

# Exercise Paper 2

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## 1 Power series

**Exercise .1.** Given the following series, find:

- the center of the series  $x_0$ ;
- the convergence radius  $R$ ;
- the convergence set  $E$ .

$$\begin{aligned} & \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \log\left(\frac{1}{n^2+1} + 1\right), \quad \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{9^n - 8^n}{(3n^2+1)5^n} (4x+1)^n, \quad \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (-1)^n \frac{9^n - 5^n}{(4n+7)8^n} \left(x - \frac{1}{2}\right) \\ & \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{e^{\frac{1}{n}} - 1}{3\log(n+1)} (x-5)^n, \quad \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{n3^n + 1}{2^{2n+1} - 9} (7x-e)^n, \quad \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{n!(2^n+5)}{(n+3)!} (x+2)^n. \\ & \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(3n)^n - 2n!}{2^{n+1}n^{n-1} + 5} \left(x + \frac{1}{2}\right)^n, \quad \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{17^n}{14^n(n+4)} (x+6)^n, \quad \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{7^n}{17^n(n+8)} (x-12)^n \end{aligned}$$

## 2 Numerical series

**Exercise .2.** Given the following numerical series, analyse their convergence:

$$\begin{aligned} & \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \sqrt[7]{\frac{n^6+n^3}{n^{15}+1}}, \quad \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \sqrt[5]{\frac{n^4+n^3}{n^9+1}}, \quad \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} n^3 \left(\cos\left(\frac{1}{n}\right) - 1\right)^2 \\ & \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{2^n}{3^n} (n^2 + \sin(e^n)), \quad \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \sin\left(\frac{n^2+5}{n^4+3n^3-6n+2}\right), \quad \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \sqrt{\frac{n^2+7n+13}{(n+4)^6}} \end{aligned}$$

## 3 ODE first order

**Exercise .3.** Given the following ODEs (or Cauchy's problems), find the solution: (Note that if you have two different starting values you have to solve two different problems)

$$\begin{aligned} & y' = y^2 - 2y - 3, y(0) = 0; \quad xy' = -y + 4x^2, y(0) = 0, y(0) = 3; \quad y' = y + x; \\ & y' = x \ln(x^2 + 1)(1 + y^2), y(0) = 2; \quad y' = \frac{x^3 + y^3}{xy^2}; \quad y' = \frac{1}{1+x^2}, y(0) = 4. \end{aligned}$$

## 4 ODE second order

**Exercise .4.** Given the following ODEs or Cauchy's problems find a set of solutions or the exact one:

$$y'' + 3y = t - 3, y(0) = y'(0) = 0; \quad y'' + 2y' + y = \sin(2t), y(0) = \frac{1}{2}, y'(0) = 1;$$

$$y'' - 2y' - 3y = e^{4t}, y(0) = y'(0) = 0; \quad y'' + 2y' + 2y = \sin(t) + \cos(t);$$

$$y'' + 4y = t - \cos(3t); \quad y'' + 4y = t + \cos(t), y(0) = 0, y'(0) = 1;$$

$$y'' - 2y' + y = 6te^{7t}, y(0) = y'(0) = 0.$$