

Aisle : _____

pg. 354 – 3-11 odd with $n=5$ and 3 left, 5 right, 7 midpt, 9 left, 11 right, 17, 20

For 3-11 odd, sketch the function f and the interval $[a, b]$ and estimate the area using $n = 5$ rectangles. Sketch the rectangles as well.

3. with left hand estimation

$$f(x) = \sin x; [0, \pi]$$

5. with right hand estimation

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{x}; [1, 2]$$

7. with midpoint estimation

$$f(x) = \sqrt{1 - x^2}; [0, 1]$$

9. with left hand estimation

$$f(x) = e^x; [-1, 1]$$

<p>11. with right hand estimation $f(x) = \sin^{-1} x; [0,1]$</p>	<p>17. Use simple area formulas from geometry to find the area function $A(x)$ that gives the area between the graph of $f(x)$ and the interval $[a, x]$. Confirm that $A'(x) = f(x)$. $f(x) = 2x + 2; [1, x]$</p>
<p>20. Let $f(x)$ denote a <i>linear function</i> that is nonnegative on the interval $[a, b]$. For each value of x in $[a, b]$, define $A(x)$ to be the area between the graph of f and the interval $[a, x]$. (a) Prove that $A(x) = \frac{1}{2}[f(a) + f(x)](x - a)$. (b) Use part (a) to verify that $A'(x) = f(x)$.</p>	