

$$a_1 = 1$$

$$a_{n+1} \cdot a_n = 2^n (n \in \mathbb{N}^*)$$

$$\text{代入 } n = 1, a_2 \cdot a_1 = 2 \rightarrow a_2 = 2$$

$$\text{代入 } n = 2, a_3 \cdot a_2 = 2^2 \rightarrow a_3 = 2$$

$$\text{代入 } n = 3, a_4 \cdot a_3 = 2^3 \rightarrow a_4 = 2^2$$

$$\text{代入 } n = 4, a_5 \cdot a_4 = 2^4 \rightarrow a_5 = 2^2$$

$$\text{代入 } n = 5, a_6 \cdot a_5 = 2^5 \rightarrow a_6 = 2^3$$

$$\text{代入 } n = 6, a_7 \cdot a_6 = 2^6 \rightarrow a_7 = 2^3$$

发现了规律

$$\text{当 } n \text{ 为奇数时, } a_n = 2^{\frac{n-1}{2}}$$

$$\text{当 } n \text{ 为偶数时, } a_n = 2^{\frac{n}{2}}$$

于是

$$S_n = a_1 + a_2 + a_3 + a_4 + a_5 + \cdots + a_{n-1} + a_n$$

$$S_{2019} = 1 + 2 + 2 + 2^2 + 2^2 + \cdots + a_{2018} + a_{2019}$$

$$= 1 + \underbrace{2 + 2 + 2^2 + 2^2 + \cdots + 2^{1009} + 2^{1009}}_{\text{总共2018项}}$$

$$= 1 + 2 \cdot \underbrace{(2 + 2^2 + \cdots + 2^{1009})}_{\text{总共有1009项}}$$

$$= 1 + 2 \cdot 2 \frac{1 - 2^{1009}}{1 - 2}$$

$$= 4 \cdot (2^{1009} - 1) + 1$$

$$= 4 \cdot 2^{1009} - 3$$

$$= 2^2 \cdot 2^{1009} - 3$$

$$= 2^{2+1009} - 3$$

$$= 2^{1011} - 3$$