A Waterfall Chart and a Slopegraph.

Sleeper Ch. 37, 38

How to Make a Waterfall Chart.

Start by building a bar chart:

- Columns: Sub-Category
- Rows: Sum(Profit)

Update Sum(Profit) pill into a **Running Total** Quick Table Calculation (table across).

- Mark Type: Gantt Bar

Create a New Calculated Field



Size Marks Card: Sum(Negative Profit)

Add Color Encoding and the Totals Bar

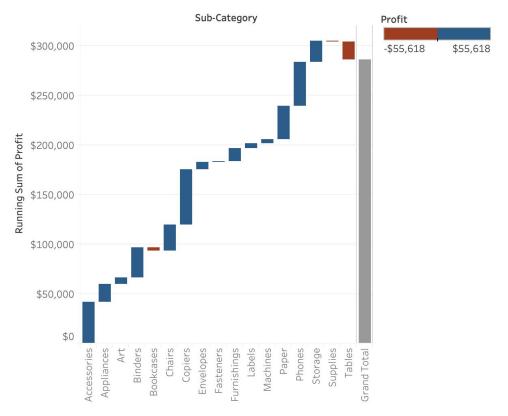
Add color encoding:

- Color Marks Card: Sum(Profit)
- Click on the Color Marks Card > Edit Colors > Stepped Color: 2 Steps

Add the totals bar:

Analysis > Totals > Show Row Grand Totals

Waterfall Chart



Running Sum of Profit for each Sub-Category. Color shows sum of Profit. Size shows sum of Negative Profit.

A **Slopegraph** is essentially a line chart between two points. Works well to show a comparison between two states.

How to Create a Slopegraph.

Create a bar chart with your two-point time comparison:

- Columns: Year
- Rows: Sum(Measure)

Add dimension that you are looking to compare to the Level of Detail:

- Details Marks Card: Category

Change the Mark Type:

- Marks Type: Line

Format the Lines.

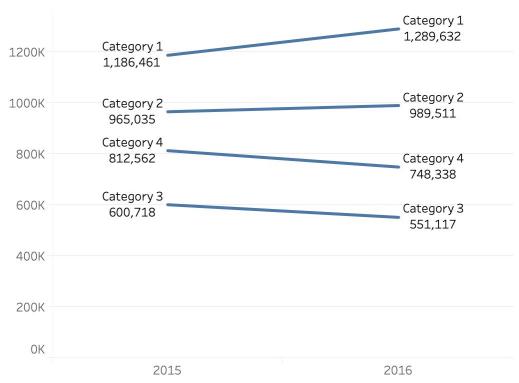
Add Labels:

- Label Marks Card: Category, Sum(Measure)

In order to show labels at both ends, click on the **Label** Marks Card and select the **Line Ends** option.

Update to the **Entire View** the **Standard** DropDownBox.

A Slopegraph



The trend of sum of Measure for Year. The marks are labeled by Category and sum of Measure. Details are shown for Category.

Our Data Source for the Dual-Axis Slope Graph

| 1 | Α | В | С |
|---|---------------------|----------------|------------------|
| 1 | Company | Social Network | Size of Audience |
| 2 | Our Awesome Company | Facebook | 1289632 |
| 3 | Top Competitor | Facebook | 1186461 |
| 4 | Our Awesome Company | Twitter | 989511 |
| 5 | Top Competitor | Twitter | 965035 |
| 6 | Our Awesome Company | LinkedIn | 551117 |
| 7 | Top Competitor | LinkedIn | 600718 |
| 8 | Our Awesome Company | Instagram | 748338 |
| 9 | Top Competitor | Instagram | 812562 |

How to Create a Dual-Axis Slopegraph.

Start with a bar chart; each column represents a dimension we are comparing:

- Columns: <mark>Social Network, Company</mark>
- Rows: Sum(Size of Audience)

Change the Mark Type:

- Marks Type: Line

Add marks to line ends:

Click on the Color Marks Card and choose Markers: All

Configure Your Second Axis and the Order of Companies.

Add a second axis by dragging the **Size of Audience** measure to its position all the way to the right of the viz.

Right-click the second axis and select Synchronize Axis.

If there's a need to change the order of 'Competitor' vs 'Our Company', right-click the Company pill on the Columns shelf > **Sort** > Asc vs Desc

Configure the Circle Marks

For the second set of marks:

- Marks Type: Circle
- Label Marks Card: Sum(Size of Audience) > Right-Click > Quick Table Calculation > Percent Difference; Compute Using > Pane (across)
- Color Marks Card: Company

Right-click **Label** Marks Card > **Border**: Blue; **Font**: White & **Bold**, **Alignment**: **Vertical**: **Middle**

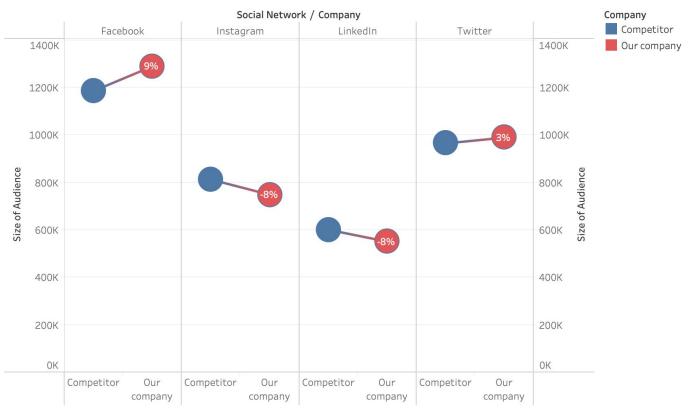
Right-click the Circle Mark > Format... > Fields down arrow > % Difference in SUM(Size of Audience) > Default Numbers: Percentage, Decimal places: 1

Configure the Slope Marks

Select the first set of Marks Cards for the Slope:

- Color Marks Card: Company

A Dual-Axis Slopegraph



The trends of sum of Size of Audience and sum of Size of Audience for Company broken down by Social Network. Color shows details about Company. For pane Sum of Size of Audience (2): The marks are labeled by % Difference in Size of Audience.