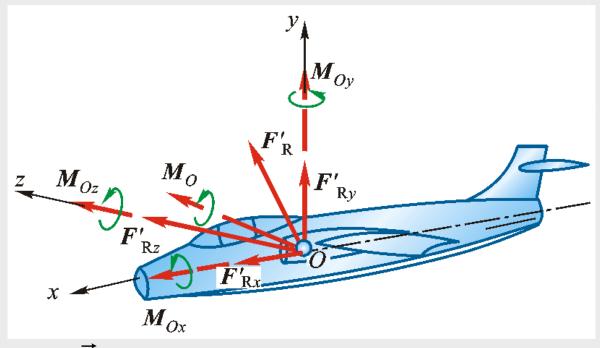
# 理论力学

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## 空间力系的平衡

## 空间任意力系简化 $\{\vec{F}_1, \vec{F}_2, \dots, \vec{F}_n\} \Leftrightarrow \{\vec{F}_R, \vec{M}_o\}$



—有效推进力 飞机向前飞行

一有效升力 飞机上升

 $ec{F}_{\mathrm{R}z}'$  —侧向力 $ec{M}_{\mathit{Ox}}$  —滚转力矩 飞机侧移

飞机绕x轴滚转

 $M_{Oy}$  — 偏航力矩 飞机转弯

 $\vec{M}_{O_z}$  — 俯仰力矩 飞机仰头

## 空间任意力系的平衡条件

设空间任意力系 $\{\vec{F}_1, \vec{F}_2, \dots, \vec{F}_n\} \Leftrightarrow \{\vec{F}_R, \vec{M}_o\}$ 

其平衡的充分必要条件是  $\vec{F}_R = 0$ ,  $\vec{M}_o = 0$ 

空间汇交力系 空间力偶系 空间任意力系

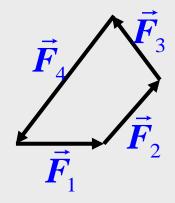
问题: 力系平衡方程的

●形式?

●数目?

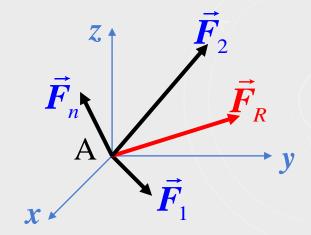
#### 1. 汇交力系的平衡条件

#### (a)几何平衡条件



$$\vec{F}_{\mathrm{R}} = \sum \vec{F} = 0$$

有3个独立的平衡方程



#### (b)解析平衡条件

$$\vec{F}_{R} = F_{Rx}\vec{i} + F_{Ry}\vec{j} + F_{Rz}\vec{k} = 0$$

$$F_{\rm R} = \sqrt{F_{\rm Rx}^2 + F_{\rm Ry}^2 + F_{\rm Rz}^2} = 0$$

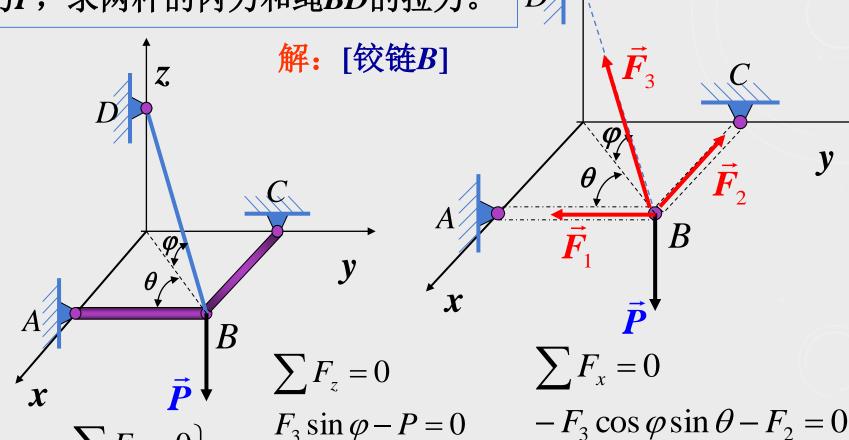
$$F_{Rx} = \sum F_x = 0$$

$$F_{Ry} = \sum F_y = 0$$

$$F_{Rz} = \sum F_z = 0$$

5

例: 结构如图所示,杆重不计,已知 力P,求两杆的内力和绳BD的拉力。



$$F_3 = \frac{P}{\sin \varphi}$$

$$F_{2} = -F_{3} \cos \varphi \sin \theta$$

$$= -\frac{P}{\sin \varphi} \cos \varphi \sin \theta$$

$$\sum_{z} F_{z} = 0$$

$$F_{3} \sin \varphi - P = 0$$

$$\sum F_{x} = 0$$

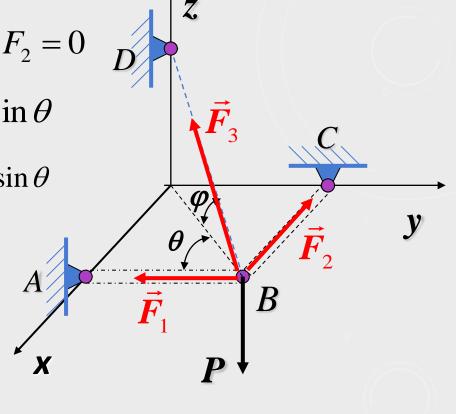
$$-F_3\cos\varphi\sin\theta-F_2=0$$

$$F_3 = \frac{P}{\sin \varphi}$$

$$F_2 = -F_3 \cos \varphi \sin \theta$$
$$= -\frac{P}{\sin \varphi} \cos \varphi \sin \theta$$

$$\sum F_{y} = 0$$
$$-F_{3} \cos \varphi \cos \theta - F_{1} = 0$$

$$F_2 = -F_3 \cos \varphi \cos \theta$$
$$= -\frac{P}{\sin \varphi} \cos \varphi \cos \theta$$



#### 2 力偶系的平衡条件

力偶系: 
$$\{\vec{M}_1, \vec{M}_2, \dots, \vec{M}_n\} = \{\vec{M}_R\} = \{0\}$$

$$\vec{M}_{R} = \sum_{i=1}^{n} \vec{M}_{i} = \sum_{i=1}^{n} M_{ix} \vec{i} + \sum_{i=1}^{n} M_{iy} \vec{j} + \sum_{i=1}^{n} M_{iz} \vec{k} = 0$$

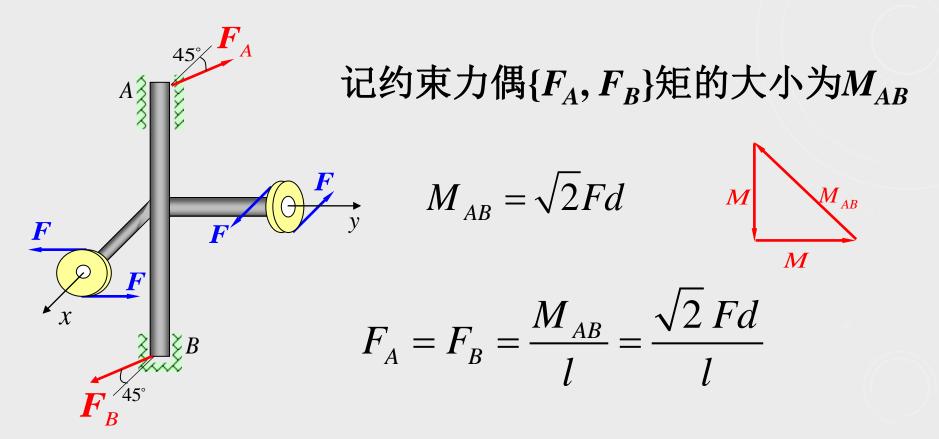
$$\left. \begin{array}{l} \sum M_x = 0 \\ \sum M_y = 0 \\ \sum M_z = 0 \end{array} \right\}$$

#### 有3个独立的平衡方程



支架由三根互相垂直杆刚结而成,两圆盘直径d,固定于两水平杆杆端,盘面与杆垂直。竖直杆 *AB*长为*l*,试确定轴承*A*,*B*的约束力。





方向如图所示

#### 3空间任意力系的平衡条件

平衡原理:设任意力系  $\{\vec{F}_1,\vec{F}_2,\cdots,\vec{F}_n\}\Leftrightarrow \{\vec{F}_R,\vec{M}_o\}$  其平衡的充分必要条件是  $\vec{F}_R=0,\vec{M}_o=0$ 

$$\vec{F}_{R} = \sum_{i=1}^{n} \vec{F}_{i} = \sum_{i=1}^{n} F_{ix} \cdot \vec{i} + \sum_{i=1}^{n} F_{iy} \cdot \vec{j} + \sum_{i=1}^{n} F_{iz} \cdot \vec{k} = 0$$

$$\vec{M}_{O} = \sum_{i=1}^{n} \vec{M}_{Oi} = \sum_{i=1}^{n} M_{iOx} \cdot \vec{i} + \sum_{i=1}^{n} M_{iOy} \cdot \vec{j} + \sum_{i=1}^{n} M_{iOz} \cdot \vec{k} = 0$$

#### 空间任意力系平衡的充分必要条件:

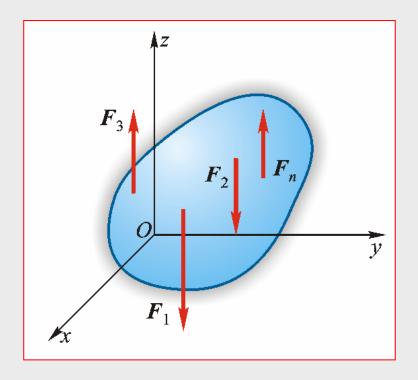
$$\vec{F}_{R} = 0 \Leftrightarrow \begin{cases} \sum F_{x} = 0 \\ \sum F_{y} = 0 \\ \sum F_{z} = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$\vec{M}_{O} = 0 \Leftrightarrow \begin{cases} \sum M_{Ox}(\vec{F}) = 0 \\ \sum M_{Oy}(\vec{F}) = 0 \end{cases} = \begin{cases} \sum M_{x}(\vec{F}) = 0 \\ \sum M_{y}(\vec{F}) = 0, \\ \sum M_{z}(\vec{F}) = 0 \end{cases}$$

#### 基本形式

独立平衡方程数6个,可解6个未知量。

### 空间平行力系



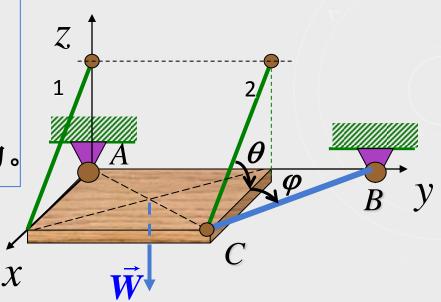
$$\sum F_z = 0 \quad \sum M_x = 0 \quad \sum M_y = 0$$

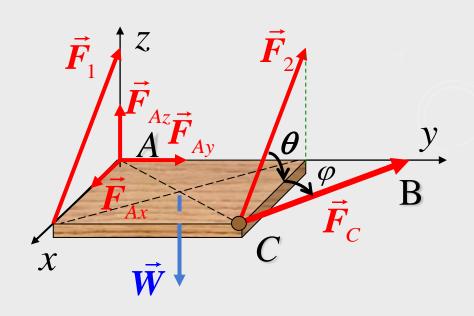
例: 重为W的水平均质正方形板(边长a),求绳1、2的拉力, BC杆的内力和球铰链A的约束力。

解:对[平板]

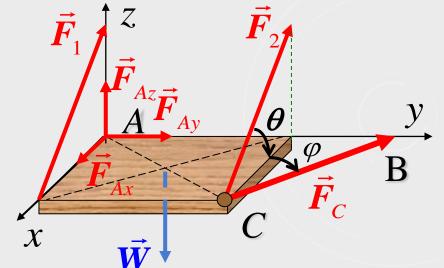
#### 基本形式

$$\begin{cases} \sum F_x = 0 \\ \sum F_y = 0 \end{cases} \begin{cases} \sum M_x(\vec{F}) = 0 \\ \sum M_y(\vec{F}) = 0, \\ \sum M_z(\vec{F}) = 0 \end{cases}$$





$$\begin{cases} \sum F_x = 0 \\ \sum F_y = 0 \\ \sum F_z = 0 \end{cases} \begin{cases} \sum M_x(\vec{F}) = 0 \\ \sum M_y(\vec{F}) = 0, \\ \sum M_z(\vec{F}) = 0 \end{cases}$$



$$\sum F_x = 0 \qquad F_{Ax} - (F_1 + F_2)\cos\theta - F_C\cos\varphi = 0 \qquad \Longrightarrow F_{Ax}$$

$$\sum F_{y} = 0 \qquad F_{Ay} + F_{C} \sin \varphi = 0 \qquad F_{Ay}$$

$$\sum F_z = 0 \qquad F_{Az} + (F_1 + F_2)\sin\theta - W = 0 \qquad F_{Az}$$

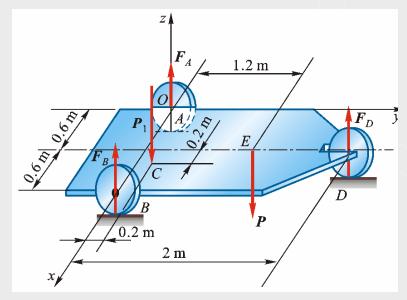
$$\sum M_{x}(\vec{F}) = 0 \qquad F_{2}\sin\theta \cdot a - W \cdot \frac{a}{2} = 0 \qquad \Longrightarrow \qquad F_{2}$$

$$\sum M_{y}(\vec{F}) = 0 - (F_1 + F_2)\sin\theta \cdot a + W \cdot \frac{a}{2} = 0 \quad \Longrightarrow \quad F_1$$

$$\sum_{A} M_{r}(\vec{F}) = 0 \quad F_{2} \cos \theta \cdot a + F_{C} \sin \varphi \cdot a + F_{C} \cos \varphi \cdot a = 0 \quad \Longrightarrow \quad F_{C}$$

### 例 已知: $P = 8kN, P_1 = 10kN$ ; 求 $A \setminus B \setminus D$ 处约束力

解: 研究对象: 小车



#### 平衡方程:

$$\sum F_z = 0 \qquad -P - P_1 + F_A + F_B + F_D = 0$$

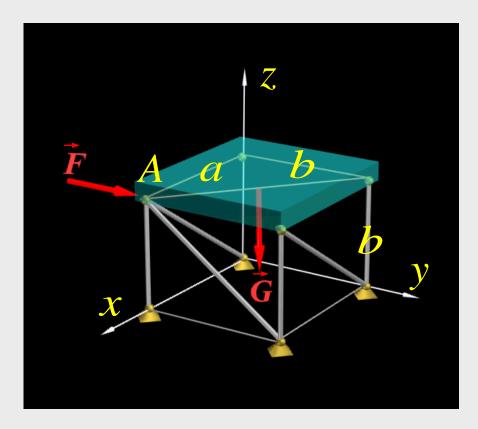
$$\sum M_x(F) = 0 \qquad -0.2P_1 - 1.2P + 2F_D = 0$$

$$\sum M_y(F) = 0 \qquad 0.8P_1 + 0.6P - 1.2F_B - 0.6F_D = 0$$

 $F_D = 5.8 \text{kN}, F_R = 7.777 \text{kN}, F_A = 4.423 \text{kN}$ 

### 其他形式的平衡方程? Yes!

- ✓ 可用力对某轴之矩形式的平衡方程来替代力投影 形式的平衡方程。
- ✓ 可列3-6个力矩投影式,力矩投影式不少于3个,至多6个。



例 水平匀质长方板由六根 直杆支持,直杆两端均为 球铰链。板重G, A处作用 F = 2G。求各杆的内力。

#### 解:对[平板]

#### 平衡方程:

$$\sum M_{AB}(\vec{F}) = 0, \quad -F_6 a - G\frac{a}{2} = 0 \quad F_6 = -\frac{G}{2}$$

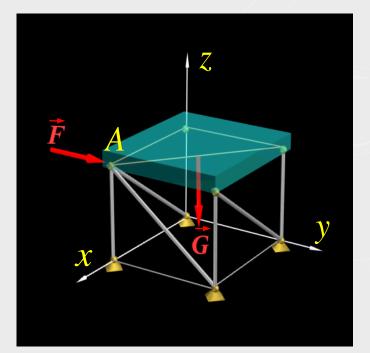
$$\sum M_{AE}(\vec{F}) = 0, \quad F_5 = 0$$

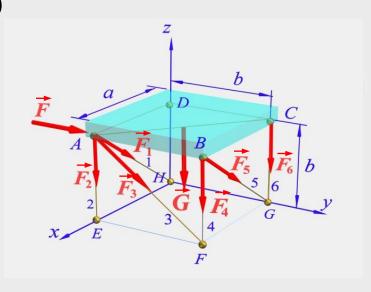
$$\sum M_{AC}(\vec{F}) = 0, \quad F_4 = 0$$

$$\sum M_{EF}(\vec{F}) = 0, \quad -G\frac{a}{2} - F_6 a - F_1 \frac{a}{\sqrt{a^2 + b^2}} b = 0$$
$$F_1 = 0$$

$$\sum M_{FG}(\vec{F}) = 0, \quad -G\frac{b}{2} + Fb - F_2b = 0$$
$$F_2 = 1.5G$$

$$\sum M_{BC}(\vec{F}) = 0, \quad -G\frac{b}{2} - F_2b - F_3\cos 45^\circ \times b = 0$$
$$F_3 = -2\sqrt{2}G$$





- (1) 可用力对某轴之矩形式的平衡方程来替代力投影形式的平衡方程。即有3-6个力矩投影式,力矩投影式不少于3个,至多6个。
- (2) 力的投影轴与矩轴不一定重合,但投影轴及矩轴必须 受到如下限制: ①不全相平行; ②不全在同一平面内。
  - (3) 六力矩形式的矩轴不交于同一点。

可选择合适的力投影轴和矩轴,使每个方程所包含的未知量为最少,从而简化计算。