## Oracle® Cloud

Using the DB2 Adapter Release 16.4 **E81219-01** 

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## **Getting Started with the DB2 Adapter**

Review the following conceptual topics to learn about the DB2 Adapter and how to use it as a connection in integrations in Oracle Integration Cloud Service. A typical workflow of adapter and integration tasks is also provided.

#### **Topics**

- About the DB2 Adapter
- About Oracle Integration Cloud Service
- About Oracle Integration Cloud Service Connections
- About Oracle Integration Cloud Service Integrations
- About DB2 Adapter Use Cases
- Typical Workflow for Creating and Including an Adapter Connection in an Integration

## About the DB2 Adapter

The DB2 Adapter enables you to run stored procedures or SQL statements against an IBM DB2 database as part of an integration in Oracle Integration Cloud Service.

The DB2 Adapter provides the following benefits:

- You can run stored procedures.
- You can run SQL statements.
- Distributed polling and multithreading support is provided.

The DB2 Adapter is one of many predefined adapters included with Oracle Integration Cloud Service. You can configure the DB2 Adapter as a connection in an integration in Oracle Integration Cloud Service. For information about Oracle Integration Cloud Service, connections, and integrations, see the following sections:

- About Oracle Integration Cloud Service
- About Oracle Integration Cloud Service Connections
- About Oracle Integration Cloud Service Integrations

### What Application Version Does the DB2 Adapter Support?

The DB2 Adapter is compatible with DB2 Advanced Enterprise Server Edition 10.5 Fix Pack 7.

### **About Oracle Integration Cloud Service**

Oracle Integration Cloud Service is a complete, secure, but lightweight integration solution that enables you to connect your applications in the cloud. It simplifies connectivity between your applications and connects both your applications that live in the cloud and your applications that still live on premises. Oracle Integration Cloud Service provides secure, enterprise-grade connectivity regardless of the applications you are connecting or where they reside.

Oracle Integration Cloud Service provides native connectivity to Oracle Software as a Service (SaaS) applications, such as Oracle Sales Cloud, Oracle RightNow Cloud, and so on. Oracle Integration Cloud Service *adapters* simplify connectivity by handling the underlying complexities of connecting to applications using industry-wide best practices. You only need to create a *connection* that provides minimal connectivity information for each system. Oracle Integration Cloud Service *lookups* map the different codes or terms used by the applications you are integrating to describe similar items (such as country or gender codes). Finally, the visual data mapper enables you to quickly create direct mappings between the trigger and invoke data structures. From the mapper, you can also access lookup tables and use standard XPath functions to map data between your applications.

Once you integrate your applications and activate the integrations to the runtime environment, the dashboard displays information about the running integrations so you can monitor the status and processing statistics for each integration. The dashboard measures and tracks the performance of your transactions by capturing and reporting key information, such as throughput, the number of messages processed successfully, and the number of messages that failed processing. You can also manage business identifiers that track fields in messages and manage errors by integrations, connections, or specific integration instances.

### **About Oracle Integration Cloud Service Connections**

Connections define information about the instances of each configuration you are integrating. Oracle Integration Cloud Service includes a set of predefined *adapters*, which are the types of applications on which you can base your connections, such as Oracle Sales Cloud, Oracle Eloqua Cloud, Oracle RightNow Cloud, and others. A connection is based on an adapter. A connection includes the additional information required by the adapter to communicate with a specific instance of an application (this can be referred to as metadata or as connection details). For example, to create a connection to a specific RightNow Cloud application instance, you must select the Oracle RightNow adapter and then specify the WSDL URL, security policy, and security credentials to connect to it.



### **About Oracle Integration Cloud Service Integrations**

Integrations are the main ingredient of Oracle Integration Cloud Service. An integration includes at the least a trigger (source) connection (for requests sent to Oracle Integration Cloud Service) and invoke (target) connection (for requests sent from Oracle Integration Cloud Service to the target) and the field mapping between those two connections.

When you create your integrations, you build on the connections you already created by defining how to process the data for the trigger (source) and invoke (target) connections. This can include defining the type of operations to perform on the data, the business objects and fields against which to perform those operations, required

schemas, and so on. To make this easier, the most complex configuration tasks are handled by Oracle Integration Cloud Service. Once your trigger (source) and invoke (target) connections are configured, the mappers between the two are enabled so you can define how the information is transferred between the trigger (source) and invoke (target) data structures for both the request and response messages.

(b) Video

### **About DB2 Adapter Use Cases**

The DB2 Adapter can be used in scenarios such as the following:

- You can create an integration that includes a SOAP Adapter connection on the trigger (inbound) side and a DB2 Adapter on the invoke (outbound) side. For example, when configuring the invoke DB2 Adapter, you can select a stored procedure that enables you to pass an employee ID as an inbound parameter from the SOAP Adapter to an on-premises DB2 database to retrieve additional information about the employee (first name, last name, email ID, and so on). The request is sent to the on-premises agent for execution. The employee results are then returned to Oracle Integration Cloud Service.
- You an configure the DB2 Adapter as a trigger that can poll on a table. It can poll
  on a table with a logical delete column and send the records to the outbound
  adapters.

# Typical Workflow for Creating and Including an Adapter Connection in an Integration

You follow a very simple workflow to create a connection with an adapter and include the connection in an integration.

Step	Description	More Information
1	Create the adapter connections for the applications you want to integrate. The connections can be reused in multiple integrations and are typically created by the administrator.	Creating a DB2 Adapter Connection
2	Create the integration. When you do this, you add trigger and invoke connections to the integration.	Creating an Integration and Adding the DB2 Adapter Connection to an Integration
3	Map data between the trigger connection data structure and the invoke connection data structure.	Mapping Integration Cloud Service Data of <i>Using Oracle Integration Cloud Service</i>
4	(Optional) Create lookups that map the different values used by those applications to identify the same type of object (such as gender codes or country codes).	Creating Lookups of <i>Using Oracle Integration Cloud Service</i>
5	Activate the integration.	Managing Integrations of <i>Using Oracle Integration Cloud Service</i>

Step	Description	More Information
6	Monitor the integration on the dashboard.	Monitoring Integration Cloud Services of <i>Using</i> Oracle Integration Cloud Service
7	Track payload fields in messages during runtime.	Assigning Business Identifiers for Tracking Fields in Messages and Managing Business Identifiers for Tracking Fields in Messages of <i>Using Oracle</i> Integration Cloud Service
8	Manage errors at the integration level, connection level, or specific integration instance level.	Managing Errors of Using Oracle Integration Cloud Service

## **Creating a DB2 Adapter Connection**

A connection is based on an adapter. You define connections to the specific cloud applications that you want to integrate. The following topics describe how to define connections:

#### **Topics**

- Prerequisites for Creating a Connection
- Uploading an SSL Certificate
- Creating a Connection
- Editing a Connection
- Cloning a Connection
- Deleting a Connection

## **Prerequisites for Creating a Connection**

You must satisfy the following prerequisites for creating a connection with the Oracle Integration Cloud Service. Contact your IBM DB2 database administrator for this information.

- 1. Ensure that the target database is publicly accessible.
- **2.** Ensure that you have write permissions to the database.
- **3.** Ensure that you have the required permissions to run stored procedures and SQL statements.
- **4.** Know the database URL, including the hostname or IP address and the port number.
- **5.** Know the database name.
- **6.** Know the username and password for connecting to the database.
- **7.** Know the agent group to associate with the DB2 Adapter if you are connecting to an on-premises DB2 database.

### **Uploading an SSL Certificate**

Certificates are used to validate outbound SSL connections. If you make an SSL connection in which the root certificate does not exist in Oracle Integration Cloud Service, an exception is thrown. In that case, you must upload the appropriate certificate. A certificate enables Oracle Integration Cloud Service to connect with

external services. If the external endpoint requires a specific certificate, request the certificate and then upload it into Oracle Integration Cloud Service.

To upload a certificate:

**1.** From the Oracle Integration Cloud Service home page, click the **Administration** tab in the upper right corner.

All certificates currently uploaded to the trust store are displayed in the Certificates dialog. The **Filter By** > **Type** list displays the following details:

- **Preinstalled**: Displays the certificates automatically installed in Oracle Integration Cloud Service. These certificates cannot be deleted.
- **Uploaded**: Displays the certificates uploaded by individual users. These certificates can be deleted and updated.

You can also search for certificates in the **Search** field. The search results are limited to a maximum of ten records sorted by name for performance and usability reasons. To ensure that your search results are more granular, enter as much of the certificate name as possible.

- **2.** Click **Upload** at the top of the page.
- **3.** In the Upload Certificate dialog box, enter a unique identifier for the certificate.

This is a name you can use to identify the certificate.

- **4.** Click **Browse** to locate the certificate file (.cer).
- 5. Click Upload.
- **6.** Click the certificate name to view details such as the subject of the certificate, the issuer of the certificate, the date the certificate was issued, and the date the certificate expires.

### **Creating a Connection**

The first step in creating an integration is to create the connections to the applications with which you want to share data.

- 1. In the Integration Cloud Service toolbar, click **Designer**.
- **2.** On the Designer Portal, click **Connections**.
- 3. Click New Connection.

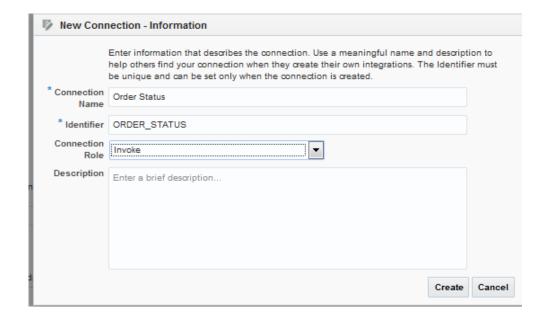
The Create Connection — Select Adapter dialog is displayed.

**4.** Select an adapter from the dialog. You can also search for the type of adapter to use by entering a partial or full name in the Search field, and clicking **Search**.

The New Connection — Information dialog is displayed.

- **5.** Enter the information to describe the connection.
  - Enter a meaningful name to help others find your connection when they begin to create their own integrations. The name you enter is automatically added in capital letters to the **Identifier** field. If you modify the identifier name, do not include a blank space (for example, OSC Inbound).

- Select the role (direction) in which to use this connection (trigger, invoke, or both). Only the roles supported by this adapter are displayed for selection.
   When you select a role, only the connection properties and security policies appropriate to that role are displayed on the Connections page. If you select an adapter that supports both invoke and trigger, but select only one of those roles, then try to drag the adapter into the section you did not select, you receive an error (for example, configure an Oracle RightNow Cloud Adapter as only an invoke, but drag the adapter to the trigger section).
- Enter an optional description of the connection.



#### 6. Click Create.

Your connection is created and you are now ready to configure connection details, such as email contact, connection properties, security policies, and connection login credentials.

### **Adding a Contact Email**

From the Connection Administrator section of the connection, you can add a contact email address for notifications.

- 1. In the **Email Address** field, enter an email address to receive email notifications when problems occur.
- **2.** In the upper right corner, click **Save**.

### **Configuring Connection Properties**

Enter connection information so your application can process requests.

1. Click Configure Connectivity.

The Connection Properties dialog is displayed.

**2.** Enter the host name or IP address of the database server.

- **3.** Enter the database server port number.
- **4.** Enter the database name.
- 5. Click OK.

You are now ready to configure connection security.

#### **Configuring Connection Security**

Configure security for your database connection by selecting the security policy and setting login credentials. A database connection is only allowed for publicly accessible databases.

- 1. Click Configure Credentials.
- **2.** Enter your login credentials.
  - **a.** Select the security policy. Only the Username Password Token policy is supported. It cannot be deselected.
  - **b.** Enter a username and password to connect to the database.
  - **c.** Reenter the password a second time.
- 3. Click OK.

You are now ready to configure an Agent Group.

#### **Configuring an Agent Group**

Configure an agent group for accessing your on-premises application.

1. Click Configure Agents.

The Select an Agent Group page appears.

- **2.** Click the name of the agent group.
- 3. Click Use.
- **4.** Test the connection. See Testing the Connection.

#### **Related Topics:**

About Agents and Integrations Between On-Premises Applications and Oracle Integration Cloud Service

Managing Agent Groups and the On-Premises Agent

Monitoring Agents

### **Testing the Connection**

Test your connection to ensure that it is successfully configured.

1. In the upper right corner of the page, click Test.

If successful, the following message is displayed and the progress indicator shows 100%.

The connection test was successful!

- **2.** If your connection was unsuccessful, an error message is displayed with details. Verify that the configuration details you entered are correct.
- **3.** When complete, click **Save**.

### **Editing a Connection**

You can edit connection settings after creating a new connection.

- 1. In the Oracle Integration Cloud Service toolbar, click **Designer**.
- **2.** On the Designer Portal, click **Connections**.
- **3.** On the Connections page, search for the connection name.
- **4.** Select **Edit** from the connection **Actions** menu or click the connection name.



The Connection page is displayed.

- To edit the notification email contact, change the email address in the Email Address field.
- **6.** To edit the connection properties, click **Configure Connectivity**. Note that some connections do not include this button. If your connector does not include a **Configure Connectivity** button, then click the **Configure Credentials** button.

## **Cloning a Connection**

You can clone a copy of an existing connection. It is a quick way to create a new connection.

- 1. In the Oracle Integration Cloud Service toolbar, click **Designer**.
- **2.** On the Designer Portal, click **Connections**.
- **3.** On the Connections page, search for the connection name.
- **4.** Select **Clone** from the connection **Actions** menu.



The Clone Connection dialog is displayed.

**5.** Enter the connection information.

- 6. Click Clone.
- **7.** Click **Edit** to configure the credentials of your cloned connection. Cloning a connection does not copy the credentials.

See Editing a Connection for instructions.

## **Deleting a Connection**

You can delete a connection from the connection menu.

- **1.** In the Oracle Integration Cloud Service toolbar, click **Designer**.
- **2.** On the Designer Portal, click **Connections**.
- **3.** On the Connections page, search for the connection name.
- **4.** Click **Delete** from the connection **Actions** menu.



The Delete Connection dialog is displayed if the connection is not used in an integration.

**5.** Click **Yes** to confirm deletion.

## **Creating an Integration**

Integrations use the adapter connections you created to your applications, and define how information is shared between those applications. You can create, import, modify, or delete integrations; create integrations to publish or subscribe to messages; add and remove request and response enrichment triggers; and create routing paths for different invoke endpoints in integrations. Click the following topics for more information.

#### **Topic**

• Creating Integrations (in *Using Oracle Integration Cloud Service*)

## Adding the DB2 Adapter Connection to an Integration

When you drag the DB2 Adapter into an integration, the Adapter Endpoint Configuration Wizard appears. This wizard guides you through configuration of DB2 Adapter endpoint properties.

The following sections describe the wizard pages that guide you through configuration of the DB2 Adapter as a trigger and an invoke in an integration.

#### **Topics**

- **Configuring Basic Information Properties**
- Configuring DB2 Adapter Trigger Polling Properties
- Configuring DB2 Adapter Invoke Stored Procedure Operation Properties
- Configuring DB2 Adapter Invoke SQL Statement Properties
- Reviewing Configuration Values on the Summary Page

For general information about the DB2 Adapter, see About the DB2 Adapter.

#### Note:

- The DB2 Adapter does not support the regeneration of WSDL artifacts. For more information about regeneration, see Regenerating a WSDL File for Integrations (in *Using Oracle Integration Cloud Service*).
- You cannot edit the existing trigger DB2 Adapter settings or delete or reimport the previously configured DB2 Adapter tables. To modify an existing integration, delete the connection, drag the DB2 Adapter to the trigger or invoke area of the integration, and reconfigure the DB2 Adapter endpoint properties.

### **Configuring Basic Information Properties**

You can enter a name and description on the Basic Info page of each trigger and invoke adapter in your integration.

#### **Topics**

- What You Can Do from the Basic Info Page
- What You See on the Basic Info Page

#### What You Can Do from the Basic Info Page

You can specify the following values on the Basic Info page. The Basic Info page is the initial wizard page that is displayed when you drag the DB2 Adapter onto the integration canvas.

- Specify a meaningful name and description of adapter responsibilities.
- Specify the operation type in outbound (invoke) connections:
  - Invoke a Stored Procedure opens the Invoke a Stored Procedure page when you click Next.
  - Run a SQL Statement opens the Run a SQL Statement page when you click Next.
- Identify the operation type. This functionality is available in inbound connections.
- Import or remove root database tables. This functionality is available in inbound connections.

#### What You See on the Basic Info Page

The following table describes the key information on the Basic Info page.

Element	Description
What do you want to call your endpoint?	Identifies the connection with a meaningful name that defines the purpose of connection. For example, CreateEmployeeIndB for a database connection that adds new employee data. The name can include English alphabetic characters, numbers, underscores, and dashes. The name cannot include:
	<ul> <li>Blank spaces (for example, My DB Connection)</li> <li>Special characters (for example, #;83&amp; or righ(t)now4)</li> <li>Multibyte characters</li> </ul>
What does this endpoint do?	Enter an optional description of the connection's responsibilities. For example: This connection receives an inbound request to synchronize account information with the cloud application.
What operation do you want to perform?	Selects the operation performed by the connection in the outbound (invoke) direction:
	<ul> <li>Invoke a Stored Procedure: Allows the selection of a stored procedure to run on the database.</li> <li>Run a SQL Statement: Allows the selection of a SQL query to run against the database.</li> <li>In the inbound (trigger) direction, you can only poll for new or changed records.</li> </ul>

## **Configuring DB2 Adapter Trigger Polling Properties**

Select the root database table for the service query.

#### **Topics**

- What You Can Do from the Polling Page
- What You See on the Polling Page
- What You See on the Manage Tables Page
- What You See on the Attributes Filtering Page
- What You See on the Table Relationships Page
- What You See on the Polling Strategy and Options Page

#### What You Can Do from the Polling Page

You can import root database tables on the Polling page.

#### What You See on the Polling Page

The following table describes the key information on the Polling page.

Element	Description
Import Tables	Imports the schema, tables, and primary keys that you select for the service query.
Remove Tables	Removes the selected table from the service query tables list.
Review and Manage root database table relationships	Appears after importing tables. Select <b>Edit</b> to open the Relations page where you can view, create, and remove relationships between tables.
Review and verify tables and relationship attributes	Appears after importing tables. Select <b>Edit</b> to open the Attributes Filtering page where you can review, verify, select or deselect the attributes in the object model created from the imported tables and the defined relationships.
Review the polling strategy and specify polling options	Appears after importing tables. Select <b>Edit</b> to open the Polling Strategy and Options page where you can define the polling strategy and specify polling options.

### What You See on the Manage Tables Page

The following table describes the key information on the Manage Tables page. The Manage Tables page appears when you select **Import Tables** on the Polling page.

Element	Description
Schema	Selects the schema for the tables and views you are importing.
Tables	The name of the table to which the schema or view is applied. The list next to the <b>Tables</b> field allows these selections:
	<ul> <li>All — selects all available tables and views.</li> <li>Materialized View — selects materialized views.</li> <li>Materialized View Log — selects materialized view logs.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Synonym — selects the alias for the schema object.</li> <li>Table — selects tables.</li> <li>View — selects views.</li> </ul>
Available Tables	Lists the tables that meet the selection criteria.
Selected Tables	Lists your table selection.
Primary Keys	Appears when you select tables without a primary key defined. Selects the virtual primary key for the table.

#### What You See on the Table Relationships Page

The following table describes the key information on the Relations page. The Relations page appears when you select **Edit** for the **Review and manage root database table relationships** option on the DB2 Adapter Polling page.

Element	Description
Create New	<ul> <li>Opens the Create Relation page with these options:</li> <li>Parent Table — selects the parent table for the relationship between tables.</li> <li>Child Table — selects the child table for the relationship between tables.</li> <li>Relationship — defines the relationship between the parent and child tables.</li> <li>Attribute Name — Applies attributes to the table relationship.</li> <li>Mapping — Displays the mapping for the table relationship.</li> </ul>
Detach	Opens the Relationships list in a new window.

### What You See on the Attributes Filtering Page

The following table shows the attributes in the object model created from the imported tables and the defined relationships. The Attributes Filtering page appears when you select **Review and verify table and relationship attributes** on the DB2 Adapter Polling page.

Element	Description
Attributes	Deselect any attributes to exclude from the database queries. Primary key attributes cannot be excluded.

#### What You See on the Polling Strategy and Options Page

The following table describes the key information on the Polling Strategy and Options page. The Polling Strategy and Options page appears when you select Edit for Review the polling strategy and specify polling options on the DB2 Adapter Polling page.

Element	Description
Logical Delete Field	Selects a field in the root database table. To allow the selection, polling must be enabled in the Status column.
Read Value	Identifies the value that is used to indicate a row has been read. For example, PROCESSED. Surrounding quotes are not required.
Unread Value	Indicates the rows to process. Only rows with Logical Delete Field and column values that match the Unread Value are read.
Polling Frequency (Sec)	Specifies the polling frequency (in seconds) for new records or events.
Batch Size	Specifies the number of table rows to process during a single transaction. If you specify a batch size of more than one, model the integration with a for-each block to handle the records.

## Configuring DB2 Adapter Invoke Stored Procedure Operation Properties

Enter the DB2 Adapter stored procedure operation parameters.

#### **Topics**

- What You Can Do from the Invoke a Stored Procedure Page
- What You See on the Invoke a Stored Procedure Page

### What You Can Do from the Invoke a Stored Procedure Page

The Invoke a Stored Procedure page appears when Invoke a Stored Procedure is selected as the operation to perform on the Basic Info page. You can specify the following values on the Invoke a Stored Procedure page.

- Select the database schema that includes the data you want to query (for example, you want to query details about an employee based on their employee ID).
- Select a stored procedure or package from the list that is displayed after you select the database schema.

**Note:** When importing a predefined integration package containing PLS or SQL stored procedures, the wrapper package is not recreated in the target database. To add the wrapper package, confirm JPublisher is installed on the target database and define the original stored procedure.

#### What You See on the Invoke a Stored Procedure Page

The following table describes the fields that appear on the Invoke a Stored Procedure page.

Element	Description
Select Schema	Select a database schema from the list. This action refreshes the page to display fields for selecting a package or procedure to invoke.
Select Package	Select the database package. This action refreshes the page to display the procedures available for the package.
	When importing a predefined integration package containing PLS or SQL stored procedures, the wrapper package is not recreated in the target database. To add the wrapper package, confirm JPublisher is installed on the target database and define the original stored procedure. After confirming JPublisher is installed and the stored procedure is defined, open the PL/SQL Wrapper utility and execute the add scripts command to add the scripts included in the exported inventory archives (IAR) file.
Select Procedure	Displays the in (inbound), out (outbound), and in/out (inbound/outbound) parameters for the selected package.
Arguments	Display the in, out, and in/out parameters that are passed with this procedure.

## **Configuring DB2 Adapter Invoke SQL Statement Properties**

Enter the DB2 Adapter SQL statement properties.

#### **Topics**

- What You Can Do from the Run a SQL Statement Page
- What You See on the Run a SQL Statement Page

#### Note:

• Do not use schema/database names in SQL queries. Configure the details in the connection. For example:

```
Update HR.employee set HR.employee.first_name = 'Name' where
HR.employee.employee_id='1'
```

can be changed to a simple query, such as:

```
Update employee set first_name = 'Name' where employee_id='1'
```

where HR is used in the connection details. This restricts a user with specific privileges to a particular schema/database.

 When configuring the adapter as an invoke connection, ensure that proper spaces are provided between key words for a pure SQL statement. For example, the following statement fails during integration activation because there is no blank space between VALUES and (#.

```
INSERT INTO <table_name> VALUES(#EMPNO, #EMPNAME)
```

Add a blank space between VALUES and (#, and the statement is successfully processed.

INSERT INTO <table\_name> VALUES (#EMPNO, #EMPNAME)

#### What You Can Do from the Run a SQL Statement Page

The Run a SQL Statement page appears when Run a SQL Statement is selected as the operation to perform on the Basic Info page. You can specify the following values on the Run a SQL Statement page.

- Enter a SQL query.
- Validate the SQL query to make sure the query syntax is correct and the specified tables, fields, and values exist.

When a SQL query is successfully validated, the Status field displays Success!

#### What You See on the Run a SQL Statement Page

The following table describes the fields that appear on the Run a SQL Statement page.

Element	Description
SQL Query	Identifies the SQL query.
Validate SQL Query	Validates the SQL query syntax.
Status	Displays the SQL query syntax validation status. When syntax validation is successful, the message Success! appears.

### **Reviewing Configuration Values on the Summary Page**

You can review the specified adapter configuration values on the Summary page.

#### **Topics**

- What You Can Do from the Summary Page
- What You See on the Summary Page

### What You Can Do from the Summary Page

You can review configuration details from the Summary page. The Summary page is the final wizard page for each adapter after you have completed your configuration.

- View the configuration details you defined for the adapter. For example, if you have defined an inbound trigger (source) adapter with a request business object and immediate response business object, specific details about this configuration are displayed on the Summary page.
- Click **Done** if you want to save your configuration details.
- Click a specific tab in the left panel or click **Back** to access a specific page to update your configuration definitions.
- Click **Cancel** to cancel your configuration details.

#### What You See on the Summary Page

The following table describes the key information on the Summary page.

Element	Description
Summary	Displays a summary of the configuration values you defined on previous pages of the wizard.
	The information that is displayed can vary by adapter. For some adapters, the selected business objects and operation name are displayed. For adapters for which a generated XSD file is provided, click the XSD link to view a read-only version of the file.
	To return to a previous page to update any values, click the appropriate tab in the left panel or click <b>Back</b> .

## **Creating Mappings and Lookups in** Integrations

You must map data between trigger connections and invoke connections in integrations. You can also optionally create lookups in integrations.

#### **Topics**

- Mapping Integration Cloud Service Data (in Using Oracle Integration Cloud Service)
- Creating Lookups (in Using Oracle Integration Cloud Service)

## **Administering Integrations**

Oracle Integration Cloud Service provides you with the information and tools required to activate, monitor, and manage your integrations in the runtime environment.

#### **Topic**

• Administering Integration Cloud Service (in *Using Oracle Integration Cloud Service*)

## **Troubleshooting the DB2 Adapter**