subtitle: Your name

Choose the output format

- You can shoose between HTML, PDF and Docx(Word)
 - HTML is recommeneded, since everybody can read it
- You can always change your output format, in the YAML header

Starting Point



Rendering output



- Press "Knit" in Rstudio
- Press Ctrl+Shift+K (Windows)
- Procedure¹



 $^{^{1}} https://d33 wubrfki0l68.cloudfront.net/61d189fd9cdf955058415d3e1b28dd60e1bd7c9b/b739c/lesson-images/rmarkdownflow.png$

YAML Header

Example

```
1 --- 2 title: "R Markdown"
3 date: "'r format(Sys.Date(), '%d %b %Y')'"
4 output: beamer_presentation
5 urlcolor: blue
6 ---
```

Output types

Туре	Format	Option in YAML Header
Website	HTML	output: html_document
Document	PDF	output: pdf_document
Document (Word)	RTF	output: word_document
Presentation (beamer)	PDF	output: beamer_presentation
Presentation (ioslides)	HTML	output: ioslides_presentation

YAML Header

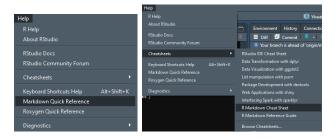
Additional YAML sesstings

- toc: table of content
- bibliography: biblioraphy.bib file with your references
- csl: custom citation style
- abstract: Space to write an abstract
- css: use custom css [HTML]
- fig_width, fig_height, fig_caption: figure options
- include: include other .tex files [PDF]

vielleicht eher als screenshot

Write markdown

You can use the Quick Reference or the Cheatsheet Both can be found by opening the **Help** dropdown menu which is positioned in the top bar



Syntax Examples

Text formatting			
Text	Text		
italic or _italic_	italic		
bold orbold	bold		
<pre>[link](www.sbg.ac.at)</pre>	link		

Starting your own R Markdown Document

Exercise

- Set a header: "Part I: Summary statistics"
- Write a plain text introduction using empahsis and lists according to Reference Guide and reproduce the following:
- Create some sub headers
- Load Image
- 6 Knit
- Setup a table of content using the YAML header
- Knit again

Embed your code

inline code

The mean speed of cars is (`r mean(cars\$speed)`) 15.4.

code chunk

```
{r cars, echo=TRUE}
```

```
summary(cars)
```

```
##
       speed
                     dist
##
   Min. : 4.0
                 Min. : 2.00
## 1st Qu.:12.0 1st Qu.: 26.00
##
   Median: 15.0 Median: 36.00
                Mean : 42.98
##
   Mean :15.4
##
   3rd Qu.:19.0
                3rd Qu.: 56.00
   Max. :25.0
                 Max. :120.00
##
```

How to get this " ' " symbol

Press Shift + ' (twice or followed by Space)



Embed your code

Option	Description
eval(logical, TRUE) echo(logical, TRUE) results(char, "markup")	Evalue chunk Hides R-Code Formatting R output: e.g. "markup", "asis"

Importing the dataset

Exercise

Now lets import our dataset while hiding our code. To import the dataset you will want to use read.csv()

Hint

If you are using a project or set your working directory, you can use "./dataset/day.csv"

Create a stastical overview

Exercise

Now lets use some basic statiscal commands using the following commands on the count variabel in the bike rental dataset:

Commands

summary()

mean()
sd()

R Markdown

Embed your code

You can also use other languages like Python, SQL, Javascript and more while using *R Markdown*

```
Example
x = 'hello, python world!'
print(x.split(' '))
## ['hello,', 'python', 'world!']
```

Exercices

• Create a table that looks as following:

Command	Result
mean()	15.4
sd()	5.29

Write Inline and Plotting

Exercise

- Automatically write the Minimum in the output of the sentence
 - The smallest value of count is [inline code].
- Add a horizontal line
- Set a header: "Part II: Visualization"
- Use the command plot() to gernerate a scatterplot. Do not print the code!
- Add some plain text, divided into two lines:
 - "Figure I:
 - Correlation of count and day"

Create Hyperlinks

Exercise

- Write "You can learn more about R Markdown here.", with here beeing the the following link:
 - https://rmarkdown.rstudio.com/
- 2 Add "Stay Healthy" as blockquote

How it should look

You can learn more about R Markdown here. "Stay Health!"

References

- https://rmarkdown.rstudio.com/lesson-1.html
- https://www.is.uni-freiburg.de/resources/computationaleconomics/R_Markdown.pdf
- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=u4ZdvYXjslo
- https://bookdown.org/yihui/rmarkdown/