$$\begin{split} \nu &\ll 0.1c & t' = t & u = \nu_S - \nu_S & x' = x - ut & \nu_x' = \nu_x - u & \alpha_x' = \alpha_x \\ y' = y & \frac{\nu_y' = \nu_y & \alpha_y' = \alpha_y & K.E = \frac{1}{2}m\nu^2 & \rho = m\nu & E = Fd \\ \hline \nu &\geqslant 0.1c & \frac{1}{\gamma = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - (u/c)^2}}} > 1 & t' = \gamma(t - \frac{ux}{c^2}) & x' = \gamma(x - ut) \\ \nu_x' = \frac{1}{v_x - u} & y' = y & \nu_y' = \frac{v_y\sqrt{1 - (u/c)^2}}{1 - \frac{v_x u}{c^2}} & \theta' = tan^{-1}\frac{V_y'}{V_x'} \\ \hline t_o &= \gamma t_p & rate = \frac{1}{t} & L = \frac{L_p}{\gamma} & \theta = tan^{-1}\frac{L_y}{L_x} & \beta = \frac{\nu}{c} & \lambda_o = \lambda_s\sqrt{\frac{1 \pm \beta}{1 \mp \beta}} & f_o = f_s\sqrt{\frac{1 \mp \beta}{1 \pm \beta}} \\ \hline m &= m_0\gamma & E_t = \gamma m_0c^2 = m_0c^2 + K.E = \sqrt{\rho^2c^2 + E_0^2} & E_0 = m_0c^2 & K.E = (\gamma - 1)E_0 \\ \hline \rho &= \gamma m_0\nu = \frac{1}{c}\sqrt{E_t^2 - E_0^2} & \rho^2c^2 = E_t^2 - E_0^2 & F = \gamma^3 m_0\alpha & \nu = \frac{pc^2}{E_t} = c\sqrt{1 - (1/\gamma^2)} \\ \hline c &= \lambda f & E = hf = \frac{hc}{\lambda} = W + K.E = W + eV & W = hf_c = \frac{hc}{\lambda_c} & K.E_{max} = \frac{1}{2}m\nu_{max}^2 = eV_S \\ \hline \frac{n_e}{t} &= \frac{I_p A}{hf} &= \frac{P}{E} & i = \frac{n}{t} \cdot e = \frac{Q}{t} & I = \frac{P}{A} & E_n = nhf \\ \hline E_i &> W, & f_i > f_c, & \lambda_i < \lambda_c \\ \hline P &= \sigma A T^4 & \sigma = 5.6 \times 10^{-8} & \lambda_{max} T = 2.898 \times 10^{-3} mK & {}^o K = 273 + {}^o C \\ \hline \lambda_{min} &= \frac{hc}{eV} &= \frac{1.26 \times 10^{-6}}{V} [V \cdot m] & E = \rho c & \lambda' = \lambda + \frac{h}{mc} (1 - cos \, \theta) & \lambda_c = \frac{h}{mc} = 2.426 \times 10^{-12} \\ K.E_e &= E_{ph} - E_{ph}' \\ \hline c &= 3 \times 10^8 \, m/s & 1.6 \times 10^{-19} \, J = 1 \, eV & h = 6.626 \times 10^{-34} \, J \cdot s \\ e &= 1.6 \times 10^{-19} \, C & m_e = 9.11 \times 10^{-31} \, kg & m_p = 1.67 \times 10^{-27} \, kg \\ MeV/c^2 &= 1.79 \times 10^{-30} \, kg & MeV/c = 5.36 \times 10^{-22} \, kg \cdot m/s \\ \hline \end{array}$$

 $m_e c^2 = 0.511 \text{ MeV}$ $m_p c^2 = 938 \text{ MeV}$ $m_n c^2 = 939 \text{ MeV}$

 $1 \text{ Å} = 10^{\text{-}10} \text{ m}$ $1 \text{ L.Y} \approx 9.46 \times 10^{15} \text{ m}$ 1 Ma = 343 m/s