

COSC 3340
Examination 2
Wednesday, March 12, 2008, 1 – 2:30 pm
Open Book and Notes

- 1.** Prove that the language $L(G)$ is not regular where G is the following context-free grammar: $G = (\{S, A, B\}, \{a, b\}, \{S \rightarrow A|bB, A \rightarrow a, B \rightarrow Sb\}, S)$.

Note: You must first determine $L(G)$.

- 2.** Eliminate all ϵ -productions in the following cfg G :

$$G = (\{S, A, B\}, \{a, b, c\}, \{S \rightarrow aAb|AB, A \rightarrow cS|\epsilon, B \rightarrow Sb|\epsilon\}, S).$$

- 3.** Construct a **reduced** dfa for the following extended regular expression over the alphabet $\{0,1,2\}$ (not $\{0,1\}^*$):

$$[(011)^* \cap \overline{0(01^*)^*}]^*$$

Note: You must first determine nfas for $(011)^*$ and $0(01^*)^*$, then handle the intersection, and then deal with the star. Finally reduce the resulting dfa. Consider de Morgan's laws!

- 4.** Construct a Chomsky normal form grammar for $L(G)$ for the following cfg G :

$$G = (\{S, B\}, \{a, b, c, d\}, \{S \rightarrow aSBb|cd, B \rightarrow cSdB|S|cba\}, S).$$

Note: You must first remove all unit productions.

- 5.** Construct a Greibach normal form grammar for $L(G)$ for the following CNF G :

$$G = (\{S, A, B\}, \{a, b\}, \{S \rightarrow AA, A \rightarrow BS|a, B \rightarrow SA|b\}, S).$$

Note: First derive all the productions for S , A , and B . You may only indicate how the final result looks for whatever primed variables you obtain.

Points: 1: 15 2: 10 3: 30 4: 15 5: 30

Ques 2)

$$S \Rightarrow aAb \mid BA$$

$$A \Rightarrow cS \mid \epsilon$$

$$B \Rightarrow bS \mid \epsilon$$

1	10
2	10
3	25
4	15
5	30
	90

(i)

$$B \Rightarrow \epsilon$$

$$S \Rightarrow aAb \mid BA \mid A$$

$$A \Rightarrow cS \mid \epsilon$$

$$B \Rightarrow bS$$

(ii)

$$A \Rightarrow \epsilon$$

$$S \Rightarrow aAb \mid ab \mid BA \mid B \mid A \mid \epsilon$$

$$A \Rightarrow cS$$

$$B \Rightarrow bS$$

(iii)

$$S \Rightarrow \epsilon$$

$$S \Rightarrow aAb \mid ab \mid BA \mid B \mid A$$

$$A \Rightarrow cS \mid c \quad \checkmark \quad 10$$

$$B \Rightarrow bS \mid b$$

Ques 4)

$$S \Rightarrow aScBb \mid cd$$

$$B \Rightarrow cSdBd \mid S \mid cba$$

All symbols are useful and there are no ϵ productions

We now eliminate unit production $B \Rightarrow S$

(2)

$$S \rightarrow a S c B b \mid a S c S b \mid c d \checkmark$$

$$B \rightarrow c S d B d \mid c S d S d \mid c b a$$

We now convert to GNF

$$S \rightarrow x_a S x_c B x_b \mid x_a S x_c S x_b \mid x_c x_d$$

$$B \rightarrow x_c S x_a B x_d \mid x_c S x_d S x_d \mid x_c x_b x_a$$

$$x_a \rightarrow a$$

$$x_b \rightarrow b$$

$$x_c \rightarrow c$$

$$x_d \rightarrow d$$

$$S \rightarrow x_a S_1 \mid x_a S_4 \mid x_c x_d$$

$$S_1 \rightarrow S S_2$$

$$S_4 \rightarrow S S_5$$

IS

$$S_2 \rightarrow x_c S_3$$

$$S_5 \rightarrow x_c S_6$$

$$S_3 \rightarrow B x_b$$

$$S_6 \rightarrow S x_b$$

$$B \rightarrow x_c B_1 \mid x_c B_4 \mid x_c B_7$$

$$B_1 \rightarrow S B_2$$

$$B_4 \rightarrow S B_3$$

$$B_7 \rightarrow x_b x_a$$

$$B_2 \rightarrow x_d B_3$$

$$B_5 \rightarrow x_d B_6$$

$$B_3 \rightarrow B x_d$$

$$B_6 \rightarrow S x_d$$

Q5)

$$S \rightarrow A S$$

$$A \rightarrow B S \mid a$$

$$B \rightarrow S S \mid b$$

$i=1$ we are done

$i=2$ we are done

(3)

$$i=3 \quad j=1 \quad B \Rightarrow A S S | b$$

$$i=3 \quad j=2 \quad B \Rightarrow B S S S | a S S | b$$

$$\checkmark B \Rightarrow a S S | b | a S S B' | b B' \checkmark$$

$$B' \Rightarrow S S S | S S S B'$$

Putting production of B in A

$$\checkmark A \Rightarrow a S S S | b S | a S S B' | b B' S | a$$

30 using A we find production of S

$$\checkmark S \Rightarrow a S S S | b S S | a S S B' S S | b B' S S | a S$$

substitut S in B'

$$\checkmark B' \Rightarrow a S S S S S | b S S S S | a S S B' S S S S | b B' S S S S | a S S$$

a

$$a S S S S S B' | b S S S B' | a S S B' S S S S B' | b B' S S S S B' | a S S$$

(Ans)

$$? \quad S \Rightarrow A \xleftarrow{b} \quad \rightarrow bB \rightarrow b \leq b \rightarrow b b B b \rightarrow b^2 S b^2$$

↓

$$b A b$$

/ \quad bab \quad b b b

b^2 A b^2 \quad b^2 b b^2

So the language of grammar will be

$$L = \{ b^n a b^n : n \geq 0 \}$$

$$= \{ b^n b^n : n \geq 0 \}$$

To show L is not regular

Assume L is regular

$\Rightarrow \exists$ a Dfa D such that $L(D) = L$

Let N be number of states of Dfa D

(4)

$$\text{but } u = b^N a b^N$$

Now $u \in L \therefore u \in L(D)$

$$\text{but } w = b^N \quad v = a b^N$$

As $|w| = n \therefore$ by Pumping lemma $\exists w_1, w_2, w_3$
such that

$$w = w_1 w_2 w_3 + |w_2| \geq 1 \text{ and}$$

$$\gamma(q_0, w) = \gamma(q_0, w, w_2^s w_3) \quad \forall s \geq 0 \\ \in L(D)$$

In particular taking $s = 0$ we get

$$\gamma(q_0, w) = \gamma(q_0, w, w_3)$$

$$w = b^N$$

$$|w, w_3| = n - |w_2| < n \quad (\because |w_2| \geq 1)$$

$$\therefore w, w_3 = b^{n-|w_2|} a \cdot b^N \notin L$$

$$\text{Also } \gamma(q_0, v) = \gamma(q_0, wv)$$

$$= \gamma((q_0, w), v)$$

$$= \gamma((q_0, w, w_3), v)$$

$$\in L(D)$$

but $b^{n-|w_2|} a b^N \notin L$

\therefore we have a contradiction to our assumption
that L is regular, $\therefore L$ is not regular

(5)

Ques)

$$[(011^*)^* \cap 0(01^*)^*]^* \text{ over } \{0, 1, 2\}$$

$$\text{Let } A = (011^*)^* \quad B = 0(01^*)^*$$

$$\text{we have } \frac{[A \cap B]^*}{[A \cup B]^*}$$

$$= \underline{[(011^*)^* \cup 0(01^*)^*]}^*$$

$$\cancel{X} = \underline{[(011^*)^* \cup 0(01^*)^*]}^*$$

$$[(011^*)^* \cup 0(01^*)^*]^*$$

$$\rightarrow 0 \begin{vmatrix} 0 & 1 & 2 \\ 1 & - & - \\ - & 0 & 0 \end{vmatrix} \begin{vmatrix} 0 & 1 & 2 \\ -2 & - & 0 \\ - & 0 & 0 \end{vmatrix} \begin{vmatrix} 0 & 1 & 2 \\ -3 & - & 0 \\ - & 0 & 0 \end{vmatrix} \begin{vmatrix} 0 & 1 & 2 \\ 4 & - & 0 \\ - & 0 & 0 \end{vmatrix} \begin{vmatrix} 0 & 1 & 2 \\ 5 & - & 0 \\ - & 0 & 0 \end{vmatrix} \begin{vmatrix} 0 & 1 & 2 \\ 16 & - & 0 \\ - & 0 & 0 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$\rightarrow 0 \begin{vmatrix} 0 & 1 & 2 \\ 1 & - & - \\ - & 1 & 2 \end{vmatrix} \begin{vmatrix} 0 & 1 & 2 \\ -2 & - & 0 \\ - & 0 & 3 \end{vmatrix} \begin{vmatrix} 0 & 1 & 2 \\ -3 & - & 1 \\ - & 1 & 4 \end{vmatrix} \begin{vmatrix} 0 & 1 & 2 \\ 4 & - & 1 \\ - & 1 & 5 \end{vmatrix} \begin{vmatrix} 0 & 1 & 2 \\ 5 & - & 1 \\ - & 1 & 6 \end{vmatrix} \begin{vmatrix} 0 & 1 & 2 \\ 16 & - & 1 \\ - & 1 & 7 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$\rightarrow 0 \begin{vmatrix} 0 & 1 & 2 \\ 1 & - & - \\ - & 0 & 0 \end{vmatrix} \begin{vmatrix} 0 & 1 & 2 \\ -2 & - & 0 \\ - & 0 & 3 \end{vmatrix} \begin{vmatrix} 0 & 1 & 2 \\ -3 & - & 1 \\ - & 1 & 4 \end{vmatrix} \begin{vmatrix} 0 & 1 & 2 \\ 4 & - & 1 \\ - & 1 & 5 \end{vmatrix} \begin{vmatrix} 0 & 1 & 2 \\ 5 & - & 1 \\ - & 1 & 6 \end{vmatrix} \begin{vmatrix} 0 & 1 & 2 \\ 16 & - & 1 \\ - & 1 & 7 \end{vmatrix}$$

(7)

	0	1	2	*
0	1	-	-	1
1	-	2	-	0
2	1	3	-	1
3	1	3	-	1

	0	1	2	✓
0	4	-	-	0
1	5	-	-	1
2	5	6	-	1
3	5	6	-	1

Dfa

	0	1	2	
A	0	1	-	1
B	1	-	2	0
C	-	1	-	0
D	2	1	3	-
E	3	1	3	-

Binary

	0	1	2
A	B	C	C
B	C	D	C
C	C	C	C
D	B	E	C
E	B	E	C

Complement \rightarrow

	0	1	2
A	B	C	C
B	C	D	C
C	C	C	C
D	C	E	C
E	B	E	C

Turing

	0	1	2
A	B, 4	C	C
B	C	D	C
C	C	C	C
D	B	E	C
E	B	E	C

	4	5	6
4	5	-	-
5	5	6	-
6	5	6	-

↓ Dfa

		0	1	2	
0	→ A	B, 4	C C	0	
1	B, 4	C, 5	0 C	1	
2	C	C	C C	1	
3	C, 5	C, 5	C, 6 C	1	
4	D	B	E C	0	
5	C, 6	C, 5	C, 6 C	1	✓
6	B	C	D C	1	
7	E	B	E C	0	

↓ Remake

		0	1	1	2		0	1	2	
→ 0	→ 0	1	2	2	0		→ 0	1	2	2
1	1	3	4	2	1		1	3	4	2
2	2	2	2	2	1	Confliant	2	2	2	0
3	3	3	5	2	1	→	3	3	6	2
4	4	6	7	2	0		4	6	7	2
5	5	3	5	2	1	✓	5	3	5	2
6	6	2	4	2	1		6	2	4	2
7	7	6	7	2	0		7	6	7	2

		0	1	2	2	
→ 0	→ 0	1	2	2	1	
1	1	3	4	2	0	
2	2	2	2	2	0	
3	3	5	2	0		
4	4	1, 6	2, 7	2	1	
5	5	3	5	2	0	
6	6	2	4	2	0	
7	7	1, 6	2, 7	2	1	

	0	1	2			0	1	2
A	→ 0	1	2	2	1	→ A	B	C C I
B	1	3	4	2	0	B	D E C O	
C	2	2	2	2	0	C	C C C O	
D	3	3	5	2	0	D	D F C O	
E	4	1, 6	2, 7	2	1	Remaining	B G H C I	
F	5	3	5	2	0	F	O F G O	
G	7, 6	2, 3	4	2	0	→ G	I E C O	
H	2, 7	12, 6	2, 7	2	1	H	J H C I	
I	2, 3	23	25	2	0	I	I K C O	
J	126	23	24	2	0	J	I L C O	
K	25,	23	25	2	0	K	I K C O	
L	24	126	27	2	1	L	J H C I	

accepting

rejecting

A E H L

A | E H L

B C D F G I J K

B G | C D F I K | J

A | E | H L

B G | C D F I K | J

A | E | H L

B G | C D F I K | J

1 2 3 X 12

4 5 6

25 → 1 4 5 5 1

2 4 3 5 1

3 6 3 5 1

4 5 2 5 0

5 5 5 5 0

6 5 3 5 0