## Application of Ontology-Driven NLP for the Analysis of Text

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### Motivation



Examination being the lone measure of competence in the current education system of our country, plays a decisive role in building of a student's career.

Hence, utmost care has to be taken in framing the question paper. However, setting up a good question paper for assessment is a challenging task.

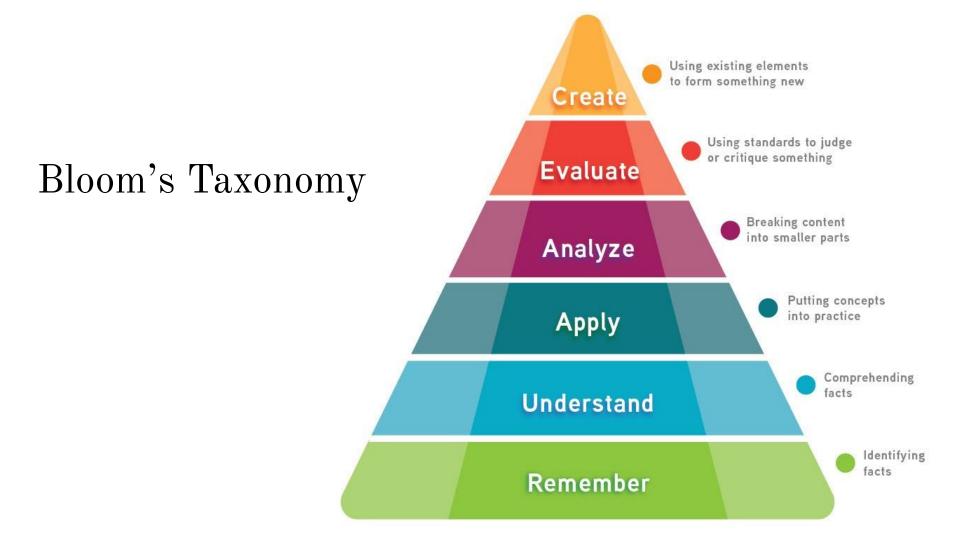
Fairness, accuracy, consistency and elimination of bias are very important while selecting questions into the paper.

Our primary objective is to propose a feasible method, taking into consideration several aspects to accurately tackle the problem of judging syllabus fairness.

Module No.	Topics	
	Introduction to Data Warehouse and Dimensional modelling: Introduction to	T
	Strategic Information, Need for Strategic Information, Features of Data Warehouse,	
	Data warehouses versus Data Marts, Top-down versus Bottom-up approach. Data	
1.0	warehouse architecture, metadata, E-R modelling versus Dimensional Modelling,	
	Information Package Diagram, STAR schema, STAR schema keys, Snowflake	
	Schema, Fact Constellation Schema, Factless Fact tables, Update to the dimension	
	tables, Aggregate fact tables.	
	ETL Process and OLAP: Major steps in ETL process, Data extraction:	Γ
	Techniques, Data transformation: Basic tasks, Major transformation types, Data	
2.0	Loading: Applying Data, OLTP Vs OLAP, OLAP definition, Dimensional	
	Analysis, Hypercubes, OLAP operations: Drill down, Roll up, Slice, Dice and	
	Rotation, OLAP models : MOLAP, ROLAP.	
	Introduction to Data Mining, Data Exploration and Preprocessing: Data	Γ
	Mining Task Primitives, Architecture, Techniques, KDD process, Issues in Data	
	Mining, Applications of Data Mining, Data Exploration : Types of Attributes,	
3.0	Statistical Description of Data, Data Visualization, Data Preprocessing: Cleaning,	
3.0	Integration, Reduction: Attribute subset selection, Histograms, Clustering and	
	Classification, Prediction and Clustering: Basic Concepts, Decision Tree using	1
	Information Gain, Induction: Attribute Selection Measures, Tree pruning, Bayesian	
	Classification: Naive Bayes, Classifier Rule - Based Classification: Using IF-	
4.0	THEN Rules for classification, Prediction: Simple linear regression, Multiple linear	
4.0	regression Model Evaluation & Selection: Accuracy and Error measures, Holdout,	
	Random Sampling, Cross Validation, Bootstrap, Clustering: Distance Measures,	
	Partitioning Methods (k-Means, k-Medoids), Hierarchical Methods (Agglomerative,	e fact tables.  d OLAP: Major steps in ETL process, Data extraction: a transformation: Basic tasks, Major transformation types, Data and Data, OLTP Vs OLAP, OLAP definition, Dimensional cubes, OLAP operations: Drill down, Roll up, Slice, Dice and models: MOLAP, ROLAP.  Data Mining, Data Exploration and Preprocessing: Data mitives, Architecture, Techniques, KDD process, Issues in Data cions of Data Mining, Data Exploration: Types of Attributes, ption of Data, Data Visualization, Data Preprocessing: Cleaning, action: Attribute subset selection, Histograms, Clustering and rediction and Clustering: Basic Concepts, Decision Tree using and, Induction: Attribute Selection Measures, Tree pruning, Bayesian aive Bayes, Classifier Rule - Based Classification: Using IF- classification, Prediction: Simple linear regression, Multiple linear at Evaluation & Selection: Accuracy and Error measures, Holdout, and, Cross Validation, Bootstrap, Clustering: Distance Measures, mods (k-Means, k-Medoids), Hierarchical Methods(Agglomerative, at Patterns and Association Rules: Market Basket Analysis, and Scalable Frequent Item set Mining Methods: Apriori ciation Rule Generation, Improving the Efficiency of Apriori, FP requent Itemsets using Vertical Data Format, Introduction to all Association Rules and Multidimensional Association Rules by Mining: Spatial Data, Spatial Vs. Classical Data Mining, Spatial Mining Spatial Association and Co-location Patterns, Spatial diques: CLARANS Extension, Web Mining: Web Content Mining,
	Divisive)	
	Mining Frequent Patterns and Association Rules: Market Basket Analysis,	
	Frequent Item sets, Closed Item sets, and Association Rule, Frequent Pattern	
5.0	Mining, Efficient and Scalable Frequent Item set Mining Methods: Apriori	
3.0	Algorithm, Association Rule Generation, Improving the Efficiency of Apriori, FP	
	growth, Mining frequent Itemsets using Vertical Data Format, Introduction to	
	Mining Multilevel Association Rules and Multidimensional Association Rules	
	Spatial and Web Mining: Spatial Data, Spatial Vs. Classical Data Mining, Spatial	
6.0	Data Structures, Mining Spatial Association and Co-location Patterns, Spatial	
0.0	Clustering Techniques: CLARANS Extension, Web Mining: Web Content Mining,	
	Web Structure Mining, Web Usage mining, Applications of Web Mining	
	Total	

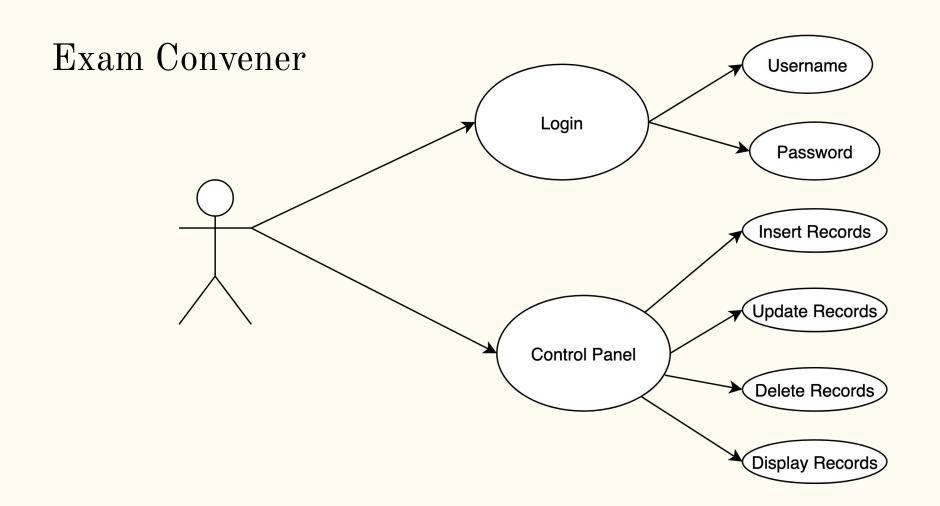
### Fairness

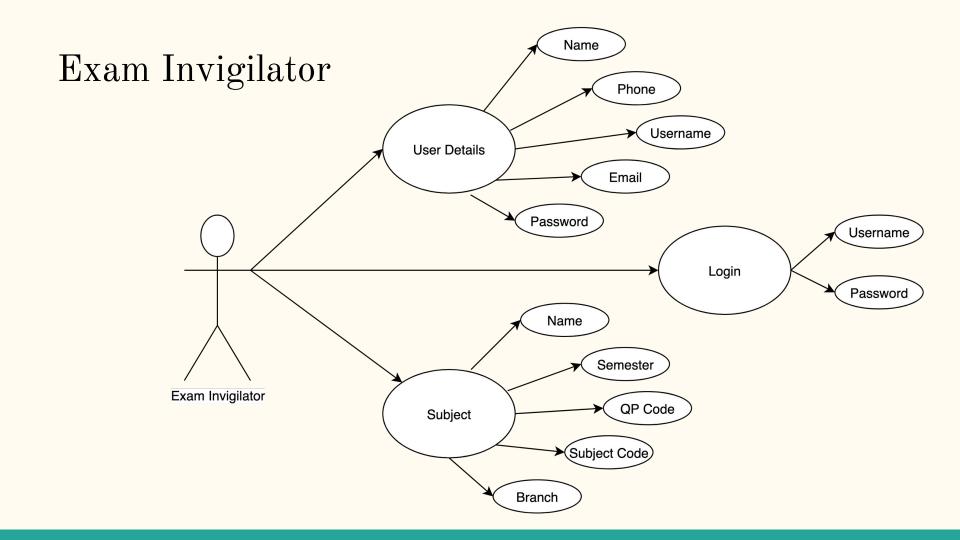
What makes a question paper fair?



### Solution

Our approach to tackle the problem.

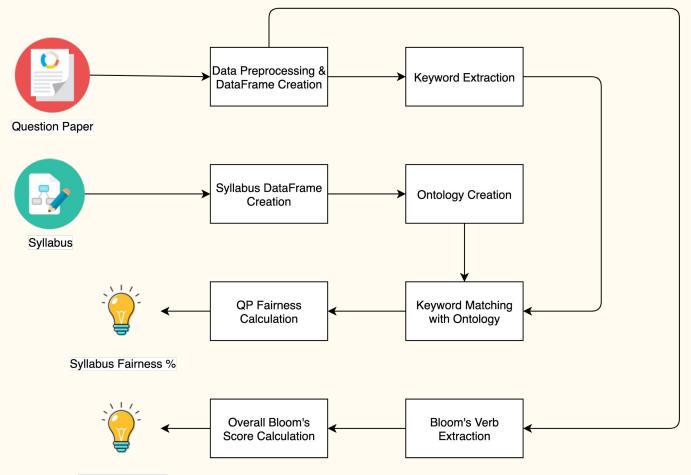




## Project Demo

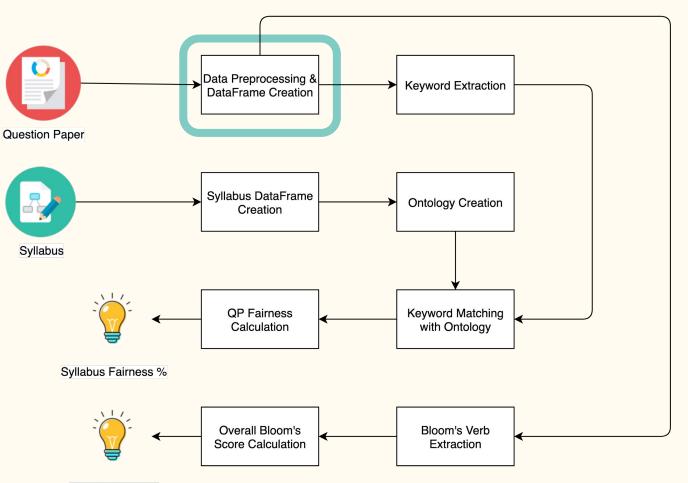
Watch a live demonstration of our project.

## System Architecture



Bloom's Score %

### Question Paper DF



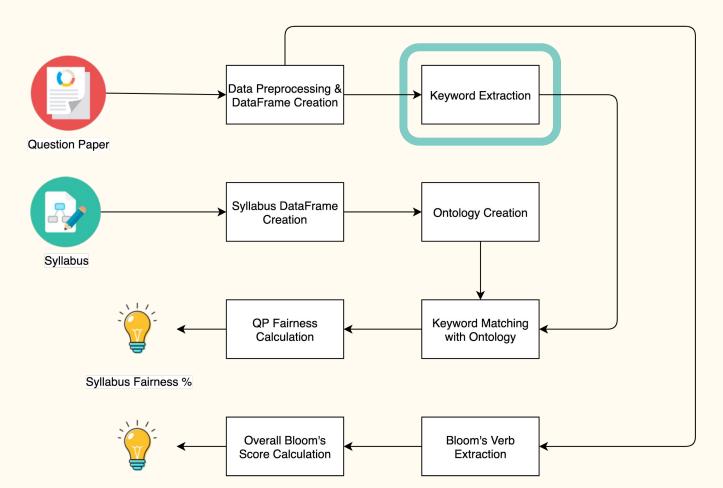
pandas

Bloom's Score %

#### Output:

	Num	Question	Marks
0	2a	Write a program to implement Circular Linked L	10
1	4b	Explain different cases for deletion of a node	10
2	5a	Write a program in 'C' to implement Stack usin	10
3	5b	Explain Depth First search (DFS) Traversal wit	10
4	6a	Application of Linked-List -Polynomial addition	10
5	6d	Topological Sorting	10

## **Keyword Extraction**



pandas

Python RegEx

nltk wordnet

nltk stopwords

Bloom's Score %

#### **Output:**

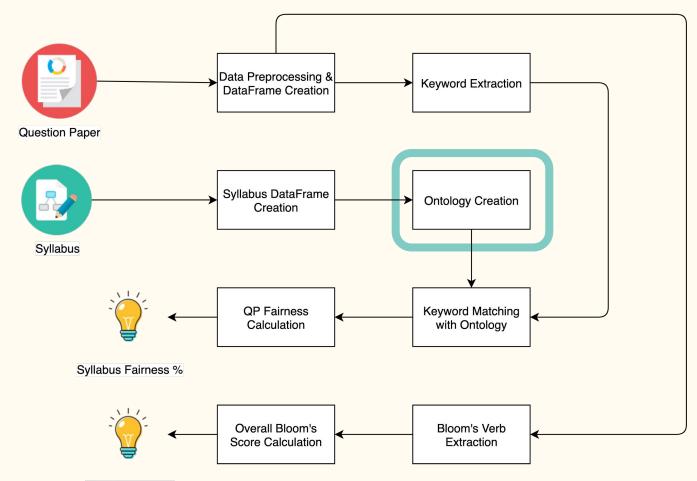
s	Extracted Keywork	Marks	Question	Num	
d	circular link	10	Write a program to implement Circular Linked L	2a	0
n	case deletion node binary search tree function	10	Explain different cases for deletion of a node	4b	1
d	c stack link	10	Write a program in 'C' to implement Stack usin	5a	2
	depth first search dfs traversal recursive fur	10	Explain Depth First search (DFS) Traversal wit	5b	3
n	application linked polynomial addition	10	Application of Linked-List -Polynomial addition	6a	4
g	topological sorti	10	Topological Sorting	6d	5

#### Syllabus Ontology Creation

pandas

NetworkX

gpickle



Bloom's Score %

#### **Output:**

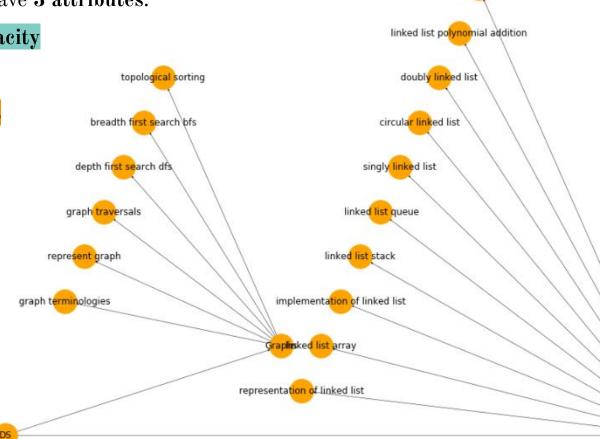
	Module	Topic	Weightage
0	Introduction to Data Structures	[[types data structures], [linear and nonlinea	7.5
1	Stack and Queues	[[adt of stack], [operations on stack], [array	25.0
2	Linked List	[[representation of linked list], [linked list	25.0
3	Trees	[[tree terminologies], [tree traversal], [bina	30.0
4	Graphs	[[graph terminologies], [represent graph], [gr	15.0
5	Sorting and Searching	[[bubble sort], [insertion sort], [merge sort]	17.5

#### Each node will have 3 attributes:

**Max Marks Capacity** 

Legal Bucket

Overflow Bucket

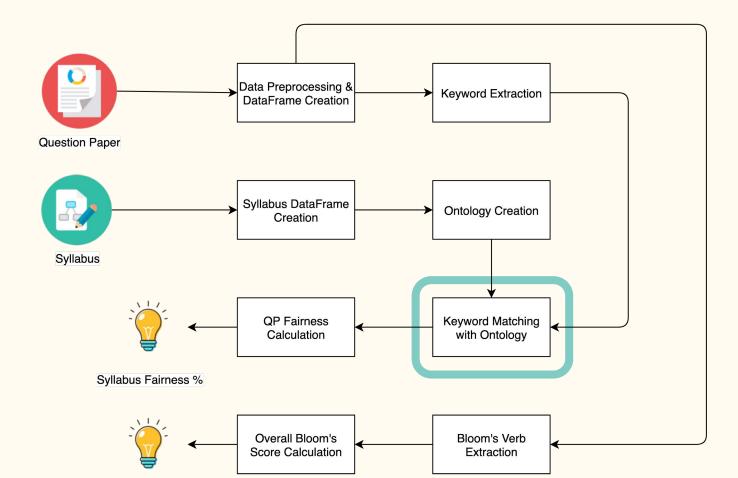


polynomial linked list add

- 6

Linked List

### Keyword Matching



NetworkX

SequenceMatcher

**FuzzyWuzzy** 

Bloom's Score %

#### (circular linked list, 10)

Identified Node	Extracted Keywords	Marks	Question	Num	
circular linked list	circular linked	10	Write a program to implement Circular Linked L	2a	0
None	case deletion node binary search tree function	10	Explain different cases for deletion of a node	4b	1
linked list stack	c stack linked	10	Write a program in 'C' to implement Stack usin	5a	2
depth first search dfs	depth first search dfs traversal recursive fun	10	Explain Depth First search (DFS) Traversal wit	5b	3
linked list polynomial addition	application linked polynomial addition	10	Application of Linked-List -Polynomial addition	6a	4
topological sorting	topological sorting	10	Topological Sorting	6d	5

#### From Question:

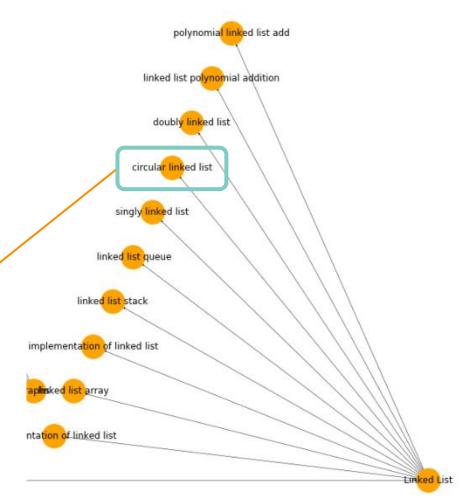
(circular linked list, 10)

#### Node Attributes:

Max Marks Capacity = 5

Legal Bucket = 5

 $\frac{\text{Overflow Bucket}}{\text{Overflow Bucket}} = 10 - 5 = 5$ 



## $\frac{TotalLegalMarks}{TotalMarks} * 100$

$$= \frac{TotalMarksInNodeBucketofSubjectNode}{TotalMarksOfQuestionPaper} * 100$$

**Syllabus Fairness Calculation** 

# 83.33%

Syllabus Fairness

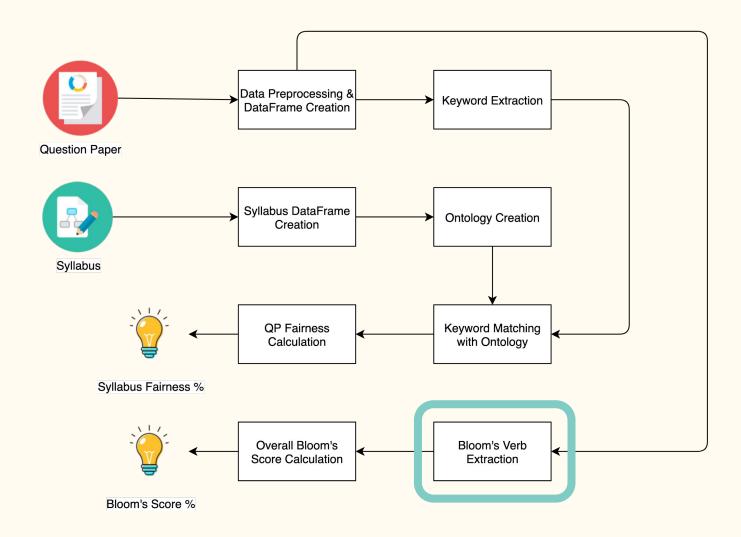
#### Bloom's verbs extraction

pandas

Python RegEx

nltk tokenizer

nltk tagger



0	2a	Write a program to implement Circular Linked L	10	circular linked	circular linked list	[(write, remember), (program, create), (list,
1	4b	Explain different cases for deletion of a node	10	case deletion node binary search tree function	None	[(explain, create), (write, remember)]
2	5a	Write a program in 'C' to implement Stack usin	10	c stack linked	linked list stack	[(write, remember), (program, create), (list,
3	5b	Explain Depth First search (DFS) Traversal wit	10	depth first search dfs traversal recursive fun	depth first search dfs	[(explain, create), (example, understand), (Wr
1	62	Application of Linked-List -Polynomial	10	application linked polynomial addition	linked list polynomial	[/list_remember)]

application linked polynomial addition

Question Marks

addition

Topological Sorting

10

10

Num

4

5

6a

6d

**Extracted Keywords** 

topological sorting

**Identified Node** 

addition

topological sorting

Bloom's Verbs

[(list, remember)]

```
score = 0
                                     Each Question
For each bloom verb in question: (if no
verb : score += 1/21)
if level == 'remember':
                                     will get a
   score += 1/21
if level == 'understand':
   score += 2/21
if level == 'apply':
                                     score between
   score += 3/21
if level == 'analyze':
   score += 4/21
if level == 'evaluate':
                                     0 and 1.
   score += 5/21
if level == 'create':
   score += 6/21
```

Bloom's Taxonomy Score Calculation for each question

# AVG(Bloom's Scores of all Questions) \*100

Final Bloom's Score for the whole Question Paper

# 26.98%

Bloom's Taxonomy Score

#### References

- Ontology Driven Framework for Assessing the Syllabus Fairness of a Question Paper by Rekha R, A. Angadi, A. Pathak, A. Kapur, H. Gosar, Ramanathan M., V. Thatte and M. Sasikumar
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  d864f41b34
- 3. NetworkX: https://networkx.github.io/documentation/stable/
- 4. Python RegEx: https://docs.python.org/3/howto/regex.html
- 5. Wordnet Corpus: https://www.nltk.org/howto/wordnet.html
- 6. NLTK: https://pythonprogramming.net/stop-words-nltk-tutorial/
- 7. Difflib Sequence Matcher: https://docs.python.org/3/library/difflib.html
- 8. FuzzyWuzzy: https://pypi.org/project/fuzzywuzzy/
  - 9. Bloom's Taxonomy: https://cft.vanderbilt.edu/guides-sub-pages/blooms-taxonomy/

## Questions