# **Product Requirements Document (PRD)**

**Project Name:** *maicle.co.uk*\ **Owner:** You\ **Purpose:** Build a secure, scalable web app on **Next.js**, powered by **Sanity** for content management, **Mux** for video streaming, **Supabase** for authentication and core data, **Stripe** for payments, **MailerLite** for marketing automation, and **PostHog** for analytics.

# 1. Tech Stack Overview

#### **Frontend**

- Framework: Next.js (App Router, React Server Components)
- Styling: Tailwind CSS with CSS variables (design tokens)
- UI Primitives: Radix UI (accessibility) + shadcn/ui patterns
- Motion: Framer Motion (only where needed)
- Icons: lucide-react
- Content Rendering: Sanity for CMS content
- Video Player: integration throught Sanity
- Forms: React Hook Form + Zod (validation)
- Analytics: PostHog JS client (with consent gating)

#### **Backend**

- Auth & Database: Supabase (Postgres + Row Level Security)
- CMS: Sanity (hosted)
- Video Hosting: Mux (Direct Uploads + signed playback)
- Payments: Stripe Checkout + Billing Portal
- Transactional Email: Resend
- Marketing Automation: MailerLite (via API & webhooks)
- Analytics: PostHog Node client for server-side events
- Hosting: Vercel (serverless functions, ISR caching)

# **Design System**

- Tokens: CSS variables for colors, spacing, radii, typography
- Tailwind Config: maps directly to tokens
- Component Tiers:
- Primitives: Button, Input, Select, Checkbox, Dialog, Tooltip, Toast, Badge
- Patterns: PageHeader, FormRow, EmptyState, PaywallCTA, Prose
- Layouts: MarketingLayout, AppShellLayout, SettingsLayout
- **Documentation:** Storybook (with a11y testing and component playground)
- Testing:
- Unit: React Testing Library + Vitest

- Visual Regression: Playwright + Percy
- Accessibility: axe-core in Storybook

# 2. Phased Development Plan

# Phase 0: Project Setup & Infrastructure

**Objective:** Establish a production-ready development environment and CI/CD pipeline.

#### Tasks:

- Create Next.js app with TypeScript.
- Configure Vercel environments: dev , staging , prod .
- Install and configure Tailwind CSS with design tokens.
- Initialize Supabase project (Postgres + Auth).
- Initialize Sanity project (dataset: production ).
- Set up GitHub Actions for build, lint, and test.
- Integrate Prettier, ESLint, Husky (pre-commit hooks).

# **Security Requirements:**

- All secrets in Vercel environment variables (never in code).
- Enable HTTPS everywhere (Vercel default).
- Lock Supabase RLS to deny-all by default.

#### **Optimization Requirements:**

- Cold start < 500ms for serverless routes in staging.
- Tailwind purge config to eliminate unused CSS.

# **Phase 1: Authentication & Core Database Schema**

**Objective:** Implement secure login and core tables for profiles, entitlements, subscriptions.

#### Tasks:

- Enable Supabase Auth providers: Email, Google, Facebook.
- Create tables:
- profiles
- entitlements
- subscriptions
- Add getSessionUser() server helper.
- Implement RLS policies for each table.

• Build signup/login/logout UI using design system.

#### **Security Requirements:**

- Row Level Security enabled for all tables.
- JWT expiry  $\leq$  1 hour; refresh token flow in place.
- Email confirmation required for new accounts.

#### **Optimization Requirements:**

- Use Supabase server-side helpers to avoid client-heavy auth state.
- Cache user profile in React Query or SWR (stale-while-revalidate).

# **Phase 2: Sanity Content Integration**

**Objective:** Pull CMS content into the app with live preview and ISR.

#### Tasks:

- Define Sanity schemas: post , videoPost , page .
- Integrate next-sanity and GROQ queries.
- Add Sanity webhook → /api/webhooks/sanity → revalidatePath() for updated slugs.
- Implement PortableText renderer mapped to design system typography.
- Build Marketing pages from Sanity content.

#### **Security Requirements:**

- Use Sanity tokens only in server-side code.
- Verify webhook signatures from Sanity.
- Prevent draft content from leaking without preview token.

# **Optimization Requirements:**

- Use ISR for all CMS-driven pages (revalidateTag per document type).
- Use Sanity @sanity/image-url for responsive images with next/image.

# Phase 3: Mux Video Integration

**Objective:** Add secure video streaming with Mux uploads and playback.

#### Tasks:

- $\hbox{\bf \cdot Create} \begin{tabular}{ll} \begin{tab$
- Handle | video.asset.ready | webhook → store | mux\_asset\_id | in Supabase.
- Add <mux-player> with signed playback IDs for gated videos.

• Integrate with paywall logic (check entitlements before returning playback ID).

# **Security Requirements:**

- Store Mux API keys server-side only.
- Verify Mux webhook signatures.
- Generate signed playback URLs with expiry for members-only content.

#### **Optimization Requirements:**

- Use Mux's poster images for video thumbnails.
- Lazy-load player JS; use native <video> fallback for low-bandwidth.

# **Phase 4: Payments & Entitlement Automation**

**Objective:** Accept payments and auto-grant access to gated content.

#### Tasks:

- Implement /api/checkout (Stripe Checkout).
- Implement /api/stripe/webhook :
- checkout.session.completed → create subscription + entitlement.
- subscription.updated/deleted → update/revoke entitlement.
- Add /api/billing/portal for Customer Portal.
- Add Pricing page and PaywallCTA.

## **Security Requirements:**

- Webhook raw-body parsing for Stripe signature verification.
- Test webhook replay protection.
- Entitlement granting only via trusted webhook events.

#### **Optimization Requirements:**

- Cache pricing data from Stripe in Supabase (reduces API calls).
- Show cached entitlement state in UI instantly; reconcile async via webhook.

# **Phase 5: Email & Marketing Automation**

**Objective:** Send transactional emails and sync marketing consent.

# Tasks:

- Integrate Resend for:
- Welcome emails

- Payment receipts
- · Passwordless login links
- Integrate MailerLite:
- On signup (with consent) → add to audience.
- Webhook to /api/mailerlite/webhook → sync unsubscribes.

## **Security Requirements:**

- Validate webhook signatures from MailerLite.
- Don't send transactional emails to unsubscribed marketing users.

#### **Optimization Requirements:**

- Batch MailerLite updates (avoid API rate limits).
- Use transactional email templates for speed.

# **Phase 6: Analytics & Consent Management**

**Objective:** Track product metrics and comply with privacy laws.

#### Tasks:

- Integrate PostHog (client + server).
- Track:
- signup\_completed
- checkout\_started
- checkout\_succeeded
- video\_played
- Implement cookie consent banner (gates analytics until accepted).

#### **Security Requirements:**

- No PII in event properties.
- Respect Do Not Track browser setting.

# **Optimization Requirements:**

- Use PostHog EU data residency.
- Sample replays at  $\leq$ 10% of sessions.

# **Phase 7: Design System Completion**

Objective: Finalize design system for consistent UX.

#### Tasks:

- Finalize tokens: colors, typography, spacing.
- Complete primitives and patterns.
- Build Storybook with a11y testing.
- Write usage documentation.

## **Security Requirements:**

- Audit external component dependencies for vulnerabilities.
- Ensure all components pass a11y tests.

#### **Optimization Requirements:**

- Tree-shakeable components.
- Avoid unnecessary use client where possible.

# 3. Completion Criteria by Phase

#### For each phase:

- 1. All tasks marked as complete in GitHub project board.
- 2. All **security requirements** tested and passed.
- 3. All **optimization requirements** tested and passed.
- 4. Code merged to main with CI build + deploy green.
- 5. Staging smoke test performed.

# 4. Development Process & Environments

# 4.1 Delivery strategy

- Branching: Trunk-based development with short-lived feature branches (feat/\*), fix/\*).
- **Reviews:** Every PR requires code review + automated checks (build, typecheck, lint, tests, preview deploy link).
- Feature flags: Ship behind flags (PostHog) to decouple deploy from release.
- **Versioning:** App is continuously deployed; the **design system** package uses Changesets + semver (pre-releases on next).

#### 4.2 Environments

Env	Purpose	Domains	Data	Stripe/ Mux/ MailerLite/ PostHog	Sanity dataset	Supabase	No
Local	Dev on laptop	localhost:3000	Fake/seed	Test/ sandbox keys	development	Local (Docker via supabase start)	Us CL as
Preview	Per-PR QA	vercel.app preview URL	Ephemeral	Test/ sandbox keys	development (read-only)	Shared staging DB schema or ephemeral	Au or
Staging	Pre-prod UAT	staging.maicle.co.uk	Staging subset	Test/ sandbox keys	staging	Managed (RLS on)	Lo te co
Production	Live	maicle.co.uk	Real	Live keys	production	Managed (RLS on)	OI + I

**Rule:** Never mix test/live credentials across environments. Each provider gets its own project/workspace per environment.

# 4.3 Containerization (Docker or not?)

- **Next.js app:** Run **natively** with pnpm dev for fastest HMR. Provide a Dockerfile for CI/build parity and for contributors who prefer containers.
- **Supabase:** Use **Docker** locally via supabase start (Postgres, Auth, Storage, Studio). Commit migrations to version control.
- Sanity Studio: Run locally (sanity dev) or embed as a route in the app; no docker needed.
- Ancillaries: No docker for Stripe/Mux/MailerLite—use their CLIs/Webhooks.

# **Dockerfiles provided:**

- apps/web/Dockerfile (prod image with next build) + standalone output).
- docker-compose.yml (optional) to start web + supabase local together.

# 4.4 Local development setup

- 1. **Tooling:** Node LTS, pnpm, Git, Stripe CLI, Supabase CLI, Sanity CLI, direnv (or Doppler) for envs.
- 2. **Bootstrap:** pnpm i && supabase start && pnpm dev.
- 3. Env management:
- 4. .env.development.local for local secrets.
- 5. Vercel envs for preview/staging/prod; pull with vercel env pull.

- 6. **Seed data:** pnpm db:seed loads minimal users, content, and example video references (Mux test asset IDs).
- 7. Webhooks:
- 8. Stripe: stripe listen --forward-to localhost:3000/api/stripe/webhook.
- 9. Sanity: point staging webhook to preview domain; local via | ngrok | if needed.
- 10. Mux: use test webhooks or poll asset status in dev.

# 4.5 Secrets & configuration

- All secrets live in Vercel Environment Variables or a secret manager (Doppler/1Password) in dev.
- Prefix only safe client values with NEXT\_PUBLIC\_.
- Rotate keys on role changes; restrict vendor API keys by domain/callback URLs.

# 4.6 Database migrations & data policy

- Use Supabase migrations ( supabase db diff / migrate ).
- One-way schema changes only on main; rollbacks via forward fix.
- Red-gate prod access: migrations run via CI, not from laptops.
- · Data separation:
- Prod data never copied to lower envs.
- Synthetic seeds for staging.
- Backups: Automatic daily backups; test restore quarterly in staging.

# 4.7 CI/CD pipeline (GitHub Actions + Vercel)

#### PR pipeline:

- 1. Install deps + cache
- 2. Typecheck (TS), ESLint
- 3. Unit tests (Vitest)
- 4. Build Next.js (no emit on types)
- 5. Storybook build (design system)
- 6. Playwright component smoke (headless)
- 7. Upload artifacts + comment preview URLs

## Merge to main:

- 1. Run migrations against staging
- 2. Deploy to **staging** (Vercel)
- 3. Run e2e smoke on staging (Playwright): auth  $\rightarrow$  checkout (Stripe test)  $\rightarrow$  gated content
- 4. Manual approval (release manager)
- 5. Promote to **production** (Vercel)
- 6. Post-deploy checks: health, error rate, Core Web Vitals

## 4.8 Testing strategy

- Unit tests: utilities, reducers, pricing logic, entitlement guards.
- Component tests: UI primitives in Storybook with axe a11y.

- E2E tests (Playwright):
- Auth flows (email, Google)
- Checkout (Stripe) with webhook simulation
- Sanity content publish → page revalidation
- Mux video playback gating
- Performance tests: Lighthouse CI on preview; K6 (optional) on staging critical routes.
- Security tests:
- RLS policy tests (PostqREST requests)
- SSRF/redirect tests on OAuth callbacks
- · Webhook signature verification tests

# 4.9 Observability & operations

- Errors: Sentry (server + client) with source maps.
- Logs: Vercel + vendor dashboards; optional Logtail.
- Metrics: PostHog dashboards for activation and conversion.
- **Uptime:** Healthcheck route /api/health + Statuspage (optional).
- Alerts: Slack/Email for webhook failures, Stripe invoice failures, error rate spikes.

# 4.10 Access control & least privilege

- Separate vendor projects/keys per environment.
- Principle of least privilege on team roles (Vercel, Supabase, Sanity, Stripe, Mux).
- Protected GitHub environments (required reviews, secret access limited).

# 4.11 Release & rollback

- **Release:** Merge to  $\begin{bmatrix} main \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow \text{ staged deploy} \rightarrow \text{ promote to prod after smoke passes.}$
- **Rollback:** Vercel instant rollback to previous build + revert of the last migration (apply compensating migration script).
- Feature kill-switch: Use PostHog flags to disable features without redeploying.

# 4.12 Performance budgets & checks

- Budgets: TTFB < 300ms (staging), LCP < 2.5s, CLS < 0.1 on core pages.
- **Build size:** First-load JS < 180KB for marketing, < 250KB for app shell.
- **Images:** next/image + Sanity CDN with smart crops.
- **Caching:** ISR + revalidateTag(); CDN headers on API responses where safe.

## 4.13 Phase exit checklists (additive to PRD phase criteria)

For each PRD phase, before marking **Done**:

- Security:
- Secrets only in env store; no plaintext in repo.
- Webhooks verify signatures; replay guarded.
- RLS policies tested with negative cases.
- OAuth redirect URIs locked to env domains.
- · Optimization:

- Lighthouse  $\geq$  90 (perf & a11y) on target pages.
- API p95 < 400ms in staging under nominal load.
- No client bundle regressions beyond budgets.
- Observability:
- Sentry DSNs configured; sample errors visible.
- Alerts configured for Stripe/Mux/Sanity webhook failures.
- · Docs:
- README updated (run, test, deploy steps).
- Changelog (Changesets) updated for UI package.