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#python 3
#author: Nikhil Yadav
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import random
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POPULATION_SIZE = 6
MUTATION_RATE = 0.1
CROSSOVER_RATE = 0.25
GENERATIONS = 50
LOWER_LIMIT = 0
UPPER_LIMIT = 30
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class Chromosomes:
    def initialize(self):    #initializes the population
        return [random.randint(LOWER_LIMIT,UPPER_LIMIT) for i in range(4)]
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class Population:
    def __init__(self):
        self._size = POPULATION_SIZE
        self._chromosomes = []
        for i in range(self._size) : self._chromosomes.append(Chromosomes().initialize())
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    def get_size(self):
        return self._size
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    def get_chromosomes(self):
        return self._chromosomes
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    def set_chromosomes(self,chromosomes):
        self._chromosomes = chromosomes
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    def objective_fitness(self):    #returns objective fitness of the population
        obj_fitness = [abs(x[0] + (2*x[1]) + (3*x[2]) + (4*x[3]) - 30) for x in self._chromosomes]
        return obj_fitness
```

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class GeneticAlgo:
    def evolve(self,population):    #evolving the population consists of the steps of
        self.selection(population) #selection (roulette wheel selection based on fitness)
        self.crossover(population) #crossover (between randomly selected chromosomes)
        self.mutation(population)  #mutation (of randomly selection chromosomes)
        return population

    def selection(self,population):  #selection
        size = population.get_size()
        chromosomes = population.get_chromosomes()
        obj_fitness = population.objective_fitness()
        obj_fitness = [x+1 for x in obj_fitness]
        fitness = [1/obj_fitness[i] for i in range(size)]    #convert objective fitness to real fitness
        total_fitness = sum(fitness)
        probability = [fitness[i]/total_fitness for i in range(size)]    #assign probabilities for roulette wheel selection

        cumulative_probability = [sum(probability[:i+1]) for i in range(size)]
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roulette = [random.random() for i in range(size)]
new_chromosomes = []
for r in roulette:          #running the roulette wheel
    for i in range(size):
        if r <= cumulative_probability[i]:
            new_chromosomes.append(chromosomes[i])
            break
population.set_chromosomes(new_chromosomes)    #update new chromosomes in the population

def crossover(self,population):    #crossover
    size = population.get_size()
    chromosomes = population.get_chromosomes()
    n = len(chromosomes[0])
    rand = [random.random() for i in range(size)]    #generate random numbers for each chromosome
    parent = []
    for i in range(size):
        if rand[i] < CROSSOVER_RATE:    #select chromosomes for crossover
            parent.append([chromosomes[i],i])
    if(len(parent)>0):
        parent.append(parent[0])
    for i in range(len(parent)-1):    #applying crossover over the parents
        rnd = random.randint(1,n-1)
        idx = parent[i][1]
        for j in range(size):
            if j!=idx:
                chromosomes[j] = tuple(chromosomes[j])
                chromosomes[parent[i][1]][rnd:] = parent[i+1][0][rnd:]
        for j in range(size):
            chromosomes[j] = list(chromosomes[j])
    population.set_chromosomes(chromosomes)    #update new chromosomes in the population

def mutation(self,population):    #mutation
    size = population.get_size()
    chromosomes = population.get_chromosomes()
    chromo = chromosomes
    n = len(chromo[0])
    total_gen = n*size
    numb_mutations = round(MUTATION_RATE*total_gen)
    rand = [random.randint(1,total_gen) for i in range(numb_mutations)]
    for k in range(numb_mutations):    #applying mutation on selected chromosomes
        i = (rand[k]-1)//n
        j = (rand[k]-1)%n
        c = chromo.pop(i)
        c_ = tuple(c)
        idx = []
        for xy in chromo:
            if xy==c:
                idx.append(chromo.index(xy))
                chromo.remove(xy)
        c[j] = random.randint(LOWER_LIMIT,UPPER_LIMIT)    #mutate the chromosome with a randomly generated number
        while(idx):

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        chromo.insert(idx.pop(0),list(c_))
    chromo.insert(i,c)
    population.set_chromosomes(chromo)    #update new chromosomes in the population

class Display:
    def disp(self,population,genNumber):
        size = population.get_size()
        chromosomes = population.get_chromosomes()
        fitness = population.objective_fitness()
        print("\n> Generation '"+str(genNumber)+':')
        for i in range(size):
            print('Chromosome '+str(i+1)+':',end=" ")
            print(chromosomes[i])
            print('objective fitness = ',fitness[i])
        if genNumber==GENERATIONS:
            idx = fitness.index(min(fitness))
            print("\n\nBest Possible Chromosome evolved till ",genNumber,"Generations = ",chromosomes[idx]," with o
jective fitness = ",fitness[idx])

print('POPULATION SIZE = '+str(POPULATION_SIZE))
print('CROSSOVER RATE = '+str(CROSSOVER_RATE))
print('MUTATION RATE = '+str(MUTATION_RATE))
print('LOWER_LIMIT = '+str(LOWER_LIMIT))
print('UPPER_LIMIT = '+str(UPPER_LIMIT))
genNumber = 0
population = Population()
geneticAlgorithm = GeneticAlgo()
display = Display()
display.disp(population,genNumber)
while(genNumber < GENERATIONS):    #iterating over the loop till the limit defined by GENERATIONS
    genNumber += 1
    population = geneticAlgorithm.evolve(population)    #evolve the population in each generation
    display.disp(population,genNumber)
print("\n\n")

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