# Syntax and Semantics of Propositional Logic Week 3 Tutorial

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Prepared based off of the notes of CS245 Instrucors, past and present.

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# Outline

- Translating English Into Propositional Logic
- 2 Tautologies, contradictions, and more
- Review of Axioms
- Proofs of Equivalence
- The End

### Plan

- 1 Translating English Into Propositional Logic
- 2 Tautologies, contradictions, and more
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In this question, use the following propositional variables to translate the given sentences into well-formed formul of propositional logic.

s: I study for exams

g : I get a good grades

p : I will pass the class

h: I eat healthy food

#### **Problem**

If I study for exams, then I get good grades.

In this question, use the following propositional variables to translate the given sentences into well-formed formul of propositional logic.

s: I study for exams

g: I get a good grades

p : I will pass the class

h: I eat healthy food

#### Problem

If I study for exams, then I get good grades.

$$(s \implies q)$$



s : I study for exams

g: I get a good grades

p: I will pass the class

h: I eat healthy food

### **Problem**

I do not eat healthy food whether or not I study for exams.

s: I study for exams

g: I get a good grades

p: I will pass the class

h: I eat healthy food

#### **Problem**

I do not eat healthy food whether or not I study for exams.

$$((s \to (\neg h)) \land ((\neg s) \to (\neg h))), \text{ or } (\neg h)$$

s : I study for exams

g: I get a good grades

p: I will pass the class

h: I eat healthy food

### **Problem**

I will pass the class only if I get a good grades.

s: I study for exams

g: I get a good grades

p: I will pass the class

h: I eat healthy food

### **Problem**

I will pass the class only if I get a good grades.

$$(p \rightarrow g)$$



s : I study for exams

g: I get a good grades

p: I will pass the class

h : I eat healthy food

#### **Problem**

If I do not study for exams, then I get good grades only if I eat healthy food.

s: I study for exams

g: I get a good grades

p: I will pass the class

h: I eat healthy food

### Problem

If I do not study for exams, then I get good grades only if I eat healthy food.

$$((\neg s) \to (g \to h))$$



s: I study for exams

g: I get a good grades

p: I will pass the class

h: I eat healthy food

### **Problem**

I will either pass the class or eat healthy food, but not both.

s: I study for exams

g: I get a good grades

p: I will pass the class

h: I eat healthy food

#### **Problem**

I will either pass the class or eat healthy food, but not both.

$$((p \lor h) \land (\neg(p \land h)))$$



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Consider the following formula

$$p \vee \neg (p \wedge q)$$

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$$p \vee \neg (p \wedge q)$$

p	q	$(p \wedge q)$	$\neg (p \land q)$	$p \lor \lnot (p \land q)$
T	Т			
Τ	F			
F	Τ			
F	F			

Consider the following formula

$$p \vee \neg (p \wedge q)$$

p	q	$(p \wedge q)$	$\neg (p \land q)$	$\mid p \lor \lnot (p \land q) \mid$
T	Т	T		
Τ	F	F		
F	Τ	F		
F	F	F		

Consider the following formula

$$p \vee \neg (p \wedge q)$$

p	q	$(p \wedge q)$	$\neg (p \land q)$	$\mid p \lor \lnot (p \land q) \mid$
T	Т	T	F	
Τ	F	F	T	
F	Τ	F	T	
F	F	F	T	

Consider the following formula

$$p \vee \neg (p \wedge q)$$

p	q	$(p \wedge q)$	$\neg(p \land q)$	$p \lor \lnot (p \land q)$
T	T	T	F	T
Τ	F	F	T	T
F	Τ	F	T	T
F	F	F	T	T

Consider the following formula

$$p \vee \neg (p \wedge q)$$

which has the following truth table

p	q	$(p \wedge q)$	$\neg(p \land q)$	$p \lor \lnot (p \land q)$
T	T	T	F	T
Τ	F	F	T	T
F	Τ	F	T	T
F	F	F	T	T

The formula is *always* true, so it is a tautology.

Consider the following formula

$$(p \leftrightarrow q) \land (\neg p \land q)$$

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$$(p \leftrightarrow q) \land (\neg p \land q)$$

p	q	$(p \leftrightarrow q)$	$\mid (\neg p \wedge q)$	$ig  (p \leftrightarrow q) \wedge (\neg p \wedge q) ig $
T	T			
Τ	F			
F	Τ			
F	F			

Consider the following formula

$$(p \leftrightarrow q) \land (\neg p \land q)$$

р	q	$(p \leftrightarrow q)$	$\mid (\neg p \wedge q)$	$ig  (p \leftrightarrow q) \wedge (\neg p \wedge q) ig $
T	T	T		
Τ	F	F		
F	Τ	F		
F	F	T		

Consider the following formula

$$(p \leftrightarrow q) \land (\neg p \land q)$$

р	q	$(p \leftrightarrow q)$	$(\neg p \wedge q)$	$ig  (p \leftrightarrow q) \wedge (\neg p \wedge q) ig $
T	T	T	F	
Τ	F	F	F	
F	T	F	T	
F	F	T	F	

Consider the following formula

$$(p \leftrightarrow q) \land (\neg p \land q)$$

p	q	$(p \leftrightarrow q)$	$(\neg p \wedge q)$	$ig  (p \leftrightarrow q) \wedge (\neg p \wedge q) ig $
T	T	T	F	F
Τ	F	F	F	F
F	T	F	T	F
F	F	T	F	F

Consider the following formula

$$(p \leftrightarrow q) \land (\neg p \land q)$$

which has the following truth table

p	q	$(p \leftrightarrow q)$	$(\neg p \wedge q)$	$ig  (p \leftrightarrow q) \wedge (\neg p \wedge q) ig $
Τ	T	T	F	F
Τ	F	F	F	F
F	Τ	F	T	F
F	F	T	F	F

The formula is *never* true, so it is a contradiction.

$$\{((p \implies q) \implies r)\} \models (p \implies (q \implies r))$$

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### Basic Rules

- Commutativity
- Associativity
- Distributivity

- Idempotence

  - $\alpha \wedge \alpha \equiv \alpha$
- Double Negation
- De Morgan's Laws

### More Rules

- Simplification 1 (Absorbtion)

  - $\alpha \lor \top \equiv \top$
- Simplification 2
- Implication

- Contrapositive
- Equivilance

- Excluded Middle
- Contradiction

### Plan

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$$\bullet \ (p \land (p \implies q))$$

- $(p \land (p \implies q))$
- $\equiv (p \land ((\neg p) \lor q))$  Implication

- $(p \land (p \implies q))$
- $\equiv (p \land ((\neg p) \lor q))$  Implication
- $\equiv ((p \land (\neg p)) \lor (p \land q))$  Distributive

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- $\equiv (\bot \lor (p \land q))$  Contradiction

- $\bullet \ (p \land (p \implies q))$
- $\equiv (p \land ((\neg p) \lor q))$  Implication
- $\equiv ((p \land (\neg p)) \lor (p \land q))$  Distributive
- $\equiv (\bot \lor (p \land q))$  Contradiction
- $\equiv (p \land q)$  Simplification I

Show the equivalence:

$$(P \land Q \land R) \lor (P \land \neg Q \land R) \lor (P \land \neg Q \land \neg R) \equiv P \land (\neg Q \lor R)$$

### Show the equivalence:

$$(P \land Q \land R) \lor (P \land \neg Q \land R) \lor (P \land \neg Q \land \neg R) \equiv P \land (\neg Q \lor R)$$

#### **Solution:**

•  $(P \land Q \land R) \lor (P \land \neg Q \land R) \lor (P \land \neg Q \land \neg R)$ 

### Show the equivalence:

$$(P \land Q \land R) \lor (P \land \neg Q \land R) \lor (P \land \neg Q \land \neg R) \equiv P \land (\neg Q \lor R)$$

- $(P \land Q \land R) \lor (P \land \neg Q \land R) \lor (P \land \neg Q \land \neg R)$
- $\equiv (P \land Q \land R) \lor (P \land \neg Q \land R) \lor (P \land \neg (Q \lor R))$  DeMorgan's

#### Show the equivalence:

$$(P \land Q \land R) \lor (P \land \neg Q \land R) \lor (P \land \neg Q \land \neg R) \equiv P \land (\neg Q \lor R)$$

- $(P \land Q \land R) \lor (P \land \neg Q \land R) \lor (P \land \neg Q \land \neg R)$
- $\equiv (P \land Q \land R) \lor (P \land \neg Q \land R) \lor (P \land \neg (Q \lor R))$  DeMorgan's
- $\bullet \equiv (P \land Q \land R) \lor (P \land \neg (Q \lor \neg R)) \lor (P \land \neg (Q \lor R)) \text{ DeMorgan's}$

#### Show the equivalence:

$$(P \land Q \land R) \lor (P \land \neg Q \land R) \lor (P \land \neg Q \land \neg R) \equiv P \land (\neg Q \lor R)$$

- $(P \land Q \land R) \lor (P \land \neg Q \land R) \lor (P \land \neg Q \land \neg R)$
- $\equiv$   $(P \land Q \land R) \lor (P \land \neg Q \land R) \lor (P \land \neg (Q \lor R))$  DeMorgan's
- $\equiv$   $(P \land Q \land R) \lor (P \land \neg(Q \lor \neg R)) \lor (P \land \neg(Q \lor R))$  DeMorgan's
- $\equiv (P \land Q \land R) \lor (P \land (\neg(Q \lor \neg R) \lor \neg(Q \lor R)))$  Distributivity

#### Show the equivalence:

$$(P \land Q \land R) \lor (P \land \neg Q \land R) \lor (P \land \neg Q \land \neg R) \equiv P \land (\neg Q \lor R)$$

- $(P \land Q \land R) \lor (P \land \neg Q \land R) \lor (P \land \neg Q \land \neg R)$
- $\equiv$   $(P \land Q \land R) \lor (P \land \neg Q \land R) \lor (P \land \neg (Q \lor R))$  DeMorgan's
- $\equiv (P \land Q \land R) \lor (P \land \neg (Q \lor \neg R)) \lor (P \land \neg (Q \lor R))$  DeMorgan's
- $\equiv (P \land Q \land R) \lor (P \land (\neg(Q \lor \neg R) \lor \neg(Q \lor R)))$  Distributivity
- $\equiv (P \land (Q \land R)) \lor (P \land (\neg(Q \lor \neg R) \lor \neg(Q \lor R)))$  Add parenthesis

#### Show the equivalence:

$$(P \land Q \land R) \lor (P \land \neg Q \land R) \lor (P \land \neg Q \land \neg R) \equiv P \land (\neg Q \lor R)$$

- $(P \land Q \land R) \lor (P \land \neg Q \land R) \lor (P \land \neg Q \land \neg R)$
- $\equiv (P \land Q \land R) \lor (P \land \neg Q \land R) \lor (P \land \neg (Q \lor R))$  DeMorgan's
- $\bullet \equiv (P \land Q \land R) \lor (P \land \neg (Q \lor \neg R)) \lor (P \land \neg (Q \lor R)) \text{ DeMorgan's}$
- $\equiv (P \land Q \land R) \lor (P \land (\neg(Q \lor \neg R) \lor \neg(Q \lor R)))$  Distributivity
- $\equiv (P \land (Q \land R)) \lor (P \land (\neg(Q \lor \neg R) \lor \neg(Q \lor R)))$  Add parenthesis
- $\equiv P \land ((Q \land R) \lor (\neg(Q \lor \neg R) \lor \neg(Q \lor R)))$  Distributivity

#### Show the equivalence:

$$(P \land Q \land R) \lor (P \land \neg Q \land R) \lor (P \land \neg Q \land \neg R) \equiv P \land (\neg Q \lor R)$$

- $(P \land Q \land R) \lor (P \land \neg Q \land R) \lor (P \land \neg Q \land \neg R)$
- $\equiv (P \land Q \land R) \lor (P \land \neg Q \land R) \lor (P \land \neg (Q \lor R))$  DeMorgan's
- $\bullet \equiv (P \land Q \land R) \lor (P \land \neg (Q \lor \neg R)) \lor (P \land \neg (Q \lor R)) \text{ DeMorgan's}$
- $\equiv (P \land Q \land R) \lor (P \land (\neg(Q \lor \neg R) \lor \neg(Q \lor R)))$  Distributivity
- $\equiv (P \land (Q \land R)) \lor (P \land (\neg(Q \lor \neg R) \lor \neg(Q \lor R)))$  Add parenthesis
- $\equiv P \land ((Q \land R) \lor (\neg(Q \lor \neg R) \lor \neg(Q \lor R)))$  Distributivity
- $\equiv P \wedge ((Q \wedge R) \vee \neg ((Q \vee \neg R) \wedge (Q \vee R)))$  DeMorgan's

#### Show the equivalence:

$$(P \land Q \land R) \lor (P \land \neg Q \land R) \lor (P \land \neg Q \land \neg R) \equiv P \land (\neg Q \lor R)$$

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- $\equiv P \wedge ((Q \wedge R) \vee \neg (Q \vee (\neg R \wedge R)))$  Distributivity

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- $\equiv (P \land Q \land R) \lor (P \land \neg Q \land R) \lor (P \land \neg (Q \lor R))$  DeMorgan's
- $\equiv (P \land Q \land R) \lor (P \land \neg (Q \lor \neg R)) \lor (P \land \neg (Q \lor R))$  DeMorgan's
- $\equiv (P \land Q \land R) \lor (P \land (\neg(Q \lor \neg R) \lor \neg(Q \lor R)))$  Distributivity
- $\equiv (P \land (Q \land R)) \lor (P \land (\neg(Q \lor \neg R) \lor \neg(Q \lor R)))$  Add parenthesis
- $\equiv P \land ((Q \land R) \lor (\neg(Q \lor \neg R) \lor \neg(Q \lor R)))$  Distributivity
- $\equiv P \wedge ((Q \wedge R) \vee \neg ((Q \vee \neg R) \wedge (Q \vee R)))$  DeMorgan's
- $\equiv P \wedge ((Q \wedge R) \vee \neg (Q \vee (\neg R \wedge R)))$  Distributivity
- $\equiv P \wedge ((Q \wedge R) \vee \neg (Q \vee (\bot)))$  Contradiction

### Show the equivalence:

$$(P \land Q \land R) \lor (P \land \neg Q \land R) \lor (P \land \neg Q \land \neg R) \equiv P \land (\neg Q \lor R)$$

- $(P \land Q \land R) \lor (P \land \neg Q \land R) \lor (P \land \neg Q \land \neg R)$
- $\equiv (P \land Q \land R) \lor (P \land \neg Q \land R) \lor (P \land \neg (Q \lor R))$  DeMorgan's
- $\equiv (P \land Q \land R) \lor (P \land \neg (Q \lor \neg R)) \lor (P \land \neg (Q \lor R))$  DeMorgan's
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- $\equiv (P \land (Q \land R)) \lor (P \land (\neg(Q \lor \neg R) \lor \neg(Q \lor R)))$  Add parenthesis
- $\equiv P \land ((Q \land R) \lor (\neg(Q \lor \neg R) \lor \neg(Q \lor R)))$  Distributivity
- $\equiv P \land ((Q \land R) \lor \neg ((Q \lor \neg R) \land (Q \lor R)))$  DeMorgan's
- $\equiv P \wedge ((Q \wedge R) \vee \neg (Q \vee (\neg R \wedge R)))$  Distributivity
- $\equiv P \wedge ((Q \wedge R) \vee \neg (Q \vee (\bot)))$  Contradiction
- $\equiv P \wedge ((Q \wedge R) \vee \neg (Q))$  Simplification I

### Show the equivalence:

$$(P \land Q \land R) \lor (P \land \neg Q \land R) \lor (P \land \neg Q \land \neg R) \equiv P \land (\neg Q \lor R)$$
 Solution (continued):

•  $\equiv P \wedge ((Q \wedge R) \vee \neg Q)$  Simplification I

### Show the equivalence:

$$(P \land Q \land R) \lor (P \land \neg Q \land R) \lor (P \land \neg Q \land \neg R) \equiv P \land (\neg Q \lor R)$$
 Solution (continued):

- $\equiv P \wedge ((Q \wedge R) \vee \neg Q)$  Simplification I
- $\equiv P \wedge ((\neg Q \vee Q) \wedge (\neg Q \vee R))$  Distributivity

### Show the equivalence:

$$(P \land Q \land R) \lor (P \land \neg Q \land R) \lor (P \land \neg Q \land \neg R) \equiv P \land (\neg Q \lor R)$$
 Solution (continued):

- $\equiv P \wedge ((Q \wedge R) \vee \neg Q)$  Simplification I
- $\equiv P \wedge ((\neg Q \vee Q) \wedge (\neg Q \vee R))$  Distributivity
- $\equiv P \wedge ((\top) \wedge (\neg Q \vee R))$  Excluded Middle

### Show the equivalence:

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 Solution (continued):

- $\equiv P \wedge ((Q \wedge R) \vee \neg Q)$  Simplification I
- $\equiv P \wedge ((\neg Q \vee Q) \wedge (\neg Q \vee R))$  Distributivity
- $\equiv P \wedge ((\top) \wedge (\neg Q \vee R))$  Excluded Middle
- $\equiv P \wedge (\neg Q \vee R)$  Simplification I

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### The end

Thats it folks. Feel free to hang out and ask questions.

These slides are based off of the tutorial notes and lecture slides provided to you online.

If you want a copy feel free to email me. The are also available on my personal website joe-scott.net

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Jan and Joe have an office hour Mondays at 3pm in the Tutorial Center in MC.

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