

$$I(a) = \int_0^\infty \frac{\cos(ax)}{x^2 + b^2} dx$$

Feynman Technique of Integration

$$Q(x, y) = \int_{\alpha(y)}^{b(y)} f(x, y) dx$$

$$Q_y'(x, y) = \int_{\alpha(y)}^{b(y)} \left[\frac{\partial}{\partial y} f(x, y) dx + b'(y) f(b(y), y) - \alpha'(y) f(\alpha(y), y) \right]$$

$$I(a) = \int_0^\infty \frac{\cos(ax)}{x^2 + b^2} dx \quad g^1 = \cos(ax) \\ g = \frac{1}{a} \sin(ax)$$

$$f = \frac{1}{x^2 + b^2} dx = \frac{-2x}{(x^2 + b^2)^2}$$

$$= \frac{1}{x^2 + b^2} \frac{1}{a} \cancel{\sin(ax)} \Big|_0^\infty + \frac{1}{a} \int_0^\infty \frac{-2x}{(x^2 + b^2)^2} \sin(ax) dx$$

$$\frac{1}{a} \int_0^\infty \frac{2x \sin(ax)}{(x^2 + b^2)^2} dx$$

