Name: Anushka Harshavadan Nevgi

Experiment: 10. Implement a program to demonstrate Control Flow Graph.

Class: TY CSE A

```
#include <iostream>
#include <vector>
                                                    (CFG)
#include <string>
#include <unordered map>
                                                    public:
#include <set>
using namespace std;
// Class representing a Basic Block
                                                    IDs
class BasicBlock {
public:
                   // Block ID
  int id;
  string label;
                     // Label or name of the
                                                    {
basic block
  vector<string> code;
                         // Code inside the
block
  // Default constructor (needed for
                                                    blocks
unordered map)
  BasicBlock() : id(0), label("") {}
  // Parameterized constructor
  BasicBlock(int id, const string& label):
id(id), label(label) {}
  // Add a line of code to the basic block
  void addCode(const string& line) {
    code.push back(line);
  }
  // **Fix: Marked display() as 'const' to
allow calling on const objects**
  void display() const {
    cout << "Basic Block " << id << " (" <<
label << "):\n";
                                                        }
    for (const string& line : code) {
       cout << " " << line << endl;
                                                    };
};
                                                    CFG
```

```
// Class representing the Control Flow Graph
class CFG {
  unordered map<int, BasicBlock> blocks;
// Map of block ID to Basic Block
  unordered map<int, set<int>> edges;
Map of block ID to a set of successor block
  // Add a basic block to the CFG
  void addBlock(const BasicBlock& block)
     blocks[block.id] = block;
  // Add a directed edge between two basic
  void addEdge(int fromBlockId, int
toBlockId) {
     edges[fromBlockId].insert(toBlockId);
  // Display the Control Flow Graph
  void display() const {
     for (const auto& pair : blocks) {
       pair.second.display();
       if (edges.find(pair.first) !=
edges.end()) {
          cout << " Successors: ";
          for (int succ : edges.at(pair.first)) {
            cout << succ << " ";
          cout << endl;
// Main function to construct and display the
int main() {
```

```
// Create Basic Blocks
  BasicBlock block1(1, "Entry");
  block1.addCode("int a = 0;");
  BasicBlock block2(2, "Condition");
  block2.addCode("if (a > 0) \{ ... \} else \{ ... \}
}");
  BasicBlock block3(3, "Increment");
  block3.addCode("a = a + 1;");
  BasicBlock block4(4, "Decrement");
  block4.addCode("a = a - 1;");
  BasicBlock block5(5, "Return");
  block5.addCode("return 0;");
  // Create the Control Flow Graph (CFG)
  CFG cfg;
  // Add basic blocks to the CFG
  cfg.addBlock(block1);
  cfg.addBlock(block2);
  cfg.addBlock(block3);
  cfg.addBlock(block4);
  cfg.addBlock(block5);
  // Add edges to represent control flow
  cfg.addEdge(1, 2); // Entry -> Condition
  cfg.addEdge(2, 3); // Condition ->
Increment
  cfg.addEdge(2, 4); // Condition ->
Decrement
  cfg.addEdge(3, 5); // Increment -> Return
  cfg.addEdge(4, 5); // Decrement -> Return
  // Display the Control Flow Graph
  cout << "Control Flow Graph:\n";</pre>
  cfg.display();
  return 0;
```

```
Control Flow Graph:

Basic Block 5 (Return):
    return 0;

Basic Block 4 (Decrement):
    a = a - 1;
    Successors: 5

Basic Block 3 (Increment):
    a = a + 1;
    Successors: 5

Basic Block 2 (Condition):
    if (a > 0) { ... } else { ... }
    Successors: 3 4

Basic Block 1 (Entry):
    int a = 0;
    Successors: 2
```