

CS348 - Midterm Sample solutions - Q2

Part a)

SQL-solution1)

```
select distinct cnum, cname
from customer c, pickup p, dropoff d
where c.cnum = p.cnum and
      p.rnum = d.rnum
group by cnum, cname
having count(*) >1
```

SQL-solution2)

```
select distinct cnum, cname
from customer c, pickup p1, dropoff d1, pickup p2, dropoff d2
where c.cnum = p1.cnum and
      c.cnum = p2.cnum and
      p1.rnum = d1.rnum and
      p2.rnum = d2.rnum and
      p1.rnum <> p2.rnum
```

relational algebra)

PD1 := pickup \bowtie dropoff

PD2 := pickup \bowtie dropoff

C := customer

Result := $\pi_{C.cnum, C.cname} (\sigma_{PD1.cnum=C.cnum \text{ and } PD2.cnum=C.cnum \text{ and } PD1.rnum \neq PD2.rnum} (PD1 \times PD2 \times C))$

Part b)

SQL)

```
select distinct cnum, cname
from customer c, car ca, pickup p
where c.city = waterloo and
      ca.make = "Ford" and
      ca.year = 2007 and
      c.cnum = p.cnum and
      p.licence = ca.licence and
      p.rnum not in (select rnum from dropoff)
```

relational algebra)

CurrentRentals := $\pi_{rnum}(\text{pickup}) - \pi_{rnum}(\text{dropoff})$

C := $\sigma_{city=waterloo}(\text{customer})$

Ca := $\sigma_{year=2007 \text{ and } make="Ford"}(\text{car})$

P := pickup

Result := $\pi_{C.cnum, C.cname} (C \bowtie Ca \bowtie P \bowtie \text{CurrentRentals})$

c)

SQL)

```
select distinct license, make, model, sum(fee) as "total  
revenue"  
from car C, pickup P, dropoff D  
where C.license = P.license and  
       D.rnum = P.rnum  
group by license, make, model  
order by make ASC, model ASC
```