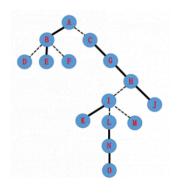
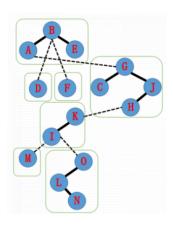
动态树

Link-Cut Tree

Idea: 对树进行剖分,不过每条实链用一个 Splay 按照原树中的深度顺序进行维护,Splay 与 Splay 之间用虚边连接,虚边连接的子节点的 fa 置为父节点,但父节点的 son 不置为子节点。





OPT:

- access(x): 将 LCT 的根到 x 的路径设为一条实链(access 之后,由于该链最深点为 x,所以 x 是该链的 Splay 的最后一个元素);
- makeRoot(x): 将 x 设置为原树的根;
- findRoot(x): 查找 x 所在原树的根;
- link(x, y): 连接 x 和 y, 即将 x 所在的 LCT 与 y 所在的 LCT 连接起来;
- cut(x, y): 断开 x 和 y, 即将 x 和 y 分到两个不同的 LCT 去;
- queryPath/modifyPath(x, y): 询问或更改 x 到 y 的路径上的信息;
- queryNode/modifyNode(x): 询问或更改点 x 的信息。

Complexity: $O(n \lg n)$

ATT: 注意区分三种"根": 原树的根; LCT 的根(其实是没有虚边的那个 Splay 的根); 每个 Splay 的根。

Code:

```
struct LinkCutTree{
 1
         int sta[N], staTop;
         struct Splay{
             int son[2], fa;
             int val, XOR; // information needed to be maintained
 5
 6
             bool rev;
         }tr[N];
         #define which(x, y) (tr[y].son[1] == x)
8
 9
         inline void pushup(int x){
             if(x){
10
11
                 tr[x].XOR = tr[x].val;
                 if(tr[x].son[0])
                                     tr[x].XOR ^= tr[tr[x].son[0]].XOR;
12
                                      tr[x].XOR ^= tr[tr[x].son[1]].XOR;
                 if(tr[x].son[1])
14
15
16
         inline void pushdown(int x){
17
             if(tr[x].rev){
18
                 if(tr[x].son[0]){
                     tr[tr[x].son[0]].rev ^= 1;
19
                     swap(tr[tr[x].son[0]].son[0],\ tr[tr[x].son[0]].son[1]);\\
21
                 if(tr[x].son[1]){
2.2
23
                     tr[tr[x].son[1]].rev ^= 1;
24
                     swap(tr[tr[x].son[1]].son[0],\ tr[tr[x].son[1]].son[1]);\\
25
26
                 tr[x].rev ^= 1;
2.7
28
         inline bool isRoot(int x){ return tr[tr[x].fa].son[0] != x && tr[tr[x].fa].son[1] != x; }
29
30
         inline void rotate(int x, int dir){ // dir == 0: left; dir == 1: right
```

```
31
            int y = tr[x].fa, z = tr[y].fa, B = tr[x].son[dir];
32
            if(!isRoot(y)) tr[z].son[which(y,z)] = x;
33
            tr[x].son[dir] = y; tr[y].son[dir^1] = B;
34
            tr[x].fa = z; tr[y].fa = x; tr[B].fa = y;
35
            pushup(y); pushup(x);
36
37
        inline void splay(int x){ // rotate x to the root of its splay tree
38
            sta[staTop = 1] = x;
39
            for(int i = x; !isRoot(i); i = tr[i].fa)
                                                      sta[++staTop] = tr[i].fa;
40
            while(staTop) pushdown(sta[staTop--]); // pushdown the tag
41
            while(!isRoot(x)){
42
                int y = tr[x].fa, z = tr[y].fa, dir1 = which(x,y)^1, dir2 = which(y,z)^1;
                if(isRoot(y)) rotate(x, dir1);
43
44
                else{
45
                    if(dir1 == dir2)
                                        rotate(y, dir2);
46
                    else rotate(x, dir1);
47
                    rotate(x, dir2);
48
            }
49
50
         inline void access(int x){ // connect x with the root of LCT
51
52
            for(int y = 0; x; y = x, x = tr[x].fa){
53
                splay(x); tr[x].son[1] = y; pushup(x);
54
            }
55
         inline void makeRoot(int x){ // make x the root of original tree
56
57
            access(x); splay(x);
            tr[x].rev ~=~1; ~swap(tr[x].son[0], ~tr[x].son[1]); ~//splay::reverse ~an ~interval
58
59
            pushup(x);
60
         inline int findRoot(int x){ // find the root of original tree
61
62
            access(x); splay(x);
            while(tr[x].son[0]) x = tr[x].son[0];
63
64
            return x;
65
66
         inline void link(int x, int y){
67
            makeRoot(x); access(y); splay(y);
            if(findRoot(y) != x)
68
                                   tr[x].fa = y;
69
7.0
        inline void cut(int x, int y){
            71
72
7.3
            tr[y].son[0] = tr[x].fa = 0;
74
            pushup(y);
75
        }
76
77
        inline int queryXor(int x, int y){ // query a path
78
            makeRoot(x); access(y); splay(y);
79
            // the splay tree now contains and only contains all the node on the path from x to y
            return tr[y].XOR;
8.0
81
         inline void modify(int x, int val){ // modify a node
82
83
            splay(x);
            tr[x].val = val;
84
8.5
            pushup(x);
86
87
    }LCT;
```