Show all necessary work neatly.

In Exercises 7–14, sketch the region enclosed by the curves and find its area.

7.
$$y = x^2$$
, $y = \sqrt{x}$, $x = 1/4$, $x = 1$

11.
$$x = \sin y$$
, $x = 0$, $y = \pi/4$, $y = 3\pi/4$

13.
$$y = e^x$$
, $y = e^{2x}$, $x = 0$, $x = \ln 2$

17.
$$y = 2 + |x - 1|, y = -\frac{1}{5}x + 7$$

23. Use a graphing utility, where helpful, to find the area of the region enclosed by the curves.

$$x = y^3 - y, \ x = 0$$

25. Use a graphing utility, where helpful, to find the area of the region enclosed by the curves.

$$y = xe^{x^2}, y = 2|x|$$

31.

Find a horizontal line y = k that divides the area between $y = x^2$ and y = 9 into two equal parts.

33.

(a) Find the area of the region enclosed by the parabola $y = 2x - x^2$ and the *x*-axis.

37. Use a graphing utility, if needed, to approximate the x-coordinates of the intersections of the curves, and then use those values to approximate the area of the region enclosed by the graphs of y=x-2 and

$$y = \frac{\ln x}{x}$$

45

2

Find the area of the region enclosed between the curve $x^{1/2} + y^{1/2} = a^{1/2}$ and the coordinate axes.

42.

The accompanying figure shows acceleration versus time curves for two cars that move along a straight track, accelerating from rest at the starting line. What does the area A between the curves over the interval $0 \le t \le T$ represent? Justify your answer.

