

# Falcon9 Launch Cost Prediction

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## OUTLINE



- Executive Summary
- Introduction
- Methodology
- Results
  - Visualization Charts
  - Dashboard
- Discussion
  - Findings & Implications
- Conclusion
- Appendix



## EXECUTIVE SUMMARY



Falcon 9 rocket can re-use the first stage (and hence reduce cost)

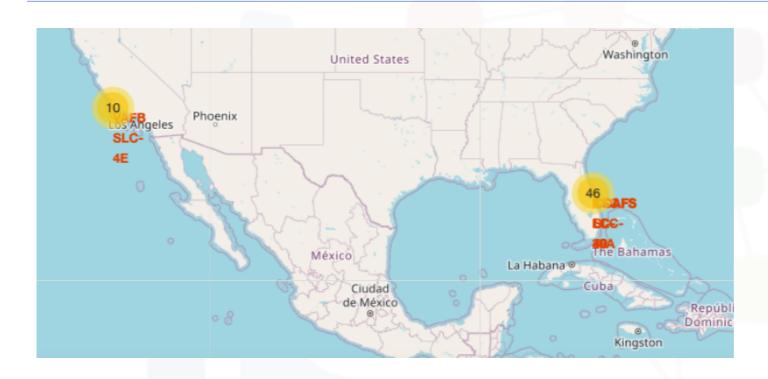
- Predict first stage success rate
  - Use historical data
  - ML techniques

## INTRODUCTION



- Falcon 9 claims a cost per launch 62 million USD
- Competitors: 165 million USD
- An accurate prediction cost per launch for Falcon9 based on historical data
- What we took into consideration:
  - Launch sites
  - Payload Mass
  - Orbitals
  - Year

# Launch-site Info



All launch sites are close to the sea and can be easily reached by road and railway

## **METHODOLOGY**



- Collect data
  - SpaceX API
  - Wikipedia
  - SQL Database
- Exploratory Data Analysis (EDA)
  - Determine what would be the label to train our models
- EDA prediction
  - Visualise relationship between independent variables\*
- Train machine learning models
  - Logistic regression
  - Support vector machines
  - KNN
  - Decision tree

# RESULTS - Data Wrangling

#### Launches at each sites:

CCAFS SLC 40 55 22 KSC LC 39A VAFB SLC 4E 13

#### **Success Rate:**

0.67

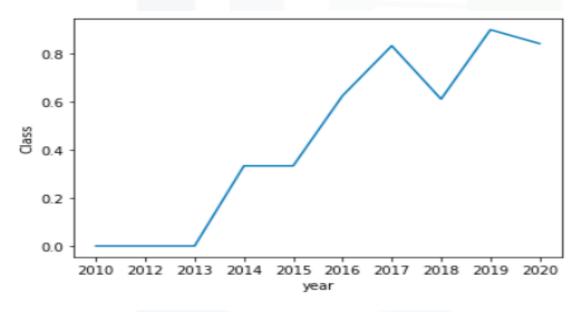
## Launches per Orbital:

GT0	27
ISS	21
VLE0	14
P0	9
LE0	7
SS0	5
MEO	3
ES-L1	1
HE0	1
S0	1
GE0	1

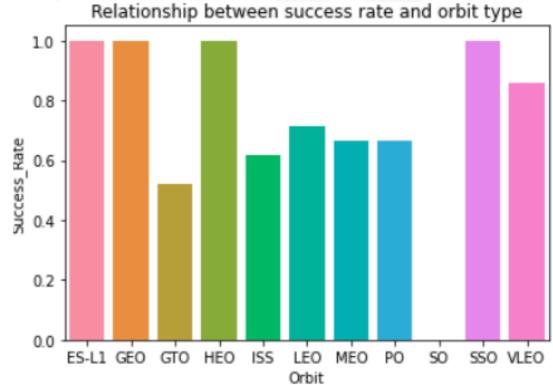
## RESULTS - EDA

We see correlation for Launch Site, Payload Mass, Orbital and Year

Success Rate per Orbital:



Success Rate vs. Year



# RESULTS - SQL Database

Additional data in a SQL database was also analysed

```
Mission Success Rate: 97% (98/101)
```

Landing Success Rate: 65% (66/101)

#### Launch Site info:

CCAFS SLC-40	34
CCAFS LC-40	26
KSC LC-39A	25
VAFB SLC-4E	16

\* Launch Site info from API + wikipedia

CCAFS SLC 40	55
KSC LC 39A	22
VAFB SLC 4E	13

# RESULTS - Summary

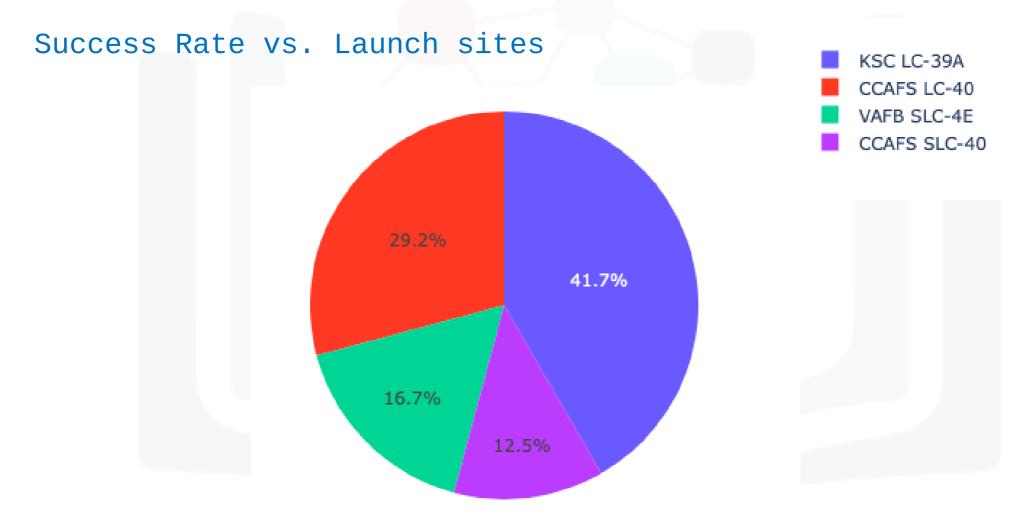
#### Launch Site info:

```
CCAFS SLC-40 89
CCAFS LC-40 26
KSC LC-39A 47
VAFB SLC-4E 29
```

Mission Success Rate: 82% (159/192)

Independent Variables used for model training: Launch Site, PayloadMass, Orbital, Year

# **DASHBOARD**

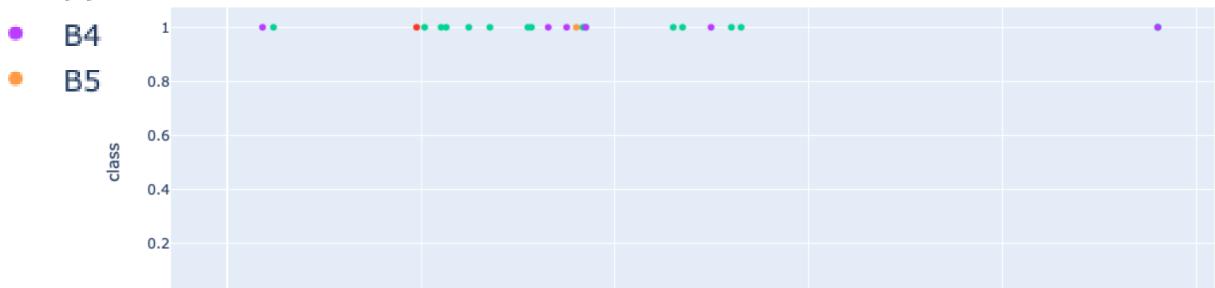


## **DASHBOARD**

0

v1.0
 v1.1
 Success rate vs. Payloads for different booster versions

FT



4k

2k

Payload Mass (kg)

6k

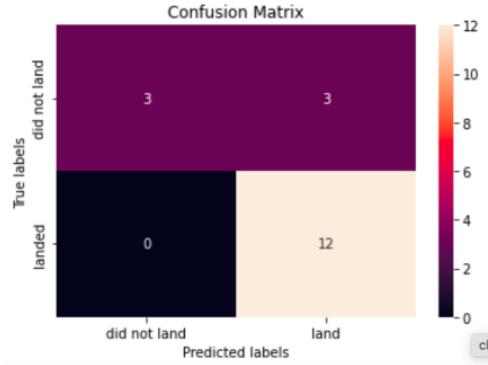


10k

8k

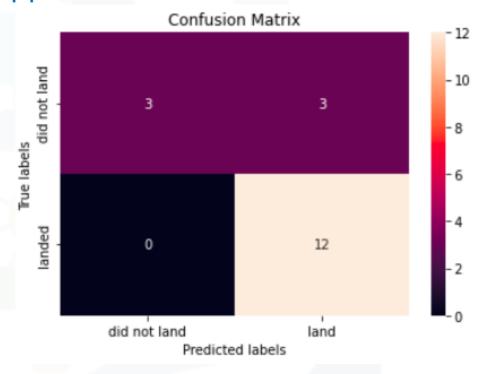
# Machine Learning Models

## Logistic Regression:



Accurancy Socre: 0.83

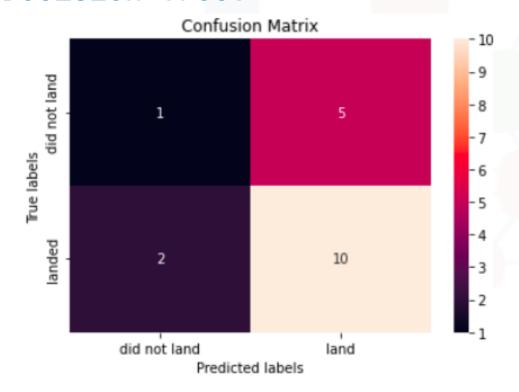
### Support Vector Machine:



Accurancy Socre: 0.83

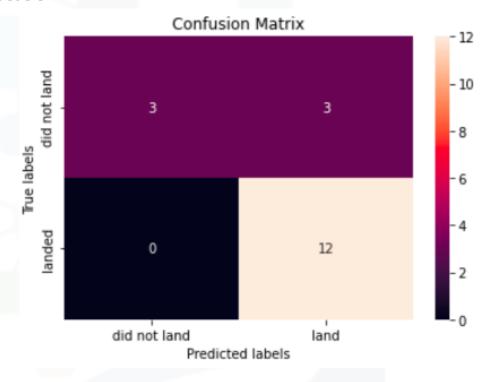
# Machine Learning Models

#### Decision Tree:



Accurancy Socre: 0.61

#### KNN:



Accurancy Socre: 0.83

## CONCLUSION



• Success Rate at 82% based on historical Data

 Model training reveils that Logistic Regression, Support Vector Machine and KNN all have the same level of accuracy

# Analysation & Further Work



- Launch Sites, PayLoadMass, Orbitals and Year all have impacts on success rate. Detailed analysation on Launch Site is required as the other factors can't be easily modified.
- See if it's the facilities at one Launch Site improved success rate, or if it's because it only launches easier missions.
- Train the models again by using different selection of training and testing data to see if we obtain the same results.