## Extra Exercises for Week 8

## MH2500

October 13, 2024

Most questions are taken from the textbook: A First Course in Probability (9th edition) by Sheldon Ross.

**Problem 1.** If X is a standard normal random variable, then the random variable  $Y = e^X$  is said to be a standard lognormal random variable. Derive  $\mathbb{E}(Y)$ .

**Problem 2.** The lifetime in hours of an electronic tube is a random variable having a probability density function given by

$$f(x) = xe^{-x}, \quad x \ge 0.$$

Compute the expected lifetime of such a tube.

**Problem 3.** The median of a continuous random variable having cumulative distribution function F is that value m such that  $F(m) = \frac{1}{2}$ . That is, a random variable is just as likely to be larger than its median as it is to be smaller. Find the median of X if X has the following distribution.

- (a) Uniform distribution over (a, b);
- (b) Standard normal distribution, N(0,1);
- (c) Exponential distribution with parameter  $\lambda$ ;
- (d) Lognormal distribution with parameters 0 and 1.

Problem 4. A standard Cauchy random variable has density function

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{\pi(1+x^2)}, -\infty < x < \infty.$$

Show that if X is a standard Cauchy random variable, then 1/X is also a standard Cauchy random variable.

**Problem 5.** Let X be a standard normal random variable. Show that  $\mathbb{E}(X^{n+1}) = n\mathbb{E}(X^{n-1})$ , for integer  $n \geq 1$ . Prove that

- (a)  $\mathbb{E}(X^k) = 0$ , if k is an odd integer.
- (b)  $\mathbb{E}(X^k) = (k-1) \cdot (k-3) \cdot \ldots \cdot 3 \cdot 1$ , if k is an even integer.

We also write  $(k-1) \cdot (k-3) \cdot \ldots \cdot 3 \cdot 1 = (k-1)!!$  as a double factorial. Read more here.

**Problem 6.** A point is chosen at random on a line segment of length L. Find the probability that the ratio of the shorter to the longer segment is less than  $\frac{1}{4}$ .

**Problem 7.** Suppose that X is a normal random variable with mean 5. If P(X > 9) = 0.2, approximately what is Var(X)? You may need to refer to the standard normal distribution table.

**Problem 8.** Let X be a random variable with the following density function

$$f_X(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{3}, & -1 < x < 2, \\ 0, & \text{otherwise.} \end{cases}$$

Find the CDF and PDF of  $Y = X^2$ .

Answers (Let me know if there are any discrepancies):

1. 
$$\sqrt{e}$$

3(a). 
$$\frac{a+b}{2}$$

$$3(c)$$
.  $\frac{\ln 2}{\lambda}$ 

6. 
$$\frac{2}{5}$$

8.

$$F_Y(y) = \begin{cases} 0, & y < 0, \\ \frac{2\sqrt{y}}{3}, & 0 \le y < 1, \\ \frac{1}{3}(\sqrt{y} - 1) & 1 \le y < 4, \\ 1, & y \ge 4. \end{cases} \qquad f_Y(y) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{3\sqrt{y}}, & 0 \le y < 1, \\ \frac{1}{6\sqrt{y}}, & 1 \le y < 4, \\ 0, & \text{otherwise.} \end{cases}$$