

**BC CALCULUS PRACTICE 8.2**

Name: \_\_\_\_\_ Period \_\_\_\_\_

Aisle \_\_\_\_\_

pg 520; 3, 7, 9, 11, 17, 21, 23, 29, 35, 41b, 43-53 odd, 55a

Show all necessary work neatly.

Evaluate the integrals.

3. $\int x^2 e^x dx$	7. $\int x^2 \cos x dx$
9. $\int x \ln x dx$	11. $\int (\ln x)^2 dx$
17. $\int \tan^{-1} 3x dx$	21. $\int e^{ax} \sin bx dx$
23. $\int \sin(\ln x) dx$	29. $\int_0^2 x e^{2x} dx$

<p>35. <math>\int_2^4 \sec^{-1} \sqrt{\theta} d\theta</math></p>	<p>41b. Integrate by first making a u-sub, then by parts.</p> $\int \cos \sqrt{x} dx$
<p>43.</p> $\int (3x^2 - x + 2)e^{-x} dx$	<p>45.</p> $\int 4x^4 \sin 2x dx$
<p>47. Evaluate <math>\int \sin x \cos x dx</math></p> <p>(a) by parts</p> <p>(b) using u-sub with <math>u = \sin x</math></p>	

49.

(a) Find the area of the region enclosed by  $y = \ln x$ , the line  $x = e$ , and the  $x$ -axis.

(b) Find the volume of the solid generated when the region in part (a) is revolved about the  $x$ -axis.

51.

Find the volume of the solid generated when the region between  $y = \sin x$  and  $y = 0$  for  $0 \leq x \leq \pi$  is revolved about the  $y$ -axis.

53. A particle moving along the  $x$ -axis has velocity function  $v(t) = t^3 \sin t$ . How far does the particle travel from time  $t = 0$  to  $t = \pi$ ?

55a. Use the reduction formula to evaluate  $\int \sin^4 x \, dx$ .