

**LAPORAN PRATIKUM CODELAB 1 dan 2 JARINGAN KOMPUTER 5F
MODUL 2**



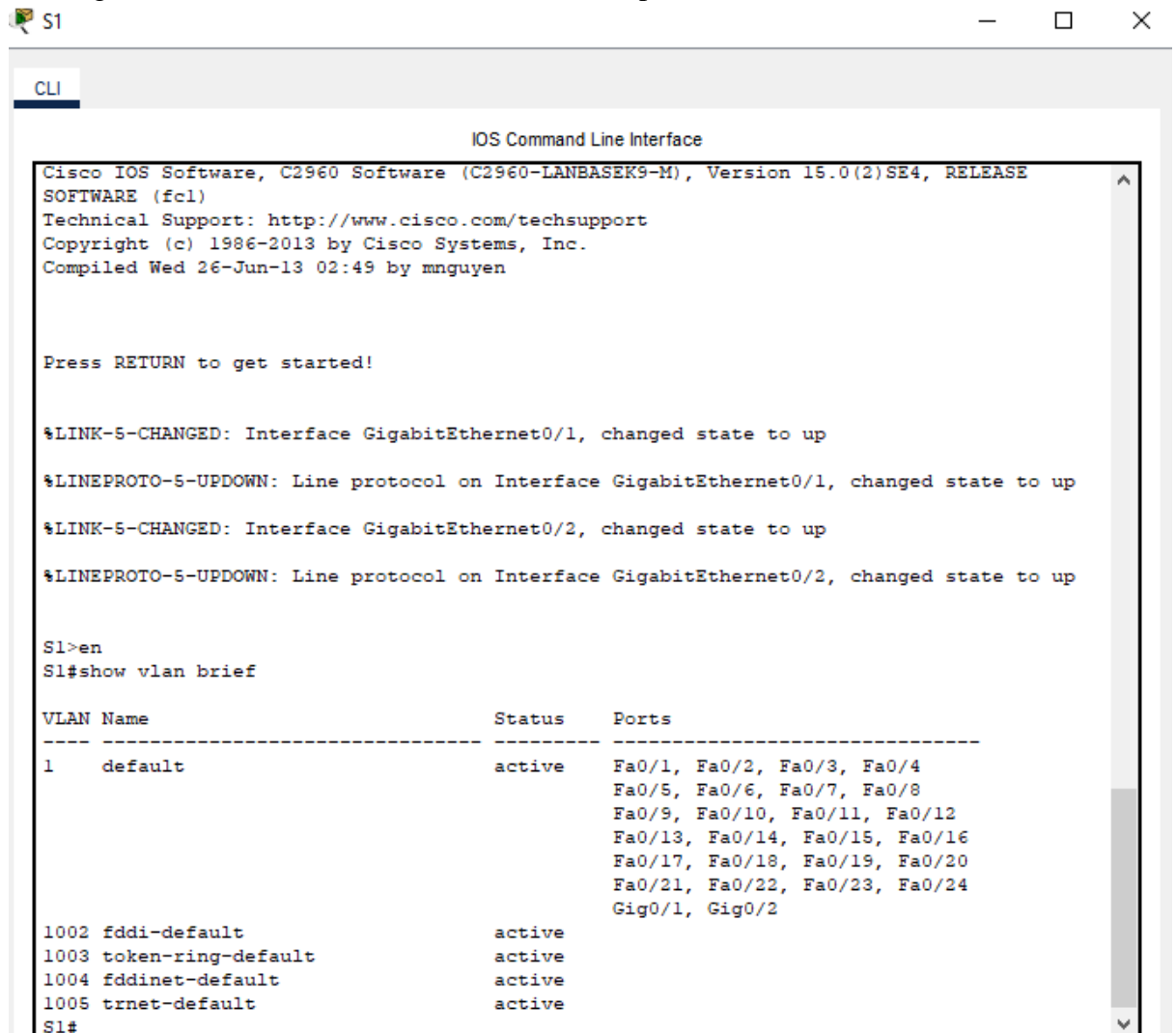
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Kelas : Jaringan Komputer F

CODELAB 1

BAGIAN 1 : Melihat default dari konfigurasi VLAN yang tersedia.

1. Tampilan VLAN saat ini

Buka Switch S1 lalu ketik show vlan brief untuk menampilkan semua VLAN yang dikonfigurasi, Secara default semua interface ditetapkan ke VLAN 1.



```
CLI
IOS Command Line Interface

Cisco IOS Software, C2960 Software (C2960-LANBASEK9-M), Version 15.0(2)SE4, RELEASE
SOFTWARE (fc1)
Technical Support: http://www.cisco.com/techsupport
Copyright (c) 1986-2013 by Cisco Systems, Inc.
Compiled Wed 26-Jun-13 02:49 by mnguyen

Press RETURN to get started!

%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface GigabitEthernet0/1, changed state to up
%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface GigabitEthernet0/1, changed state to up
%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface GigabitEthernet0/2, changed state to up
%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface GigabitEthernet0/2, changed state to up

S1>en
S1#show vlan brief

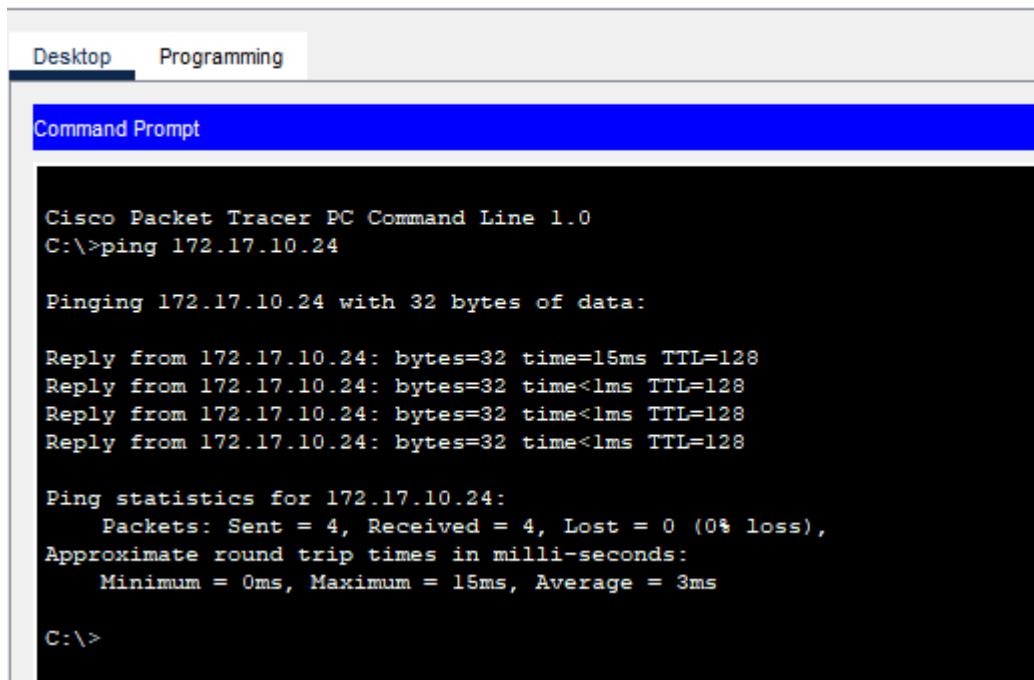
VLAN Name                Status    Ports
-----
1    default                active    Fa0/1, Fa0/2, Fa0/3, Fa0/4
                                           Fa0/5, Fa0/6, Fa0/7, Fa0/8
                                           Fa0/9, Fa0/10, Fa0/11, Fa0/12
                                           Fa0/13, Fa0/14, Fa0/15, Fa0/16
                                           Fa0/17, Fa0/18, Fa0/19, Fa0/20
                                           Fa0/21, Fa0/22, Fa0/23, Fa0/24
                                           Gig0/1, Gig0/2
1002 fddi-default          active
1003 token-ring-default    active
1004 fddinet-default        active
1005 trnet-default          active
S1#
```

Pastikan setiap PC dapat melakukan ping ke PC lain yang berbagi subnet yang sama.

2. Memverifikasi konektivitas antar PC pada jaringan yang sama

- PC 1 dapat melakukan ping ke PC 4

PC1



The screenshot shows a Cisco Packet Tracer PC Command Line window for PC1. The window has tabs for 'Desktop' and 'Programming'. The command prompt shows the user entering 'ping 172.17.10.24'. The output indicates a successful ping with 32 bytes of data, 4 packets sent and received, and a 0% loss. The round trip times are listed as Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 15ms, and Average = 3ms.

```
Cisco Packet Tracer PC Command Line 1.0
C:\>ping 172.17.10.24

Pinging 172.17.10.24 with 32 bytes of data:

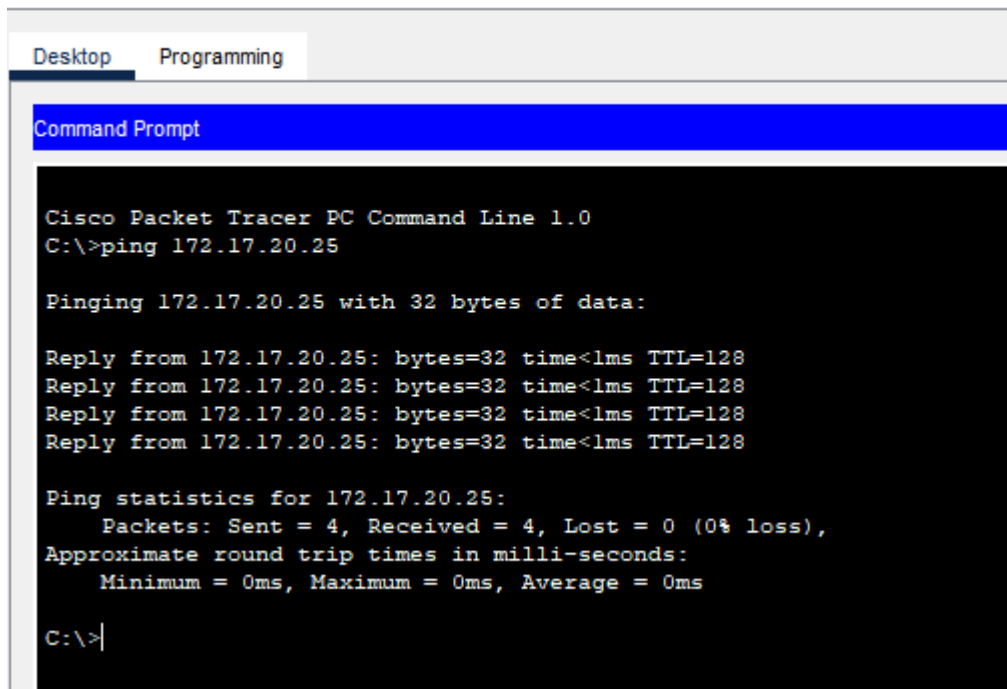
Reply from 172.17.10.24: bytes=32 time=15ms TTL=128
Reply from 172.17.10.24: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128
Reply from 172.17.10.24: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128
Reply from 172.17.10.24: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128

Ping statistics for 172.17.10.24:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
    Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
        Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 15ms, Average = 3ms

C:\>
```

- PC 2 dapat melakukan ping ke PC 5

PC2



The screenshot shows a Cisco Packet Tracer PC Command Line window for PC2. The window has tabs for 'Desktop' and 'Programming'. The command prompt shows the user entering 'ping 172.17.20.25'. The output indicates a successful ping with 32 bytes of data, 4 packets sent and received, and a 0% loss. The round trip times are listed as Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 0ms, and Average = 0ms.

```
Cisco Packet Tracer PC Command Line 1.0
C:\>ping 172.17.20.25

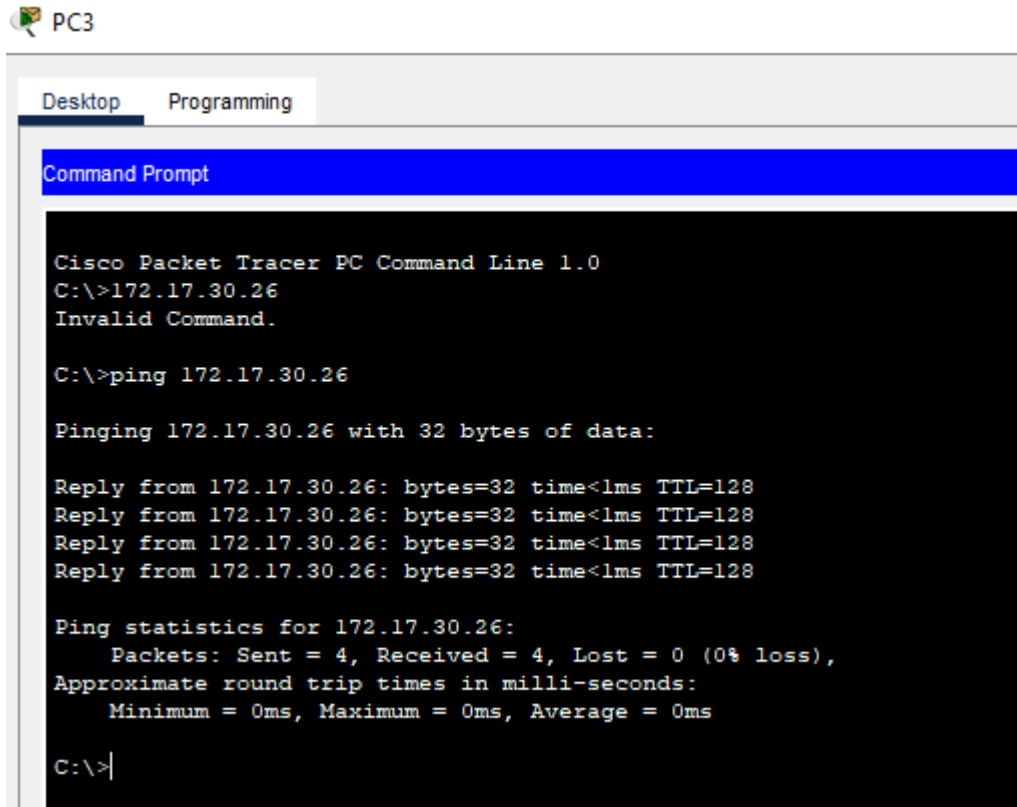
Pinging 172.17.20.25 with 32 bytes of data:

Reply from 172.17.20.25: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128
Reply from 172.17.20.25: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128
Reply from 172.17.20.25: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128
Reply from 172.17.20.25: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128

Ping statistics for 172.17.20.25:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
    Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
        Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 0ms, Average = 0ms

C:\>|
```

- PC 3 dapat melakukan ping ke PC 6



PC3

Desktop Programming

Command Prompt

```
Cisco Packet Tracer PC Command Line 1.0
C:\>172.17.30.26
Invalid Command.

C:\>ping 172.17.30.26

Pinging 172.17.30.26 with 32 bytes of data:

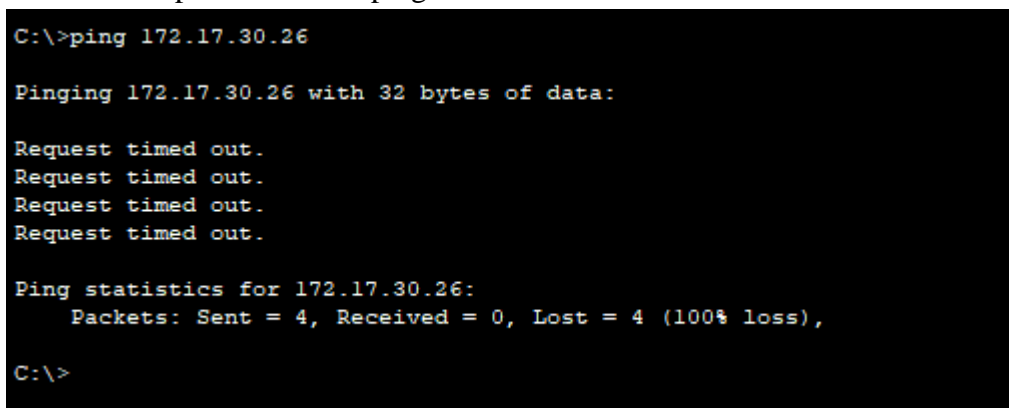
Reply from 172.17.30.26: bytes=32 time<lms TTL=128
Reply from 172.17.30.26: bytes=32 time<lms TTL=128
Reply from 172.17.30.26: bytes=32 time<lms TTL=128
Reply from 172.17.30.26: bytes=32 time<lms TTL=128

Ping statistics for 172.17.30.26:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
    Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
        Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 0ms, Average = 0ms

C:\>
```

Jika melakukan ping ke host lain yang tidak sesuai dengan VLAN nya maka ping akan gagal karena berbeda ping.

PC 1 tidak dapat melakukan ping ke PC 6



```
C:\>ping 172.17.30.26

Pinging 172.17.30.26 with 32 bytes of data:

Request timed out.
Request timed out.
Request timed out.
Request timed out.

Ping statistics for 172.17.30.26:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 0, Lost = 4 (100% loss),

C:\>
```

PERTANYAAN:

Apa manfaat yang dapat diberikan VLAN ke jaringan?

Vlan berfungsi memisahkan jaringan menjadi beberapa segmen logis guna meningkatkan keamanan, mengurangi broadcast, mempercepat kinerja jaringan, dan memudahkan proses pengelolaan dan pengaturan jaringan.

BAGIAN 2: Konfigurasi VLAN

1. Buat dan beri nama VLAN pada S1 sesuai dengan:

- VLAN 10: Faculty/Staff
- VLAN 20: Students
- VLAN 30: Guest (Default)
- VLAN 99: Management&Native
- VLAN 150: VOICE

```

SOFTWARE (fcl)
Technical Support: http://www.cisco.com/techsupport
Copyright (c) 1986-2013 by Cisco Systems, Inc.
Compiled Wed 26-Jun-13 02:49 by mnguyen

Press RETURN to get started!

%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface GigabitEthernet0/1, changed state to up
%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface GigabitEthernet0/1, changed state to up
%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface GigabitEthernet0/2, changed state to up
%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface GigabitEthernet0/2, changed state to up

S1>enable
S1#configure terminal
Enter configuration commands, one per line.  End with CNTL/Z.
S1(config)#vlan 10
S1(config-vlan)#name Faculty/Staff
S1(config-vlan)#vlan 20
S1(config-vlan)#name Students
S1(config-vlan)#vlan 30
S1(config-vlan)#name Guest (Default)
S1(config-vlan)#name Guest(Default)
S1(config-vlan)#vlan 99
S1(config-vlan)#name Management&Native
S1(config-vlan)#vlan 150
S1(config-vlan)#name Voice
S1(config-vlan)#

```

2. Beri nama VLAN pada S2 dan S3 dengan perintah yang sama seperti sebelumnya untuk memberi nama.

```
%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on
changed state to up

%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface FastEthernet

%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on
changed state to up

%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface FastEthernet

%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on
changed state to up

%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface GigabitEth

%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on
changed state to up

S2>enable
S2#configure terminal
Enter configuration commands, one per
S2(config)#vlan 10
S2(config-vlan)#name Faculty/Staff
S2(config-vlan)#vlan 20
S2(config-vlan)#name Students
S2(config-vlan)#vlan 30
S2(config-vlan)#name Guest
S2(config-vlan)#vlan 99
S2(config-vlan)#name Management
S2(config-vlan)#vlan 150
S2(config-vlan)#name VOICE
S2(config-vlan)#end
S2#write memory
Building configuration...
[OK]
S2#
```

S3

CLI

IOS Command

```
%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on I:
state to up

%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface FastEthernet

%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on I:
state to up

%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface GigabitEther

%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on I:
state to up

%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface FastEthernet

%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on I:
state to up

S3>enable
S3#configure terminal
Enter configuration commands, one per l
S3(config)#vlan 10
S3(config-vlan)#name Faculty/Staff
S3(config-vlan)#vlan 20
S3(config-vlan)#name Students
S3(config-vlan)#vlan 30
S3(config-vlan)#name Guest
S3(config-vlan)#vlan 99
S3(config-vlan)#name Management
S3(config-vlan)#vlan 150
S3(config-vlan)#name VOICE
S3(config-vlan)#end
S3#write memory
Building configuration...
[OK]
S3#
```

3. Buka S1, S2, S3 lalu ketik show vlan brief untuk meverikasi semua VLAN yang kita buat sudah terkonfigurasi.

CLI

IOS Command Line Interface

```
S1(config-vlan)#name Students
S1(config-vlan)#vlan 30
S1(config-vlan)#name Guest (Default)
^
% Invalid input detected at '^' marker.

S1(config-vlan)#name Guest(Default)
S1(config-vlan)#vlan 99
S1(config-vlan)#name Management&Native
S1(config-vlan)#vlan 150
S1(config-vlan)#name Voice
S1(config-vlan)#end
S1#write memory
Building configuration...
[OK]
S1#enable
S1#show vlan brief
```

VLAN	Name	Status	Ports
1	default	active	Fa0/1, Fa0/2, Fa0/3, Fa0/4 Fa0/5, Fa0/6, Fa0/7, Fa0/8 Fa0/9, Fa0/10, Fa0/11, Fa0/12 Fa0/13, Fa0/14, Fa0/15, Fa0/16 Fa0/17, Fa0/18, Fa0/19, Fa0/20 Fa0/21, Fa0/22, Fa0/23, Fa0/24 Gig0/1, Gig0/2
10	Faculty/Staff	active	
20	Students	active	
30	Guest(Default)	active	
99	Management&Native	active	
150	Voice	active	
1002	fddi-default	active	
1003	token-ring-default	active	
1004	fddinet-default	active	
1005	trnet-default	active	

```
S1#
```


CLI

IOS Command Line Interface

Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.

```
S2(config)#vlan 10
S2(config-vlan)#name Faculty/Staff
S2(config-vlan)#vlan 20
S2(config-vlan)#name Students
S2(config-vlan)#vlan 30
S2(config-vlan)#name Guest
S2(config-vlan)#vlan 99
S2(config-vlan)#name Management
S2(config-vlan)#vlan 150
S2(config-vlan)#name VOICE
S2(config-vlan)#end
S2#write memory
Building configuration...
[OK]
S2#enable
S2#show vlan brief
```

VLAN	Name	Status	Ports
1	default	active	Fa0/1, Fa0/2, Fa0/3, Fa0/4 Fa0/5, Fa0/6, Fa0/7, Fa0/8 Fa0/9, Fa0/10, Fa0/11, Fa0/12 Fa0/13, Fa0/14, Fa0/15, Fa0/16 Fa0/17, Fa0/18, Fa0/19, Fa0/20 Fa0/21, Fa0/22, Fa0/23, Fa0/24 Gig0/1, Gig0/2
10	Faculty/Staff	active	
20	Students	active	
30	Guest	active	
99	Management	active	
150	VOICE	active	
1002	fddi-default	active	
1003	token-ring-default	active	
1004	fddinet-default	active	
1005	trnet-default	active	

S2#

IOS Command Line Interface

```

S3(config-vlan)#vlan 30
S3(config-vlan)#name Guest
S3(config-vlan)#vlan 99
S3(config-vlan)#name Management
S3(config-vlan)#vlan 150
S3(config-vlan)#name VOICE
S3(config-vlan)#end
S3#write memory
Building configuration...
[OK]
S3#enable
S3#show vlan brief

```

VLAN	Name	Status	Ports
1	default	active	Fa0/1, Fa0/2, Fa0/3, Fa0/4, Fa0/5, Fa0/6, Fa0/7, Fa0/8, Fa0/9, Fa0/10, Fa0/11, Fa0/12, Fa0/13, Fa0/14, Fa0/15, Fa0/16, Fa0/17, Fa0/18, Fa0/19, Fa0/20, Fa0/21, Fa0/22, Fa0/23, Fa0/24, Gig0/1, Gig0/2
10	Faculty/Staff	active	
20	Students	active	
30	Guest	active	
99	Management	active	
150	VOICE	active	
1002	fddi-default	active	
1003	token-ring-default	active	
1004	fddinet-default	active	
1005	trnet-default	active	

```

S3#

```

BAGIAN 3: Menetapkan VLAN ke port

1. Tetapkan VLAN ke port aktif pada (S2 dan S3)

- Konfigurasi interface sebagai port akses lalu tetapkan VLAN:
 - VLAN 10: FastEthernet 0/11
 - VLAN 20: FastEthernet 0/18
 - VLAN 30: FastEthernet 0/6

```

S2>en
S2#conf t
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
S2(config)#interface f0/11
S2(config-if)#switchport mode access
S2(config-if)#switchport access vlan 10
S2(config-if)#interface f0/18
S2(config-if)#switchport mode access
S2(config-if)#switchport access vlan 20
S2(config-if)#interface f0/6
S2(config-if)#switchport mode access
S2(config-if)#switchport access vlan 30
S2(config-if)#exit
S2(config)#end
S2#
%SYS-5-CONFIG_I: Configured from console by console
write memory
Building configuration...
[OK]
---
```

- b. Konfigurasi S3 sebagai port akses dan tetapkan VLAN dengan langkah langkah seperti sebelumnya.

```

S3>en
S3#conf t
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
S3(config)#interface f0/11
S3(config-if)#switchport mode access
S3(config-if)#switchport access vlan 10
S3(config-if)#interface f0/18
S3(config-if)#switchport mode access
S3(config-if)#switchport access vlan 20
S3(config-if)#interface f0/6
S3(config-if)#switchport mode access
S3(config-if)#switchport access vlan 30
S3(config-if)#exit
S3(config)#end
S3#write memory
Building configuration...
[OK]
|
```

2. Konfigurasi VOICE VLAN ke FastEthernet 0/11 pada S3

```

S3#enable
S3#conf t
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
S3(config)#interface f0/11
S3(config-if)#mls qos trust cos
S3(config-if)#switchport voice vlan 150
S3(config-if)#exit
S3(config)#end
```

Mengapa perlu melakukan langkah ini? (Langkah 3c)

Langkah tersebut dilakukan karena satu port pada switch terhubung ke dua perangkat, yaitu IP Phone dan PC. Melalui konfigurasi voice VLAN, lalu lintas suara dan data dipisahkan ke VLAN berbeda agar jaringan lebih tertata, aman, serta mudah dikelola. Voice VLAN juga memberikan prioritas pada paket suara melalui QoS, sehingga

kualitas panggilan IP tetap jernih, stabil, dan tidak terpengaruh oleh aktivitas data dari PC.

3. Verifikasi hilangnya konektibilitas

Gunakan perintah show vlan brief

```
S2#enable
```

```
S2#show vlan brief
```

VLAN	Name	Status	Ports
1	default	active	Fa0/1, Fa0/2, Fa0/3, Fa0/4 Fa0/5, Fa0/7, Fa0/8, Fa0/9 Fa0/10, Fa0/12, Fa0/13, Fa0/14 Fa0/15, Fa0/16, Fa0/17, Fa0/19 Fa0/20, Fa0/21, Fa0/22, Fa0/23 Fa0/24, Gig0/1, Gig0/2
10	Faculty/Staff	active	Fa0/11
20	Students	active	Fa0/18
30	Guest	active	Fa0/6
99	Management	active	
150	VOICE	active	
1002	fddi-default	active	
1003	token-ring-default	active	
1004	fddinet-default	active	
1005	trnet-default	active	

```
S2#
```

```
S3#enable
```

```
S3#show vlan brief
```

VLAN	Name	Status	Ports
1	default	active	Fa0/1, Fa0/2, Fa0/3, Fa0/4 Fa0/5, Fa0/7, Fa0/8, Fa0/9 Fa0/10, Fa0/12, Fa0/13, Fa0/14 Fa0/15, Fa0/16, Fa0/17, Fa0/19 Fa0/20, Fa0/21, Fa0/22, Fa0/23 Fa0/24, Gig0/1, Gig0/2
10	Faculty/Staff	active	Fa0/11
20	Students	active	Fa0/18
30	Guest	active	Fa0/6
99	Management	active	
150	VOICE	active	Fa0/11
1002	fddi-default	active	
1003	token-ring-default	active	
1004	fddinet-default	active	
1005	trnet-default	active	

```
S3#
```

4. Verifikasi konektivitas antar PC:

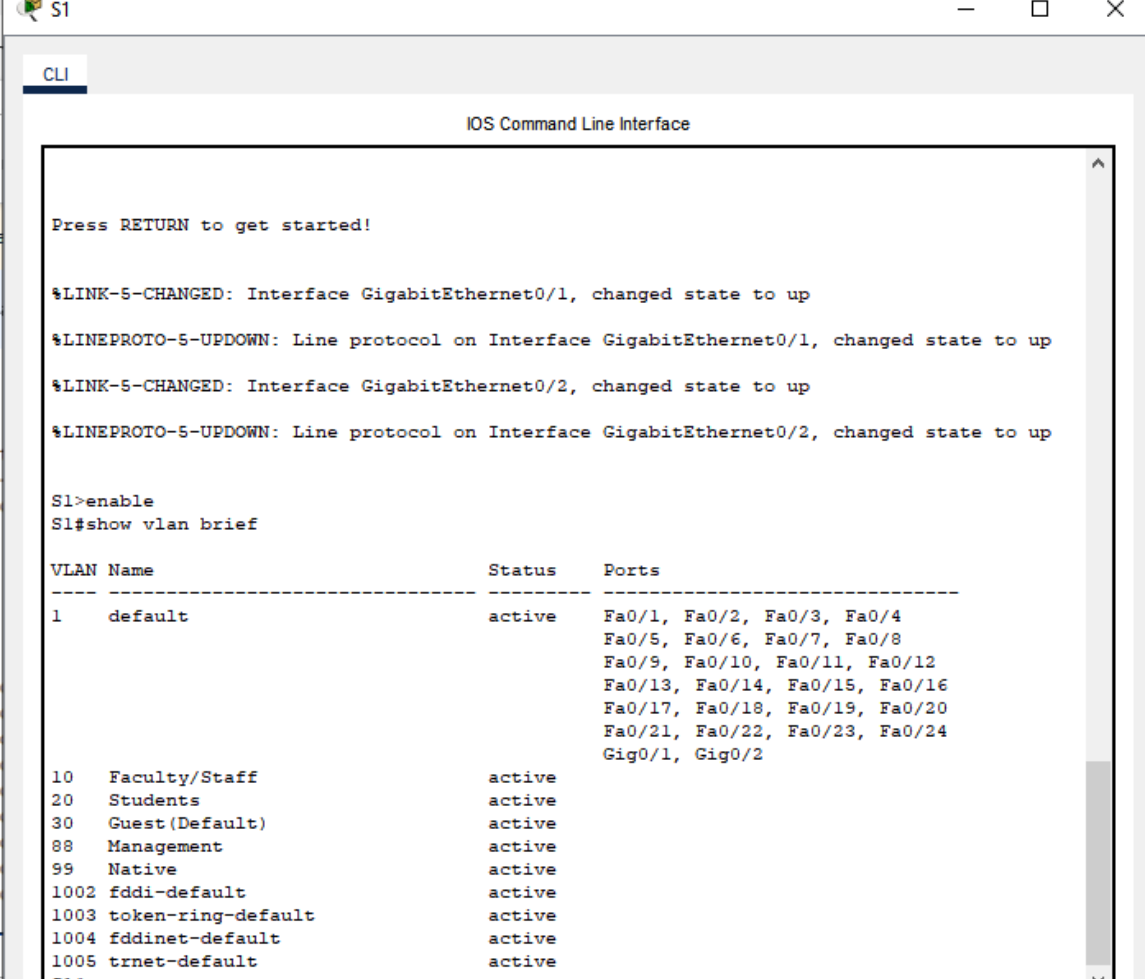
- PC 1 dapat melakukan ping ke PC 4
- PC 2 dapat melakukan ping ke PC 5
- PC 3 dapat melakukan ping ke PC 6

CODELAB 2

BAGIAN 1: Verifikasi VLANS

1. Tampilkan VLAN saat ini

- a. Pada switch S1, jalankan perintah untuk menampilkan seluruh VLAN yang telah dikonfigurasi. Seharusnya terdapat total sepuluh VLAN. Perlu diperhatikan bahwa seluruh 26 port akses pada switch masih berada di VLAN 1.



```
S1
CLI
IOS Command Line Interface

Press RETURN to get started!

%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface GigabitEthernet0/1, changed state to up
%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface GigabitEthernet0/1, changed state to up
%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface GigabitEthernet0/2, changed state to up
%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface GigabitEthernet0/2, changed state to up

S1>enable
S1#show vlan brief
```

VLAN Name	Status	Ports
1 default	active	Fa0/1, Fa0/2, Fa0/3, Fa0/4 Fa0/5, Fa0/6, Fa0/7, Fa0/8 Fa0/9, Fa0/10, Fa0/11, Fa0/12 Fa0/13, Fa0/14, Fa0/15, Fa0/16 Fa0/17, Fa0/18, Fa0/19, Fa0/20 Fa0/21, Fa0/22, Fa0/23, Fa0/24 Gig0/1, Gig0/2
10 Faculty/Staff	active	
20 Students	active	
30 Guest(Default)	active	
88 Management	active	
99 Native	active	
1002 fddi-default	active	
1003 token-ring-default	active	
1004 fddinet-default	active	
1005 trnet-default	active	

```
S1#
```

- b. Pada switch S2 dan S3, tampilkan serta pastikan bahwa seluruh VLAN sudah dikonfigurasi dan setiap port switch telah ditempatkan pada VLAN yang sesuai dengan Addressing Table.

IOS Command Line Interface

```
%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface FastEthernet0/11, changed state to up
%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface FastEthernet0/18, changed state to up
%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface FastEthernet0/18, changed state to up
%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface FastEthernet0/6, changed state to up
%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface FastEthernet0/6, changed state to up
%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface GigabitEthernet0/1, changed state to up
%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface GigabitEthernet0/1, changed state to up
```

```
S2>enable
```

```
S2#show vlan brief
```

VLAN	Name	Status	Ports
1	default	active	Fa0/1, Fa0/2, Fa0/3, Fa0/4 Fa0/5, Fa0/7, Fa0/8, Fa0/9 Fa0/10, Fa0/12, Fa0/13, Fa0/14 Fa0/15, Fa0/16, Fa0/17, Fa0/19 Fa0/20, Fa0/21, Fa0/22, Fa0/23 Fa0/24, Gig0/1, Gig0/2
10	Faculty/Staff	active	Fa0/11
20	Students	active	Fa0/18
30	Guest(Default)	active	Fa0/6
88	Management	active	
99	Native	active	
1002	fddi-default	active	
1003	token-ring-default	active	
1004	fddinet-default	active	
1005	trnet-default	active	

```
S2#
```

```

CLI
IOS Command Line Interface

%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface FastEthernet0/11, changed state to up
%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface FastEthernet0/18, changed state to up
%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface FastEthernet0/18, changed state to up
%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface FastEthernet0/6, changed state to up
%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface FastEthernet0/6, changed state to up
%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface GigabitEthernet0/2, changed state to up
%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface GigabitEthernet0/2, changed state to up

S3>enable
S3#show vlan brief

VLAN Name                Status    Ports
-----
1    default                active    Fa0/1, Fa0/2, Fa0/3, Fa0/4
                                           Fa0/5, Fa0/7, Fa0/8, Fa0/9
                                           Fa0/10, Fa0/12, Fa0/13, Fa0/14
                                           Fa0/15, Fa0/16, Fa0/17, Fa0/19
                                           Fa0/20, Fa0/21, Fa0/22, Fa0/23
                                           Fa0/24, Gig0/1, Gig0/2
10   Faculty/Staff          active    Fa0/11
20   Students               active    Fa0/18
30   Guest(Default)         active    Fa0/6
88   Management             active
99   Native                 active
1002 fddi-default           active
1003 token-ring-default    active
1004 fddinet-default       active
1005 trnet-default         active

S3#

```

BAGIAN 2: Mengkonfigurasi Trunk

1. Konfigurasi trunking pada S1 dan gunakan VLAN 99 sebagai native VLAN

- a. Konfigurasi interface G0/1 dan G0/2 pada S1 untuk trunking

```

S1#enable
S1#conf t
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
S1(config)#interface range g0/1-2
S1(config-if-range)#switchport mode trunk

S1(config-if-range)#
%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface GigabitEthernet0/1, changed state to down
%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface GigabitEthernet0/1, changed state to up
%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface GigabitEthernet0/2, changed state to down

```

- b. Konfigurasi VLAN 99 sebagai native VLAN untuk interface G0/1 dan G0/2 pada S1

```
%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface GigabitEthernet0/2, changed state to up
switchport trunk native vlan 99
S1(config-if-range)#
S1(config-if-range)#
S1(config-if-range)#
%CDP-4-NATIVE_VLAN_MISMATCH: Native VLAN mismatch discovered on GigabitEthernet0/2 (99),
with S3 GigabitEthernet0/2 (1).

%CDP-4-NATIVE_VLAN_MISMATCH: Native VLAN mismatch discovered on GigabitEthernet0/1 (99),
with S2 GigabitEthernet0/1 (1).

%CDP-4-NATIVE_VLAN_MISMATCH: Native VLAN mismatch discovered on GigabitEthernet0/2 (99),
with S3 GigabitEthernet0/2 (1).

%CDP-4-NATIVE_VLAN_MISMATCH: Native VLAN mismatch discovered on GigabitEthernet0/1 (99),
with S2 GigabitEthernet0/1 (1).

%CDP-4-NATIVE_VLAN_MISMATCH: Native VLAN mismatch discovered on GigabitEthernet0/2 (99),
with S3 GigabitEthernet0/2 (1).

%CDP-4-NATIVE_VLAN_MISMATCH: Native VLAN mismatch discovered on GigabitEthernet0/1 (99),
with S2 GigabitEthernet0/1 (1).
```

Port trunk memerlukan sedikit waktu untuk aktif karena proses Spanning Tree Protocol. Gunakan Fast Forward Time agar proses berlangsung lebih cepat. Setelah port aktif, sesekali akan muncul pesan syslog yang terlihat di layar.

```
%CDP-4-NATIVE_VLAN_MISMATCH: Native VLAN mismatch discovered on GigabitEthernet0/2 (99),
with S3 GigabitEthernet0/2 (1).

%CDP-4-NATIVE_VLAN_MISMATCH: Native VLAN mismatch discovered on GigabitEthernet0/1 (99),
with S2 GigabitEthernet0/1 (1).
```

PERTANYAAN :

Meskipun terdapat native VLAN mismatch, ping antar PC pada VLAN yang sama sekarang berhasil. Jelaskan!

Walaupun terjadi native VLAN mismatch, koneksi ping antar PC dalam VLAN yang sama tetap berhasil. Hal ini disebabkan karena komunikasi antar perangkat dalam VLAN tidak bergantung pada native VLAN. Setiap PC berada di VLAN 10, 20, dan 30, dan lalu lintas antar VLAN tersebut dikirim melalui frame bertag (802.1Q tagging) yang tetap diteruskan dengan benar melalui trunk link. Native VLAN hanya digunakan untuk lalu lintas tanpa tag (untagged traffic). Selama VLAN yang digunakan oleh PC diizinkan pada trunk dan proses tagging berfungsi dengan baik, maka frame VLAN dapat dikirim tanpa terpengaruh oleh ketidaksesuaian native VLAN. Oleh sebab itu, ping antar PC dalam VLAN yang sama tetap berjalan normal meskipun muncul peringatan native VLAN mismatch.

2. Verifikasi trunking di S2 dan S3

Ketik perintah show interface trunk pada S2 dan S3 untuk memastikan DTP berhasil menegosiasikan trunking dengan S1 maka output akan menampilkan informasi mengenai interface trunk pada S2 dan S3.


```

S2>show interface trunk
Port      Mode      Encapsulation  Status      Native vlan
Gig0/1    auto      n-802.1q       trunking    1

Port      Vlans allowed on trunk
Gig0/1    1-1005

Port      Vlans allowed and active in management domain
Gig0/1    1,10,20,30,88,99

Port      Vlans in spanning tree forwarding state and not pruned
Gig0/1    10,20,30,88

S2>

```

```

S3>show interface trunk
Port      Mode      Encapsulation  Status      Native vlan
Gig0/2    auto      n-802.1q       trunking    1

Port      Vlans allowed on trunk
Gig0/2    1-1005

Port      Vlans allowed and active in management domain
Gig0/2    1,10,20,30,88,99

Port      Vlans in spanning tree forwarding state and not pruned
Gig0/2    10,20,30,88

S3>

```

PERTANYAAN:

VLAN aktif mana saja yang diizinkan untuk melewati trunk?

Secara default, semua VLAN dari VLAN 1 hingga VLAN 1005 diizinkan melewati trunk. Hal ini terjadi karena belum ada pembatasan yang ditetapkan melalui perintah switchport trunk allowed vlan, sehingga trunk link otomatis mengizinkan seluruh VLAN aktif untuk lewat antar switch. Pada topologi yang digunakan, VLAN yang berperan adalah VLAN 10, VLAN 20, VLAN 30, serta VLAN 99 sebagai native VLAN. Keempat VLAN tersebut dapat melintas melalui trunk tanpa kendala, sementara VLAN 1 tetap muncul karena merupakan VLAN bawaan yang selalu aktif di switch Cisco.

3. Perbaiki native VLAN mismatch pada S2 dan S3

- Konfigurasikan VLAN 99 sebagai native VLAN pada interface yang sesuai di S2 dan S3.

```

S2>enable
S2#conf t
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
S2(config)#interface g0/1
S2(config-if)#switchport mode trunk
S2(config-if)#switchport trunk native vlan 99
%CDP-4-NATIVE_VLAN_MISMATCH: Native VLAN mismatch discovered on GigabitEthernet0/1 (1),
with S1 GigabitEthernet0/1 (99).

% Incomplete command.
S2(config-if)#switchport trunk native vlan 99
S2(config-if)%%SPANTREE-2-UNBLOCK_CONSIST_PORT: Unblocking GigabitEthernet0/1 on
VLAN0099. Port consistency restored.

%SPANTREE-2-UNBLOCK_CONSIST_PORT: Unblocking GigabitEthernet0/1 on VLAN0001. Port
consistency restored.

S2(config-if)#switchport trunk native vlan 99
S2(config-if)#no shutdown
S2(config-if)#
S3#enable
S3#conf t
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
S3(config)#interface g0/2
S3(config-if)#switchport mode trunk
S3(config-if)#switchport trunk native vlan 99
S3(config-if)%%SPANTREE-2-UNBLOCK_CONSIST_PORT: Unblocking GigabitEthernet0/2 on
VLAN0099. Port consistency restored.

%SPANTREE-2-UNBLOCK_CONSIST_PORT: Unblocking GigabitEthernet0/2 on VLAN0001. Port
consistency restored.

S3(config-if)#no shutdown
S3(config-if)#

```

- b. Untuk memastikan bahwa konfigurasi native VLAN sudah sesuai, gunakan perintah show interface trunk.

```

S2>show interface trunk
Port      Mode      Encapsulation  Status        Native vlan
Gig0/1    on        802.1q         trunking      99

Port      Vlans allowed on trunk
Gig0/1    1-1005

Port      Vlans allowed and active in management domain
Gig0/1    1,10,20,30,88,99

Port      Vlans in spanning tree forwarding state and not pruned
Gig0/1    none

S2>
S3#show interface trunk
Port      Mode      Encapsulation  Status        Native vlan
Gig0/2    on        802.1q         trunking      99

Port      Vlans allowed on trunk
Gig0/2    1-1005

Port      Vlans allowed and active in management domain
Gig0/2    1,10,20,30,88,99

Port      Vlans in spanning tree forwarding state and not pruned
Gig0/2    1,10,20,30,88,99

S3#

```

4. Pastikan hasil konfigurasi pada switch S2 dan S3.

- a. Ketik perintah show interface switchport untuk memastikan bahwa native VLAN sekarang adalah 99.

```
S2#show interface g0/1 switchport
Name: Gig0/1
Switchport: Enabled
Administrative Mode: trunk
Operational Mode: trunk
Administrative Trunking Encapsulation: dot1q
Operational Trunking Encapsulation: dot1q
Negotiation of Trunking: On
Access Mode VLAN: 1 (default)
Trunking Native Mode VLAN: 99 (Native)
Voice VLAN: none
Administrative private-vlan host-association: none
Administrative private-vlan mapping: none
Administrative private-vlan trunk native VLAN: none
Administrative private-vlan trunk encapsulation: dot1q
Administrative private-vlan trunk normal VLANs: none
Administrative private-vlan trunk private VLANs: none
Operational private-vlan: none
Trunking VLANs Enabled: All
Pruning VLANs Enabled: 2-1001
Capture Mode Disabled
Capture VLANs Allowed: ALL
Protected: false
--More-- |

S3>show interface g0/2 switchport
Name: Gig0/2
Switchport: Enabled
Administrative Mode: trunk
Operational Mode: trunk
Administrative Trunking Encapsulation: dot1q
Operational Trunking Encapsulation: dot1q
Negotiation of Trunking: On
Access Mode VLAN: 1 (default)
Trunking Native Mode VLAN: 99 (Native)
Voice VLAN: none
Administrative private-vlan host-association: none
Administrative private-vlan mapping: none
Administrative private-vlan trunk native VLAN: none
Administrative private-vlan trunk encapsulation: dot1q
Administrative private-vlan trunk normal VLANs: none
Administrative private-vlan trunk private VLANs: none
Operational private-vlan: none
Trunking VLANs Enabled: All
Pruning VLANs Enabled: 2-1001
Capture Mode Disabled
Capture VLANs Allowed: ALL
Protected: false
--More-- |
```

- b. Untuk menampilkan informasi VLAN yang dikonfigurasi ketik perintah show vlan.

```
S2#show vlan
```

VLAN Name		Status	Ports
1	default	active	Fa0/1, Fa0/2, Fa0/3, Fa0/4 Fa0/5, Fa0/7, Fa0/8, Fa0/9 Fa0/10, Fa0/12, Fa0/13, Fa0/14 Fa0/15, Fa0/16, Fa0/17, Fa0/19 Fa0/20, Fa0/21, Fa0/22, Fa0/23 Fa0/24, Gig0/2
10	Faculty/Staff	active	Fa0/11
20	Students	active	Fa0/18
30	Guest(Default)	active	Fa0/6
88	Management	active	
99	Native	active	
1002	fddi-default	active	
1003	token-ring-default	active	
1004	fddinet-default	active	
1005	trnet-default	active	

VLAN	Type	SAID	MTU	Parent	RingNo	BridgeNo	Stp	BrdgMode	Trans1	Trans2
1	enet	100001	1500	-	-	-	-	-	0	0

```
--More-- |
```

```
S3>show vlan
```

VLAN Name		Status	Ports
1	default	active	Fa0/1, Fa0/2, Fa0/3, Fa0/4 Fa0/5, Fa0/7, Fa0/8, Fa0/9 Fa0/10, Fa0/12, Fa0/13, Fa0/14 Fa0/15, Fa0/16, Fa0/17, Fa0/19 Fa0/20, Fa0/21, Fa0/22, Fa0/23 Fa0/24, Gig0/1
10	Faculty/Staff	active	Fa0/11
20	Students	active	Fa0/18
30	Guest(Default)	active	Fa0/6
88	Management	active	
99	Native	active	
1002	fddi-default	active	
1003	token-ring-default	active	
1004	fddinet-default	active	
1005	trnet-default	active	

VLAN	Type	SAID	MTU	Parent	RingNo	BridgeNo	Stp	BrdgMode	Trans1	Trans2
1	enet	100001	1500	-	-	-	-	-	0	0

```
--More-- |
```

PERTANYAAN :

Mengapa port G0/1 pada S2 tidak lagi ditugaskan ke VLAN 1?

karena port telah diubah dari access port menjadi trunk port. Dalam mode trunk, port tidak lagi menjadi anggota VLAN tertentu seperti pada mode access, sehingga tidak muncul di VLAN 1. Sebagai trunk port, G0/1 berperan untuk mengirimkan lalu lintas dari berbagai VLAN sekaligus, termasuk VLAN 10, 20, 30, serta VLAN 99 sebagai native VLAN. Dengan demikian, port trunk tidak ditampilkan pada hasil perintah **show vlan**, karena tidak terikat pada satu VLAN khusus seperti access port.