

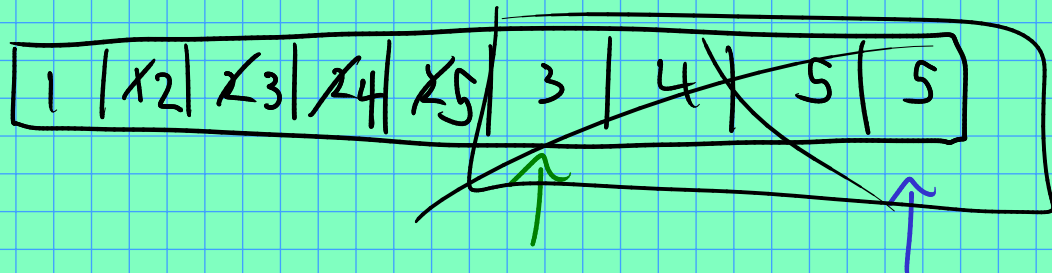
Review for exam.

Exercise: make a sorted vector unique
(remove duplicates).

E.g., if $V = [1, 1, 2, 2, 2, 3, 4, 5, 5]$,
want to modify V so that
 $V = [1, 2, 3, 4, 5]$.

Idea: keep track of 2 locations in V

One stores the location before which we
have made all items unique. The other
will store the next "candidate" unique item.



Say $x =$ last unique item. $\overset{x}{\boxed{5}}$

if ($x \neq V[\uparrow]$) { // found sth. new!

$x = V[\uparrow];$

$V[\uparrow] = V[\uparrow];$

$\uparrow++;$

}

$\uparrow++;$

Exercise: write a function that takes a string and returns whether or not all vowels are present.

```
return (has_a && has_e && ... && has_u);
```

```
bool a, e, i, o, u;
```

```
a = e = i = o = u = false;
```

```
// look through string ...
```

```
for ( ... ) {  
    if (s[i] == 'a') a = true;  
    if (s[i] == 'e') e = true;  
    ;  
}
```

Alternative solution: allocate a bool for everything!

```
bool T[256];
```

```
for (int i = 0; i < 256; i++) T[i] = false;
```

```
for (size_t i = 0; i < s.length(); i++)
```

```
    T[s[i]] = true;
```

↑
{0, ..., 255}

```
return (T['a'] && T['e'] && ... && T['u']);
```