费用流

Min-cost Max-flow

Idea:将 EK 算法中的 bfs 改为 spfa,每次寻找费用最少的增广路。

Complexity: $O(VE^2)$

ATT: 链式前向星存储时, edgeNum 初始化为1; 建图时建流为 0、费用为 -f 的反向边。

Code:

```
int minCost[N], minFlow[N], pre[N];
 2
    bool inq[N];
 3
    int spfa(){
 4
        for(int i = 1; i \le n; i++){
            minCost[i] = minFlow[i] = INF;
 5
            pre[i] = 0;
 6
 7
            inq[i] = 0;
        }
 9
        queue<int> q;
        q.push(src);
10
11
        inq[src] = 1;
        minCost[src] = 0;
12
13
        while(!q.empty()){
14
            int cur = q.front(); q.pop();
            inq[cur] = 0;
15
            for(int i = head[cur]; i; i = edge[i].nxt){
16
                if(edge[i].flow && minCost[edge[i].to] > minCost[cur] +
17
    edge[i].cost){
                     minCost[edge[i].to] = minCost[cur] + edge[i].cost;
18
                     minFlow[edge[i].to] = min(minFlow[cur],
19
    edge[i].flow);
20
                     pre[edge[i].to] = i;
21
                     if(!inq[edge[i].to]){
22
                         q.push(edge[i].to);
                         inq[edge[i].to] = 1;
23
                     }
24
25
                }
            }
26
27
        if(pre[dst] == 0) return -1;
28
```

```
return minFlow[dst];
   }
30
31
   void EK(int &maxflow, int &mincost){
32
        maxflow = mincost = 0;
33
34
       int flow = 0;
       while((flow = spfa()) != -1){
35
           int t = dst;
36
           while(t != src){
37
38
               edge[pre[t]].flow -= flow;
               edge[pre[t]^1].flow += flow;
39
               t = edge[pre[t]^1].to;
40
41
42
           maxflow += flow;
           mincost += flow * minCost[dst];
43
44
       }
45 }
```