## LabO7: MIPS Functions and the Stack Segment

Note: You need to follow the printing style in the sample runs.

## Task(s):

1. Write a MIPS assembly program that implements the **read**, **reverse**, and **print** functions used by **f** function in <u>Figure 7.6 & Figure 7.7</u> in the <u>PDF file</u>. These functions should work with any size **n** (not only size 10). Then write a **main** function that calls function **f**.

```
void f(int n) {
  int array[n];
  read(array, n);
  reverse(array, n);
  print(array, n);
}
```

## **SAMPLE RUN:**

```
Mars Messages Run WO

Enter integer 1:5
Enter integer 2:23
Enter integer 3:3
Enter integer 4:5
Enter integer 5:13
Enter integer 6:43
Enter integer 7:63
Enter integer 8:12
Enter integer 9:4
Enter integer 9:4
Enter integer 10:3
Integer Reversed = 3 4 12 63 43 13 5 3 23 5
-- program is finished running --
```

2. Write a MIPS assembly program that asks the user for an integer **n** he wishes to compute the Fibonacci number at that index. Calculate **fib(n)** based on the following code. Finally, print out the result.

```
int fib(int n) {
   if (n < 2) return n;
   return (fib(n-1) + fib(n-2));
}</pre>
```

## **SAMPLE RUN:**

```
Mars Messages Run I/O

Enter n:7
fib(n) = 13
-- program is finished running --
```